"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Tuesday; little change in temperature; moderate northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 27.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,913. NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WILLIAMS BLAMES HIGH INTEREST HERE FOR SECURITY DROP

Currency Controller Says Excessive Rates on Demand Loans Helped Cause "Shrinkage."

CHARGES GROUP FIX RATE

Asserts Exchange Brokers Could Profit by Raising or Lowering of "Renewal" Charge.

GETS REPORTS FROM BANKS

Records Show Loans Totaling $2,500,000,000 at 10 to 30 Per Cent. in 42 Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, issued tonight a statement in which, on the basis of reports from New York national banks, he asserts that unjustifiable interest rates have been charged on demand loans in New York amounting to "billions" of dollars and that this has been an "active contributing cause of exorbitant rates for new capital charged cities, railroads, industrial and other public and private enterprises and of the huge shrinkage during the last year in all security values."

Mr. Williams states that renewal rates are fixed daily by a small "coterie" of Stock Exchange brokers and that these rates govern the interest charged by the banks on brokers' loans in nearly all New York banks. He added that New York call money rates are the highest in the world.

Mr. Williams denies that he has any wish to create prejudice against Wall Street or do anything that would impair its usefulness, but declares that he does intend to put the facts before the public in an effort to "point out the evils existing and dangers threatened." The Controller first made similar statements concerning the banks of New York last July, when he asserted that New York was the only city of consequence in the world where "such interest rates are tolerated." He asserted at that time that some of the banks were charging as high as 15 per cent. The statements he then made were criticised as unfair. Partly as a result of this criticism, Mr. Williams made further investigation, which, he says, confirms his previously expressed views.

The Controller's Statement.

The statement said in part:

"In a statement given to the press on July 31, 1920, I expressed the opinion that there was no justification for the excessive and burdensome interest rates, running up to 10, 12 and 15 per cent. and higher, which had been exacted by some of the banks in New York City, the principal financial centre of our country.

"In the statement of July 31 I called attention to the fact that New York was the only city of consequence in the world where such interest rates existed or are tolerated, and I expressed the belief that the exaction of these rates and the publicity given them had increased the uneasiness in financial circles and had been an active contributing factor, rather than a consequence, in the upsetting of security values, and that they had operated to force railroads and industrial corporations to pay burdensome and costly rates in providing fresh capital for the industries and business of the country. I also pointed out that the banks which had been charging their customers these excessive rates, at times as high as 15 per cent. or more, have themselves at the same time been liberally accommodated with millions of dollars by the Federal Reserve Banks at average rates of considerably less than 6 per cent.

"The investigation which I have made since my public statement on this subject completely confirms the views expressed and proves that they were, if anything, too conservative.

"In order that the public might be fully informed, and know the exact facts in regard to the money situation in New York, the national banks in New York City were requested by the Controller of the Currency, under date of Aug. 5, 1920, to furnish, under oath, a report of the number and amount of all demand loans secured by bonds and stocks made monthly by them between Oct. 1, 1919, and July 31, 1920, upon which they had exacted interest in excess of 6 per cent. per annum. The banks generally, including the largest bank in New York City, complied with the request, but three banks demurred, claiming that it would be impracticable for them to furnish the data called for as to various loans made by them at excessive interest rates by months as requested. They were, thereupon, requested to furnish information as to the loans made by them for about eight days in each month since Oct. 1, 1919, these eight days including, generally, the high money periods in each month. It should be understood, therefore, that in the statement which follows three of the larger banks have included only a portion, and not all, of their loans made at the high rates.

Rate as High as 30 Per Cent.

"The banks were requested, in submitting their statements, to count as a new loan each change in the interest rate on their existing call loans. If a loan, for example, should be made for $100,000 to a brokerage firm by a certain

Continued on Page Eight.

BELL-ANS is a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Daily 'Movie' at White House Makes President Ardent 'Fan'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—President Wilson has become an ardent "movie" fan, according to the operator who has been showing motion pictures to the President since last Christmas. When the President began to improve Mrs. Wilson suggested having pictures in the White House, and every week day since that time the best photoplays have been shown there by courtesy of the producers.

Before his illness President Wilson was a regular attendant at the theatre. He preferred vaudeville, and occupied a seat in the gallery of the leading house of that kind once a week, besides frequently seeing plays at other theatres.

The President is reported to prefer men screen actors and delights in scenes laid in the West, filled with adventure and athletic feats. He has given up reading detective stories and has turned to French historical novels and romances, it is reported.

SIX KILLED BY AUTOS IN AND NEAR CITY

Boy Slain in 106th St., 3 Fatalities at Lakeside Park, N. J., and 2 at Babylon, L. I.

6 HURT ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE

Driver of Car That Collides with Another on 135th Street Viaduct Held by the Police.

A child was killed and more than a score of persons were injured yesterday in automobile accidents in this city. Three others were killed at Lakeside Park, near Trenton, N. J., and two at Babylon, L. I.

John Tusson, 11 years old, was knocked down and killed while he was playing in the street in front of his home at 238 West 106th Street. The driver of the car which struck him drove away after the accident, but the police say they have the number of his license.

Six persons were injured last night when a seven passenger touring car struck another touring car in the side on the Riverside Drive Viaduct at 135th Street, 250 feet above the tracks of the New York Central Railroad. One of the cars, owned by Ernest N. French, an East Orange undertaker, was completely wrecked and the other, driven by Benjamin Gear, a chauffeur of 209 West Sixty-fourth Street, narrowly missed plunging over the viaduct.

The injured were French, who received lacerations of the face; Gear, cuts and bruises; Miss Katherine Simpson, 33, of 340 Valley Road, West Orange, shock; H. N. Kilborne, 40, same address, cuts and bruises; Mrs. Kilborne, possible fracture of the right arm, cuts and bruises, and Norman Richmond, an employe of the International Motor Company, cuts. Richmond was in the car with Gear. The others were with French.

Mr. French and his party were crossing 135th Street bound for the Fort Lee ferry. Gear was driving up Riverside Drive. Gear was locked up in the West 135th Street Station, charged with felonious assault while under the influence of liquor.

Montgomery Folsou, 53, of 1,733 Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx, was struck by an automobile driven by John Daily of 843 Boulevard East, Weehawken, while he was standing on the curb at Sedgwick and Cedar Avenues. Folsou was taken to Fordham Hospital with a concussion of the brain.

Virginia Parker, 4 years old of 552 West 146th Street, was struck in front of 554 West 146th Street. She received only slight injuries and went home.

John Fordechak, 13, of 342 East Seventy-second Street, was taken to Flower Hospital with a possible fracture of the skull after he had been knocked down at Fifty-fourth Street and First Avenue.

Swerving his automobile to avoid collision with another, Max Cohen, 31, of 130 Second Street, drove his car into a wall at Park Avenue and Fiftieth Street. He was taken to Flower Hospital, suffering from bad bruises.

Raphaella Florella, 14, of 681 East 240th Street, drove her father's automobile into an "L" pillar at White Plains Avenue and 224th Street. She received severe scalp wounds.

Two Red Cross nurses were injured yesterday afternoon when the gasoline tank of a Red Cross ambulance which was being refilled at Speir's garage, 1,051 Boston Road, exploded. The injured were Henrietta Giles and Mary Droogan, attached to the executive and home office of the Red Cross at 681 Tremont Avenue.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 17.—Three brothers, Frank, John and Paul Sandowsky, aged 38, 36 and 28, respectively, were killed when a motor cycle on which all three were riding dived into the lake at Lakeside Park today. The machine climbed a slanting support which divides the bridge traffic from the trolley car trestle, dropped ten feet to the trestle, ran along about twenty-five feet and then fell into the lake.

Paul Sandowsky jumped or fell and was found unconscious on the trestle. He died several hours later at St. Francis Hospital here. His two brothers, who were riding in a side car, were carried into the lake, from which their bodies were later recovered.

TWO KILLED NEAR BABYLON.

Warrants Issued for Unlicensed Chauffeur and His Companion.

Special to The New York Times.

BABYLON, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Fred Hall, 50 years old, and his son, Fred Hall, Jr., 13 years old, are dead at their home in the Wagstaff place, east of Babylon, as a result of collision of a wagon in which they were riding and a seven and a half ton truck on the South Country Road, one mile east of Babylon. Mr. Hall was Superintendent of Tallalah, the Wagstaff place, and started yesterday to go to Sagtikos Farm, east of Tallalah. The truck, driven by Oswald Reich, an unlicensed chauffeur, it is alleged, demolished the wagon. Part of the wreck was carried over onto a nearby lawn.

PALL MALL Rounds round in shape—at better class shops.—Advt.

SING SING FUGITIVES TERRORIZE TOWNS, HOLD UP AUTOISTS

Steal Motor Cars, Clothing, Money and Gasoline in Wild Flight.

SEVEN POSSES IN PURSUIT

Armed Farmers and State Police Join Chase for Two Escaped Trusties.

GARAGE KEEPERS ROBBED

Convicts Change Autos Twice in Uncertain Course Through Westchester and Connecticut.

In their mad dash for liberty, following their escape from Sing Sing Prison early Saturday night when they felled three keepers, robbed one of $100, procurd a rifle and a revolver, and finally disappeared in a stolen automobile, George Stivers, long term convict, and Marcus Bassett, who had only a few more weeks to serve, yesterday cut a wide swath through the hills of Westchester County to the Connecticut State line. The latest reports received at the prison last night indicated that seven posses, including more than 150 men, were closing in on the two fugitives who had spread terror in the villages of that section throughout the day as they sped hither and thither in an effort to dodge their pursuers.

Intoxicated with the spirit of liberty, hardly won, the two convicts at once resumed a career of crime. Perhaps no two other desperadoes have ever caused more excitement in a single day within such a small radius as did the two prisoners who had come to be regarded as trusties.

In a small touring car which they stole from in front of the home of George Vail at Ossining the two convicts sped on toward Mount Kisco. On reaching Newcastle Corners, in that village, they found that they were running out of gas and decided on the shortest way to overcome this difficulty when they espied a high-power touring car, owned by Samuel Skinner, in favor of which they abandoned the machine used in the first leg of their race.

Speed Toward Connecticut.

The owner of this large touring car had just left it at the side of the road while he went into a house at Mount Kisco to get some water, as a result of Kisco to get some water, that in the radiator having boiled over as a result of an overheated motor. In the relay motor car the two fugitives sped on toward Connecticut.

Meanwhile the news of their escape had spread throughout Ossining, and the police of the surrounding country had been notified. Keepers off duty at Sing Sing were recalled hastily to the prison, and the residents of the village joined in the man hunt, in an effort to obtain the reward for their capture.

As the flight of the convicts became noised about through the northern part of the county farmers armed themselves and joined in the pursuit. The desperadoes, after darting away from Newcastle Corners, were next reported at Newtown, a suburb of Danbury, Conn., where they held up William Williams, a garage keeper and forced him at revolvers' point to replenish the gasoline in the motor car.

Northward still the fugitives continued their dash for freedom. Soon afterward they met William McKaye, of Derby, Conn., in another automobile. McKaye and a fellow passenger were compelled to get out of their motor car and were relieved of a coat and an overcoat which the convicts donned to conceal their prison uniforms of gray. McKaye was robbed also of $23.

The two highwaymen next ripped the license plates from Mr. McKaye's car, the number being Conn. 45610. These were substituted for the license plates carried by the car of Mr. Skinner.

Held Up Another Garageman.

As soon as this disguise of the motor car was accomplished, the two convicts leaped into the automobile and darted away toward New Milford. The appearance of the desperadoes in that section had been reported to Deputy Sheriff Morris Beers of Newtown and he hurriedly warned all the authorities of nearby villages to be on the alert for the fugitives. Near New Milford it was learned that they had again consumed their supply of gas, and held up another garageman for their needed fuel supply.

Engine trouble, which had caused Mr. Skinner to stop for water at Newcastle Corners, also proved an obstacle to the highwaymen. On approaching Lakeville, they were forced to stop to make readjustments, and were seen by villagers. This stop was made not far from the prison farm at Wingdale, run in connection with Sing Sing, and on instructions from Acting Warden Schatzel at Ossining the chase in Connecticut was joined by a posse of keepers organized at the farm.

Late last night a report came from New Milford, Conn., that the two convicts had passed through that town early in the morning. They stopped their car in front of the house of Chief of Police W. J. Kiefer and briefly debated whether they should continue to Bridgewater or turn around and go northward to Preston. The Chief of Police was awakened by the noise made by their car and watched them as they turned around and headed for Preston. Half an hour later he was advised from Sing Sing of the escape of the two prisoners.

Subsequently the fugitives were reported to have robbed another garage keeper of ten gallons of gasoline and

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Constantine Is Planning Return to Greece, Swiss Reports Say; King Makes Gain

BERNE, Oct. 17.—Former King Constantine of Greece is reported here as intending to take advantage of the situation created by the serious illness of King Alexander, his son—now in grave danger from complications due to the bite of a pet monkey—by returning to Greece and claiming the throne.

The Greek authorities, it is stated, are taking measures to defeat the alleged plot formed in Switzerland against the present Greek Government.

GENEVA, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—Former King Constantine of Greece, replying from Lucerne to an inquiry regarding his attitude toward the regency for Greece being discussed in connection with the illness of King Alexander, telegraphed as follows:

"Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof. I will not think of a regency yet. My plans are those of my people.

"CONSTANTINE Rex."

The former King has been kept in close touch with King Alexander's condition.

The latest bulletins received here from Athens this morning said the King's condition was desperate and that he was not expected to recover.

ATHENS, Oct. 17.—The doctors in attendance on King Alexander expressed themselves at noon today as satisfied with the King's progress. His temperature at that time was about 101.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The condition of King Alexander of Greece was very disquieting on Saturday evening, said a message received by the Greek Legation here tonight.

Although the King was not delirious, his temperature varied between 100.76 and 102.92. His pulse ran from 100 to 120, and his respiration from 30 to 40, the dispatch stated.

At a mass meeting held last night by Greeks and those of Grecian descent, in the Central Opera House, 205 East Sixty-seventh Street, resolutions were unanimously adopted praying for the speedy return to health of the Prince Regent of Greece, and condemning as "inhuman and inspired by the basest political motives the refusal of Premier Venizelos to permit the exiled father and mother of the young Prince to visit the bedside of their dying son."

Another resolution was adopted appealing to the United States Government to use its good offices to "prevent the stealing of the forthcoming elections" in Greece by Venizelos. The resolution, signed by D. J. Theophilates who presided, was sent to President Wilson and Secretary of State Colby.

GERMANY EXPELS SOVIET DELEGATES

Zinovieff and Losowsky Ordered to Leave the Country by Berlin Government.

NOW UNDER CLOSE GUARD

Divided German Radicals Prepare for Struggle to Capture Party Machinery.

BERLIN, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—M. Zinovieff and M. Losowsky, Russian Soviet delegates to the Independent Socialist Conference at Halle, have been ordered by the German Government to leave the country. Their expulsion will be carried out under the direction of the Prussian Minister of Interior.

Pending their departure the Russians will be under close police surveillance and will not be allowed to receive or communicate with friends.

A Communist mass meeting today was largely attended. Police intervention was not required, however. Zinovieff was present, but was too hoarse to speak.

Radicals Completely Divided.

Now that the disruption of the Independent Socialists is an accomplished fact through the action of the Halle convention, the Berlin newspapers editorially concur that the episode is only the prelude to a heated battle in the ranks of the German radical proletariat for a more decisive acceptance or rejection of the Third Internationale.

Vorwärts, the organ of the Majority Socialists, designates the rupture as a political event of the first importance.

The Volkszeitung suggests that the leaders of the Bolsheviki appear to be in a great hurry, considering the eventuality that they might not last through the Winter.

Connected with the struggle for the party machinery and funds there is raised the question of the status of eighty-one Deputies in the Reichstag elected as Independent Socialists on the party's official balloting lists. This Reichstag faction is said to be by a slight majority opposed to union with Moscow. Although the party comprises 900,000 paying members, it polled nearly 6,000,000 votes last election.

Political experts here believe that the decision of the Halle convention would not receive support in a party referendum if a vote were taken at the present time.

Factions Lay Their Plans.

HALLE, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—Two distinct revolutionary parties, one pledged to the dictatorship of the proletariat through an alliance with the Third Internationale, the other working toward "proleterian comradeship" in opposition to Moscow, have developed out of the wreck of the Independent Socialists.

The Left majority under the leadership of Daumig, Hoffmann and Otto Bass, the young leader of Rhineland labor, conferred today on the question of executing an agreement with Moscow for a world revolution, and directed the district leaders to prepare for a strike. The minority under the joint Presidency of Ledebour and Crispien, in a separate convention, laid plans to communicate with the revolutionary forces in all countries opposed to Moscow and prepare an organized campaign against Bolshevist methods. They adopted Herr Ledebour's resolution of sympathy with Bolshevist aims, but expected unalterable opposition to the "policy of destruction and terrorism," on which Sovietism proceeds.

The two conventions adjourned, both claiming the old party's name. The struggle for the party machinery, including the Freiheit, is expected to be fought out in Berlin.

The party split leaves the Moscow adherents in control of twenty-one of the eighty-one Reichstag Deputies.

The Rights, of whom Herr Crispien is leader, adopted a resolution directing their members in the Reichstag to introduce a law guaranteeing the right of asylum to political fugitives of all countries.

Before the adoption of the majority resolution Georg Ledebour and Herren Rosenfeld, Crispien and Dittmann offered a compromise resolution pledging the party to sympathy with Soviet Russia, but declining to join an organization "seeking to promote a world revolution through terror and destruction."

Continued on Page Seven.

SAY CREEL FAILED IN MEXICO 'MISSION'

Mexico City Papers Insist He Offered Recognition Conditions Which Were Refused.

COMMENT ON SHORT STAY

State Department Denies Any Official Relations with Creel—Back with Mexican Agent.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 17.—The visit to Mexico of George Creel, who was Chairman of the Committee on Public Information in Washington during the European war, has caused considerable comment by the Mexican papers. Mr. Creel remained three days, and the papers assert that his stay in the capital was thus limited because of the breakdown of his confidential mission."

Both Excelsior and El Universal assign his departure to President De la Huerta's refusal to accept recognition of Mexico by the United States with conditions attached, declaring that these conditions were the basis of extended conferences which he held with the Provisional President.

El Monitor, which is regarded as the Government organ, says that the relations between Mr. Creel and the Mexican officials were most pleasant. His departure, however, is characterized by El Universal as "precipitate and unsuited to the occasion."

During his Mexican stay Mr. Creel was associated with Roberto Pesqueira, who proceeded to the United States on Saturday bearing credentials as the Mexican confidential agent in Washington. Señor Pesqueira's appointment is regarded here as concluding an embarrassing situation caused by an apparent conflict on authority between him and Señor Iglesias Calderon. An official explanation has been made that the two men are in perfect accord, and that Señor Pesqueira returns as confidential agent, whereas Señor Iglesias Calderon retains his title of High Commissioner, although he will remain in Mexico to exercise his duties as Senator.

Not on State Department Mission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—George Creel, who is returning to Washington with Roberto Pesqueira, the newly appointed diplomatic agent of Mexico in this city, did not go to Mexico as an official representative of the State Department. This information was communicated to THE NEW YORK TIMES by an official of the department who suggested that Creel may have gone to the Mexican capital in the interest of an educational movement with which he has been identified.

Whether Creel went to Mexico as an unofficial representative of the President is, however, a question that has caused much speculation in Washington the last week. He is said to have had a conference with the President just before he left for Mexico, but nothing has been given out that would indicate that Creel was asked by the President to make an investigation to guide the President in reaching a decision with regard to the recognition of the present Mexican Government.

It has been reported at Washington recently that Creel during the few days he was at the Washington capital had at least one conference with President de la Huerta, that conference, according to the report, lasting about six hours. Pesqueira is said to have been Creel's constant companion during his stay, and it is known that Pesqueira is coming back to renew the Mexican plea for recognition.

Creel before leaving Mexico City was quoted in the Mexico City newspapers as saying that he intended to work for recognition and that on his arrival in Washington he would call on President Wilson, presumably to urge the President to grant the much-sought recognition.

OBREGON PROMISES BETTER RELATIONS

DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 17.—Strong in his expressed views that relations between Mexico and the United States would benefit greatly by his two-day visit to the State Fair of Texas, General Alvaro Obregon departed today for Mexico City, where, on Dec. 1, he is to be inaugurated President of the southern republic.

The Mexican President-elect made but one extended statement while here. This was at an international banquet last night where he declared the Mexican Government would recognize all legal foreign debts, that he anticipated early recognition of the new Mexican régime on the part of the United States, and that Mexico would recognize all legal rights of Mexicans and foreigners alike.

General Obregon was visibly moved by Governor Hobby's speech.

"Through an unfortunate chain of circumstances and vicissitudes of Government until a short time ago, we felt that the officials of our sister Government were unfriendly to the United States," Governor Hobby said. "But a change has come about which is magic in its consequences. We feel that Mexico is more than herself again. And you may say, General Obregon, that so far as Texas is concerned, General Obregon is already recognized."

HUNGER STRIKER DIES IN CORK JAIL AFTER 68-DAY FAST

Michael Fitzgerald, Accused of Death of Soldier Sept. 17, 1919, Is First to Expire.

ANOTHER IS NEAR THE END

Prison Physicians, with Consent of the Nine Other Prisoners, Called in to Give Treatment.

MacSWINEY 'FAIRLY WELL'

Pope Asks Congregation of the Holy Office to Decide Whether His Death Would Be Suicide.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Oct. 17.—Michael Fitzgerald, one of the hunger strikers in Cork jail, died at 9:45 tonight. The hunger strike of the eleven prisoners in Cork jail began Aug. 11, so that Fitzgerald had been fasting sixty-eight days.

A statement issued by Lloyd George on Sept. 8 said, "Michael Fitzgerald was in custody on a charge of having murdered Private Jones at Fermoy on Sept. 7, 1919. He was arrested last September and at the Cork Assizes last July a true bill was found against him. Owing to the non-attendance of the jurors, however, it was impossible to proceed with a trial and in consequence of his hunger strike it is impossible to take him before the court constituted under the restoration of order in Ireland to act."

The condition of Fitzgerald and of Joseph Murphy became so grave today that the prison physicians, with the consent of the other nine strikers, were called in to give them medical treatment. A Cork physician was also called in to see them.

Fitzgerald was one of eleven men on a hunger strike in the Cork jail whose cases for a long time have been the source of wonder on the part of the medical authorities. Nearly a month ago Dr. Pearson and Dr. Battiscombe, the jail physicians, expressed amazement that the men who were abstaining from food were alive and conscious. At that time the physicians said that but for the devotion and care by the nuns in attendance upon the prisoners it was certain that several would long since have been dead.

All the hunger strikers were said to have been reduced to a severe degree of emaciation. The facial emaciation of Fitzgerald at the time was declared most pronounced.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork, passed the sixty-sixth day of his hunger strike in Brixton Prison fairly well, said tonight's bulletin on the Lord Mayor's condition issued by the Irish Self-Determination League. He slept part of the day.

His physical condition, adds the bulletin, is "one of ever increasing weakness, but his mind is clearer, keener and more active than ever. This afternoon he conversed for quite a time with relatives."

BELFAST, Oct. 17.—Two deaths occurred today as a result of the rioting in the Marrowbone district of North Belfast Saturday night. The victims were Matthew McMaster and William Mitchell, who succumbed to gunshot wounds. One man was killed outright during the rioting and several others were seriously injured.

POPE ACTS ON MACSWINEY.

Asks for Decision on Whether His Death Would Be Suicide.

ROME, Oct. 16.—Pope Benedict, according to information secured today, has referred the problem of the status of Lord Mayor MacSwiney of Cork and the other Irish hunger strikers to the Congregation of the Holy Office.

Many urgent appeals to make some pronouncement regarding the case of the Lord Mayor of Cork and the other Irish hunger striking prisoners have been received by the Pope. These appeals are divided between opposite viewpoints, and implore the Pontiff to reach diametrically opposed decisions on the question whether the death of the prisoners as a result of their hunger strikes would make them suicides.

Pope Benedict has carefully and personally examined all the many documents submitted to him citing examples and opinions intended to support the claims of the opposing sides, and has discussed the situation with learned Cardinals and other prominent figures in the Church, but, it is indicated, he found them holding widely divergent opinions. He, therefore, it is stated, has laid the problem before the Congregation of the Holy Office, which settles questions of faith and morals and judges heresy.

This is the oldest Congregation of the Catholic Church. It was created by Paul III. in 1542, and was originally called the Holy Inquisition. The present Pontiff modified it, and added to it the Congregation of the Index, which has to do with literature.

The Pope is prefect of this Congregation and Cardinal Merry Del Val Secretary. To the Secretary will be submitted the opinions and investigations of those concerned in the case. These reports will be entrusted to one of the Cardinals belonging to the Congregation, who will present his report to a plenary meeting of the Holy Office, which also includes Cardinals Gasparri, the Papal Secretary, Pompilj, Van Rossum, Fruhwirth, Billot, Giustini and Giorgi.

The process in matters coming before this Congregation is so long that it generally takes several years to reach a definite decision.

France Raises Bonus Per Ton To Aid Importers of Our Coal

PARIS, Oct. 17.—France wishes to encourage the importation of American coal and the drawback granted importers has been raised from 100 francs per ton to 150. This drawback will remain in force until January, 1921.

Gas companies and railroads have coal stocks about equal to their pre-war supplies, which in the case of the railroads ran approximately 850,000 tons. In 1919 the average coal supply of the railroads was only 240,000 tons.

CHURCHILL ASSERTS WE WOULD AID IRISH

Declares Republic Would Force Civil War Which Might Embroil America.

FEARS GERMANS WOULD AID

War Secretary Would Continue Suppression Rather Than Risk Chance of Struggle With Us.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
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LONDON, Oct. 17.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War, made a speech at Dundee, Scotland, last night, in which he predicted what would happen if a republic were granted to Ireland.

He predicted that civil war would surely start, and that the Sinn Feiners in the south would be joined by men from the United States and would import German officers. Volunteers from England and Scotland would go over by thousands to help the North. Out of this crisis, he said, might spring serious embroilment with the United States.

Mr. Churchill vigorously defended the Government's Irish policy and declared it would never surrender to foul play. Assassination, he said, had never changed the history of the world, and the Government was going to take good care that it did not change the history of the British Empire.

"We are going to break up this murder gang," he continued. "That it will be broken up absolutely and utterly is as sure as that the sun will rise tomorrow morning.

"Surrender, based on impotence, would mean an independent Irish republic. An effective measure of home rule could be given to Ireland before the end of this year, but there we must come to a full stop.

"If, in a moment of weakness or feebleness, a republic was granted to Ireland, its arms would stretch across the water and grin the vitals of America.

A few years of an independent republic would mean open war and the British people would never rest until they had rid themselves of so fearful a danger. Could a republic be given to a miserable gang of cowardly assassins like the human leopards of East Africa, the speaker asked? Surrender of that kind would be followed by passionate repentance and fearful atonement.

"In the South the Sinn Feiners would naturally lose no time in organizing their own army. Indeed, it is practically in existence. They would buy arms from abroad, and from the United States men would come over in large numbers to join them. They would avail themselves, as they were ever ready to do during the late war, of any German assistance that might be forthcoming. In particular they would no doubt get the services of many German officers who are now out of employment.

"Thousands of volunteers would go over from England and Scotland to help the North, and when they were organized and armies were marshaled on both sides, when you had allowed the furnaces of hell to be stoked up to full blast, a fierce and furious struggle would begin with the double bitterness of civil war and the triple bitterness of religious war."

"The arrival of reinforcements and supplies from the United States alone would arouse in acute form the partizanship of that great people and might not this process and tension and antagonism bring us to the verge of the greatest danger to all the civilization of the world, namely, a deep quarrel between the United Kingdom and our kith and kin across the Atlantic?

"I say quite frankly that I would far rather face two or three years of the sort of difficulties we are now going through in Ireland than open the floodgates to organized war on a great scale in the country and run the risk of such a war embroiling us with powerful elements in the United States.

"Once one starts on the road of flight and panic no one knows where he will stop. There is no limit to the shame and disaster which must be drained to the dregs. Are we now, fresh from victories of the great war, fresh from the sacrifices of the greatest of all wars that men ever fought, having struck down the most terrible antagonists that ever marched forth in strife in the whole history of mankind—are we now to collapse miserably and impotently before the meanest, basest, cruelest yet, and if they are only stood up to, the feeblest of all foes?"

FIVE KILLINGS AT WEEK END.

Well Dressed Man Walking in Dublin Shot By Youths in Car.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Oct. 17.—Tragedy followed upon tragedy in the city this week-end, and since Friday night three men are known to have been killed and a little girl wounded. One house has been bombed by unidentified men, and in

Continued on Page Two.

BRITAIN IS CALM IN STRIKE CRISIS; TALK OF MEDIATION

Mines All Idle and Everything Points to a Severe Struggle for Mastery.

NO SYMPATHY STRIKES YET

Possibility of Lloyd George Going to the Country on Issue if Trouble Spreads.

STEAMER SERVICE CUT

Irish Line Gets Warning Which Is Likely to be Given to Other Concerns.

LONDON, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—The British coal industry was at a standstill today, after months of negotiations between the miners and the Government, in which neither side was willing to concede the crucial points.

The pits are closed and Great Britain seemingly is facing, economically and otherwise, days of industrial chaos unequaled even during the World War.

Except for the pump men and other employes who are to keep the mines free from water and otherwise in good condition for a resumption of work when the strife is ended, all the mines were idle today.

Sunday, however, in the view of a large portion of the populace, was not an apt day on which to form concise judgment of the potentialities of the strike.

A feeling of pessimism pervades, notwithstanding the fact that Premier Lloyd George has stated that everything will be done to keep the great industries of the country going.

Tomorrow probably will show whether the railway men and the transport workers—the other two wings of labor's "Triple Alliance"—are to join the miners.

Everywhere there is talk of the possibilities of mediation, but up to late this evening no step had been taken.

With the exception of the Food Ministry, which today presented a scene of activity, recalling the times of the railroad strike last year, all the official departments were quiet.

One effect of the strike will be, it is expected, to bring the industrial crisis into greater prominence than the Irish question when Parliament reassembles Tuesday.

There is much speculation whether, in the event of the railroad men or transport workers deciding to support the miners by sympathetic strikes, thereby precipitating a still graver industrial crisis, the Government would decide to appeal to the country by a general election to endorse the course taken by it.

"No strike has ever been entered upon with less passion on either side," says The Manchester Guardian, commenting on the coal miners' strike. "The good will may not last under the pressure of the strike, but it is a great help that the strike is not being entered into in an atmosphere of unreasoning anger."

The tenor of virtually all the editorial comment of the newspapers at the week-end was "keep you heads and save coal."

BELFAST, Oct. 17.—The Dundalk and Newry Steamer Company has received an Admiralty notice to the effect that owing to the emergency the company's service between Dundalk, Newry and Liverpool must be reduced to one sailing weekly.

The manager of the company says that there is no doubt that other Irish companies will be similarly restricted, and that the effect will be disastrous to the Irish cattle trade, coming as it does on top of the fortnight's strike and closure of the ports.

SCANDINAVIA HAS COAL.

Stocks There Sufficient to Last for Three Months.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Reports from Stockholm and throughout Sweden show that Sweden is able to face the British coal strike composedly because her Winter fuel consumption is provided for, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

Throughout the whole of Scandinavia, in fact, there are sufficient stocks to last for three months, with careful use, adds the message, and only a prolonged strike could materially affect communications and industries. The railways, the Stockholm gas and electric works, and the yards of the coal importers hold large stocks of American and Australian coal, and it is not expected that the prices of domestic coal will be increased.

Denmark is said to have sufficient coal to last until January. Her railway stocks are large and her industries are facing the strike with equanimity. Lighting service will continue, although restricted, and the theatres will be closed one night each week.

SOFT COAL CRISIS ENDS; OUTPUT NOW NORMAL

Geological Survey Reports 12,075,000 Tons Mined Last Week —Collieries Get Cars.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—There is no likelihood that there will be a shortage of soft coal this Winter since the normal output of soft coal was reached last week when the production amounted to 12,075,000 tons, according to the official figures issued by the United States Geological Survey. There will be

plenty of coal. It is declared, for the entire consuming public, and the needs of the country for the Winter will be supplied provided the railroads furnish adequate transportation.

"This 12,000,000 ton a week output, which the operators, weeks ago, fixed as the goal," says a statement by the National Coal Association, "has been achieved through aggressive co-operation of the railroads running to the mining fields which, within the last two weeks, have greatly increased the supply of open top cars at the mines.

"The average weekly output of the soft coal mines was 11,728,250 tons for the four weeks ended Oct. 9. Prior to that it had been running at approximately 10,500,000 tons a week. The railroad executives say that, working under the recent priority orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, they will be fully able to supply enough cars to insure the 12,000,000 ton a week output as long as exigency requires it.

"With the achievement of the 12,000,000 ton output a week the entire soft coal situation has appreciably eased up. Acute shortages in immediate supply in the Middle West and in other parts of the country are now being met in such a way as definitely to indicate that the worst of the soft coal stringency is over."

SAYS ROOT ADVISED ABOUT ARTICLE X.

Bonsal Declares That He Was Consulted and Suggested Only a Time Limit to Pledge.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.—Stephen Bonsal, in a copyrighted dispatch to The Baltimore Sun from Washington, says that the draft of Article X. of the League of Nations covenant was submitted to Elihu Root before it was adopted and that he suggested no change in the pledge contained in it. Mr. Bonsal writes:

"Through the State Department in March, 1919, Article X. was submitted to former Secretary of State Root for his consideration by the American peace delegation in Paris, and after consideration and study Mr. Root cabled back to Paris:

"'Suggest you add to Article X. the following: "After the expiration of five years from the signing of this convention any party may terminate its obligations under this article by giving one year's notice in writing to the Secretary General of the League."'

"Mr. Root said yes, go into Article X., but it is a new idea and the way it works out will depend in a measure upon the people we will have to work with, and if they should prove to be hopeless and impossible we ought to get out as soon as practicable. Now Mr. Root approved Article X., provided that a get away was arranged for us after a period of five years and our headstrong President in one of his cautious Scotch-Irish moods took the suggestion and improved upon it. Doubtless comforted by Mr. Root's support, he accepted Article X., but he provided a quicker get away than Mr. Root asked for and he had it incorporated in the covenant in the following words: 'Any member of the League may after two years' notice of its intention to do so withdraw from the League.'

"From the foregoing it is clear that at this time in March, 1919, when Article X. was in its present form, both President Wilson and former Secretary Root were equally in favor of submitting to any obligations which it imposed. Mr. Root was inclined to commit the United States for a period of five years and a day, while our headstrong and misled President decided that two years and a day would be quite sufficient as a tryout period."

SAYS PARSONS IS MISTAKEN.

Cousin and Law Partner Condemns Withdrawal from Republican Party.

Condemnation of the withdrawal of Herbert Parsons from the Republican Party on the League of Nations issue was expressed yesterday by Tompkins McIlvaine, his cousin and law partner, in a letter to Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee. Mr. McIlvaine said he did not sympathize with Mr. Parsons now any more than he sympathized with him in 1915 and 1916 when Mr. Parsons failed to support the preparedness movement which resulted in his and two million other men going to France as ill-prepared combatants.

"Parsons mistakes the issue in this campaign," said Mr. McIlvaine, who inclosed a check for $1,000 for the Republican campaign fund. "The question is not what we think of Mr. Wilson's League of Nations. The issue is whether we are to continue to have a futile national administration incapable of formulating and carrying into practical effect any policy.

"What reason have we to believe that the Democratic Party will in the future be more successful in promoting universal peace than it was in maintaining the peace that was promised us in the election of 1916?

"I have more faith something practical will come out of Harding's promise to call together the ablest minds of the country to formulate a plan of international co-operation and that the Republican Party will make this country a respected factor in world peace than I have that the Democratic Party and its nominee would put Mr. Wilson's League or anything else into effect."

CHURCHILL ASSERTS WE WOULD AID IRISH

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

raids on a large scale by the authorities more than 500 soldiers have been employed besides armored cars and tanks, latter all used very largely for raiding purposes, and their appearance illustrates the nervous tension prevalent during military operations.

A dramatic assassination occurred this afternoon in Batcheior's Walk, by a small iron bridge crossing the Liffey. A tall, well-built man was walking alone upon the footpath in the rain when a motor car approached and slightly slackened its speed. From the car, which was occupied by several youths, shots were fired and the unknown man fell dead from wounds in the head. At the same time another man and a girl were hit by stray bullets.

The unknown man had the appearance of a police officer and in his pocket was found a loaded revolver.

In Westland a young man was found chained to the church railings with a large placard bearing the words, "Drummed out of the I. R. A.," in large letters. He had left mass when three men presented revolvers and tied his hands behind his back and fastened his arms to the railings by long chains secured with a padlock. The police filed the chain and freed the victim.

DUBLIN, Oct. 17.—Sergeant Roche of the Royal Irish Constabulary, who had just arrived here from Tipperary to identify the body of Mr. Tracey, who was shot during the disturbances in Talbot Street Friday, was shot dead this afternoon on the Ormond Quay. A man and a girl also were wounded by the shots of his assailants.

A former soldier named Robinson, who was shot Friday night in Dublin by Sinn Fein men describing themselves as republican police, died last night.

While Constables Flaherty and Dykes were on patrol duty in Londonderry late Saturday night Flaherty was killed by shots fired by some unknown persons.

While three officers and eight soldiers were proceeding in a boat today on Lough Rea, County Galway, they were fired on by a large party of civilians on shore. Two of the officers and one soldier were wounded. The fire was returned with unknown results.

An unofficial account says that the party was returning to Athlone, where on Saturday night a large printing plant was partially destroyed by incendiary bombs during curfew hours.

COX COMING EAST FOR FINAL APPEAL

Will Urge Upon Business Men That League Is Needed to Insure Prosperity.

WILL SPEAK UP-STATE TODAY

Reports of Drift to the Democratic Side Continue to Cheer Governor's Party.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 17.—Governor James M. Cox is going into the East this week to tell the business and financial interests there that they want the League of Nations and that their hope of prosperity lies in its adoption. He said tonight that the business men throughout the country were adopting a short-sighted policy if they supported a candidate who, after wabbling about since his nomination, might, after all, scrap the League. The Governor holds that this applies particularly to the financial and business institutions which look to Europe to repay her debts and furnish a market for the products of America.

The Governor will couple this argument with his plea that America should enter the League because of the part that it will be able to play in the rehabilitation of the world and in putting an end to the suffering in Europe because of the chaotic conditions which now prevail, as well as for the purpose of making future wars impossible.

The Governor is to visit New York, New Hampshire and Connecticut, the home States, respectively, of Senators Wadsworth, Moses and Brandegee, all of whom are asking the voters for their support this year.

Governor Cox will be in New York tomorrow speaking at Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo. He will be in New Hampshire on Tuesday to talk against Senator Moses at Nassau, Manchester and Concord. On Tuesday evening he will deliver an address at Boston, Senator Lodge's territory. Later he will go to Connecticut to make his fight against Brandegee.

Governor Cox spent the day quietly in Cleveland preparing for the final strenuous two weeks of the campaign.

Encouraged by League Friends.

Many telegrams and other messages have been coming to the Cox train in connection with the League fight, and the Governor is convinced that the turn in the tide has started and will sweep on to a Democratic victory. His advisers say that the public has lost confidence in Senator Harding because of his uncertain attitude on the League of Nations issue. They say that many thousands of Republicans, not only in Ohio, but in other States through which Governor Cox has made his campaign will not go to the polls because of the lack of enthusiasm for the Republican nominee.

Republican leaders of Ohio are making strong claims that they will carry this State. Supporters of Governor Cox who have analyzed their figures say they are based upon the support of the pro-German, Irish and other racial groups. The Republican leaders are also represented as devoting much time in Ohio to registering the negroes, men and women, practically all of whom they expect to cast their ballots for Senator Harding.

Democratic leaders in Cleveland, a stronghold of Governor Cox in the past, and in points in Southern Ohio are counting heavily on the vote of the white women. Reports which have come into headquarters here during the past two weeks have been that the women are supporting the League of Nations and that it will prove a big factor with them.

Governor Cox talked the situation over here today with a number of the local leaders, and also was in conference for some time with Edmund H. Moore, who is now taking a most active part in directing the campaign.

Mr. Moore said that the situation was in excellent shape so far as his observations went, and that he felt, with Governor Cox, that there had been a very decided turn against Senator Harding.

The reception which Governor Cox received here last night was cited as a refutation of the claims of the Republican leaders that they would carry this city as well as the State. The Governor spoke to a great crowd, only part of which could get into the Grays' Armory, while Congressman Longworth, advocate of the election of Harding, faced a company of about 150 at the Winton Hotel in an address attacking Governor Cox and the League of Nations.

Answers League Objections.

The explanation by Governor Cox of the working of the League of Nations made an unusual impression upon his audiences here. He analyzed the principal causes of wars and showed how the League proposed to remove these causes.

"What are the objections that you hear against the League?" he asked. "First, that if we go into the League the sons of America will be ordered overseas every time there is a back alley quarrel in Europe. Under the Constitution of the United States the right to declare war is inherent in Congress and Congress alone. Under the Constitution the President is the Commander in Chief of the army and navy, but has he any more right to declare war than the Chief of Police of Cleveland? Now the rule of the land is the Constitution. The League of Nations is a part of the treaty. You cannot pass a law in conflict with the Federal Constitution, and a treaty of peace cannot be made by the President with the consent of the Senate if it is in conflict with the Constitution of the United States. So that nothing in the League can trespass upon the principles of the Constitution of the United States."

Governor Cox was confronted by the Shantung question here for the first time. His reply was that Japan was pledged to return full rights to China under the provisions of the treaty and that she would be forced to do so. This apparently satisfied his audience.

Governor Cox and his party left here tonight at 11:30 o'clock for Syracuse, where he will make his first address tomorrow. The night meeting tomorrow will be at Buffalo.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—During the next fortnight Governor Cox will make his fight in the great population centres of the Eastern and Central States beginning tomorrow in Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y.

New Hampshire cities and Boston will be visited next Tuesday by the Governor; Providence, R. I., Bridgeport, Hartford and other Connecticut cities on Wednesday; Wilmington, Del., and Baltimore, Md., on Thursday, and Trenton, Princeton, Newark and Jersey City, N. J., on Friday.

A Madison Square Garden speech at New York Saturday night will close the week.

FOUND ENVOY DAVIS FOR RESERVATIONS

Bishop Anderson Says Americans Abroad Favor Accepting Senate League Proposals.

BRITISH PUBLIC MEN ALSO

He Says They Assured Him in Conversation That Great Britain Had No Objection to Them.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Oct. 17. — Senator Harding arrived here this morning tired but satisfied with the results of his Southern and Middle Western speaking tour. Both the Senator and Mrs. Harding heard the Right Rev. William F. Anderson, Methodist Episcopal Bishop for Ohio and Kentucky, preach a sermon in the Epworth Methodist Church this evening in which he said that Ambassador Davis had told him in London that in his opinion reservations to the League of Nations should have been accepted.

The Bishop told further of conversations he had had during long visits in Europe, with many European statesmen who had assured him that Europe was prepared gladly to accept any conditions America might attach in entering a League of Nations.

The Bishop referred to Lord Grey's letter to The London Times explaining America's position and indicating that the British Government would accept the Senate's reservations, and said:

"I called upon Lord Haldane and asked him:

"'What will it mean to America and the world if America fails to enter some sort of coalition in which she can bear her testimony for the world's peace?'

"'Well,' replied Lord Haldane, 'I want you to put down first of all that Britain does not care that much about the question of your reservations,' and he snapped his fingers.

"I talked with Lord Charnwood, author of that splendid life of Lincoln; with the Bishop of Canterbury, and other representatives of the Church of England, and they told me the same thing. Leaders of the Labor Party bore the same testimony. Arthur J. Balfour agreed with the rest.

"Without exception, Englishmen and the Americans with whom I talked in Europe agreed that England did not oppose or object to the Senate reservations."

Among Americans in England with whom Bishop Anderson talked, and who he said united in the opinion that the reservations ought to have been accepted, were, in addition to Ambassador Davis, Consul General Skinner, George Edward McLean and Edwin P. Hush.

Senator Harding, referring on his arrival here to the four big meetings at Chattanooga, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis, said he regarded his experience at Chattanooga as the most inspiring. The Chattanooga audience, although made up of many Southern Democrats, had listened with the keenest attention, he said, and received his speech kindly.

The Harding special train stopped for a few minutes this morning at Bellefontaine, Ohio, and the Senator delivered a non-political rear-platform speech to about six hundred persons.

"I want to tell you, friends and neighbors," he said, "that looking over the situation from every viewpoint, I think one thing the world needs today quite as much as anything else is a little more religious devotion. I think we have gotten away from it somehow or other, and if I were to prescribe a means to lead the world into the path of peace, I would emphasize the teachings of the Prince of Peace.

Men say that the World War is indicative of failure of the Christian religion. No, my countrymen, it did not signify that. It only signified the failure of the world which got away from the Christian religion. And if we could put a little more sanctity, a little more morality and a little more godly devotion in our lives, I believe we would make a surer step toward abiding peace than by anything else we could do."

Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman of Rhode Island, who traveled with the candidate in their private car attached to the Harding special train during the last speaking trip, left Marion this noon for Providence.

The biggest front porch gathering of the campaign since notification day will appear in Marion tomorrow, "First Veterai Day." With favorable weather, 25,000 visitors are expected, including from 2,500 to 5,000 students from more than twenty Ohio colleges.

VIERECK WARNS COX.

Former Editor of Fatherland Says Germans Are Against Him.

George Sylvester Viereck, editor of The American Monthly, formerly The Fatherland, sent a telegram to Governor James M. Cox yesterday notifying the Democratic nominee for President that the Germans of America were against him and giving his version of his connection with events during the war which had not hitherto been explained.

"I understand from newspaper dispatches that you are attacking me in order to silence my utterances in support of your opponent," Mr. Viereck said. "You forget that the Wilson reign of terror is at an end. No aspersion upon the loyalty of Americans of German descent can intimidate them into voting for the alter ego of T. Woodrow Wilson."

Mr. Viereck said that Governor Cox referred to him in his speech at Cleveland on Saturday as a "professional German-American." He asked if he was a "professional German-American" when the late Senator Stone pleaded with him to vote for the "man who kept us out of war," when a member of the Wilson Cabinet told him after the sinking of the Lusitania that he felt a sinking in his heart at every German defeat, when the Democratic Party offered to buy 1,000,000 copies of The Fatherland if he would print an article attacking Charles E. Hughes, and when a messenger invited him to call upon President Wilson at Shadow Lawn.

Mr. Viereck asserted that the Americans of German descent were loyal. That was the reason, he said, why 6,000,000 of them oppose Governor Cox's candidacy.

ANOTHER PROGRESSIVE DECLARES FOR COX

Chester Rowell, for Years Supporter of Hiram Johnson, Out for Democratic Ticket.

Chester Rowell of Fresno, Cal., chairman of the Republican State Central Committee in 1916, former Republican National Committeeman and for many years one of the strongest supporters of Senator Hiram W. Johnson, has come out for Governor James M. Cox, Democratic nominee for President, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Democratic National Committee. Mr. Rowell will begin this week a speaking campaign for Cox and Roosevelt in California, speaking with Senator James D. Phelan, candidate for re-election.

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Be Sure You Understand It

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Sheffield Milk is milk as Nature makes it. Nothing is added nothing removed. It is the only complete food. It is the easiest to digest and gives more for your money than any other food you eat.

When we say that milk is a complete food we mean this—you could live and thrive indefinitely on milk and milk alone. All other foods are useful only as part of a mixed diet.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
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VALUABLE PAPER

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It is the simplest form of psychology that the paper used for the policy should symbolize the strength and longevity of the company that issues it.

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119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

GLOVES—a small item in your clothing budget. A big one in good form. You probably spend more for hats—shoes—linen. Yet nothing you wear improves your general appearance more than a pair of good gloves.

Get the best in gloves—it pays:—wear better—look better—fit better. You're hard on gloves? The more reason for securing Fownes.

You can be sure of the genuine Fownes because the Name is in the Wrist. Look for it, at your dealer's.

FOWNES GLOVES

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

IMPORTED MODELS IN YOUNG LADIES' OUTER APPAREL

To maintain our position as the one establishment in New York providing correct clothing and accessories of dress exclusively for young people we maintain the closest relations with the accepted European leaders in the creation of fashions for young ladies and young men, and present both their original models and our own productions in the choicest fabrics woven abroad

Though the imported fabrics are of the finest quality the prices of our coats, tailored dresses and sports clothing for young ladies from 15 to 19 years are moderate.

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Separate skirts, blouses and sport hats, designed to be worn separately or in combination.
Tailored topcoats and great coats.
"Anniped" shoes for young ladies.

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Fashion weaves a smart mode in the soft meshes of dark laces and confers it upon Youth to gown those interesting informal occasions in the niche between afternoon and formal evening affairs—the dinner, the theatre, or the informal dance. . . .

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LODGE SAYS LEAGUE IS 'BREEDER OF WAR'

Only by Dishonor Could We Avoid Sending Troops Abroad, He Declares.

FEARS FOR WORLD PEACE

One Man Could Bring On Conflict Except for Reservations Rejected by Wilson.

CHOICE BETWEEN TWO FLAGS

Speech Commended by Roosevelt's Sister as His Own View of Issue.

The Society of Arts and Sciences, formerly the Twilight Club, gave a great demonstration at its dinner at the Hotel Commodore last night in honor of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who attacked what he called the "Wilson League," and gave a series of quotations from the President's speeches, beginning with the "peace-without-victory" speech, to show that the President had always contemplated the League as an international supergovernment with power to order America into war.

The society stood up and applauded for several minutes when Senator Lodge concluded his speech as follows:

"I have lived to be an old man, I suppose, and during all that time I have never had but one flag. I cannot give up that flag to put up the mongrel thing of the League over it. I believe that the flag of the United States is the flag that is flying over those who resist the League, and I think that over those who have been mistakenly led to its support is floating the flag of the League. The choice is between two flags. There can be but one for me. I am too old to change my allegiance now."

Corinne Roosevelt Robinson, a sister of Theodore Roosevelt, who followed Senator Lodge, said that in the great speech of the Senator she could hear the voice of her brother. She told of being present at the bedside of Colonel Roosevelt in the month preceding his death, when he and Senator Lodge talked over the League, so far as its provisions were then known, and came, she said, to an almost perfectly identical attitude toward its provisions. She praised Senator Harding, and said that the hard feelings of 1912 between him and Colonel Roosevelt had been completely buried during their conferences on preparedness measures in 1915 and 1916. She pointed out that Senator Harding had introduced the measure in the Senate in favor of sending Colonel Roosevelt and his division to France—a plan which was frustrated, she said, by "a narrow-minded, jealous and vindictive man," and his "pacifistic Secretary of War."

Senator Lodge began his speech with high praise for Senator Wadsworth, saying among other things that "it is better for a State to have a man in the Senate who vote according to his convictions, though he may vote against what seems to be the popular feeling, than to have a man who is always looking over his shoulder and trying to guess what the popular feeling may be."

Senator Lodge's Speech in Full.

The speech of Senator Lodge was as follows:

"The chief Democratic speakers and their assistants are very busily engaged just now in denouncing the Republicans as misrepresenting the facts when they say that under the covenant of the League of Nations American soldiers can be sent abroad at the bidding of foreign powers. They have two ways of meeting the wholly truthful assertions as to sending American soldiers abroad, when they find that they cannot dispose of them by merely shouting that they are misrepresentations. One is that armies and navies cannot be authorized or supplied without action by Congress, and that if through the moral obligation of Article X. we are bound to send troops and ships to engage in a foreign war, Congress can refuse to meet the moral obligation. I am particular to say moral obligation, in order to meet a distinction which has been attempted by those who want to find some method of escape between legal and moral obligation.

Treaties Rest on Moral Obligations.

"Treaties of this character rest entirely on moral obligations; in fact, practically all treaties rest on moral obligations. A legal obligation, if it exists at all in a treaty, can only exist when the treaty is made under duress and territory or hostages are taken to secure its performance. Then it may be said that it is a law with a sanction, but, broadly stated, treaties depend on moral obligations, and the League of Nations covenant depends on nothing else. If a moral obligation is not absolutely binding on nations which sign a treaty, then the treaty is merely a scrap of paper.

"Undoubtedly Congress can refuse to meet a treaty obligation whether moral or legal. That is the pathway of dishonor, and it is always open. Upon that pathway I trust the United States will never enter. We have never yet broken faith under a treaty and we must not begin to do so now. Not only would it be dishonorable to break a treaty obligation, but it would be the greatest blow which could be struck at the peace of the world, because a failure on the part of a great power to observe the sanctity of treaties would be more fatal to the world's peace than any other one thing. Germany's breach of faith in entering Belgium was not only the signal for well nigh universal war, but was the worst attack upon the world's peace ever made. We may therefore dismiss as out of the question any opportunity of escaping from sending our troops abroad by breaking our obligations.

"The other method of demonstrating that we cannot be compelled to send our troops to take part in foreign wars except when we ourselves desire to do so is to point to the necessity of a unanimous vote in the Council of the League and declare that without our vote no troops could be ordered out. This, of course, does not meet the provision of Article X., which imposes an immediate obligation with which the Council has nothing to do. The first sentence of that article imposes an obligation which attaches at once to every member of the League and, whether it is individual or not, inasmuch as it attaches to all members, the obligation is there and must be fulfilled.

Veto Power "a Slender Reed."

"But there are other considerations which show that the veto power of the single vote is but a slender reed on which to lean. This can be demonstrated by considering the views and intentions of the President, who was the author of Article X. and who sustains without change all provisions of the League of Nations. On Jan. 22, 1917, the President presented in an address to the Senate a plan for a world peace. At that time the President had not broken with Germany, and he was planning for a 'peace without victory' and then for the promotion of a league. He proposed that we should adhere to a league for peace, and then he said:

"It will be absolutely necessary that a force be created as a guarantor of the permanency of the settlement so much greater than the force of any nation now engaged or any alliance hitherto formed or projected that no nation, no probable combination of nations could face or withstand it. If the peace presently to be made is to endure, it must be a peace made secure by the organized major force of mankind.

"That shows the President's conception of a league for peace, that it must be backed by the 'organized major force of mankind,' and that means an international force under the control of the league and with all the members of the league obliged to furnish quotas for the international force. That this continued in his mind to be the dominant conception of a league for peace is shown by what he said on Feb. 14, 1919, when he presented the finished draft of the constitution of the League of Nations, as it was then called, to the conference. Mr. Wilson described this new international combinations as 'the union of wills in a common purpose, a union of wills which cannot be resisted, and which I dare say no nation will run the risk of attempting to resist.'

"And then he added: 'Armed force is in the background of this program, but it is in the background, and if the moral force of the world will not suffice, the physical force of the world shall.' There can be no mistake as to what that language of the President means.

Wilson's Position on Force.

"When the President met the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations at the White House on Aug. 10, 1919, Senator Knox asked this question: 'Suppose that it is perfectly obvious and accepted that there is an external aggression against some power, and suppose it is perfectly obvious and accepted that it cannot be repelled except by force of arms, would we be under legal obligation to participate?' The President replied: 'No, sir; but we would be under an absolutely compelling moral obligation.' A compelling moral obligation, which is the highest obligation possible in a treaty, to do what? To use the force of army in the case of external aggression under Article X.

"Quite recently Mr. Lloyd George, replying to a deputation of friends of the League, said that nothing could be done by the League to prevent, for example, an attack of Russia upon Poland, unless we had an international force—that is, a force under command of the League—and this League force, which would be composed of soldiers of all nations, could be ordered into war. It is very clear, therefore, that the international force was the conception common to Mr. Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George.

"After Mr. Wilson had laid the covenant of the League of Nations in its final form before the Senate and the debate had begun, he stated that Article X. was the 'heart of the covenant,' and he told the Committee on Foreign Relations that he was the author of Article X. The reason he laid such stress upon Article X. was because it contained the provision for the use of force—that is, of armies and navies—which Mr. Wilson had steadily advocated since January, 1917, as necessary for the league of peace as he conceived it.

"There is, therefore, no possible doubt as to the intention of the President or the intention of Mr. Lloyd George as to the use of force, and the force which Mr. Wilson had in mind was the force of armies and navies. The value of Article X. to Mr. Wilson is that it puts the obligation to use force upon every member of the League, without any opportunity of escape, with no means of avoiding it, except by a breach of obligation, which would be not only dishonorable but would leave us a byword for bad faith among the nations.

Who Would Hold Veto Power?

"This is not all, however, that can be said about the veto. Who is to apply the veto? Who is to record the veto of of the United States in the Council against the votes of the eight other members? Naturally, the representative of the United States on the Council. How is he to be appointed and selected? On this the covenant of the League is silent. Under the covenant of the League as it stands the President of the United States could send a representative to the Council, and nobody could question his credentials. That representative so appointed by the President as a personal agent could involve us in war under Article X. The compelling moral obligation would them apply, and Congress would have no choice, except to give the formal authority and make the necessary appropriations. We met this difficulty by a reservation which has not been much considered in the campaign, but which is of vast importance. It was as follows:

"'No person is or shall be authorized to represent the United States, nor shall any citizen of the United States be eligible, as a member of any body or agency established or authorized by said treaty of peace with Germany, except pursuant to an Act of Congress of the United States providing for his appointment and defining his powers and duties.

"This is one of the reservations which Mr. Wilson condemned as nullifying the League, and yet that reservation rejected by Mr. Wilson is all that would stand between this country and a war brought on by the President and his personal agent. It is idle to say that this could be done by statute after we had joined the League; that it is a domestic matter, and we could deal with it alone. It would require a two-thirds vote of Congress to pass a statute over the President's veto, and the present President would never tolerate any such limitations upon his authority. The same is true of his understudy and would-be successor, whose mind is at one with Mr. Wilson's, and who has pledged himself 'to go into' the League as it is. He says, 'What he [Mr. Wilson] promised I shall, if elected, endeavor with all my strength to give.'

One Man Could Bring On War.

"Therefore, it was necessary to make this provision of the reservation I have just read a part of the act of ratification.

"But, even supposing that the President nominated a representative on the council to the Senate and he was confirmed by the Senate, he would be the President's selection, and if a question involving war were to arise he would undoubtedly vote as the President directed. In other words, we come back to the proposition that without such minute precautions as were taken in the reservation I have jus quoted, one man could involve the United States in war. It matters not if that one man is the President. Under the Constitution the Congress alone can declare war, and yet under this alliance called a League the President would have power to involve the country in war before Congress could act.

"It is no reply to say that this is an inconceivable case; that such a thing would never happen. Such a thing would be very likely to happen if we continued Mr. Wilson in the White House or any of his heirs or assigns.

"Article X., in my judgment imposes an individual obligation which would authorize any member of the League whose territory was subject to external aggression to call on the United States to fulfill its guarantee, and the fact that other guarantors were not asked to intervene would not affect the individual obligation of the United States if that demand was made by the invaded member of the League.

Fatal Objection to Article X.

"But the fatal objection to Article X. rests on much broader grounds than this. Admit, if you please, that the proposition of an individual obligation is arguable, there can be no possible doubt that this article imposes an obligation on all members of the League. Article X differs from all others in the first sentence, for it makes no reference to assembly or council. An obligation is placed upon all members of the League to preserve the political independence and territorial integrity of every other League member when subject to external aggression. The obligation is imperative and immediate. The second sentence, which gives to the council the power to advise as to the means of fulfilling the obligation, does not in the least remove the obligation of guarantee, and a guarantee of boundaries and independence given by one country to another means practically the use of force—of the army and navy of the guaranteeing power. That is what such a guarantee in practice always means. That is what Mr. Wilson understood by the guarantee, as I have already shown.

"The obligation falls on every one of the members of the League, and it is not to be avoided except by a breach of treaty. It is said that the council might not advise the use of military force, but this would be to rely on a most unlikely contingency. Where military force alone could be effective the council would be bound to advise it, and whether they did or not the obligation still remains untouched upon the guarantors.

"The argument is made that the obligation could not be fulfilled unless Congress supplied the army and navy as the Constitution requires. Of course we can always disgrace ourselves by breaking an obligation, but that, as I have already said, is a means of escape never to be considered. If the obligation has been incurred and accepted Congress would be bound, unless they were going to break faith and shatter the treaty, to send an army and navy in fulfillment of their solemn obligation to do so in the first sentence of Article X. There would be no escape from the obligation to have our soldiers and sailors sent abroad to take part in foreign wars at the dictates of foreign powers. I have no more doubt of the absolute soundness of this proposition than I have that I am standing here tonight, and that is the view of the greatest lawyers in the country.

Quotes Root and Hughes.

"In a speech of remarkable power made on Sept. 18 by Governor Hughes, who has been a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States and is in the foremost rank of lawyers in this country, he takes precisely the exact position which I have stated to you. Mr. Root, one of the leaders at the American bar and undoubtedly our most eminent international lawyer, has said referring to Article X.:

"'If that stipulation means anything, and is not mere sham and false pretense, it will, if ratified, bind the United States when occasion arises to defend every member of the League by armed force against external aggression. It will bind the United States to that no matter what our people at the time think about the merits and wrong of a controversy or about the wisdom or folly of entering upon it. It will require the United States to fight on occasion for all these dispositions of territory made by the Supreme Council in Paris under the influence of secret treaties and bitter animosities and political expediencies — dispositions of territory, many of which are doubtful and some of which are clearly wrong.

"To that admirable statement I can add nothing, but I wish in this connection to quote what Governor Hughes says in regard to another defense attempted for Article X:

There are those who say they see inconsistency between the objection to Article X. and the willingness to abide by or enforce the injunction of an international court upon justiciable questions. But these questions are questions of right according to law, and the acceptance of decisions of courts is merely the recognition of the rule of the law. When we leave justiciable questions we enter the realms of political expediency. The covenant itself recognizes the right to make war, and it is conceded by the most earnest supporters of the covenant that the guarantee of Article X. may be invoked against a power which has performed all its obligations and has entered upon a war 'legal' under the terms of the covenant. Although the war be waged to rectify a grievous wrong, yet the guarantee of Article X. may apply.

"To sum up in a few words, Article X. imposes an immediate obligation on the United States to use her armies and navies whenever the political independence or territorial integrity of a member of the League is subjected to external aggression; that is, is invaded by another power, no matter how justifiable the act of the invading power may be. It amounts to saying that we must defend with our military forces, without any opportunity for judgment on our own part, the political independence and the boundaries, many of them still unsettled, of every member of the League. The menace to the United States involved in Article X. cannot be overrated. We met it with a reservation, and all that reservation did was to relieve the United States from any obligation under Article X. and left us absolutely free to refuse to fulfill the obligation imposed by the first sentence of the article if the Congress saw fit to do so.

"The reservation made us the judges of whether we should carry out the guarantees of Article X. or not, and in case of our refusal this reservation prevented its being a breach of the treaty or a breach of the obligation. In other words, it reserved the rights of America, so that American soldiers or American sailors could not be sent to any war to sacrifice their lives except by the untrammeled, unfettered command of their own country expressed through the constitutional representatives of the people. This reservation the President condemned and refused to accept. He would not permit any reservations to Article X. In my judgment no American who is not willing to have American soldiers and sailors sent to any country in the world to fight and die in quarrels which do not concern them could possibly accept a treaty which contained Article X. as it stands with its fatal and intolerable obligation.

"The idea of force and the use of force runs all through the covenant of the League of Nations submitted by Mr. Wilson. Many more arguments could be adduced, but in what I have just said I think it is proved beyond question that the League is an alliance and that instead of promoting the world's peace it makes provision for war and will be a breeder of war. It is full of enforcement by armies and has very little about the nations or a world court of justice. As it stands it is a menace and not a help to the peace of the world.

"How different is Senator Harding's conception of the best means to promote the peace of the world. He is as anxious to promote the world's peace as any man who lives, but he is not willing to sacrifice the United States by adhering to an alliance which would mean war and not peace. He is utterly against the Wilson League as Mr. Wilson brought it from Paris.

"Mr. Cox is ready to go into it and Senator Harding will not. Senator Harding's plan is to bring about under the leadership of the United States an agreement among the nations which will truly promote the peace of the world. This is the true American policy, loyal to the cause of peace, yes, but also to our country. Peace will not be promoted by sacrificing the United States. Peace will be advanced if the United States is maintained in all her rights, powers and independence, ready as she always has been to help humanity and advance the peace of the world."

STRAUS TO SUPPORT SMITH.

Tells Citizens' Committee Governor Is an Efficient Public Servant.

Nathan Strauss yesterday paid tribute to Governor Alfred E. Smith as an efficient public servant in a letter announcing that he was supporting him for re-election, sent to the Citizens' Committee handling the Governor's campaign. "The rise of Governor Smith from a lowly East Side home to the Governorship of the Empire State is a dramatic illustration of the possibilities in American life and the best answer to the destructive criticism directed against our American institutions by unbalanced propagandists," Mr. Straus said.

"As one who has been interested in the welfare of little babies through my milk stations, I take this opportunity to assert that Governor Smith's attempt to solve this milk problem has been in the interest of the poor and the sick.

"The State of New York has been fortunate in having a Governor who has administered that great office in the interest of all the people. Alfred E. Smith has been elected to public office for sixteen years. A man who can survive that ordeal and come out of it with the ever increasing esteem of the voters is the type of public servant our State needs."

Joseph M. Price, for many years President of the Board of Trustees of the City Club, also sent the committee a letter inclosing a contribution and announcing that he was supporting Governor Smith for re-election.

121 'BOLTERS' ASK SUPPORT FOR COX

Sign Statement Declaring Harding Has Repudiated Best Traditions of Republican Party.

THEY ARGUE FOR LEAGUE

Appeal to All Patriotic Republicans and Progressives to Aid Candidates for Treaty Ratification.

Declaring that they stand honestly and frankly for "ratification of the Treaty and adherence to the League," 121 representative men and women, who in other years supported the Republican or Progressive tickets, announced in a joint statement yesterday that they would vote for Cox and Roosevelt. The signers of the statement included Herbert Parsons and Hamilton Holt, who announced last week that they had bolted from Harding because of the Senator's stand against the League.

The "bolters" declared that Senator Harding had repudiated the best traditions of the Republican Party by his stand on the League issue, and "all Republicans and Progressives who put patriotism above party" were urged to join the others in their bolt.

Mr. Holt, editor of The Independent Magazine and Vice Chairman of the League to Enforce Peace, who made public the statement, said that of twenty Republican officers of the League to Enforce Peace who put themselves on record, fifteen, as shown in the following list, are for Cox. Included in the list are clergymen of all the principal denominations, and the Presidents of Oberlin, Vassar, Smith, Bryn Mawr and Mount Holyoke Colleges.

Points in the Statement.

The statement says in part:

"From Lincoln to Roosevelt and Taft, each successive Republican Administration has labored for a closer understanding among the nations of the world.

"The present Republican leadership, which has nominated Senator Warren G. Harding for the Presidency, has repudiated these traditions. This leadership has permitted the Republican Party to become a 'little America' party, drifting toward national isolation and the relinquishment of any real responsibility for the general peace of the nations.

"True Republican statesmanship would have welcomed and supported the covenant. It would have sought to strengthen, rather than to weaken, its effective guarantees against aggression. It would have insisted on our need of the League as the one possible means of reducing armaments and the crushing burden of taxation they cause. It would have seen in the League the one practicable means of restoring and increasing the authority of international law and its agencies designed ultimately to supplant war.

"It is now too late to talk of a new 'association of nations,' to be created under Republican auspices. The proposal to ask forty-odd member nations to 'scrap' the existing League, enter another peace conference and agree on some undefined experiment can no longer be taken seriously."

After reviewing what has already been accomplished by the council of the League, the statement continues:

"We want our country to stand first in the councils of nations. We want our country to share fully in the great decisions which are shaping the future of the world. We cannot indorse Senator Harding's policy of 'America last.'

Urge Support of Cox Ticket.

"In the absence of definite assurances that the Republican candidates will use their full influence to bring the United States into the League with such reservations as may be acceptable to the American people, we urge all Republicans and Progressives who put patriotism above party to join with us in working and voting for James M. Cox and Franklin D. Roosevelt, and for those Senatorial candidates who stand honestly and frankly for ratification of the Treaty and adherence to the League."

(Signed)

ANDREWS, FANNIE FERN, Honorary Vice President, League to Enforce Peace, Boston.
ANNIN, WILLIAM A., author, St. Louis.
ANTHONY, REV. ALFRED WILLIAMS, Secretary Home Iasion Council (Interdenominational), New York.
ARMSTRONG, A. C., former President American Philosophical Association, Middletown, Conn.
ATTERBURY, REV. ANSON P., New York City.
BABSON, ROGER W., Vice President of Manchester Trust Company, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
BACON, BENJAMIN W., professor Yale University, New Haven, Conn.
BAKER, RAY STANNARD, author, journalist, Amherst, Mass.
BATES, KATHERINE LEE, professor, Wellesley College, Wellesley, Mass.
BENTON, E. J., professor, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio.
BIRD, C. H., manufacturer, New Haven, Conn.
BOWKER, R. R., editor, The Publishers Weekly, New York.
BROOKS, JOHN GRAHAM, author and lecturer, Boston, Mass.
BROWN, DR. ARTHUR J., Honorary Vice President, League to Enforce Peace, New York City.
CAMPBELL, L. L., professor, Simmons College, Boston.
CHAMBERLAIN, THOMAS, Captain A. E. F. (retired), San Francisco.
CHAPMAN, FREDERICK L., editor Better Farming, Chicago.
CHOATE, MISS MABEL, New York City.
CLARK, PROF. JOHN BATES, member of Executive Committee, League to Enforce Peace, New York City.
COLE, C. M., Dean of College of Arts and Sciences, Oberlin, Ohio.
COMMONS, JOHN R., former President American Economic Association, Madison, Wis.
COMSTOCK, L. K., construction engineer, Chicago.
CONKLIN, E. G., former President American Society of Naturalists, Princeton University, Princeton.
COOK, MORRIS L., management engineer, Philadelphia.
CRANE, DR. FRANK, author, editor, New York City.
CROTHERS, REV. SAMUEL McCHORD, Cambridge, Mass.
DAWSON, MILES M., Actuary, New York City.
DAY, CLIVE, Professor, Yale University, New Haven.
DORT, J. D., President Dort Motor Car Co., Flint, Mich.
EDSON, FRANK P., lawyer and author, Van Wort, Ohio.
EWERS, A. F., Grover Cleveland High School, St. Louis.
FARNAM, HENRY W., President Connecticut Civil Service Reform Association, New Haven, Conn.
FETTER, FRANK A., former President American Economic Association, New York.
FIFIELD, REV. L. WENDELL, pastor First Congregational Church, Sioux Falls, S. D.
FORBES, MRS. J. MALCOLM, Honodary Vice President, League to Enforce Peace.
FORD, GUY STANTON, Dean Graduate School, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis.
FOX, GEORGE HENRY, M. D., former President New York State Medical Society, New York.
FOX, HOWARD, Colonel A. E. F. (retired), New York City.
GEER, EDMUND S., ex-Republican County Committeeman, Bronx County, New York.
GAY, POWELL, President of The Evening Post, New York City.
GRIGGS, EDWARD HOWARD, lecturer, author, Croton, New York.
GULICK, SIDNEY L., Secretary National Committee for Constructive Immigration Legislation, New York City.
HAMILTON, J. STUART, advertising, Short Hills, N. J.
HANKINS, CHARLES H., Dean Graduate School, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
HENDRICK, ELLWOOD, consulting editor of Chemical and Metallurgical Engineering, New York City.
HENDRICKSON, G. L., late director of the classical school of the American Academy in Rome, New Haven, Conn.
HIBBARD, LAURA G., professor Wellesley College, Wellesley, Mass.
HILL, FREDERICK, member of State Executive Committee of American Legion, Pittsburgh.
HOLT, GEORGE C., United States District Judge (retired), Honorary Vice President League to Enforce Peace, New York.
HOLT, HAMILTON, Vice Chairman Executive Committee League to Enforce Peace, New York City.
HOWE, M. A. DE WOLFE, Vice President Atlantic Monthly Company, Boston.
HOWLAND, CHARLES P., Republican Alderman, President Public Education League, New York City.
HOUSTON, HERBERT S., Vice President Doubleday, Page & Co., Treasurer League to Enforce Peace.
HOYT, Rev. ARTHUR S., Dean of Auburn Theological Seminary, Auburn, N. Y.
HUME, ROBERT, professor, Union Theological Seminary, New York City.
HUNTINGTON, ELLSWORTH, professor, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.
JEFFERSON, MARK, President Association of American Geographers, Ypsilanti, Mich.
KEMMERER, E. W., former adviser Philippine Commission, Princeton, N. J.
KING, HENRY C., LL. D., President Oberlin College, Honorary Vice President League to Enforce Peace, Oberlin, Ohio.
KINGSBURY, SUSAN M., professor, Bryn Mawr College, Pennsylvania.
KUYPER, Rev. O. W., Crookston, Minn.
KELSO, JOHN B., professor, College of Wooster, Ohio.
LAMONT, Mrs. THOMAS W., New York City.
LEE, EDWIN M., President of the Progressive Progressives, New York City.
LEROY, VIOLET M., former member Republican National Ways and Means Committee, New York City.
LEWISOHN, SAMUEL A., mining, member executive Committee, League to Enforce Peace.
LYNCH, Dr. FREDERICK H., member Executive Committee, League to Enforce Peace, New York City.
MacARTHUR, Miss GERTRUDE, Y. W. C. A. worker in A. E. F., Washington, D. C.
MacCRACKEN, Dr. H. N., President of Vassar College, Poughkeepsie; member National Committee, League to Enforce Peace.
MARDEN, C. C., professor, Princeton.
MAURER, REV. OSCAR E., former President of the Congregational Union, New Haven.
MARBURG, THEODORE, ex-United States Minister to Belgium, Vice Chairman Executive Committee, League to Enforce Peace, Baltimore.
MERRILL, REV. WILLIAM P., President of the Church Peace Union, New York.
MILLER, HUGH GORDON, lawyer, New York City.
MONTAGUE, MARGARET PRESCOTT, author of "Uncle Sam of Freedom Ridge," White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.
MONTAGUE, REV. R. CARY, Richmond, Va.
MONRO, HANA C., professor, Princeton University.
NICHOLS, W. H., former Progressive National Committeeman for Vermont, Bennington, Vt.
NIELSON, W. A., President of Smith College, Northampton, Mass.
NOTESTEIN, JONAS O., professor, College of Wooster, Ohio.
NOTESTEIN, WALLACE, professor, Cornell University, Itaca, N. Y.
OTIS, WILLIAM BRADLEY, Chairman of the Committee on Colleges and Universities of the National Security League.
PARKER, G. R., partner of Fraser & Co., international merchants, New York.
PARSONS, HERBERT, former member National Republican Committee, New York; Vice Chairman New York State Branch League to Enforce Peace.
PHIPPS, MRS. HENRY, New York City.
PORTER, FRANK C., professor, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.
REYNOLDS, JAMES BRONSON, former Assistant District Attorney of New York.
RICO, WILLIAM NORTH, professor, Wesleyan College, Middetown, Conn.
ROSS, EDWARD ALSWORTH, former President American Sociological Society, Madison, Wis.
RUBLEE, GEORGE, member Federal Trade Commission, Cornish, N. H.
SALSBURY, ELIAS D., Chairman Progressive State Committee of Indiana, 1916, Indianapolis.
SCHLESINGER, Frank, President American Astronomical Society, New Haven.
SEDGWICK, ELLERY, editor of the Atlantic Monthly, member Committee on Information, League to Enforce Peace, Boston.
SHELTON, HENRY WOOD, management engineer, Philadelphia.
SHULL, GEORGE H., professor, Princeton University, Princeton.
SLATER, CHARLES H., Cleveland High School, St. Louis.
SLOSSON, EDWIN E., editor, former member Republican County Committee, New York.
SLOSSON, PRESTON, assistant librarian American Peace Commission at Paris, New York.
SMITH, IRWIN, manager Italy American Society, New York.
SMALL, ALBION W., dean of Graduate School, University of Chicago.
SMITH, WILLIAM ROY, professor, Bryn Mawr, Pa.
STIMSON, REV. HENRY A., pastor emeritus, Manhattan Congregational Church, New York.
SPALDING, E. G., professor, Princeton.
STUART, DONALD CLARK, professor, Princeton.
THAYER, NOLEN R., Portsmouth, N. H.
THOMAS, M. CAREY, President of Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.
TOUMEY, L. W., Dean Yale University Forestry School, New Haven, Conn.
TULLOSS, REES E., President Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio.
VAN SICKLE, JAMES H., Superintendent of Schools, Springfield, Mass.
WAITE, H. M., ex-City Manager of Dayton, Ohio, New York City.
WARD, REV. CHARLES E., Park Church, Toledo, Ohio.
WARD, C. FRANKLIN, Executive Secretary Auburn Seminary Expansion, Auburn, N. Y.
WAITE, ALICE, professor, Wellesley College, Wellesley, Mass.
WELLING, RICHARD, classmate of Theodore Roosevelt, Republican appointee as member of Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York.
WETHERILL, COL. SAMUEL P., A. E. F. (retired), Philadelphia.
WHEELER, ERNEST E., lawyer, New York City.
WHITE, STANLEY, Secretary Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, New York.
WILLCOX, W. F., former President American Statistical Association, Ithaca, N. Y.
WOODING, BENJAMIN F., M. D., Montclair, N. J.
WOOLLEY, MARY E., President of Mount Holyoke College, Honorary Vice President League to Enforce Peace, South Hadley, Mass.
WYLIE, ARTHUR, manager Elwood Lumber Company, Elwood, Ind.

Mr. Holt said that many other bolts were looked for and that he probably would be in a position to make public additional names today.

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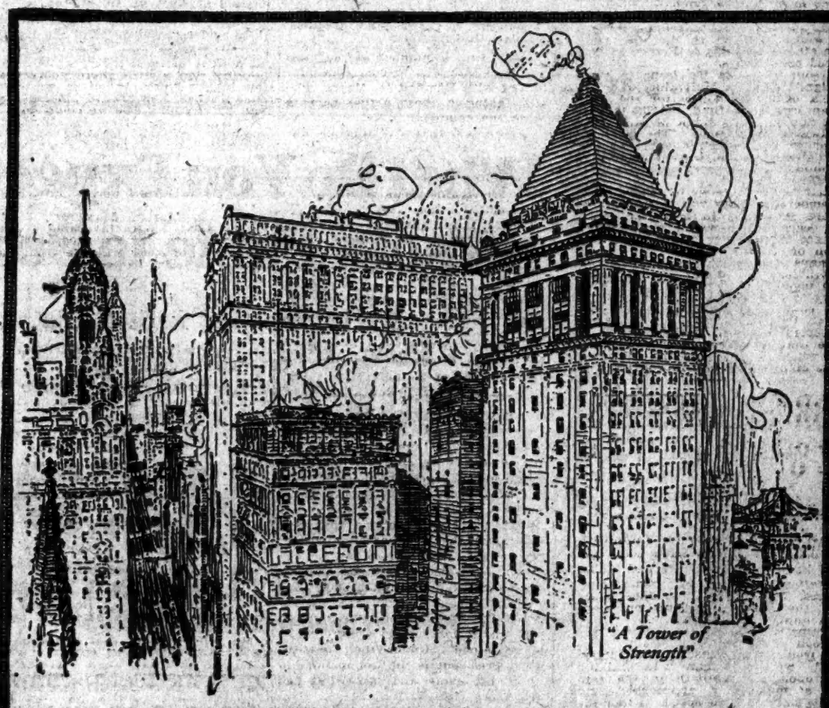

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FIERCE PARTY FIGHT ON AT COX'S HOME

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HIRE BIG TENT AS OFFSET

Republicans to Pledge County in Marion Pilgrimage, but the Democrats Scoff.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Ohio, Oct. 17.—The big fight which the Republicans are making to carry Governor Cox's home county of Montgomery has centred, in a considerable degree, around a struggle for the use of Memorial Hall, the largest place of public assembly in Dayton.

The Democrats are going into court tomorrow to compel the Republicans to show cause why this hall, which happens to be the property of Montgomery County, should not be available to them for meetings. They charge that the County Commissioners, all of whom, as a result of a factional feud among the Democrats here last year, happen to be Republicans, have grossly discriminated against the Democrats and given to D. C. Brower, the Republican county boss, a blank option on the hall for every night from now until the election.

The Democrats so far have succeeded only once in renting Memorial Hall for a meeting. That was on Sept. 13, and they attained their object only by threatening to take the matter into court.

A demand for the privilege of renting the hall for a final Cox rally on Oct. 27 was met with peremptory refusal. Although the application for an option of the hall on that date, according to the Democratic County Chairman, Clarence N. Greer, has been on file with the County Commissioners since Sept. 18. The Republicans have used the hall for meetings at which Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Senator Borah and ex-Governor Willis among others have spoken.

"We are going into court to compel the County Commissioners to produce books and contracts and generally turn the light on what we regard a public scandal," said Mr. Greer. "We do not know, but we do suspect that the County of Montgomery has lost a great deal of money through the action of the Republican County Commissioners in shutting us out of the hall on nights when it has stood unoccupied.

"We look upon their action as the rankest kind of partisan favoritism, and we do not think the people of Dayton will stand this sort of treatment of a Presidential candidate, who, aside from the claim he has as the standard bearer of his party in a national fight, has the right to some consideration on account of having lived in this community all his life."

When Chairman Greer found that the Republicans had conspired to shut out the Democrats from Memorial Hall he went to Chicago and got a large circus tent and a calliope. This tent, which has been shifted from one neighborhood to another, the calliope leading the way, has been in nightly use since Mr. Greer bought it. It holds 700 or 800 persons, and has been the scene, according to the Democratic leaders, of many political conversions, as a sequel to talks on the League of Nations issue.

Republican organizations of this Congressional district will start tomorrow morning on their way to the front porch at Marion. Some 1,700 political pilgrims will bear a message assuring Senator Harding that "he will carry Governor Cox's home county."

With registration just completed, the Republicans assert that not only Montgomery County, which on occasions returns Republican pluralities, but the Third Congressional District, will go Republican this year. The district is made up of the counties of Montgomery, Butler and Preble. Butler County has never gone Republican and is normally Democratic by about 4,000 plurality. Preble is Republican, but before the women were enfranchised the margin in favor of the Republican candidates was seldom in excess of 500 and more frequently ran below that figure.

"We will carry Montgomery County by a plurality of from 3,000 to 5,000," said David C. Brower, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican County Committee and active manager of the Republican campaign not only in Montgomery County but in the Congressional district. "This year it is not a question of Cox. It is a question of the national honor and the future welfare of our country. We are not going to permit ourselves to be carried away by local pride this year."

The Democrats vigorously contested the Republican claim when they heard of the message going to Marion in the morning.

"The Republicans know that this is not true," said Chairman Greer. "If the Republicans get a plurality in Montgomery County I will eat my hat. I firmly believe that the county will give a plurality of 10,000 for Governor Cox.

"Four weeks ago I did not think Governor Cox would have carried this county, but now that the Republicans have got every Democrat in the country fighting mad there is a tidal wave of resentment which is mounting higher and higher every day."

Governor Cox has carried Montgomery County every time he has been a candidate for office, including 1914, when he was defeated as a candidate for Governor by Frank B. Willis, who this year is the Republican candidate for United States Senator. Six times Montgomery County has given him a plurality, twice as a candidate for Congress and four times when he has been running for Governor. His pluralities have ranged from 2,500 upward to 6,500. His highest plurality was in 1912, when there were three tickets in the field.

The home county of Governor Cox, while normally Democratic, has not been equally steadfast to other Democratic candidates. In 1904 Alton B. Parker lost the county, which was carried by Theodore Roosevelt, with a plurality of approximately 5,000. In 1916 President Wilson got a plurality of 4,800. In 1912 Mr. Wilson had a plurality of approximately 5,000 over Taft. But he ran a little more than 1,000 behind the combined votes of Taft and Roosevelt. The plurality of Governor Cox when he last ran for Governor two years ago was 2,500.

The Congressional district has sent a Democrat to the House of Representatives for the last twelve years. Ex-Judge Warren Gard has represented the Third District for eight years. Governor Cox was its representative during the two preceding terms.

Impartial observers who are closely in touch with the sentiment in Dayton and vicinity were found unwilling to accept the Democratic forecast at its face value. Few, however, are willing to predict that the home county of Governor Cox will return a plurality for his Republican opponent on the national ticket. Governor Cox has the backing of some very influential people and interests in Dayton, which is a large manufacturing centre. From all accounts, however, he has lost some of his former popularity among his neighbors.

The consensus of opinion among people here is that the vote in Montgomery and the Congressional district will be close. There is very little local betting on the result in the county.

The Republicans here boast one of the best organizations in the Middle West, which has set as the goal of its ambition to "beat Cox in his own county." Chairman Brower asserts that on twenty-four hours' notice he can mobilize his entire organization in Dayton and the outside townships for any emergency that may arise. Yesterday, the final day of registration, he had 1,800 men and women at work getting voters to the registration places.

"We believe we have them registered to the last Republican voter," said Mr. Brower. "We did not even overlook the lame, the halt and the blind. We carried them in motor cars to the registration places where we couldn't get them there in any other way. Why, we even registered a colored woman who gave her age as 107, and may turn out to be the oldest voter in the United States."

There are some 1,000 manufacturing establishments in and about Dayton, representing diversified industries. Of the industrial workers a great many are negroes; there are some 7,000 blacks in Dayton alone. The negroes will all vote the Republican ticket. Of the remainder, the largest portion will be cast for the Democratic candidates, with the exception of the radical block. The Socialist vote does not ordinarily run much above 4,000 in Montgomery County in State and national elections.

Mrs. Blaine's Gift to League Fund.

Mrs. Anita McCormick Blaine, wife of Emmons Blaine, and daughter-in-law of the late James G. Blaine, is not a sister of Senator Medill McCormick, as erroneously stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES report, yesterday, that she had sent a $5,000 contribution to the "Match the President" Fund for educational propaganda in regard to the League of Nations. Mrs. Blaine is a distant cousin of the Senator.

Taft to Speak for Harding at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 17.—Announcement was made tonight that former President Taft is to be the principal speaker at a Republican meeting to be held under the auspices of the Harding-Coolidge Club of Yale University, in Woolsley Hall, on the night of Oct. 30.

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F. R. COUDERT BOLTS COX ON LEAGUE ISSUE

Noted Lawyer Declares for Harding and His Idea of an Association of Nations.

WOULD CUT OUT ARTICLE X.

Asserts Wilson Should Be Rebuked for Making Foreign Relations a Party Issue.

Frederic R. Coudert, an independent Democrat and an authority on international law, will support Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican nominee for President, according to an announcement made yesterday by the Republican National Committee. Mr. Coudert, who is perhaps the most prominent Democrat who has yet come out in support of the Republican national ticket, justified his position by declaring that the experience of past years seems to have demonstrated the inability of the Democratic Party to produce a sufficiently sound and practical leadership to meet present problems and by asserting that in his opinion the issue is not between the Wilson League of Nations and no league, but between the Wilson League and an association of nations which will be sustained by the majority sentiment of the people of the United States.

Gives $100 to Republican Fund.

Mr. Coudert explained his position in a letter to Henry A. Wise, in which was inclosed a check for $100 for the Republican national campaign fund. He said that the Democratic Party, under President Wilson, had proved to be a one-man party, and asserted that the growing tendency toward executive dictatorship is a very real danger. He said that President Wilson made a "fundamental error" in trying to make our international relations a party question and by trying to force upon the Senate a covenant intertwined with the Peace Treaty.

"The truth is, the League is and should not be a party question at all," Mr. Coudert said. "To make it a party question must necessarily retard or prevent its accomplishment. The people of the United States are asked to recognize a profound change of attitude in their political conduct toward foreign nations. If this change of attitude is to became effective, and if the United States is to fulfill a great role in cooperative international effort for peace based upon law, it can only do so if the great mass of the American people are convinced that this result is now desirable.

Says Wilson Should Be Rebuked.

"No form of League Covenant sanctioned by any mere majority of the electorate could be much more than 'a scrap of paper,' to be nullified by construction or positively disregarded when exigencies arose. For this reason I think that the attempt of the Democratic Party, through Mr. Wilson, to make the League, as it stands, a winning issue should be rebuked. A Democratic or Republican League would be futile. As the situation stands today, no national action could, or should, be taken which does not command the assent of the American people by a very dominant and irresistible majority. This, it is quite evident, the present form of covenant does not do. A solemn referendum' on the personal issue made by the President with the Senate over his League could only result in prolonged bitterness and the maintaining of existing confusion."

Would Eliminate Article X.

"While either form of the League is quite thinkable, and perhaps feasible, I do not think that anything is gained by the insertion of an ambiguous article which may be construed either as making the League an alliance for the waging of necessary war or a mere conference for preventing war," Mr. Coudert said. "This inability to distinguish clearly between the two kinds of League, and the apparent deliberate ambiguity of Article X. have precipitated the present situation and led to endless discussion, largely academic. The article should be eliminated on the short ground that public opinion in America is not prepared to guarantee the use of force to sustain the status quo fixed by the Treaty of Versailles.

"American opinion does not care whether the obligation be legal or moral. Strickly speaking, all treaty obligations are moral in that no over-ruling sovereign power can enforce them. If, on the other hand, there be no moral obligation, the article is merely a cause of confusion and should be eliminated. If it be, as Mr. Wilson thinks, the 'heart' of the covenant, public opinion is not prepared to sustain it, and Mr. Cox, if elected, would himself be forced to find some means to eliminate it, in fact if not in words, from the covenant, and we would, thus, in any event, have merely a conference or association of the nations for discussion, publicity and moral pressure, but without the use of force.

Calls Wilson "Irreconcilable Idealist."

"To such an association the Republican platform pledges the party and in the event of Democratic defeat Mr. Wilson's personal and partisan contributions to the League struggle are eliminated, and the way paved for an agreement with the nations which shall pledge in reality the American people and not a mere party headed by an irreconcilable idealist.

"The country today does not need noble visions of stimulating words. It requires practical, constructive statesmanship, ability for common and concerted action between the executive and the legislative branches and their leading members. No Government by phrases will meet the situation. The brilliant executive of the last eight years, temperamentally unable to cooperate with others, and, in the main, surrounded by amiable lilliputians, has conducted a Government personal and in high degree ineffective. For this the Democratic Party cannot escape responsibility, and, under our American system, the only hope for betterment can come through a change of party.

"I believe Senator Harding to be right in insisting upon full party responsibility and upon that harmonious co-operation between the executive and the Legislature, which can only be brought about by cohesive party action exercised through men sufficiently endowed with ordinary attributes to be able to cooperate in a common effort to solve the very difficult international and economic problems of the day.

"The instinct of the people is often sounder than the logic of the intellectuals, and I do not believe that the American people will permit the preponderant question of our foreign relations (of such vital importance o the world today) to be made a political issue for partisan and personal vindication."

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Extra large sizes—from 12x16 feet and as large as 14x24 feet.
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SEES HARDING SWEEP IN NORTH AND WEST

Hays Says Republican Nominee Will Have 378 and Perhaps 395 Electoral Votes.

PREDICTS GAINS IN SENATE

National Chairman Finds Republicans "Marching to Victory" Under "America First" Banner.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, who arrived from the East today, predicts that Harding and Coolidge will receive at least 378 and probably 395 electoral votes. He says the Republican candidates will sweep the Northern and Western States and make enough gains in the South to drive an entering wedge into its solidity.

"There is great interest in the Senatorial fights now being waged in Maryland, South Dakota, Kentucky, Oregon, Colorado, California, Nevada and Arizona," said Mr. Hays. "We will hold all of our present Senators and make substantial gains."

Earlier in the day Mr. Hays issued a statement on the issues of the campaign, gained after a week's study of the situation and consultation with party leaders and speakers. In this he said:

"The forward march to Republican victory moves on irresistibly. The reason is summed up in two words, 'America first.' That means more than the preservation of our constitutional independence against super-government abroad. It means more than the protection of constitutional functions against White House theft of authority at home. It means that the pressing domestic problems of 'America first' are in the public mind, and that these domestic problems are again to have progressive and constructive and effective attention at Washington.

"We must and shall do our whole duty by the world's peace, with an eye to 'America first.' But the electorate refuses to forget that the Wilson League—a contract for international war parading in the clothes of peace—is only one of a score of utter failures and betrayals which November's 'solemn referendum' must settle. It refuses to keep its eyes riveted on Europe. It refuses to ignore the driving domestic problems, close to every hearthstone, before which the Democratic Party has stood impotent and confessed bankruptcy.

"It is thinking of 'America first' and all the accumulated work in Washington, which cannot much longer be denied effective attention if 'America first' is to last. It is thinking of these throttling taxes which must speedily be changed—and reduced as quickly as possible—if American prosperity is to survive.

"It is thinking of intelligent and effective effort to reduce high living costs with least possible disturbance to mass earning power. It is thinking of the real prosecution of those real profiteers who have thus far escaped under cover of much Federal noise and precious little Federal action. It is thinking of Government at Washington reduced to a business basis, with wanton extravagance cut off and political pensioners separated from the public crib.

"It is thinking of guarantees for industrial justice to the end that there may be industrial peace. It is thinking that housing and agricultural problems must be faced and courageously solved; that tariffs must be made safe in their protection of American markets in the world trade war now opening; that the extraordinary and burdensome wartime powers of the Government must be eliminated as far as possible; that we get back to the limitations of the Constitution in times of peace and stay there; that Washington must no longer be a laboratory for experimentation in every socialistic nostrum; in a word, that we must speedily set our house in order, that we must face to the front and move out with a forward-stepping program—eyes ahead, but feet on solid ground.

"Democratic strategy desperately, but vainly, seeks to escape its just and due responsibilities for failures in these domestic regards. Democratic management attempts to hide behind a 'peace' smoke-screen, which is as counterfeit as the 1916 pledge that he would 'keep us out of war.'

"But 'America first' is uppermost in the American conscience today, and it means that the American voter is intent upon making America safe at home as well as abroad. As sure as sunrise the electorate two weeks hence will complete the job of Democratic repudiation and American salvation which it so vigorously and so necessarily commenced two years ago."

Mr. Hays had no comment to make on the offer of a $25,000 prize by Eastern independents, favoring the League of Nations to any one who can prove that the League would be a cause of war.

SILENCES MRS. ROBINS.

San Francisco Woman Challenges Assertion About League.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—At a meeting for women held in Oakland yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Raymond Robins of Chicago, a member of the Advisory Committee of the Republican National Committee, reiterated the statement recently made in New Jersey by Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, a member of the Republican National Executive Committee, that Section C, Article XXIII. of the League of Nations Covenant both recognized and legalized traffic in women and children.

Mrs. Belle Gray Curtis of San Francisco quickly took issue with her.

"Do you not know that steps already have been taken, according to Raymond Fosdick, former Under Secretary of the League of Nations, looking toward the suppression of traffic in women and children under the section you complain of, by the League of Nations?" Mrs. Curtis questioned.

Mrs. Robins did not reply.

"Are you willing to read to this audience the statements of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Mr. Fosdick and the Association of Social Hygiene, which I hold in my hand, completely refuting Mrs. Livermore's assertion?" asked Mrs. Curtis, holding the letters above her head.

"No, I am not," Mrs. Robins shot back, showing considerable heat. "This is my meeting and I have the floor."

When the meeting adjourned many of the women present crowded around Mrs. Curtis and congratulated her upon the stand she had taken.

MISS CHOATE EXPLAINS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 17.—Miss Mabel Choate of New York, in response to an inquiry from Mrs. William L. Adam of Pittsfield, sister of Former Secretary William C. Redfield, explained her decision to vote for Governor Cox. Her letter, dated from Naumkeag, her country place at Stockbridge, follows:

"Dear Mrs. Adams:

"Thank you ever so much for your note of Oct. 4, which I was very glad to get. I certainly am going to vote for Governor Cox, though I must acknowledge it is done reluctantly.

"However, I feel strongly that the League of Nations is the great issue at stake and any one who believes in that must cast her vote for Cox, who has so honestly taken up the cause.

"Very sincerely yours,

"MABEL CHOATE."

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Our present prices and unmanipulated quality insure a right understanding for all wearers of our shoes.

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Autumn and Winter attire
—from head to foot—
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MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

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Design 1961—in Twin Pair

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It isn't fair to judge a woman's taste by her old-style metal beds

A WOMAN expects nothing from an ordinary metal bed but sanitary quality.

So she is hardly to blame for buying as cheaply as she can.

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Simmons Metal Beds, actually built to *promote sleep.*

Noiseless, foursquare—not a suspicion of rattle, creak or unsteadiness.

Your nerves *relax.* Your sleep is deep, sound, refreshing. Every night—all night long!

With beds like these, you will be tempted to make a clean sweep of all the beds in the house.

Starting fresh with Simmons Metal Beds and Springs in your own room, the guest rooms, the children's room.

A delight to the eye and an invitation to such sleep as you have never known!

For every room shared by two persons, *Twin Beds,* by all means! One sleeper does not disturb the other, or communicate colds or other infections.

THE "COLONIAL"
Design 1961—in Twin Pair

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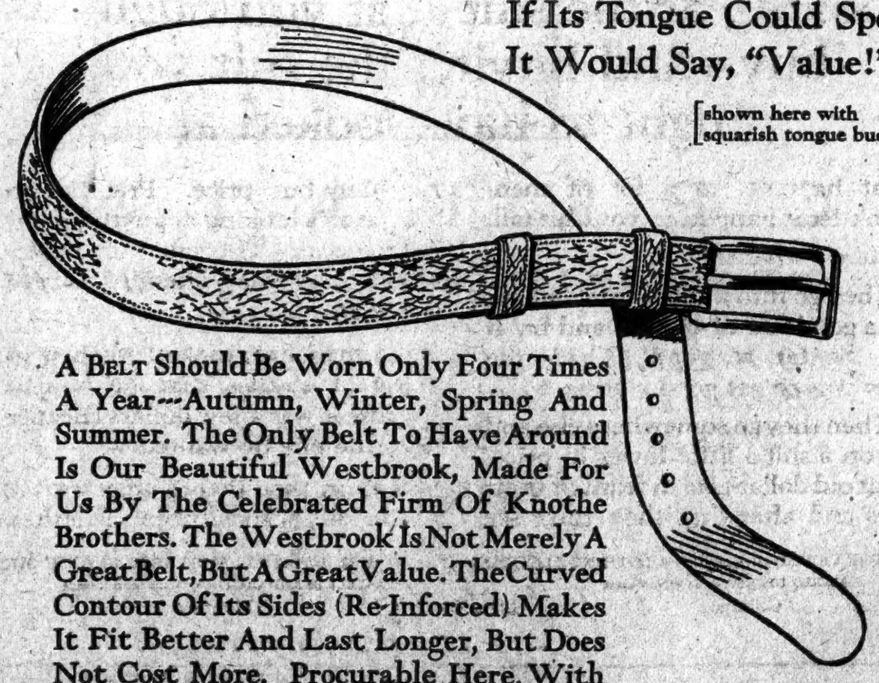
The Westbrook Belt---
If Its Tongue Could Speak
It Would Say, "Value!"

[shown here with squarish tongue buckle]



A BELT Should Be Worn Only Four Times A Year---Autumn, Winter, Spring And Summer. The Only Belt To Have Around Is Our Beautiful Westbrook, Made For Us By The Celebrated Firm Of Knothe Brothers. The Westbrook Is Not Merely A Great Belt, But A Great Value. The Curved Contour Of Its Sides (Re-Inforced) Makes It Fit Better And Last Longer, But Does Not Cost More. Procurable Here, With Buckle Or Without, In Cowhide, Calfskin, Pigskin, Goatskin, And Bridle Leather

·EXCLUSIVE, BUT NOT EXPENSIVE·

WHEN IT COMES TO SAVING MONEY

The Thompson-Starrett Company is in the best possible position to save it, because it conducts direct the major part of all the operations it undertakes, and so attacks the price problem—
Not at the Summit!—
But at the Source!

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Clemons
39th & BROADWAY
The
ONLY
Fine
Merchant
Tailored
READY-TO-WEAR
Men's Clothes
in
New York

STEADY STEEL PRICES.

The market position of steel is unusually sound with prospects of future business bright, showing the influence of Judge Gary, according to a writer in The Annalist (out today). Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

GERMANY EXPELS SOVIET DELEGATES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

This proposal, however, received scant consideration.

A flareup was caused at one stage of the debate by Herr Hoffman calling Herr Ledebour an "old woman." The uproar was checked by Hoffman directing the members of his faction to be seated. The debate, after some little additional heckling, was confined to a few sentences by each speaker.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 16.—"You're an international swindler," shouted the Independent Socialist leader Issmann to Losowsky, who in his capacity as Bolshevist guest from Russia addressed the general meeting of the Independent Socialist Party at Halle.

Losowsky had accused the right wing of the Independent Socialists of being nationalists and patriots instead of international revolutionists. This grave accusation was received with such terrific applause by the left wing and indignant resentment by the right that the meeting had to adjourn for an hour. Today's tumultuous scenes were only equaled by the reign of terror which broke out yesterday, when the other Russian delegate Zinovieff called the members of the right wing and those of all the German trade unions unspeakable cowards with national tendencies and admonished all well-meaning anarchists, Bolsheviki and Communists to defer no longer the bloody fight that must come and show no pity for the bourgeoisie and their kin as the Russian Bolsheviki had done, much to their own sorrow.

English Visitors Inspect Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 17.—The party of distinguished English visitors, headed by Lord Rathcreedan and Admiral Sir William Lowther Grant, who came to this country to participate in the Jamestown anniversary celebration and the preliminaries of the Pilgrim tercentenary observance, visited Harvard University today. After tea at the home of President A. Lawrence Lowell they inspected the university buildings and grounds.

Portugal Acknowledges Our Courtesy

LISBON, Oct. 16.—The Portuguese Government has sent a message of thanks to the United States Government for the refusal of the latter to accept $50,000 due for repairs to the Portuguese warship Rao Gabriel in American dockyards. The Government will bestow the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Benedict of Avis upon Admiral Henry B. Wilson, Commander of the Atlantic Fleet, it is announced.

Saks & Company
BROADWAY At 34th Street

TO-DAY

Sale of 1200
Men's Pajamas
at far below their actual worth

$2.95

The best values in well-made pajamas offered for a very long time. Each suit cut over liberal measurements, made of closely woven madras or fine mercerized cloths, trimmed with highly mercerized frogs. Plain colors, stripings and white.
All sizes.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Rue de la Paix, Paris | Broadway at Ninth, New York | Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 | Store Hours 9 to 5 | Washington Arch, New York

To Succeed in Our Life Work

we must not only have knowledge, but have wit or will to use it, at the nick of time.

A famous writer once said:

"Depend upon it, a lucky guess is never merely luck; there is some talent in it."

To cultivate a habit of thinking of what one would do under circumstances is to qualify oneself with readiness to act powerfully and promptly at the right moment.

The right guess of what should be done instantly, by the pilot or surgeon, presupposes acute intelligence.

This big merchandise ship has a pilot always on the observation bridge.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

October 18, 1920.

Skirts

New Stripes and Plaids

The red and gold of the Autumn cross-country walks and the tawny color of the Autumn links demand gay-colored sports clothes to be in spirit with them.

The smartest of sports skirts this Autumn are in subdued deep colors livened by stripes and plaids of gay blues and vived green or orange or scarlet—plaids that embody the dark browns and orange and brick color so attractive in the Autumn plaids in midnight blue and gold, or green and blue, or the beige and blue combinations that are always so smart.

A very attractive range of skirts is in the collection at $15.

Other skirts are less expensive, and one may also have higher-priced skirts in plaids and stripes up to $37.50.

Second Floor, Old Bldg.

Under-price—

Imported Flannels at $1.50 yd.

The importer couldn't deliver to us our order placed months ago. So he let us pick 1,500 yards of similar qualities from his stocks on hand, and gave them to us at quite a concession from his regular price. We pass the savings on.

Part wool and part cotton (to prevent shrinking) — smart checks and stripes suitable for men's shirts and pajamas and women's and children's blouses, skirts, etc.

54-in. All-wool Velours, $3.75 yd.

400 yards—a small lot we picked up at considerably under the market. Medium weight, Autumn shades—dark brown, medium brown, Pekin blue, reindeer, navy blue, black.

Main Floor, Old Building

Au Quatrieme
announces the arrival of French Antiques

Some of the old French furniture bought in Paris last August has newly arrived Au Quatrieme. Those who are doing over their town houses and desire a few fine French antique pieces will find this small collection of particular interest.

A pair of fine old painted Directoire bergeres in cream color with green moldings, specially delicate and graceful in shape.

Six Directoire walnut chairs with rushed seats and backs painted with scenes and carved with a star and rosettes.

A fine Louis XVI. gray painted bed with what is called the "lapped coin" molding and pineapples on the corners.

A miniature Louis XV. green lacquer writing desk with gay chinoiserie figures.

A very large walnut Louis XV. buffet with curled under feet, carved doors and rounded ends, suitable for a large formal dining salon.

A pair of Louis XVI. fauteuils, in old gray paint; covered with chintz.

A Louis XVI. bergere covered with old rose velvet, medallion back.

A Louis XV. walnut fauteuil covered with needlepoint.

Fourth Floor, Old Bldg.

TO ALL MEN IN NEW YORK

And to all who can get to New York

The Men's Clothing Stores
Burlington Arcade and Lower Price Broadway Store
Will NOT Be Open Today
for the usual selling of merchandise, except in emergency,
but WILL Be Open for
inspection of Clothing
to be offered beginning Tuesday in
A Greater Sale
than the Wanamaker Store has ever held

Today is Courtesy Day

We shall be busy remarking the clothing and filling the cases from the stock rooms—and it is a big job, for every suit, overcoat, pair of trousers and waistcoat in our stocks will be

reticketed with a new Lower Price

But we offer the courtesy to visitors to inspect the clothing today, and to make advance selections, if desired. Selections made today will not deplete the variety for the opening day of the sale, Tuesday, and will relieve somewhat the congestion that always comes on the first day of these Wanamaker sales.

The variety will not be depleted, because this sale offers

The Entire Stock of Men's Wanamaker Clothing at Radically Lower Prices

Suits and overcoats begin at $19.50 in the Lower Price Broadway Store.
Suits begin at $34.50 and overcoats at $39.50 in Burlington Arcade Store.

* * *

Further particulars in tonight's newspapers

Linens, Just from Belfast *at Below Mill Cost*

Uncle Sam wouldn't use our invoices as the basis for his import charges. He took the "prevailing market," which was nearly double

It didn't seem possible to the appraisers that we could have bought linens so much under the market. The quality of the linens was apparent. And so, we paid on the almost double basis. But, even with that added charge, we shall sell you these fine, new Belfast linen tablecloths and napkins today at under mill cost.

130 double satin damask tablecloths, 2x2 yd., $11.50 each
70 double satin damask tablecloths, 2x2½ yd., $15.00 each
300 doz. napkins to match these cloths, 22x22 in., $13.75 doz.
110 satin damask tablecloths, 2x2 yd. ..... $8.75 each
99 doz. napkins to match these cloths, 22x22 in., $10.75 doz.

The tablecloths at $11.50 and $15 are in four round designs—tulip and spray—urn and circular band with conventional pattern—chrysanthemum with band and ribbon—rose and satin stripe. . .The tablecloths at $8.75 are in one pattern only—tulip.

Other sizes of tablecloths are expected soon. The cases containing them are at the warehouse. They will go into the sale as we can unpack them.

Added, at Far Below the Market

20½-in. Toweling, 45c yd.
3600 yards. All linen heavy-weight toweling, fine for tea or roller towels.

126 doz. Kitchen and Hand Towels, $6 doz.
126 dozen. Pure linen, size 20½x35 in., heavy and firm.

Towels for kitchen, $9.60 doz.
200 dozen. All linen towels; for kitchen, hand, dishes and glassware, typed, size 22x34 in.

Guest Towels, $9 doz.
62 dozen. 15x22 in. Neatly boxed a dozen to a box; made of pure linen huck, hemstitched.

Heavy Huck Towels, $18 doz.
20 dozen. 20x36 in. Hemstitched; space for monogram.

Fine Huck Towels, $22.50 doz.
100 dozen. Neatly hemstitched, made from beautiful figured huck, size 18x34 in. and very soft.

Turkish Towels, $8.75 doz.
300 dozen. Heavy, large size, 24x45 in., weigh 7 pounds to the dozen.

First Floor, Old Building

Oriental Rugs at Half Price

The comforting feature of this sale is that you may depend upon the QUALITY of the rugs in this sale. This is Wanamaker's. We are very frank to say that we cannot buy, here or abroad, any rugs so good to re-sell at the prices of the rugs in this sale.

Kazaks at Half Price

6.8x4.2 ft.	$ 62.50
6.7x4.10 ft.	67.50
7x4.8 ft.	75.00
6.10x4.4 ft.	75.00
7x4.10 ft.	75.00
6.4x4.5 ft.	87.50
8.5x4.2 ft.	97.50
7x5.4 ft.	112.50
6.5x4.7 ft.	112.50
7.4x5.2 ft.	125.00
8.1x5.1 ft.	125.00
6.10x6.4 ft.	137.50
6.10x5.2 ft.	142.50
7.5x5.4 ft.	162.50
8.2x5 ft.	175.00
6.8x6.1 ft.	175.00
7.3x5.9 ft.	175.00

Sarouks at Half Price

11.5x8.11 ft.	$625.00
11.11x8.4 ft.	675.00
12.2x8.6 ft.	725.00
14.7x10.2 ft.	925.00

Mahals at Half Price

12.5x9.10 ft.	$300.00
13.1x8.3 ft.	325.00
11.8x9 ft.	375.00
11.6x8.9 ft.	375.00
12.2x8.9 ft.	375.00
12.0x8.8 ft.	375.00
11.3x8.5 ft.	382.50
11.10x8.3 ft.	392.50
14.6x10.7 ft.	425.00
12.0x8.9 ft.	425.00
12.2x8.9 ft.	425.00
10.8x8.9 ft.	425.00
11.7x8.9 ft.	437.50
11.7x8.10 ft.	450.00
12.0x9.1 ft.	450.00
11.8x9.3 ft.	450.00
12.1x9.3 ft.	475.00
11.11x9.2 ft.	475.00
11.10x9.2 ft.	475.00
12x8.5 ft.	475.00
12.1x8.7 ft.	475.00
12.7x9.5 ft.	475.00

Extra Large Sizes at Half

Serapi, 16.7x11.9 ft.	$ 625
Arak, 16.5x10.10 ft.	825
Ispahan, 15.5x11.11 ft.	1125
Kashgar, 18x12 ft.	1250
Ispahan, 18.5x12.10 ft.	1750
Kashgar, 18x10.9 ft.	1875
Sarouk, 17.4x12.6 ft.	1950
Ispahan, 20.10x13.9 ft.	2100
Kashgar, 19.6x11.11 ft.	2500
Serapi, 18.10x12.9 ft.	625
Serapi, 17.1x11 ft.	750
Tabrez, 19.9x12.4 ft.	1050

Khiva Rugs at Half
Now $75 to $87.50; sizes, 6.8x3 ft. to 6.8x3.7 ft.

Daghestan Rugs at Half
Now $62.50, antique and modern weaves; sizes 5x3.11 ft. to 4.11x3.10 ft.

Third Gallery, New Building.

Society Brand Clothes
FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN WHO STAY YOUNG

©A. D. & C. 1920

Looking at the suit that you ought to buy—and buying the suit you ought to have looked at

That happens to a lot of men. Don't let it happen to you this fall.

Here's what they do.

They go into a good store and ask for a good suit of clothes and try it on. So far, so good. That's the only way to get good clothes.

Then they go somewhere else and try on a suit a little lower in price. That old dollar gets in front of their eyes and after that they can't see anything but price. Pretty soon they aren't looking at anything but price marks. The suit they finally buy is one they literally *haven't looked at.*

No man ever looked his best in a suit of clothes that he bought because it was a few dollars cheaper than the one he wanted.

It is on that theory that we ask you to look at Society Brand Clothes.

WITH THE VARIED GRADES OF CLOTHING FLOODING THE MARKET, LOOK FOR THE LABEL AS YOUR GUIDE
ALFRED DECKER & COHN, Makers — Chicago — New York
SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, Limited, for Canada — Montreal

STYLE HEADQUARTERS
where Society Brand Clothes *are sold*
GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

WILLIAMS BLAMES HIGH INTEREST HERE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

bank at 10 per cent., and the rate changed five times in thirty days, this loan would be regarded as six loans with an aggregate of $600,000. Therefore, these demand loans embraced in this statement should be considered as running from one day upward. It should also be explained that, in the case of one of the three banks which reported its loans for only a portion of the period, call loans are included which were made by this one bank for outside banks as well as for itself. These outside loans sometimes amounted to more and sometimes to less than the call loans made by the bank for its own account.

"The sworn reports to this office show that during the period from Oct. 1, 1919, to Aug. 1, 1929, there were made by the national banks in New York City more than four thousand loans at rates of 15 per cent., 20 per cent., 25 per cent. and 30 per cent. per annum, and that the amount of these loans, including only a portion of those made during this period at the above rates in three of the largest banks, aggregated over six hundred million dollars.

"The records also show that the total loans outstanding upon which interest at 15 to 30 per cent. was being charged by a portion of these banks on forty-two different days, for which reports were received from them, aggregated over $1,100,000,000. It will be remembered that in my statement of July 31, the banks were charged with making loans at 10 per cent., 12 per cent. and 15 per cent. The actual facts, therefore, in view of the loans made at 15 per cent. 20 per cent. and 30 per cent., indicate that my statement was extremely conservative. The records also show that the amount of loans made during the same period at rates in excess of 10 per cent. and up to but not including 15 per cent., amounted to over $1,400,000,000, there being over 11,000 of such loans.

"In addition to the above the aggregate of the loans upon which a portion of the banks reported that they were charging on eighty-one diffent days, interest in excess of 10 per cent., and up to but not including 15 per cent., was about $900,000,000. The 'brokers' or 'Street' loans upon which the New York banks, during the period referred to, were charging more than 8 per cent. per annum and up to 10 per cent., reach, in the aggregate, some billions of dollars additional in amount and tens of thousands in number. It should be understood that these loans (except in the case of one bank) represent the money loaned by the banks for their own account, and the figures do not include the loans made for their correspondent banks.

"As a result of persistent inquiries among the banks, brokers and Stock Exchange authorities, this office is now, for the first time, able to inform the public as to how the so-called 'renewal' rate is made from day to day in the New York call money market, and the extent to which this money rate is observed by the New York banks in making their charges on ordinary Wall Street or brokers' loans. Under the New York banking law, it is lawful for a lender to charge any rate of interest which may be agreed upon with the borrower on a demand loan for $5,000 or more secured by stocks, bonds or other securities. This provision of the New York statute enables lenders to escape penalties for usury which exist in most of the other States.

Brokers' Coterie Fixes Rate.

"From information furnished this office, through different sources, it appears that every business day a coterie of brokers, members of the New York Stock Exchange, get together for consultation on the floor of the Exchange, or by telephone, and determine what, in its view, is the proper rate for the renewal of all Street or brokers' call loans for that day. As soon as the rate is agreed upon the President of the Stock Exchange is notified, and the rate is posted on the floor of the Stock Exchange at, say 11 o'clock.

"This rate is then sent over the 'ticker' to all the banks in New York City and these banks thereupon mark up or down, as the case may be, the rate of interest upon practically all their Wall Street or so-called brokers' loans. Some banks take the precaution to notify their customers by card, sent by mail or otherwise, of the change in interest rate on their loans, while other banks do not. They claim that the posting of the renewal rate on the floor of the Stock Exchange serves automatically to raise or lower the rate of interest on this character of loans held by all the New York banks, for themselves or their out-of-town correspondents, and their customers are charged the rate so posted, unless they make special arrangements with the bank to the contrary, or pay the loan.

"In the questionnaire sent by the Controller of the Currency to all the national banks under date of Aug. 5, 1920, each bank was asked the following question:

"'Has it been the practice of your bank, during the past six months, to mark up or down, from day to day, according to the fluctuations of the New York call money market, the interest rates on demand or call loans, secured by bonds or stocks, made to borrowers who are not depositors in your bank?'

"In reply to that question every national bank with two or three exceptions answered 'yes,' and two of these stated that they, too, under certain conditions, also charged the 'call money' rate.

"It is fair to say, however, that nearly all of these banks, with a few prominent exceptions, stated that it had not been customary with them in making advances in rates to increase the rates on demand or call loans made to their own regular customers who kept deposit accounts with their banks, and that these regular customers were treated differently from the ordinary brokers or Wall Street borrowers. It is also worthy of note that demand loans, secured by stocks and bonds, made by banks to their own officers and to the officers of other banks, are also generally exempted from the high interest rates.

"It is also fair to state that the reports in this office show that despite the huge volume of loans made at fancy rates, less than one-half of the national banks in New York City reported that the demand loans made for their own accounts at rates of 15 per cent. or more aggregated for each bank over $10,000,000 between Oct. 1, 1919, and July 31, 1920.

"In their reports to this office of Sept. 8, 1920, the national banks of New York City reported that they were lending on demand, on bond and stock collateral, over $348,000,000. The national banks in New York City also reported that on Aug. 1, 1920, the amount of money which they were loaning on demand, on bond and stock collateral, in New York City, for account of customers and correspondents, was $524,000,000. It is fair to assume that the trust companies and State banks in New York City were lending on demand, on stocks and bonds, as much as the national banks.

"The Stock Exchange authorities state that the posting of the 'renewal' rate on the floor of the Stock Exchange does not make it compulsory with the banks to charge such 'renewal' rate. Attention, however, must be called to the fact that nearly every national bank in New York City has admitted that when the rate is posted the rates charged on 'brokers' or 'Street' loans are changed to conform to the prevailing call money rate, and the only alternative for a borrower is to pay his loan or be charged the posted or current rate. As nearly every bank in New York charges the so-called 'renewal' rate on what are known as Wall Street or 'brokers'' loans, it would be vain, obviously, for a borrower to hope to obtain the money in New York at a lower rate by shifting his loan to some other bank.

$3,000,000,000 Profit in Six Days.

"Despite the statement of the banks generally that the interest rates on 'brokers' loans are raised or lowered simultaneously with the fluctuations in the New York call money market, many instances of apparent discrimination were developed which show wide differences in the rates charged on demand loans equally well secured. For example, while the 'renewal' rate for a certain day within the last twelve months was posted on the Stock Exchange at 16 per cent. the report of one particular New York bank showed that on that date this bank was charging on loans for itself and correspondents 7 per cent. on $4,900,000, 8, 9, 14 and 15 per cent. on $1,425,000; 18 per cent. on $750,000, 20 per cent. on $42,100,000, 25 per cent. on $3,550,000 and 30 per cent. on $900,000.

"The coterie of brokers which fixes the 'renewal' rate, which appears to have such binding force upon the banks in New York City in the case of 'brokers' loans, does not limit its activities to loans, but these brokers also execute orders for stocks and bonds on the floor of the Exchange. Inquiry of the Stock Exchange as to the number of brokers who are usually concerned in the fixing of the money rate brought the reply that there were, as a rule, 'four to eight, or more,' the Stock Exchange being usually represented by either the President or 'one or more' of its Governors in the consultations where the rate is fixed.

"On Nov. 10 a year ago this brokers' committee announced that the renewal rate on call loans would be 12 per cent. The following day, Nov. 11, they raised it to 14 per cent. On Nov. 13 the rate was raised to 16 per cent.; Nov. 14 it dropped to 14 per cent.; on Nov. 21 it was made 8 per cent., although other loans were made as low as 6 per cent. On Dec. 18 it was 6 per cent.; Dec. 23 it was raised to 10 per cent.; on the 29th to 12 per cent.; on the 30th to 15 per cent., and remained at that rate until Jan. 5, when it was lowered to 10 per cent. On Jan. 31 the renewal rate was 12 per cent.; the next day, Feb. 1, it was advanced to 16 per cent., dropped to 14 per cent. on Feb. 2, advanced to 17 per cent. on Feb. 5, and remained at 17 per cent. until Feb. 9, when it was reduced to 14 per cent. On Feb. 17 it was 6 per cent., raised again on Feb. 26 to 10 per cent., and continued at 10 per cent. until March 4, when it was reduced to 9 per cent. On April 16 the renewal rate was again 10 per cent. In May the highest renewal rate was 9 per cent. In June the rate was 9 per cent. from the 25th to the 30th. July opened with a 10 per cent. renewal rate. It was lowered during the month, but returned again to 9 per cent. on the 16th, 17th and 27th. It is gratifying to note that since the publication of the Controller's statement of July 31, regarding excessive interest rates, the 'renewal' rate does not appear to have been advanced again as high as 10 per cent.

"It seems clear from the figures submitted that the amount of demand or call loans in the national and State banks and trust companies in New York City, plus the loans placed by them for their correspondent banks, which are affected by the rate fixed by this committee of the Stock Exchange, probably exceeds $1,000,000,000. As I pointed out in a previous statement, on this basis an advance in the 'renewal' rate from 6 per cent. to 18 per cent. for one day would add $360,000 to the net profits of the lending banks for that day. In the first part of January of this year, for example, the 15 per cent. 'renewal' rate exacted for six successive days meant, on this basis, a net interest profit of about $3,000,000 or more for those six days.

"The raising or lowering of the 'renewal' rate on the Exchange is frequently accompanied by upward or downward movements in stocks and securities; and those responsible for the fixing of the rate therefore have the opportunity, whether exercised or not, of profiting largely by operations on the stock market, which is so often and directly effected by the call money situation. I do not, of course, undertake to say that this informal 'money committee' does take improper advantage of their fore-knowledge, but there are critics who severely censure the existing arrangements. Certainly all prudent and thinking business men will agree that there is danger in the concentration of such opportunity and power in the hands of a few persons. Temptations to use this power for individual profit must arise, and human nature is not changed by high position in the financial world.

"Mr. Lincoln's axiom that God never made a man good enough to be intrusted with unlimited power over another man may be supplemented with the suggestion that no four, or six, or eight, men are strong and pure enough to be intrusted with unlimited power over the finances of a great country without direct responsibility and accounting for their acts to the public or some other potent and intelligent authority. Power to fix money rates for all, or nearly all, of the banks in New York City, and to change them daily, is a grip on the heart of our commerce. It permits such interferences as fallible human judgment, whim or interest may direct, with the natural and orderly movements of money, the lifeblood of business. Many of us complain bitterly when we fear that the two houses of Congress, State Legislatures, or State or Federal administrators, acting in the open, and after debate and public hearings, have interfered with natural law of trade. We condemn radical writers and speakers who advocate such interferences and regard them as public enemies. Yet the matter of arbitrarily fixing money rates at the money centre, possibly reversing the natural and healthy flow and affecting, directly or indirectly, billions of dollars of security values and other property, is left to a small and varying number of private citizens without official responsibility, deciding in a moment and in secret.

Says Evils Affect All Classes.

"The evils and dangers of such methods could be recited indefinitely. They reach to the remotest corners of the Union and its possessions, and touch harmfully every class of people. The direct tendency is to reverse one of the fundamental purposes of the Federal Reserve act, which is to promote orderly distribution of money through the country to meet the needs of commerce and agriculture. Excessive interest rates offered in New York artificially draw money away from outside communities through their banks, and often leave legitimate enterprises starved or pinched while feeding speculative movement which may be adding nothing to real industrial or commercial wealth.

"I reiterate the statement previously made that the excessive rates on call money, arbitrarily fixed and tolerated in New York, in my opinion, have been a potent influence in depressing seriously the prices of all investment bonds and standard shares, the shrinkage in which in the past twelve months has amounted, including the depreciation in Liberty bonds, to several billion dollars. Corporations, individuals and investors generally are drawn away from legitimate investments in new enterprises and in the shares and bonds of existing enterprises by the prospect of 10 per cent. to 20 per cent. interest.

"The effect of these rates is seen when the general managers or executives of railroads or other large corporations visit New York to raise money necessary for the redemption of retiring loans or for the extension and promotion of new business. The bankers and bond houses solemnly point to the high rates paid for 'call money' and corporations whose credit abundantly justified a 5 per cent. or 6 per cent. interest basis have been forced to pay 7 per cent. or 8 per cent. or 10 per cent. on loans for one year, three years or five to ten years; and are sometimes persuaded by the bankers through whom they obtain the funds that they are doing well to get money even on such terms, because money on call has been advanced often artificially to 12 per cent. or 15 per cent. or 20 per cent., for a few days at a time.

"The sophistical argument that a high rate for call loans is a justification for a long-time loan at 8, 10 or 12 per cent. by a strong and solvent corporation is transparent, but many excellent corporations have, during the last twelve months, been forced to accept loans at exorbitant rates of interest for terms of years which will inevitably, in some cases, prove a serious embarrassment and handicap in their future operations. The same cause that cripples, and hampers a great railway system or a municipal government also deprives and injures or ruins a country storekeeper, a small farmer or the owner of a large or little manufacturing enterprise.

"The argument that these high money rates prevent panics by enticing call money from banks and others in the interior to New York will not bear analysis. The facts are that much of the money drawn from the interior and loaned on call in New York at fancy rates would, but for the temptation of the high rates and the fear which they instill as to the future of the security market, be used by investors and banks and corporations who have these idle funds in the purchase of standard railroad and other bonds, which would thus furnish funds to the New York market normally and naturally.

"The high rates for call money in New York have thus shut off a large part of the investment demand for securities, which, during the last twelve months, largely because of these disturbing conditions, have been forced down to the lowest prices reached in forty years. It is my belief that if the call money rates in New York had been maintained at 6 per cent., or at the maximum rates which are charged in other money centres, as I believe could have been done with a reasonable degree of co-opration upon the part of the New York banks, the unprecedented shrinkage in security prices in the last twelve months would not have taken place and the apparent loss of billions of dollars in values would have been avoided.

"My hope for the present is that, with the public in possession of the facts, sentiment will be strong enough to bring about reforms. Money rates should not be raised or lowered or manipulated arbitrarily or in secret. New York bankers and financiers have tremendous responsibilities to the general public, and all can be induced to realize and respect them, as some honestly and conscientiously do now. Bankers throughout the country should have impressed upon them that they owe direct and distinct duties to their customers and communities in preference to earning excessive and questionable profits for stockholders and themselves by pouring money into New York for interest exactions which inevitably must injure or destroy somebody.

"Reports showing the extent to which, as referred to in my statement of July 31, banks in New York City and elsewhere have, during the last year, been obtaining funds from the Federal Reserve Banks at rates varying from 4½ to 6 per cent. and have loaned these funds in New York at the excessive rates referred to, running, in some instances, as high as 20, 25 and 30 per cent., are now being compiled. A statement concerning these transactions will be made later."

Women Condemn Mrs. Crosby.

Resolutions condemning Mrs. John Sherwin Crosby for her support of Senator Harding, Judge Miller and Senator Wadsworth were adopted yesterday by the Women's Democratic League, of which Mrs. Lillian R. Sire is President, at a meeting in the Waldorf-Astoria. Speakers attributed Mrs. Crosby's defection to the fact that she was displaced as State leader of the Democratic women by Miss Elizabeth Marbury at the San Francisco convention. The resolutions characterized as untrue a remark attributed to Mrs. Crosby that the women of the State were against Governor Smith, and pledged the support of members of the league to all Democratic candidates, national, State and local.

GOVERNOR ASKS PEOPLE TO READ COVENANT

Proclaims Next Sunday as Day When Citizens Should Acquaint Themselves with Text.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Governor Smith tonight issued a proclamation urging people of the State to read the Covenant of the League of Nations next Sunday.

"The request comes from a non-partisan committee, called the League of Nations Committee," said the Governor. "It is signed by A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard University; Hamilton Holt, Oscar S. Straus, Frank Crane, Carrie Chapman Catt, Irving Fisher, Raymond Fosdick and Edwin Davies Schoonmaker. In accordance with that request the proclamation has this day gone forth."

The proclamation reads:

In our country, and under our form of government, great questions of public policy are in the last analysis determined by the people themselves. One of the leading issues in the national campaign appears to be whether or not the United States of America should enter the League of Nations.

There is at present in the country a great cross current of opinion upon the subject. The question should be settled intelligently. One factor looking to an intelligent solution is a knowledge of the Covenant of the League. A citizen will better do his duty to this country by acquainting himself with its provisions. It can best be understood by a reading of it.

Now, therefore, I, Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, do hereby proclaim Sunday, Oct. 24, as a day some part of which should be set aside for a reading of the Covenant by all citizens who desire this great national question disposed of in a manner that will promote the best interest of the United States.

Given under my hand and the Privy Seal of the State at the Capitol, in the City of Albany, this 16th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1920.

ALFRED E. SMITH.

By the Governor:
JEREMIAH F. CONNOR,
Secretary to the Governor.

FERNALD ASSAILS LEAGUE.

Maine Senator Tells Y. M. C. A. He Is Proud He Was an Irreconcilable.

Discussing the moral issues of the Presidential campaign in the West Side Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon, Bert M. Fernald, former Governor and present United States Senator for Maine, declared his belief that the voters of the country would repudiate the League of Nations on Election Day. He asserted that if there had been a League of Nations in 1776 the United States never would have come into existence.

"I was one of the irreconcilables, I am proud to say," Senator Fernald said. "The League of Nations as presented to the Senate in July, 1919, was expected by those who were in favor of it to keep us out of war. I believe the treaty is un-American, and, instead of keeping us out of future wars, will get us into trouble. I think my position is proved by the fact that there are now eighteen wars going on, with more people participating in them than there were in the civil war.

"We can never bring together races which have been engaged in disputes and feuds for a thousand years."

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Uncle Sam is Looking for Disabled Soldiers, Sailors and Marines

CAN you help in locating them? If so, clip this article and mail it to any man who was injured in service.

The Government will pay him from eighty ($80) to one hundred and seventy dollars ($170) a month while he is being educated for a vocation—providing he is eligible for training—and afterwards place him in a lucrative position.

Help Us to Help Them

There is a big campaign under way. Its object is to get in touch with disabled ex-service men and tell them just what the Federal Board for Vocational Education *can* and *will* do for them.

Your help is asked in this campaign. Help in locating and communicating with the disabled men who have not heard of the work of rehabilitation now in progress. The Government of the United States will appreciate your co-operation. It is eager to relieve the great obligation it is under to the men and anxious to start them afresh on the road to happiness and prosperity.

Where the Men Should Go

Every disabled ex-service man who desires to avail himself of these opportunities, freely offered, should have a chat with Uncle Sam's representatives from the Federal Board and the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, consisting of Advisors, Physicians and Eligibility Officers at the following Armories, on the dates specified:

Second Artillery Armory, 166th St. & Franklin Ave., Bronx. October 18-23.
Eighth Coast Defense Command Armory, Kingsbridge Road & Jerome Ave., Bronx. October 25-30.
Twenty-second Engineers Armory, Fort Washington Ave. & 168th St. November 1-6.

This is but the beginning of the vast campaign in the effort to return as fully as lies within the Government's power, the means of earning a good living and the opportunity for future happiness to every man who jeopardized his health, his well-being and his livelihood to fight for the Stars and Stripes.

The Rotary Club Activities Pages will present announcements regarding the further movements, giving places and dates. All boroughs in the city will be thoroughly covered. Every man will have an equal opportunity. Watch this page—and help us to succeed!

Next Issue Tribune, Oct. 25, 1920

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THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

THEATRICAL SLUMP MARKED ON THE ROAD

Producers Report a Reaction from the Business of the Last Two Years.

SEVERAL CAUSES OFFERED

Erlanger Says Too Many Outsiders Lured by False Profits Have Entered Field.

Current conditions in the amusement field brought forth comment yesterday from a number of theatrical managers, following the publication of an article in which the theatres of New York and in the rest of the country were depicted as being in the throes of an extreme financial slump. The opinions of the producers were somewhat divided, but there was general agreement that there has been a reaction from the business of the last two seasons, during which time plays of practically all kinds prospered. In New York City theatrical attendance is about normal, or at worst only a little below it, but on the road business is described as "spotty," and in many sections of the country extremely bad.

The result has been the calling in of a number of road companies in the last three weeks, and there is no immediate prospect for an improvement. A. L. Erlanger, although he declared that business in most of his theatres was satisfactory, issued a statement yesterday in which he gave an interesting explanation of the slackening of popular interest in certain productions.

"Too many outsiders," said Mr. Erlanger in his statement, "lured by exaggerated stories of the enormous profits made in this business, have entered the field, calling themselves 'producers,' and have flooded the market with inferior attractions. There is no more room for inferiority in the theatre than there is anywhere else, possibly less. This increased competition has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the salaries of every one employed about a theatre. The present high cost of maintenance and increased percentages upon which receipts are divided between the attraction and the theatre leave the theatre manager with barely enough, sometimes not enough, to pay his expenses. Rentals of theatres, too, have gone up along with the rentals of other classes of buildings, and in many instances, for a theatre that formerly rented for $60,000, the landlord now demands, and gets, $100,000.

Sees No Basis for Alarm.

"But there is no occasion for pessimism—no real ground for alarm. It is going to be a case of the survival of the fittest, as usual. These newcomers who call themselves managers, but whose only right to that title is that they have been able to persuade unwary and ill-advised persons to invest money in their enterprises, are going to lose this money, and after that the genuine showman will regulate their affairs and the business will return to normal."

Lee Shubert denied the existence of a slump without reservation. His statement was, in part, as follows:

"The theatrical business in the United States is far greater than it has been in its history for the past twenty years. Every theatre in New York is doing practically capacity business. It is true that some shows have been sent on tour which in ordinary times would have remained in New York for six or eight months, but there are so many productions that want to come into New York that a certain limit must be adhered to in making bookings in Broadway theatres. There are more attractions this season than ever before.

"At all times there will be some shows that will be forced to close, but there have been fewer failures this year than any season I can recall. Since prohibition the business has been steadily increasing and is continually increasing, for there are people who go to plays who never went before."

George C. Tyler and William A. Brady, on the other hand, both gave it as their opinion that conditions at present are far from normal. Mr. Tyler declared that the increased railroad rates were largely responsible for the closing of many companies on the road, and said that it had recently cost him $1,200 to transport a company over a series of one-night stands between Des Moines and St. Louis.

Slump in New England.

Business throughout New England is bad, he said, owing to the shutting down of many shoe and woolen factories, and in industrial centres throughout the country the laying off of many employes had brought a slackening in theatre attendance. He also blamed overproduction, declaring that half again as many plays are being produced this season as there were last year.

Mr. Brady declared that there was "considerable foundation" for concern, but said that the causes of conditions lay deep and could be remedied only by concerted action on the part of those interested in the theatre.

A representative of William Harris, Jr., who is abroad, also said that business throughout the country was extremely uneven, with a few of the big successes attracting record patronage and the majority of productions having a hard time of it.

Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., also recognized the existence of a slump.

"It was bound to come," said Mr. Ziegfeld, in a statement, "for too many persons had taken advantage of unusual conditions to become cheap imitators, and to trade upon reputations that had been made by giving the public their money's worth. It resolves itself into a perversion of the Lincoln axiom that you can fool some of the theatrical public all the time, all the public some of the time, but you cannot fool all of the public all of the time.

"Actual failures were hits last year. Patronage was accorded plays made from the storehouses, and performed by mediocre players. I do not believe that there is an actor of ability or distinction at liberty at the present moment. Furthermore, there are no vacant seats to be found in the theatres governed by managers who have been on the level with the public."

Swindler Arrested in Rome.

ROME, Oct. 16.—The police have discovered an "Emigration Agency," conducted by Gaetano Cesarano of Messina, where emigrants are alleged to have been swindled. Cesarano was arrested. The agency was situated next door to the American Consulate here.

Painters!

Read this letter. It shows that the employers' associations have been misled and cannot get away with their "new union."

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BUILDING TRADES DEPARTMENT
AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

Washington, D. C.
Oct. 15, 1920.

Mr. ROSWELL D. TOMPKINS, Secretary,
New York Building Trades Council,
12 St. Mark's Place, New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir and Brother:

I am informed through communication and orally by the Executive Council of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers that your Council has seated a dual organization of painters. If I am correctly informed, I request that said dual local be unseated at once and that your Council take no further action against the regularly chartered locals of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers in any endeavors which that organization may see fit to make.

Your Council is not vested with any such authority which authorizes the seating of dual locals of any craft affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and any such action is in direct conflict with the objects of organized labor.

If your Council has done as I am informed I await an immediate reply telling me that your organization has unseated the dual local of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers and has decided to take no further action concerning the painters in New York. Failing to receive such notification in a reasonable length of time, I WILL SUSPEND THE CHARTER issued by this department to the New York Building Trades Council. This suspension will carry with it the RECOMMENDATION FOR THE REVOCATION OF SAID CHARTER. Yours Fraternally,

(Signed) JOHN DONLIN, President,
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Indian Trade a British Problem We Also Should Study.
Steady Steel Prices Justify Past Conservative Policy.
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DIPLOMAT'S BAGGAGE PASSED UNSEARCHED

Vice President of China's Currency Board, Arriving on Carmania, Gets Free Entry.

ONLY ORDERS, SAY OFFICIALS

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes, Jr., Return from Venice — Two Other Ships Make Port.

The Cunarder Carmania arrived yesterday from Liverpool via Queenstown and was moored alongside her sister ship the Caronia, which is the third time this has occurred since they were built at Glasgow fourteen years ago. The steerage passengers were still on the Caronia, which arrived late on Saturday night, and the 1,238 on the Carmania will also be detained on board on account of the congestion of aliens on Ellis Island, the immigration officials said.

Among the 225 first cabin passengers on the Carmania was Meng Len Loe, Vice President of the Board of Currency in China, who is returning to Peking via San Francisco after attending the International Financial Congress in Brussels. He was accompanied by his wife, his 11-year-old son and two daughters. Mr. Loe had a free entry as a diplomatic representative of the Chinese Republic and the customs officials on the Cunard pier passed his effects without examination. They said that instructions to search the baggage of diplomatists arriving here had not reached them.

The financial delegate told the reporters that the convention was of great benefit to China. The signing of the recent consortium, he said, would give China an opportunity to get her currency into shape and to prepare to discuss the adoption of the gold standard.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes, Jr., of Washington returned on the Carmania with their infant daughter, Marsyl, after spending the Summer in Venice. Mrs. Stokes, who was Miss Margaret Fahnestock, said that all traces of the war have disappeared from Venice and that the statues and bronze horses, which were taken away during the war, and the famous lions of St. Mark have all been replaced. The Right Rev. J. P. Sinnott, Bishop of Sioux City, and the Rev. Edmund Heelan returned from a visit to Rome and Ireland.

The purser, F. E. Owen, had in his charge in the specie room gold bars valued at £200,000, which were consigned to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. from Rothschild & Co., bankers, London. In addition to 225 first-cabin and 1,238 steerage passengers, the Carmania brought 325 passengers in the second cabin.

The Red Star liner Kroonland from Antwerp via Southampton, brought 133 first, 304 second and 845 steerage passengers, who had to remain on the ship because of congestion at Ellis Island.

The Shipping Board passenger steamship Panhandle State, operated by the United States Mail Steamship Company, arrived late yesterday from London and Boulogne with twenty-one passengers and no cargo. On the eastward voyage she was advertised to call at Queenstown, but was not permitted to go there by the British Admiralty.

POISON KILLS NEW YORKER.

Accused of Swindling in Indiana, He Takes Mercury Tablets.

Special to The New York Times.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17.—Stanley Wile, 21, son of Emanuel Wile of Lexington Avenue, New York City, died at a hospital here tonight from bichloride of mercury poisoning. He was arrested at Indianapolis last week on a charge of passing fraudulent checks. He swallowed ten mercury tablets while being brought here on a train.

His mother, who has been with her son for the last four days, was with him when he died. "I had decided that if I was ever caught again I would end my life rather than bring disgrace upon my family," Wile told police officials, admitting he had been arrested several times before for the same offense.

PECK & PECK

Imported Hand-Made Shetland Sweaters $15.

SCOTLAND sends some loose-knit hand-done sweaters, with round necks and a light but super quality yarn. They are hand-made by the women of the Shetland Islands and are surprisingly cosy for so light a sweater. They may be had in white, light or dark brown, navy, natural or grey. The price is $15.00.

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

PECK & PECK

586 Fifth Ave. at 48th Street — 501 Fifth Ave. at 42nd Street

Chicago Palm Beach Newport

PECK & PECK

Return Visit of F. L. RAWSON, Scientist and Metaphysician of London. Author of "Life Understood." Hotel Astor, Times Square, October 19-20. Healing meetings every week day noon, except Sunday, beginning Oct. 19th. (Collection).

"THE JOURNEY THROUGH LIFE"

The beautiful allegory in bronze by James Earle Fraser recently placed in Rock Creek Cemetery, Washington, will be reproduced next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section.—Advt.

WRIGLEY'S

Make the next cigar taste better and after smoking

cleanse your mouth moisten your throat sweeten your breath with WRIGLEY'S

Still Only 5c a Package

Sealed Tight—Kept Right for you

A-144

Camel CIGARETTES

Winston-Salem, N.C. Monday

Dear Pete:

Bet you a house and lot you'd stay in W-S a month if you ever got to know folks here like I have. Between business and Reynolds factories and a hully time—well my date book has been bubbling over! And, I'm still running into facts that would stagger even your imagination, old football, with all your kick!

Pete, take it straight from government figures direct to you that every work day in the week R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. buys from our Uncle Sam enough revenue stamps to pay for a duplicate of the handsome new Winston-Salem post office building! Ever hear of such a thing?

And, if you want to get an eyefull of an army of more than 15,000 people, be down in the Reynolds factory district when the whistles blow! Looks like more folks than you ever saw at a Princeton-Yale football game! Never saw such a cigarette firing-up time in my life!

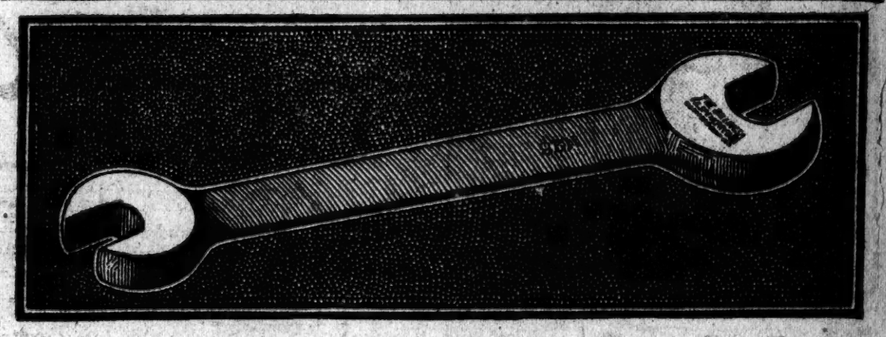
Peter, everytime you light a Camel in the future, call back on what I've slipped you about Camels—absolutely, the greatest cigarette at any price—for quality, for refreshing flavor, for mellow mild body, for freedom from any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or odor! It's worth the busiest smoker's time to compare Camels with any cigarette in the world! Camels are simply a revelation! You know that.

I'll spill you a lot more just as quick as I get a whack at you across the dinner table!

I'll open my eyes in Atlanta tomorrow! In the meantime here's a wad of best wishes I have in stock!

Yours

Shorty



YOU only get out of a wrench what the maker puts into it. A Billings & Spencer wrench is as good as it looks for as long as you use it.

"RELY B ON ME"

THE BILLINGS & SPENCER CO.
HARTFORD, CONN.

DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES

INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRATIZATION.

Report of the National Association of Corporation Training finds that 250 industrial plants in the United States have some sort of shop representation. An interesting analysis on the subject will appear in The Annalist (out today). Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy. At news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

APPLES

Twenty-five Delicious Apples FOR ONE DOLLAR
Prepaid to your address.
Copper Beech Farm,
NICHOLAS KEARNS, OWNER
Peekskill, N. Y., Route 3.

50% Off Removal Sale

Furniture Specially Made for High Class Interior Decorators

Wonderful Louis XV. Bedroom set, Elegant Dining Room sets, exclusive designs in Cabinets, Daybeds, Refectory Tables, Desks, Chests, Upholstered Chairs and Sofas, Small Coffee Tables, etc.

Must be sold at ONCE. We vacate NOV. 1ST.

A Wonderful Opportunity as After Removal no Goods Sold at Retail.

Royal Art Woodworking Co.
457-461 First Ave., Cor. 27th St.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 8996

SING SING FUGITIVES TERRORIZE TOWNS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

$10. Sing Sing guards passed through New Milford late in the afternoon in pursuit of the prisoners and reported that they had found their trail again at Millerton, N. Y., thirty miles north of New Milford. When seen in the latter place they were in a small automobile, for which they had abandoned the high-power car, which probably developed further motor trouble.

Last night automobiles filled with keepers from Ossining and Wingdale and reinforced by deputy sheriffs and Connecticut State police were racing over the highways trying to overhaul the desperadoes. The fugitives apparnely had lost their bearings, for at last reports they were still not much further than sixty-five miles from Sing Sing on a bee line, although they had motored more than 250 miles in their twenty-four hour ride. It was believed by Acting Warden Schatzel that they were endeavoring to get to Massachusetts or Rhode Island, because the prison authorities have found they were in correspondence with persons in these two States.

In the confusion at Sing Sing following the escape of the two trusties it was at first reported that they had gained their freedom armed with two rifles and two revolvers. Investigation showed this was incorrect. Both convicts, being trusties, had access to the key room, which is inclosed between the double set of steel gates at the foot of the front offices stairs inside the prison walls. It is the custom to have a keeper stationed between the two steel gates, which he always unlocks and locks with caution. Keeper Bernard Simmons was on duty Saturday evening.

Stationed at the office entrance outside the gates was Keeper Willard Webster, armed with a revolver. He went down to the keyroom to check up the trusties for the hourly count. Stivers and Bassett were in an ante-room of the keyroom. As Webster entered the room he was struck down with a sandbag improvised of a stocking. Keeper Peter Cogier, who came behind him, also was felled, apparently with a piece of pipe. The two convicts then procured Webster's revolver and re-entered the keyroom, where only Simmons stood between them and their freedom.

They struck Keeper Simmons down and darted through a door that leads into a basement of the Warden's residence. At this point their way was blocked by Louis Cummings, inmate chef of the Warden's. He was in the basement, and when he realized that the two convicts were trying to make their way through the basement to the kitchen and dining room, whence they would have found an easy exit across the porch, he locked the door and threw his weight against it.

The two convicts demanded that Cummings open the door and threatened to shoot through the door when he refused. As they tried to force the door, the noise attracted the attention of Mrs. Lawes and her two daughters, Kathleen and Crystal. Warden Lawes was in Columbus, Ohio, attending a convention of prison wardens. The women were frightened by the efforts of the convicts to force an entrance, but finally Stivers and Bassett abandoned the attempt.

The two convicts retraced their steps and entered the laundry, where they smashed a window and made their exit to the lawn. Bassett started up the hill towards Ossining, and Stivers followed closely, carrying a rifle he had stolen from the keyroom, where the firearms of the prison are stored.

At this juncture Stivers encountered Keeper Corliss, unarmed, who had relieved Webster when the latter went to make the count in the keyroom. The keeper rushed at the convict with the rifle in spite of the latter's threat to shoot. They grappled, and in the tussle, Corliss wrested the weapon from Stivers, who turned and fled. Corliss found that the rifle was unloaded.

Inside the prison, Keeper Flynn was warned of the escape by the noise of the scuffle. He telephoned the engineer, and in another moment the prison's big siren let loose a blast that warned the countryside for ten miles around that there had been an escape.

Further investigation showed that the two convicts had cut the electric lighting wires leading to the room where the Bertillon records are kept, in order, apparently, that they might have a chance to leave the prison as far behind as possible before the authorities could send broadcast circulars with their descriptions.

Prison officials were at a loss to explain why Bassett should have plotted to escape with Stivers, as he would have been released within another month. Stivers had served two years of a twenty-year sentence.

Don't let a poor skin keep you from employment

That eruption on your face, neck or hands may not be serious, but may stand in the way of your business and social success.

Why don't you treat it with RESINOL? A few days' use of this mild, healing ointment and you will be surprised at the improvement. It is pure and harmless, easy to use, costs little. At all druggists.

Resinol

"Buy from the Navy"

WRITE OR TELEGRAPH TO SENIOR MEMBER BOARD OF SURVEY, APPRAISAL AND SALE

At any of the following addresses:

Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.
Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.
Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.
Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.
Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.
Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.
Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.
Third Naval District, Fleet Supply Base, South Brooklyn, N. Y.
Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.,

for a free copy of the bulletin issued by

THE NAVY

which contains full and complete description and terms of sale pertaining to the offering by

THE NAVY

AT FIXED PRICES OF LARGE QUANTITIES OF BLANKETS, MELTON, KERSEY, WINTER UNDERWEAR AND ARCTICS

These goods are stored in various Navy Yards throughout the United States; they are all made in accordance with the rigid specifications required by THE NAVY; they are offered at prices considerably below the market, and are ready for immediate shipment.

Parties desiring to purchase any of these commodities will be interested in the information contained in the BULLETIN referred to.

IMMEDIATE ACTION IS ADVISED

"Buy from the Navy"

"Happiness in Every Box"

Falling Sugar Prices and United "Happiness" Candies

THE thing foreseen by the "Happiness" Candy Stores has happened. Sugar has been forced out of the hands of the speculators and prices are tumbling every day. We have still far to travel before reaching before-the-war levels, but we are on the way.

We knew low-priced sugar had to come. From the opening of our first store (May 8th, 1920), we based all our candy prices on it. We knew there was no *legitimate* reason for high-priced sugar. The ocean lanes were open, supplies cut off during the war had been pouring in. A greater portion of the earth's acreage is now planted to cane and beet sugar than ever before in the world's history. Only unjust speculation can again increase the price of sugar.

When others said: "You can't do it"— We proved we could!

We believed the public would appreciate buying candies that were priced according to what sugar *should* cost. And we chose to make our appeal, first, to public good will. We persistently ignored the *speculative*, ever-upward-rising sugar prices, and priced our candies accordingly.

(Read the Extract below, from our Announcement of May 7)

We've played fair with the public!

All the price advantage that could come with low-priced sugar we gave from the hour when the first box of "Happiness" was sold. Hundreds of thousands of people already know and appreciate this fact. It is so unusual, every New Yorker ought to know about it.

The public recognizes our service!

Our patrons know United Candy prices were never increased to meet increasing sugar costs. Today, the finest candies are being offered you in the "Happiness" Stores, and comparing quality for quality, you'll find our prices conservatively twenty-five per cent. below the market.

Now you know the reason for the tremendous growth and increased following of these "Happiness" Stores.

Great Values Based on Low-Priced Sugar

(We've given them to you for the last five months)

Candies

Milk Choc. Covered Honey Nougat — Thick milk chocolate covers a chewey center made of cane sugar, egg whites, selected almonds and pure honey — 75c lb.

Chocolate Italian Creams — Vanilla flavored sugar cream centers beaten light with egg whites and dipped in bitter sweet chocolate — 64c lb.

Choc. Covered Assort. Fruit Jellies — A delicious assortment of pure fruit jellies—apricot, fig, raspberry, crushed pineapple, coated with sweet choc. — 69c lb.

Milk Choc. Full Cream Caramels — Chewey, creamy, rich, with plenty of nuts and covered with milk chocolate — 75c lb.

Arcade Chocolates Assorted — A fine assortment of chocolates containing assorted fruit centers, caramels, jellies, marshmallow mints and nougats, all covered with pure sweet chocolate — 65c lb.

Chocolate Covered Dates — Large selected dates of wonderful flavor, pitted and coated with sweet chocolate — 64c lb.

Milk Choc. Cov. Cocoanut Royals — Fresh shredded cocoanut combined with pure sugar cream center covered with rich milk chocolate — 75c lb.

Pecan Nougat Roll — A roll of nougat, vanilla or chocolate flavor, covered with fine, paper shell pecans — 45c ½ lb.

Chocolate Covered Peanutines — Virginia peanuts, New Orleans molasses and sweet dairy butter make the center. Covered with sweet chocolate — 64c lb.

Milk Chocolate Cherries — A large, perfect, ripe, red cherry surrounded by cordial and covered with milk chocolate — 75c lb.

Chocolate Molasses Crumbles — Pure New Orleans molasses made into the most delicious crisp filling, then covered with sweet chocolate — 64c lb.

Chocolate Covered Nut Mallows — A delicious marshmallow center containing generous pieces of assorted nut meats, covered with sweet choc. — 69c lb.

Choc. Cov. Peanut Brittle Squares — Our delicious peanut brittle cut into convenient pieces and covered with sweet chocolate — 64c lb.

Pure Sugar Fruit Drops — There's a real tang to the pure flavoring used in these fruit drops. Pure sugar balls flavored with lemon, lime, orange and raspberry — 60c lb.

Pecan Apricot Mallow — Marshmallow dipped in apricot jelly, rolled in pecans — 55c ½ lb.

Louisiana Molasses Assortment — Squares, rolls, balls, chips, sticks, all delicious and sweet. Made of cane sugar and golden molasses. Packed in decorated tins — 60c lb.

Read What We Said May 7th

Back to Fair Prices!

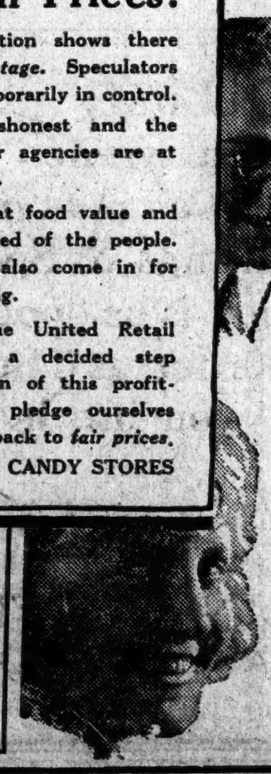
Government investigation shows there is *no real sugar shortage.* Speculators and profiteers are temporarily in control.

This control is dishonest and the government and other agencies are at work to break it down.

Pure candy has great food value and has become a real need of the people. Unfortunately it has also come in for its share of profiteering.

The opening of the United Retail Candy Stores marks a decided step toward the elimination of this profiteering in candy. We pledge ourselves to lead the procession back to *fair prices.*

UNITED RETAIL CANDY STORES



Specials for Today and Tuesday

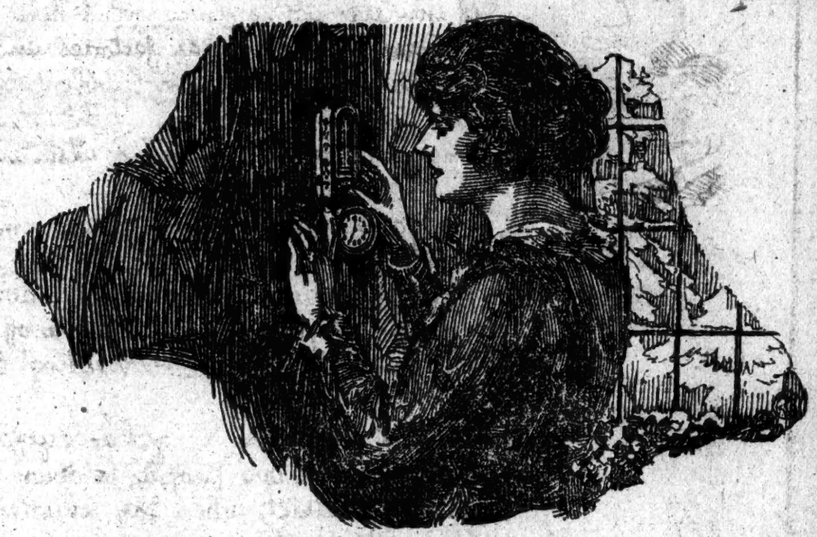
Chocolate Molasses Crumbles — 59c lb.

Wedding Cake — 49c lb.

"Happiness Stores"

42nd also 43rd Street between 5th and 6th Avenues
"Largest Candy Store in the World"
42 East 23rd Street
64 East 14th Street, at 4th Avenue, Union Square
Hudson Terminal Building Fulton and Nassau Streets
2249 Broadway near 80th St.
1343 Broadway near 35th St.
1272 Broadway near 33d St.

UNITED RETAIL CANDY STORES



CONVENIENCE

NOWHERE are conveniences more appreciated than in the home. Nowhere is an aid to proper heat control so necessary.

Are you one of the many who dread a winter of fussing with the furnace—the discomfort, work and worry of regulating drafts and dampers with an ever fluctuating temperature?

If you are, there is a way out—a way that promises complete relief from all troublesome attention to the heating plant.

The "MINNEAPOLIS" HEAT REGULATOR

"THE HEART OF THE HEATING PLANT"

Regulates the amount of heat in accordance with the temperature you wish to maintain.

By simple adjustments at the thermostat, conveniently located, it is possible to have an evenly heated house all day, say 70 degrees—an evenly heated house all night, say 60—and the drafts opened in the morning before you arise—all operations automatically performed. And then, there is a decided saving in fuel.

The "Minneapolis" has been used successfully for 35 years on every type of heating plant burning coal, gas or oil—lasts a lifetime.

Write for free literature and make an appointment for demonstration by phoning Vanderbilt 5388.

CLARENCE O. BARING, New York Distributor
1735 Grand Central Terminal Bldg., New York City
MAIN OFFICES AND FACTORY—MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DRAGS UP CIVIL WAR TO HELP BRANDEGEE

Republican Committee Attacks Hartford Times on Its Record in the '60s.

IT DENOUNCED HIS RECORD

State Is Now Covered with Advertisements and Placards Telling of Its Criticism of Lincoln.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Oct. 17.—Connecticut faces the last two weeks of the political campaign with the liveliest situation which has marked recent elections in that State, due to the fact that the Republican State Central Committee, in responding to the attacks which have been made upon Senator Frank B. Brandegee, has launched a series of advertisements, which, to date, make no answer to the charges and no defense of Brandegee, but assail The Hartford Times for its position in civil war days, when it editorially attacked Abraham Lincoln and the Republican war leadership. The advertisements were headed "Can the Leopard Change Its Spots," the inference being that The Times was no more right in its attacks upon Brandegee than it had been in attacking Lincoln.

The advertising was submitted to The Hartford Times, which refused to print it on the ground that it assailed the memory of Alfred E. Burr, its owner in civil war times and for thirty-five years thereafter, and who, despite the fact that public sentiment ran high against him in the '60s, was Chairman of the commission that built Connecticut's present State Capitol in the '70s, and held many other positions of honor and trust. The State Committee threatens suit against The Times for failing to print the advertisement and is placarding the State with pages from The Hartford Courant, in which the advertising appeared.

The controversy has attracted State-wide attention and The Hartford Times reply has been to print opinions of Connecticut newspapers concerning the State Committee's policy and those of prominent citizens, headed by former Governor and former Chief Justice Simeon E. Baldwin, who says the statute of limitations ought to have prevented such an attack; Rev. Francis Goodwin, father of Charles A. Goodwin, who ran for Governor in 1910 and cousin of the late J. P. Morgan, who deplores the revival of civil war issues, calls it a "political mistake"; Professor Edwin Knox Mitchel of the Hartford Theological Seminary, Louis F. Butler, president of one of Hartford's biggest life insurance companies, and others.

The State Committee's advertising campaign followed on the heels of a denial by State Chairman Roraback that he ever had made a statement that Brandegee would run 15,000 behind the ticket in the State, as The Hartford Times said, and, closely after, many stories of defections from Brandegee among women voters of the State. The State suffrage organization recently went on record formally in opposition to Senator Brandegee and its leaders are campaigning actively against him. Mrs. W. H. Deming, a Republican of West Hartford, who has served on a Republican committee which canvassed her town for the registration of women voters for the Republican Party, has been going about the State urging women in public addresses to "split their tickets" on Brandegee.

The Republican State Committee's advertising campaign against The Hartford Times, utilizing incidents that happened before Brandegee was born, is supposed to be due to the fact that The Hartford Times has been the principal spokesman against Brandegee in the State and has attacked his senatorial record daily on its editorial page, quoting freely from his speeches and his votes, and also quoting the Republican Hartford Courant's editorial on Brandegee when he was re-elected in 1909, as substantiating The Hartford Times' claim that Brandegee is not a suitable representative of Connecticut.

Meanwhile, Congressman Augustine Lonergan of Hartford, Democratic senatorial candidate, is covering the State by automobile and has just completed an 1,800-mile tour. He is refraining from mentioning in his speeches Senator Brandegee's suffrage comment about "putting pink chemises on the men and Plymouth Rock pants on the women," during the course of which the Senator advised the women to "go home and pick lint and roll bandages for their loved ones who are about to be shot to pieces, instead of bleating around about saving democracy" through getting the vote, on the ground that to comment on it borders on personalities. The suffragists are circulating that statement against Brandegee, however, and also his statement concerning ex-President Taft that "any time you throw a cake of soap into him he emits any froth Woodrow Wilson wants him to," as well as divers other statements with which the Senator has enlivened Washington debates.

MUNSING WEAR

WINTER Munsingwear is incomparable for comfort. It fits and covers the form perfectly—the fabric gives with every motion without losing the shape.

Your surprise at the moderate price increases as time proves Munsingwear's splendid wearing qualities. A right size for everyone—men, women and children.

Let Munsingwear Union Suit You

Exide BATTERIES

Submarines in the Seven Seas

The majority of all submarines in the world are propelled under the sea by the current from Exide Batteries. For firing guns, auxiliary lighting, and a dozen other purposes the infallible power of the Exide is relied on by our navy and the navies of various foreign nations.

On land, as at sea, Exide Batteries are supplying dependable power for every industry where batteries are used.

Exides provide the current for telephone systems, the reserve power for central lighting stations, the motive power for street trucks, tractors and mine locomotives, the lights for farm homes and railroad trains, the power that starts and lights automobiles.

Into each Exide goes the experience gained in every field by the oldest and largest manufacturers of storage batteries in the world.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY

Branches in 17 Cities PHILADELPHIA Service Stations Everywhere

New York Office: 23 West 43d Street

Oldest and largest manufacturers in the world of storage batteries for every purpose

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

Wherever you see this sign, you can be assured of expert service, no matter what make of battery you have in your car. Your battery will be made to last as long as possible, until you are ready to replace it with an Exide—*the long-life battery.*

There Is an Exide Service Station Near You.

THE US ARMY TEACHES TRADES

Learn a good trade, and earn a good living in new surroundings while you're learning.

That's the chance a man has who studies in the Army trade schools.

When a man finishes an Army trade school course, he's fitted for a good job at good pay the very day he goes back to civil life.

And he has been earning a good living, made a lot of new friends and seen something of the country while he has been learning his trade.

Get paid for learning how to earn more money later.

Ask a recruiting officer about it. He'll tell you some of the many other advantages.

The Army offers you a good job—with a *future* to it, too.

EARN, LEARN AND TRAVEL

WATERTOWN

A properly balanced Style for early Fall

LION *Collars*

United Shirt & Collar Co., Troy, N.Y. *Also Makers of Lion Shirts*

TRADE WITH INDIA.

Changes caused by the war have broken down Great Britain's monopoly of trade with India and there is an opportunity now for American merchants to develop their trade with the millions in that country. See the Annalist (out today). Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5 a year by mail.—Adv.

Hoyt's Service, Inc.
PLANNED ADVERTISING
116 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

THE SCREEN

Cecil B. De Mille's latest photo-dramatic effort, "Something to Think About," came to the Criterion Theatre yesterday afternoon. This time Mr. De Mille has gone to the country for his story, but he has not plastered "homely virtues" and "plain people" all over it, for which, at the outset, let him be thanked, no matter what sins he subsequently commits.

The principal characters of the photo-play are a sturdy village blacksmith, Luke Anderson, splendidly played by the unfailing Theodore Roberts; Ruth, his daughter, interestingly and, in the main, effectively developed by Gloria Swanson; David Markley, their wealthy city-bred neighbor, who is described as "a philosopher," apparently because he does not believe in God and must be converted, but who, nevertheless, is often human, because of Elliott Dexter; and a husky young countryman called Jim Dirk, who is made genuine in the person of Monte Blue.

David Markley enters the story as its philanthropist. He persuades the black-smith to let him send Ruth away to school, and when she returns, polished and grown up, he naturally falls in love with her. He is a cripple, however, and does not declare his love until the girl, prompted by her father, volunteers to be his wife. The engagement is immediately settled—and then Jim Dirk, not rich, but also not lame, comes forward. He, too, is in love with Ruth, and she cannot turn away from this vigorous and active young male animal to the crutch-dependent Markley. The tug is between her human instinct and the conscious obligation of gratitude and a promise. Instinct wins.

The story is real up to this point. Mr. De Mille and his players succeed in making it something to think about. Through dramatic scenes in climactic continuity the full force of a situation that derives its strength from life is developed—and the outcome is what it has to be, not what some theatrical mechanic might like to make it.

But how should the story go on? It shouldn't. When Ruth runs away with Jim Dirk it is finished. It has said what it has to say, and anything it may add is bound to be nothing to think about. But, like those after-dinner speakers who refuse to shut up and sit down when they are through, the story must continue to the end of its six or seven reels and like them bury its living body under a mass of lifeless verbiage. Why must the movies always do it? Some after-dinner speakers don't.

Jim and Ruth go to the city. Ruth's father asks God not to let him see her again and he is immediately blinded by red hot sparks from an iron he is hammering. Jim is killed working in a subway excavation. Ruth returns to her home in rags. David, disillusioned and bitter, marries her, more from his habit of kindness than anything else. Jim's baby is born. Ruth (now the grand Gloria of earlier De Mille productions) loves David, but he is still bitter and still doesn't believe in God—and everything is every way it oughtn't to be in well regulated fiction until David's housekeeper suggests prayer to put things right and miracles begin to happen. David loses his bitterness and rameness at the same time and goes to Ruth's outstretched arms, while Jim's little boy leads his reconciled grandfather over the hill from the poor-house to the home of happiness restored.

All this may be impressive to some, and if so, let them be impressed, but its effect upon others is unmistakably indicated in the overheard exclamation of a woman, neither frivolous nor cynical by nature, who said impulsively, at the story's most ecstatic moment, when David was about to drop his crutches and reveal the miracle of his new-found love and strength, "Look what stunning patch pockets Elliott Dexter has on his coat."

When everything is said, however, it must be added that Mr. De Mille is a maker of motion pictures. Whether they mean anything or not—and many of them do—they are works of cinematographic skill. In the first part of "Something to Think About," they vitalize the story, and in the latter part they serve to compensate somewhat those spectators whose boredom would otherwise be unrelieved. Also they permit the omission of many subtitles, which is especially good, because those used do not, as a rule, make one wish for more like them. Praise and blame for the authorship of the story must go to Jeanie Macpherson.

Another melodrama of the frozen north, with realistic storm and snow scenes and virile, if not always convincing, acting, and plenty of plot with interesting marionettes for characters, comes to the Capitol this week as Rex Beach's "The North Wind's Malice." Tom Santschi, Edna Murphy, Jane Thomas, Walter Abell, William H. Strauss, and Vera Gordon, the sterling Jewish mother of "Humoresque," all make their rôles real for moments, but all of them, except possibly Santschi, are too camera-conscious at times, and they are too definitely determined by the story's mechanical procedure ever to be real for long. They all suffer through the interference of a diaphanous figure called Malice, but it is hard for the spectator to be accommodating with his sympathy when he knows that the spirit will not be such a malicious Malice as to spoil everything irrevocably. There's bound to be happiness to go around in the end.

The picture was directed by Carl Harbaugh and Paul Bern.

Also on the Capitol program is an amusing Hy Mayer Travelaugh, "Such Is Life In and on the Water."

"Harriet and the Piper," with Anita Stewart, is the photoplay at the Strand and "Behold My Wife" has moved from the Rivoli to the Rialto, while "The Restless Sex" has gone from the Criterion to the Rivoli for the week.

Marguerite Namara Gives Recital.

Marguerite Namara gave a song recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, displaying a voice of often agreeable quality, marred by explosive delivery and extravagances of style. She sang a well chosen program of Italian French and Russian airs, with a local group by Hageman, Rhea Silberta, Harry Osgood and Deems Taylor.

Seidel Heard at Lexington.

Toscha Seidel, who with Harold Bauer had opened the Lexington's new Sunday night concerts a month ago, was heard alone there last evening by a moderate house in an entire program for the violin, including Bruch's D minor concerto, with pieces by Vitali, Wieniawski, Tschaikovsky and Kreisler.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mme. Pavlowa in her first program at the Manhattan tonight is to dance Paul Dukas's "La Peri," produced at Paris in 1912 and played in America four years after by the San Francisco Orchestra, and Oct. 25, 1918, by the Boston Symphony, which later brought this music to New York. Tonight's opening of the ballet is also a benefit for the Navy Club, which will have as guests of honor Admiral Henry B. Wilson and his staff from the fleet now anchored in the Hudson.

The Chicago Opera Company is starting a preliminary tour at Milwaukee, where Raisa and Martin will sing in "Cavalleria," and Marcella Craft, Lamont and Ruffo in "Pagliacci" this evening, followed tomorrow by "La Traviata," with Hempel and Rossi. The tour ends Oct. 30 at St. Paul.

The National Symphony Orchestra will give the first of its special Sunday night concerts at the Hippodrome on Nov. 21 for the benefit of the Church of Perpetual Exposition. Jan Kubelik will play one of his three violin concertos, composed since he last visited America, and Artur Bodansky will conduct.

Max Rosen, May Mukle and Leopold Godowsky will appear in a joint program at Carnegie Hall next Saturday evening, opening with the sonata in D minor, for violin and piano, by Brahms

The Board of Education Lecture Bureau has arranged a free concert by Abraham Haltovitch, Rudred Kelley and Victor Gollbert tomorrow night at the Girls' High School, Brooklyn.

Kenneth Clark and Frederick Gunther will open at Hunter College this evening a course for song leaders, such as has been offered in thirty cities by the Community Service.

Stars Welcomed at Hippodrome.

Ernestine Schumann-Heink and Eugene Ysaye, great figures of the concert stage, that holds scarce another of their former contemporaries, were warmly welcomed in joint recital at the Hippodrome last night. Mme. Schumann-Heink put 5,000 auditors in good humor at the start when she followed her first air, from Francesco Rossi's classic "Mitrane," by turning and singing an encore, "Thy Beaming Eyes," to the 500 seated on the stage. The contralto later gave LaForge's "Flanders Requiem," Pasternack's "Taps," H. T. Burleigh's setting of the negro melody "Deep River," and Lieurance's "Indian Love Song," as well as Brahms's "Lullaby," in the original, and with Mr. Ysaye's obligato the "Agnus Dei" of Bizet. The Belgian violinist was heard in his arrangements of Geminiani's sonata in D minor and Chopin's E minor "Valse," his own "Extase," Wagner's "Prize Song," and a rondino, ballade and polonaise by Vieuxtemps.

Aida and Grainger at Century.

Frances Alda, with Laurence Leonard in place of another singer, and Percy Grainger, the pianist, appeared yesterday in the first of a proposed concert series at the Century, before an audience less than the capacity of the big theatre on Central Park. Mr. Grainger played his latest arrangements of an English Morris dance, "Country Gardens"; a sailors' chanty, "One More Day," and an Irish marching tune, "Maguire's Kick," as well as pieces by Chopin, Liszt and Grieg. Mme. Alda, to her English airs by Munro and Dr. Arne, added Rachmaninoff's "Soldier's Bride," Seneca Pierce's "My Little House" and Maxwell's "The Singer," dedicated to herself, while Mr. Leonard gave the "Pagliacci" prologue and Massenet's "Vision Fugitive."

Passion Play at Union Hill.

In connection with a peace program prepared by the Rev. J. N. Griff, of the Holy Family Roman Catholic Church, Union Hill, N. J., the Passion Play was produced yesterday afternoon in the special auditorium erected for it in Jefferson Street, between Bergenline Avenue and the Hudson Boulevard.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Two new productions will be made in the theatres tonight. "Bab," a comedy with Helen Hayes in the leading role, will open at the Park, and George M. Cohan's production of "Mary," a musical piece, will be seen at the Knickerbocker.

Bert Levy, the vaudeville cartoonist, returned on the Caronia Saturday after five months in England.

"The Dauntless Three," in which Robert Warwick will return to the stage, will be produced in Atlantic City on Thursday night by the Shuberts. Mr. Warwick's supporting cast will include Estelle Winwood, Betty Lee, William Devereux, Paul Doucet, Charles Coleman, S. K. Walker, and others.

Frederick Burt and Marion Kerby have been engaged for "The Proper Spirit," in which Tom Wise will be starred.

Herbert Anstruther, a member of the London cast of "The Young Visitors," has arrived in this country to appear in the piece here. Rehearsals will soon begin.

Josie Intropidi will enter the cast of "Jim Jam Jems," at the Cort, tonight.

Madge Lessing, for many years well known here in light opera, has been engaged for the revival of "Erminie."

Emily Stevens is confined to St. Agnes's Hospital in Baltimore with a nervous breakdown. Miss Stevens's tour in "Foot-Loose" ended in Baltimore on Saturday night.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d St. & Cent. Park West. Evs. at 8 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. Next Mat. Wed. at 2—50c to $2.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400. 11 SCENES.
CENTURY PROMENADE above 62nd St. & Century Theatre. Cont. P. W. 3 Different Musical Productions Nightly.
CENTURY REVUE AT 8:30 Prices $1, $2, $3.
MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS AT 11:30 Prices $1, $2, $3, $5. Dining and Dancing 6 P. M. to 3 A. M.

WINTER GARDEN 50th & B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mat. Tomorrow
GEORGE LeMAIRE'S BROADWAY BREVITIES 1920
Eddie Cantor AND Bert Williams

ASTOR B'way at 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
LOUIS MANN
"The Unwritten Chapter"

BOOTH Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
HAPPY-GO-LUCKY
PLAYED ONE YEAR IN LONDON AS "TILLY OF BLOOMSBURY."

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:45 Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
"LADIES' NIGHT"

REPUBLIC Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
THE LADY OF THE LAMP

SHUBERT Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Evs. 8:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

PRINCESS 39th, n. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ERNEST TRUEX in BLUE BONNET

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

BELMONT W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. Phone Bryant 45.
LITTLE MISS CHARITY
BEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evenings, 8:30. MATINEES WED. & SAT. AT 2:30.
"HELD AUDIENCE BREATHLESS." —Eve. Sun.
'SPANISH LOVE'
"NOBODY CAN AFFORD TO MISS IT." —Alan Dale, American.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS AUDIENCES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.

SELWYN W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
FRANK LINNE IN TICKLE ME
A Musical Comedy

GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Phone 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
The Theatre Guild presents Pinski's comedy.
"THE TREASURE"

BIJOU Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY.
Begin-ning WEDNESDAY EVE SEATS NOW
WILLIAM A. BRADY (In association with Reandean, London) Presents
THE SKIN GAME By John Galsworthy
Produced by BASIL DEAN

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY (Personally) in Anna Ascends
48TH ST. OPPORTUNITY
with JAMES CRANE.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
The Rousing Musical Comedy Success.
PITTER PATTER

BROCK PEMBERTON presents GILDA VARESI NORMAN TREVOR
"ENTER MADAME"
FULTON THEATRE, WEST 46TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed.
THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks in Advance. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Phone 31 Bryant
MARGARET ANGLIN
in "THE WOMAN OF BRONZE"

SHUBERT-RIVIERA Evs. 8:15. Mts. Thrs. & Sat.
GRACE GEORGE in "THE RUINED LADY"

Owing to the Enormous Success
And the need of greater seating capacity, Max Marcin's comedy,
THREE LIVE GHOSTS
Moves to the Nora Bayes Thea. Tonight
NOTE:—Seats purchased for the Greenwich Village Theatre for this attraction will be exchanged at the Nora Bayes box office.

My Dear Miss Young:
Let me congratulate you upon one of the greatest and most vividly beautiful performances I have ever seen. All success to you.
(Signed) RACHEL CROTHERS.

THE OUTRAGEOUS
MRS. PALMER GREAT PLAY! GREAT ACTING! AND A WONDERFUL CAST
with MARY YOUNG
39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8:30 MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30.

LYRIC THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
NO SLUMP HERE!
Audiences Delighted with This Season's Latest Musical Comedy Sensation!
EDWARD ROYCE'S PRODUCTION
KISSING TIME
WITH WILLIAM NORRIS AND EDITH TALIAFERRO
"Abounds with pretty songs—in fact, 'Kissing Time' has everything." —Alan Dale.

"A play more agreeable and more entertaining than any of those produced in New York this season."—Alexander Woollcott in The Times.
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WILLIAM HODGE
"HOLDS HIS AUDIENCE IN THE HOLLOW OF HIS HAND"
in "THE GUEST OF HONOR" AT THE BROADHURST Laurence Reamer, Sun-Herald. Thea., 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thrs. & Sat.

FLORENCE REED in Edgar Selwyn's play "THE MIRAGE" at the new TIMES SQ. Theatre, West 42d St., is the best cast and most beautifully staged and gowned production in New York. The pronounced success of the season. : : : : : :
Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 21.
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"Call the Doctor"
By Jean Archibald.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
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LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
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DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE "THE GOLD DIGGERS." By Anne Nichols.

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Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2:30.
BAB
With HELEN HAYES
And A Brilliant Cast.

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WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY

PUNCH & JUDY W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Friday Orch. Seats $1
ALAN BROOKS "WINS" "BECAUSE" —World. OF HELEN"

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

CORT West 48th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
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THIS WEEK ONLY
PAVLOWA
THE INCOMPARABLE AND HER BALLET RUSSE
(Daily Change of Programme.)
Tonight at 8:15 (Benefit Manhattan Navy Club). Prices $1.50 to $5. Ballets: "Amarilla," "La Peri," (New Dance Poem by Paul Dukas); Divertissements: "The Swan" and "Syrian Dance" (New); all with Mlle. Pavlowa, and five other divertissements.
Theodore Stier, Conductor.
7 OTHER PERFORMANCES
Tues. Night. Marie Glenova (American Debut) in Ballet from "Thais" (First Time Here). Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Volinine in "Snow-flakes," and 7 Divertissements.
Wed. Mat. Same Programme as Tues.
Wed. Night. "Thais" Ballet and "Autumn Leaves" (New Choreographic Poem by Mlle. Pavlowa) and 7 Divertissements.
Thursday Night (New), "Egyptian Ballet" (5th) Mlle. Olenova and M. Shevitta, "Che-Bolsinana," with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Volinine, and (New) "Mexican Folk Dances," with Mlle. Pavlowa; 6 Divertissements.
Fri. Night. "Giselle" (Two Acts) Benefit Campfire Girls, with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Volinine, and 6 Divertissements.
Sat. Mat. Same as Thurs.
Sat. Night to be announced.
Prices $1 to $3.

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MARY
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PRODUCTION OF
The Meanest Man In the World
Mr. COHAN in the title role.

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THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond

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FRED STONE "TIP-TOP" "CHEERIO" in
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A COMIC TRAGEDY OF MARRIED LIFE

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PIANIST—AMERICAN DEBUT
Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau, Mason & Hamlin)
CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Oct. 23, 2:30
EDWARD JOHNSON
TENOR, Chicago Opera Co. (Mason & Hamlin)
AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON AT 3.
OTTILIE SCHILLIG
SONG RECITAL. (STEINWAY PIANO)
AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT, 8:15.
RUTH CLUG
DEBUT PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway)
Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Oct. 20, at 3.
BORIS PARANOV
PIANO RECITAL. (MASON & HAMLIN)

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PIANO RECITAL BY ALFRED
Mirovitch
RUSSIAN PIANO VIRTUOSO
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Laurence Leonard
Command V. Boy, Accompanist
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

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ANITA STEWART IN HER LATEST AND BEST PICTURE "HARRIET and the PIPER"
FROM THE FAMOUS NOVEL by KATHLEEN NORRIS
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The D. W. GRIFFITH Masterpiece
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PRICES Evgs. (and Sat. & Sun. Mats.) 50c to $2. All other mats. 25c to $1.50

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Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
"MADAME X" with Pauline Frederick.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow Afternoon at 3. Piano Recital by
JOHN DUKE
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steff Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Oct. 23, at 3. Piano Recital by OLIVER
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Tickets $2.00 to 50c at Box Offices.

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—"WAY DOWN EAST" at the 44TH ST. THEATRE, today and every day, at 2:15 and 8:15. Prices (Evenings and Sat. and Sun. Mats.), 50c to $2. All other matinees, 25c to $1.50.

And—
here we are again!
This time we hope the landlord will let us stay a while, so that the thousands of friends we have made won't have to read the advs. to find out where we are located. We are very flattered at the way they have followed
OVER THE HILL
from theatre to theatre in ever-increasing crowds, so that we have to turn away more good folk each night. Now we have a larger home for "the story of love-divine," and we invite you to come and laugh with us, cry with us, and through your smiles and your tears feel the poignant, wistful, tender, powerful appeal of the "wonderful thing" that William Fox has made from Will Carleton's poems, directed by Harry Millarde.
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No neighborhood motion picture theatre will show Over the Hill during 1920, 1921 or 1922.

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CONTINUOUS NOON TO 11:30 P. M.
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JESSE L. LASKY Presents
CECIL B. DeMILLE'S
Production by JEANIE MacPHERSON
"Something to Think About"
with Gloria Swanson, Theodore Roberts, Elliott Dexter, Monte Blue
RIVOLI B'way at 49th St. "THE RESTLESS SEX" With MARION DAVIES. RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA.
RIALTO Times Square GEO. MELFORD Production "BEHOLD MY WIFE!" IN AN ICBA. Russian Songs and Dances. ARTICO GRIEG CONCERTO. FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

AN OPEN LETTER FROM MR. DANIEL FROHMAN

F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest,
Century Theatre, New York.

My Dear Morris Gest:
May I add my tribute of appreciation for your remarkable achievement in the production of "Mecca"? As an older manager than yourself, my memory covers a long period of past representations in this city of spectacle and colorful drama that for novel effect and striking beauty used to startle the town. But nothing in the past has ever equalled the splendor of your present production, either in color or in acting, or for the gorgeous, brilliant and quick succession of massive and artistic scenic effects. The Bacchanalian revel and its climax is alone a magnificent vision, reminding one at its close of the great French artist, Gustav Dore's famous Biblical cartoon of the human aftermath following the Flood. And all this so recklessly regardless of expense. My heartiest congratulations to you.
Yours Very Sincerely,
(Signed) DANIEL FROHMAN.

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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FOR HONEST POLITICS.

On Friday last was published a list of thirty-one Republicans who, after a severe mental struggle, had decided that they could vote the Republican ticket this year. Today is printed a much longer list of Republicans who have decided that they cannot. It is not necessary to make a comparison of the two sets of names. The second list, it is obvious, stands for something positive. The first was of the nature of merely negative proof. That is to say, Mr. HUGHES, Mr. ROOT and the others stated that they could not find sufficient reason for abandoning the party of their lifelong allegiance. This is good as far as it goes; but when Republicans of equal ability and of at least equal conscientiousness sign a public statement that the course of the Republican candidate for the Presidency has compelled them to quit the party for this election, it is plain that their action has the greater political significance. The reason is implied in the saying that knowledge, however limited, must always be more weighty than ignorance, however extensive. The thirty-one Republicans do not know why they should give up HARDING. But the bolting Republicans do know.

Even Senator HARDING himself begins to appear to know. At least, he knows that he must do something to head off, if possible, the revolt of Republicans in the East. Accordingly, he proceeded in Indiana to swallow the words which he had uttered in Iowa. Having declared in the latter State that he wants nothing but the outright and entire "rejection" of the League, he announced in the former that he was in entire agreement with the illustrious thirty-one that the League, when safeguarded, is the very thing this country wants and must have. And then, as if dimly aware how this confusing of black and white would strike his hearers and readers, Senator HARDING added, fatuously: "There is no inconsistency involved." But at any rate there is intellectual degradation involved. There is involved an insult to the intelligence of his fellow-citizens.

On this point the thing has long since passed out of all uncertainty. The feeling about HARDING'S extraordinary performances in cheerfully holding and preaching directly opposite opinions can now be observed on all sides. Some laugh. Others are chagrined. All wonder what he will do next. We have never had a Presidential candidate who so complacently advertised himself as a lightning-change artist. If SOCRATES were able to set what HARDING said at Des Moines over against what he said at Indianapolis, he would repeat: "Verily, GLAUCON, "glorious is the power of the art of "contradiction!"

There may be admiration for a man who, in some walks of life, can "on "either side dispute, confute, change "hands, and still confute." But it is certain that the people do not praise such word-juggling skill in one who aspires to be President. And what Senator HARDING is doing is to force the question whether American politics will tolerate mental dishonesty when once fully exposed. The Republicans who in such ominous numbers are bolting their party want that question answered. They are really working in the cause of political morality as well as in that of the League of Nations.

Certain other Republicans ought now to be heard from. What do BORAH and JOHNSON think of Senator HARDING'S latest shift? They know, if he does not, that he has been guilty of the most glaring and shameless inconsistency. And it is an inconsistency which they might feel justified in considering a personal betrayal. It must be clear to them that, sooner or later, they and their opponents within the Republican Party will have to fight for the possession of HARDING'S soul. Why postpone it until after the election? He would yield to them now if they only blustered enough and swung a big enough bludgeon over his head. Let us find out who is HARDING'S master, today and for the future. That, too, would be in the interest of honest politics.

AN INDEPENDENT GOVERNOR.

When ALFRED E. SMITH was running for Governor in 1918, about the only "charge" against him that his opponents could make was a prophecy. He was a Tammany man. Therefore he would be a Tammany Governor, a puppet of the gods of East Fourteenth Street. From the moment of his induction into office he has shown a steady, rugged independence in judgment, character, action. He has listened patiently to opinion and advice from many sources. No Governor of New York has known State affairs more intimately and thoroughly. No Governor of New York, not even Mr. ROOSEVELT, has had a closer contact with the various elements of its population or a keener and more sympathetic interest in State problems and the advancement of the public good.

By his readiness to hear all sides, his constant sincerity, open-mindedness, fairness, his imperviousness to partisan motive in his public action, by his conscientiousness and integrity, his inborn zeal for social welfare and humane and progressive measures, he has won the respect, the confidence and the support of a great body of men and women who share in his generous aims, who know his fitness for his post, his independence in it of party considerations.

What has the election of a President to do with the election of a Governor? Whoever is elected President, why shouldn't this State keep in office its competent, experienced Governor?

Not merely independents, but Republicans in swarms are taking this sensible, patriotic, non-partisan view. Governor SMITH'S proposals for the reconstruction of the State Government, imperative if economy and efficiency of administration are worth having, are absolutely non-partisan. They were reported by a non-partisan commission. They were good enough for Judge MILLER before his candidating days. They are of themselves more than reason enough to range on Governor SMITH'S side the moderate, progressive, thoughtful Republican women and men who, amid all this factitious, passionate, partisan hullabaloo, distinguish the local from the national and refuse to give up good government at Albany because they want a change of administration at Washington.

Young Republican voters, in particular, are attracted by Governor SMITH'S victory over iron fortune, his rise to honor from humble beginnings, his worthy use of power won by his own courage, industry and ability, his popular qualities, his plainness of speech and his straightforwardness of action, his ingrained energy, honesty and independence. He has multitudes of friends, and he needs them all. If New York doesn't re-elect this independent and non-partisan Governor, whose personality is as engaging as his public acts are strong, political independence, non-partisanship in local elections, good government will suffer a notable defeat; perhaps a long discouragement and weakness.

BANKS AND FARMERS.

Agriculture is our greatest interest. It is entitled to all consideration within reason. A representative conference of farmers and planters at Washington put themselves in a false position by going there and did not help their case by what they said and did there. There is no money at Washington to be lent to anybody, on any terms. The farming interest led the movement for the decentralization of banking and for the distribution of its functions throughout the country. Whatever the farmers want can be obtained only from their neighborhood banks. But they went to Washington after their own banks had exhausted their resources in helping them and had remonstrated against their excessive demands. The language which Secretary HOUSTON used in refusing what was asked is moderate compared with what can be quoted from officers of country banks small and remote. Yet it is proposed that 10,000 farmers shall picket the Capitol to coerce the Government into issuing a national loan to help agricultural interests.

Farming of whatever sort is a once-a-year business. Traders and manufacturers turn their money over monthly, weekly, or even daily. Yet they expect a credit of months. Farmers require longer credits, corresponding to their longer trade period. But banks cannot give even farmers indefinite credit. Even the farmers ought to see the reason why there must be a time limit to bank credits. Farmers are depositors as well as borrowers. What farmer would agree that his checks should be payable when cotton was worth 40 cents? Cotton loans may be unquestionably "good," sure to protect any bank loan at some time. But they are not good to the banks facing daily demands from their creditors, the farmers themselves, unless they can be cashed as quickly as the farmers' checks. It was a benighted banking period when our currency was based on national bonds readily salable at short notice. But it was necessary to abandon banking on bonds, and it never will be possible to allow banking on farm products at any price not forthwith obtainable.

Secretary HOUSTON assured the farmers, what he has said several times, that there has been no contraction of loans. For the first six months of 1920 the rediscounts were $38,431,408,280, against $39,752,933,847 for the full year 1918. There is no precedent for such leaps and bounds in credit increases. That the farming interests got their share is disclosed by an analysis by GEORGE E. ROBERTS of bank loans between thirty-two Middle Western cities and thirty-one Eastern cities. The West le: the East $55,281,354, but the East lent the West $310,517,747. The Controller of the Currency has published a statement that the banks of the country, exclusive of the Federal Reserve banks, had resources of $53,079,108,000, "exceeding the combined "bank assets of all other leading na-"tions of the world." We have seen larger figures for several countries, but they were not on a gold basis. The national banks, much closer to the agricultural class than the Federal Reserve banks, are so generous with their resources that they are lending more than their depositors place with them. There is nothing necessarily dangerous about that, nor is it very unusual, but it is a complete answer to the charge that credit has been artificially tightened up.

VERY INFORMAL.

Senator HARDING let the information ooze out on Saturday that a "spokesman" of France had been "informally" consulting him about the new association of nations which he intends to form. It must have been, indeed, a highly informal consultation. The French Government does not officially confer with private persons in regard to the foreign policy of the United States. And any private person who should attempt to negotiate directly with the French Government concerning that policy would be liable to prosecution under the laws of the United States. So that it is a fair inference that the spokesman of France who talked with Senator HARDING was a volunteer gentleman, who snapped his fingers at TALLEYRAND'S advice: "Above all, don't be too zealous."

PROPOSING NEW TAXES.

Few prefer to endure the taxes they pay rather than to fly to others that they know not of. Four thousand business men have just been polled on taxation, and 2,641 said they regarded tax reform as more important than the League of Nations. Almost as many voted for a tax on gross sales in place of the excess profits tax. Perhaps if a gross sales tax had just been paid, the vote might have favored a tax on profits instead. Profits at least provide the means to pay the tax, while a tax on business done might be exacted although there were no profits. Furthermore, there is no certainty that the gross sales tax would bring in the money needed by the Treasury. That has just been France's experience. The September returns from the new French tax on the total turnover of all business was 292,000,000 francs, instead of the 700,000,000 expected. If the results are similar for the whole year, there will be a deficit of 5,000,000,000 francs in the budget.

This French experience is worth noting by the business men who are proposing to form this week an organization in favor of the gross sales tax. What the taxpayers really want is lower taxes. A truly popular tax, one with no faults, has not yet been devised. But it is also true that seldom has there been a tax with more faults and less popularity than the excess profits tax. So many think that there can be no worse tax that there is a general readiness to try any other tax, with little fear of subsequent disillusionment. The National Industrial Tax Conference soon to meet can scarcely fail to reflect the popularity of the gross sales tax among economists as well as among taxpayers; yet we shall do well to watch the experiment in France.

NEW BALTIC ALIGNMENTS.

The Poles and Finns seem to have concluded some sort of alliance, doubtless inspired by the fear that when or if the Bolsheviki finish with WRANGEL and get their railroads into better order they will turn their attention once more to their neighbors. This fear may not be directed toward the Bolsheviki alone; anti-Bolshevist Russians have so steadfastly refused, from KERENSKY'S day down to the present, to recognize any disannexations except in the cases of Finland and of "ethnographic" Poland that a revolution which turned out the Bolsheviki might be the prelude to new troubles on the border.

The Letts, whose relations with the Poles have been friendly of late, are likely to be let into the new league; as to Esthonia there is more doubt, but even in Esthonia the fear of the powerful neighbor is still alive. Then there is the half-organized State of White Russia, a buffer between Russia and the northeastern frontier of Poland. The Poles would like to control it; so would the Russians. PILSUDSKI'S campaign of last Spring had as its object the creation of a row of buffer States, taking their foreign policies from Warsaw. The Poles have had to abandon PETLURA and his Ukrainians, but PETLURA is a person very hard to dispose of, and the Poles may hope that something will turn up on their southeastern frontier.

The sore spot in any league in this part of Europe is Lithuania. Whether Poland could have made a friend of Lithuania in any case is somewhat doubtful, but General ZELIGOUSKI'S seizure of Vilna probably destroyed whatever chance there may have been. A commission of the League of Nations is now investigating on the spot, and Mr. PADEREWSKI is on his way from Paris to Warsaw to tell his countrymen that this little episode has not been well received in Western Europe. ZELIGOUSKI'S personality is unknown on this side of the Atlantic; but he seems to be without D'ANNUNZIO'S excuse of the poetic temperament. Unless the Poles get him out of Vilna somehow and leave their dispute with Lithuania to the adjudication of the League, they will have a perennial enemy in a quarter where they could use an ally or a benevolent neutral to great advantage. Poland is a good deal smaller than Russia; all these border States together are a good deal smaller than Russia. United they may be able to preserve their independence; the defection of Lithuania would seriously affect their strategic strength.

CONFESSION AND DEFECTION.

On Oct. 4 The Rocky Mountain News of Denver, earnestly but sagaciously Republican, liberated its soul in regard to Senator BORAH and the bitter-enders and League smashers:

> Among sincere Republicans the conviction will grow that the defection of Senator BORAH from the national campaign of his party is not an unmixed evil. Many patriotic citizens, lovers of their country and of humanity, were in doubt as to their duty on Election Day while it appeared probable that the Presidential candidate was under the influence of an element pledged to oppose the League of Nations or a league of nations. Today they have taken courage due to the conduct of BORAH.

As was made manifest by Senator HARDING at Des Moines on Oct. 7, he had defected from the League of Nations, flatly rejected it, surrendered to the Borahites and Johnsonites. "Many "patriotic citizens, lovers of their "country and of humanity," lost their doubt as to their Election Day duty after the defection of Mr. HARDING.

At any rate, honest confession is good for the soul in Colorado or anywhere else.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Typical Piece of Illogic.

"Daylight saving" ends Oct. 31," is the statement printed by The Sun as the conclusion of a short article, prominently printed and apparently intended to create or confirm antagonism to a law under which the health and happiness of a large majority of the people in this city and State have been increased appreciably all through the warmer months of several years.

Why The Sun should want to do this is a mystery not at all decreased by the short article, for that merely shows that, as a result of a too rigid regulation, our street lights were extinguished Saturday sooner than they should have been on a foggy morning. As an argument against daylight saving that is quite as good as any hitherto made by its enemies. One would suppose, however, that almost anybody would have sense enough to see its utter irrelevance; to see that the remedy for the grievance thus exploited—and exaggerated—is not the abandonment of a widely beneficent adjustment of clocks to the seasons, but a change in the regulation as to putting out street lights that would take account of weather conditions as well as of the calendar.

Surely it wouldn't take the combined efforts of a greater number of intellectual giants than Mayor HYLAN could set at work on the problem to prevent a repetition of the inconvenience which some particularly early rising—or late retiring—journalist must have suffered Saturday morning.

Incidentally, in the interests of truth and accuracy, it should be noted that "daylight saving" does not end on Oct. 31. It only ceases then for this year—which is different.

Candidates Are Like That.

It is a cause for sorrow, but it hardly can be called a cause for surprise, that Judge MILLER, in making a speech to the farmers up in Chenango County last week, discussed the daylight-saving question in a way that won their approval. It is possible to believe, though almost impossible to understand, that the Republican candidate for the great office of Governor shares the fierce hatred of daylight saving which, as he well knows, is felt by dairymen, market gardeners and by some, though by no means all, farmers. It is a fact, however, that what Judge MILLER said in Norwich permitted his hearers to infer that he was with them on this subject, rather than promised to exercise his power, if elected, in helping them to have their way as against the way of at least a hundred times as many other people living in unlike conditions and with unlike interests.

"I don't have to talk to you about the daylight-saving law," said he. "You are going to take care of that without my saying anything to you about it."

A wisely cautious declaration, that. It pleased and flattered the Chenango County dairymen without putting the candidate definitely on record as against daylight saving. To have done that might have been inconvenient and even dangerous later, when he was addressing audiences composed of voters who would bitterly resent the loss for their own uses of the sunlit hour they have learned to hold a precious boom.

That daylight saving has joys for everybody is not true and is not claimed. What is true and what is claimed, beyond the chance of reasonable dispute, is that daylight saving is advantageous to a vastly greater number of people than the number of people for whom it is more or less disadvantageous. That it really and seriously hurts anybody has never been proved.

Returning Stolen Property.

It has been suggested that THE TIMES went too far when it declared that he who brings back stolen property is either the thief or an agent of the thief and equally guilty. As a matter of fact, THE TIMES did not say exactly that; it only said that in cases like the one under consideration—cases in which a large reward has been offered and a promise has been made to ask no questions—the return of the stolen property carried the implications mentioned.

Even that was not quite true. The statement should have been qualified by admitting the possible honesty, even then, of him who returns the stolen property. There would have been, however, hardly the possibility of inaccuracy in saying that if such property were returned by an innocent possessor he would not avail himself of the promised immunity from questioning, or that, rather, without waiting for inquiries, he would explain in careful detail how the property came to be in his hands and so do what he could to facilitate the capture and punishment of the thief.

Valid excuses for not doing this are conceivable, but they would exist very, very rarely. Perhaps never would there be a justification for not offering, unasked, the excuse, whatever it was, in order that its validity might be judged. Thus modified, the original conclusion would be sound and the moral objection to the course of him who promises to ask no questions and keeps the promise—is not to be disputed effectively.

Interesting, but Not Alarming.

If it is true, as reported in a dispatch from Berlin, that German chemists have found out how to make large crystals of pure carbon—to make diamonds, that is—things decidedly exciting are going to happen in the markets where that gem is sold.

Like reports have been made several times before, however, and we all remember that though the German chemists often were credited, while the war was on, with having made substitutes for dozens and dozens of valuable things, not one of these substitutes proved to be really satisfactory.

As for the artificial production of diamonds, that was accomplished long ago, but the diamonds hitherto produced, though genuine, were too small to be of any use or value, and they were enormously expensive. That a better method has been discovered is not improbable; that the cost of manufacture has been brought within the realm of commercial practicability is not impossible.

The only thing to do is to wait and see; but neither hopes nor fears should be, as yet, much larger than are the diamonds that anybody can make in any well-equipped metallurgical laboratory.

PRO-LEAGUE REPUBLICANS.

Their Votes May Decide the Fate of the Great Cause.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many Republican friends of the League are continuing to assure themselves and one another that the election of Mr. Harding and a Republican Senate will result in the early joining of the League by America, possibly after slight changes in the covenant. It behooves these Republicans to give this matter more than passing thought, for it is they who will now decide the fate of the League. Uninfluenced by Mr. Taft and his eminent associates, they should refuse to cast a Republican vote unless convinced by unmistakable guarantees that such a vote is a vote for the League.

Why should any League advocate accept vagueness for definiteness and follow a party leader who refuses to indicate his course in intelligible language? These gentlemen, desiring the success of the League, ask the American people to vote against those who are pledged for it and for those who openly denounce it. They advise a vote for Mr. Harding, who states that he will oppose going into the existing League and who has no alternative to offer. They advise a vote for Republican candidates for the Senate, most of whom are against any league, present or revised. If it were offered by men of less prominence and in a campaign where falsehood and hypocrisy were not commonplace, such an appeal would be laughed at.

Mr. Harding is supported by Johnson, Borah, Brandegee, Moses, Hearst and other "no-League" leaders. If Mr. Taft and his associates can "deliver the goods," as against these leaders (waiving entirely the matter of ethics), what proof have they to show? Will some giant intellect among them explain what is to prevent Republican officials—if elected—from assuming that the American people meant what they voted for—to stay out of this League or any other league? Will they explain why the Democratic minority of more than one-third the Senate should not assume the same thing (as Mr. Johnson and about a dozen Republican Senators surely will), and obey the mandate of the American people by killing Mr. Harding's revised league, or his "association," if anything so ethereal should ever materialize?

There are enough voters who favor the League to insure America's joining it if they speak together the only language known to politicians and office-holders—votes for those who are for it in black and white, signed and sealed. Votes against those who are against it or who "pussyfoot." Let them demand the proof.

DANA W. ROBBINS.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1920.

Americans in Haiti.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

About eight years ago I was in Haiti on a riding trip in the interior of the island. I recall how the French priests who were our hosts all testified to the honesty and peaceableness of the people, and I recall in particular the words of one priest who said that you could drive a donkey laden with gold from one end of the island to the other in perfect safety.

It would be interesting to learn why so many bandits have developed in Haiti since the American occupation. Is it possible that the term bandit has become confused with the term nationalist?

ELSIE CLEWS PARSONS.

Harrison, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1920.

AUTUMNAL.

I look about me on the faded hillsides
And brown fields lately swept of golden grain—
I hear the soft-winged partridge sweetly calling
From out the leafless border of the lane.
Beyond the earth a touch of sunlight lingers,
Tinting the skies like dainty buds in May—
Beyond the little world that knows not yearning
Alone I watch the passing of the day.
Ah, it is sweet—where Autumn leaves have fallen,
Whilst radiant sunbeams light the distant West—
To cast one down in Nature's sweet seclusion,
To spend an hour in solitude and rest.
Yet as I linger, wrapped in wonder-dreaming,
Forgetful that the hours have longer grown,
The chilling twilight creeps along the meadow
And far away I see the lights of home.

ANNA S. HARLAN.

BLIND VOTING.

An Election Involving Serious Responsibilities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Do those who purpose at the coming election to vote for the Republican candidate realize the grave moral responsibility with which their action is charged? It is said that there are those who in all sincerity disbelieve in the benefits of the League of Nations. In their case the moral responsibility, therefore, consists in voting against it—if so be they have conscientiously weighed all the arguments for and against it and still remain of their opinion.

But that very much larger class, however, who are voting for a change of Administration irrespective of the moral principles involved, who are voting because of hatred of Woodrow Wilson and what they condemn in him and his policies, who are voting because of inbred partisanship, or for any minor causes—do these people realize that the moral responsibility of the American citizen for self-government is to the fore in this election in a manner and degree never so gravely since the days of our civil war? The man or woman who votes blindly this year, or influenced by any prejudice whatsoever, is unworthy of the privilege of the ballot.

There is another class, and unfortunately it is a class whose action will go far to discredit the faith an American should hold in the political morality of the country, if it votes this year for Senator Harding. In this class are men like ex-President Taft, Mr. Wickersham, Mr. Hoover, Mr. Hughes and many others whose names have been accepted as among those of the leaders of the Republican Party. It is to the decision of these men who at first advocated the League of Nations, with or without qualifying reservations, who have in the most positive and earnest terms so expressed their advocacy, and who are now hedging and trimming and denying, although they know that the election of their candidate will without peradventure scrap the League, that the eyes of all Americans jealous of the righteousness of the ballot are turned. For if these men and others like them, in greater or less degree prominent in our political life, can forego their own earnestly expressed convictions for purely partisan advantage, then, indeed, has the respect of the American electorate for the honor of the ballot been dealt a deadly blow. If these men in such a cause may be false to their convictions repeatedly expressed and now in one way or another being as publicly denied, political morality in America has become a thing of shreds and patches.

Do they pause to think of this, these men eminent in the counsels of the nation? Is it conceivable that they should lend themselves in the ultimate recourse to the most discreditable campaign of misrepresentation and unworthy motive that has ever been waged in our political history? If so, then in the old time-honored phrase to which man resorts in his despair, "God help America."

ROBERT ADGER BOWEN.

New York, Oct. 11, 1920.

Counting on Harding's Changes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In his Des Moines speech Mr. Harding came out squarely against the League of Nations. No League, either with or without "reservations" and "interpretations," for him. On that stand he makes his appeal to the voters.

Now, if he is elected on that stand, do Mr. Taft, Mr. Hoover, Mr. Wickersham and all those who favor the League and yet support him expect he will reverse himself and betray the will of the people as thus expressed at the polls?

Let all those who favor the League decide whether it is safer to trust the candidate who is avowedly in favor of the League or the one avowedly opposed to it.

RICHARD F. WOODWARD.

Richmond, S. I., Oct. 11, 1920.

The Republican Independents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I not appeal, through you, to independent Republicans to throw off the yoke of Penrose and his Senatorial associates, including Senator Harding? They will feel as good as Mr. Parsons, Mr. Holt and other Republicans must feel now that they have cast off the yoke and as so many of us Democrats felt upon the successive defeats of Bryan and the victory of Hughes over Hearst. They should no longer deceive themselves with the idea that a Republican Senate and Senatorial President will accept even the policy underlying the League of Nations.

ROBERT GIBSON, JR.

New York, Oct. 11, 1920.

Walker for the Senate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That was a splendid editorial article in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Oct. 15 on the merits of Lieutenant Governor Harry C. Walker, Democratic candidate for United States Senator from New York. Your appreciation is so just that I am urged to add just a few lines to your eulogy for the guidance of voters.

Mr. Walker is a native of this State, having been born in Binghamton. He has been a consistent advocate of universal suffrage and he has been Municipal Service Commissioner, Mayor of his native city, President of the State Fair Commission, and as Lieutenant Governor of New York he has presided with dignity and fairness to all parties over a Republican Senate.

Mr. Walker supports the Democratic platform adopted at San Francisco and stands for progressive construction as against reactionary obstruction. To make future wars impossible, Mr. Walker believes in a League of Nations with firm allegiance to the Constitution and all the fundamental traditions and principles of American government. If the people of New York want a straightforward American as Senator at Washington, a patriot and a wise counselor, they will vote for Lieutenant Governor Walker, and I believe they will.

FRANK M. ARCHER.

New York, Oct. 18, 1920.

The Compromise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Borah, in answer to a query by THE TIMES correspondent as to the possibility of an after-election reconciliation of the Republicans' diffidence in regard to the League, replied in effect that the size of Harding's majority would effectually reconcile the difference—in Mr. Borah's favor.

This is a dramatic expression of a very important truth—that as the number of persons who follow the eminent Republican Leaguers into the Harding camp increases, the influence of said eminent Leaguers in procuring our adhesion to the League on any terms will diminish. For an overwhelming Harding majority will most assuredly (though doubtless wrongly) be construed as evidence that the people do not want the League.

ARTHUR MINOT REED.

Cambridge, Oct. 16, 1920.

Something Lacking.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is a mistake to suppose that this Presidential campaign is not distinguished by anything which will cause it to stand out in history. It is, and the thing is that no one yet has come forward and claimed to be the original Harding or the original Cox man. When we reflect on this it makes us rather hopeful for our country after all.

EDWARD B. HARDY.

New York, Oct. 15, 1920.

TOKIO COVENTION ENDS.

Emperor Sends Message of Good Will to Sunday School Congress.

TOKIO, Oct. 14 (Associated Press).—A solemn benediction brought to a close the world's Sunday School Convention, following a meeting which was featured by many remarkable incidents. Near the close of the convention a message was received from the Emperor of Japan. It voiced the monarch's gratification that the convention had assembled "for the great purpose of establishing peace in the world and promoting the happiness of mankind."

Delegates from the Orient and from European and American countries expressed themselves as satisfied that the convention would contribute in no small measure to the advancement of the principles of humanity throughout the world. Resolutions were adopted expressing joy over the establishment of prohibition in the United States, and urging the world's Sunday schools to teach temperance. A stronger international battle against the opium traffic, which seems to be increasing, was also urged. A special collection will be taken in Sunday schools throughout the world for relief work in sections of China which are famine stricken, and also for the assistance of the 13,000,000 destitute children in Europe. Motions adopted declared that women should exercise the right of voting for the protection of their own rights and for the service of childhood.

Just before adjournment was taken greetings from Warren G. Harding and James M. Cox, American Presidential candidates, were read.

James W. Kinnear of Pittsburgh was elected Chairman of the Executive Committee, and the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown of New York was named General Secretary. The convention did not fix the place for the next meeting, and it is understood the choice lies between Glasgow, Rio de Janeiro and Athens.

Dr. Brown said today that the convention had been a great success and had given an impetus to Christianity in Japan. A review of press comments shows that newspapers here lay emphasis on the opportunity of the delegates to tell the truth about Japan to the Western nations, especially America.

CHAPMAN TABLET UNVEILED.

Famous Evangelist Eulogized in Fourth Presbyterian Church.

A bronze memorial tablet to the Rev. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, evangelist, was unveiled yesterday morning in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Avenue and Ninety-first Street. Dr. Chapman was pastor there from 1899 to 1902, resigning to devote the rest of his life to worldwide evangelism. He died Christmas Day, 1918.

The dedication sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Samuel S. Palmer of Columbus, Ohio, Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. The presiding officer was the Rev. Dr. Edgar Whitaker Work, pastor of Fourth Church, who has just returned to his pulpit after an illness of almost a year.

The unveiling was performed by J. Wilbur Chapman, 3d, five-year-old grandson of the evangelist. His father, J. Wilbur Chapman, Jr., is in Mexico, but all the other immediate family were present. They are: Mrs. Mabel Moulton Chapman, widow of the distinguished clergyman; Mrs. Bertha Chapman Goodson, elder daughter, with her two children; Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Linder, son-in-law and daughter of Dr. Chapman; Mrs. J. Wilbur Chapman, Jr., his daughter-in-law; Mrs. Dubois and son of Springfield, Mass. Mrs. Dubois is a sister of Dr. Chapman. Mrs. Goodson sang a solo, "One Day," the words of which were written by her father.

Dr. Palmer eulogized Dr. Chapman and said more preachers like him were needed in this day, "when men are making light of sin."

"Love cannot die," said Dr. Palmer. "Love has never stopped at the grave." He quoted a skeptic who said, "I never can doubt immortality, however, when I think of my mother." And Dr. Palmer asked, "Who can?"

Other clergymen who took part in the dedication were the Rev. Dr. Harlan G. Mendenhall, Moderator of the Presbytery of New York; the Rev. Dr. Ford C. Ottman, who is the biographer of Dr. Chapman; the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Smith, Superintendent of the Evangelistic Committee of New York City; the Rev. Maurice S. White, assistant pastor of Fourth Church.

Dr. Mendenhall said Dr. Chapman "had a burning passion for the reunion of Christendom." On the tablet is this inscription:

In Loving Memory of
Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D.D., LL.D.
1859—1918.
Pastor of this Church 1899-1902.
An evangelist of worldwide renown, Moderator of the General Assembly 1917-18. Entered into rest Christmas Day, 1918.
A heart aflame with love of his Lord, a mind richly stored with the learning of the Word, a tongue inspired by the spiritual eloquence of the truth, a voice full of all tenderness and persuasive pleading, a hand ever open to the needs of men, he preached the Gospel in the world for thirty-six years, bringing many sons to glory.
"He that is wise winneth souls."
—Proverbs xi., 30.

FIX NATIONAL GUARD UNITS.

Minimum Strength of Companies Must Be 65 After July 1, 1921.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Under a War Department decision announced today the minimum strength at which National Guard infantry companies may be maintained after July 1, 1921, is 65 active enlisted men. Recruits may be enlisted up to the day on which National Guard organizations have their home stations for their annual field training.

In order to facilitate the reorganization of the National Guard, companies and corresponding units will be recognized up to July 1, 1921, with a minimum strength of 50 active enlisted men. After next July 1, when the peace strength is greater than 65, the guard organizations may be maintained at 65 active enlisted men and such number of reserves as will equal or exceed the minimum peace strength for similar units of the regular army.

The department's announcement said that every effort should be made to encourage the maintenance of guard units at the peace strength prescribed for the regular army, approximately 100 men.

PRINCETON ENROLLS 1,917.

Registration at University This Year Largest in Its History.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 17.—Figures given out at Princeton University this afternoon indicate that the university has the largest registration in its history. The total enrollment is 1,917, or 67 above last year's registration.

The freshman class is credited with the greatest number in attendance, 447. In the three upper classes there are 70 men from foreign colleges and universities. Among these foreign institutions of learning are the Imperial University of Tokio, the Gakushuyen University, Tokio; Silliman College, Philippines, and Lycée Gay, Lussac, France.

Yorktown, with six men, leads in qualified students, followed by Colgate, Cornell, Dartmouth, Pennsylvania and Washington and Jefferson, with five each.

BARNETT MODIFIES HAITIAN STATEMENT

Did Not Mean to Indicate That Killing of Natives Was Promiscuous.

LETTER MISINTERPRETED

Marines' Commandant Says Very Small Part of Corps Was Concerned in Slayings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Brig.-Gen. George Barnett, former Commandant of the Marine Corps, who has been recalled to Washington to testify regarding Haitian conditions under marine administration of the republic in a signed statement made public tonight, asserts that to a certain extent his official letter of Sept. 27, in which he used the expression "indiscriminate killings of natives," has been misinterpreted.

The Barnett statement, which was prepared at the request of Secretary Daniels, reads:

"I have consistently refrained from giving out any information and from granting any interviews on the Haitian situation. Any action taken by me as the Commandant of the corps was taken considering only the good of the corps and the proper performance of duty by the corps to which I am so proud to belong. My official letter of Sept. 27, 1919, covered the case fully, but at the request of the Secretary of the Navy I should like to make it clear that the statement in my letter of Oct. 2, 1919, as follows, namely, 'a statement by counsel showed me that practically indiscriminate killing of natives,' &c., was meant by me to express 'without due process of law,' and not, as seems now to be misinterpreted, as 'promiscuous,' and I further meant, of course, that such 'statement of counsel' would have weight in my mind only when proved, and in order to have him prove or disprove the truth of these statements I wrote the letter of Oct. 2, 1919, to the brigade commander. I am a soldier and not an editor. I feel certain that the brigade commander, to whom the letter was written, fully understood my meaning.

"This whole matter refers to only a very small portion of the Marine Corps on duty in Haiti. My full report shows that duty in general was splendidly performed by the Marines."

The board which, under the presidency of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, will begin this week a thorough investigation of the whole marine administration in Haiti, will meet for organization here tomorrow. Admiral Mayo, Rear Admiral James H. Oliver and Major General William C. Neville are all in Washington and the complete instructions of the Navy Department will be handed Admiral Mayo and his associates tomorrow morning.

Secretary Daniels left Washington last night for a speaking tour in the West, and Assistant Secretary Woodbury is in charge of the department. Mr. Woodbury and General Barnett had a conference late this afternoon and it was after that conference that the Barnett statement was given out at the Navy Department.

It is expected that the board will begin taking testimony Wednesday or Thursday and that the sessions will be public.

BRITISH BISHOP FOR LEAGUE.

Right Rev. Roscow Shedden of Bahamas Praises President Wilson.

The Right Rev. Roscow George Shedden, Bishop of Nassau, Bahama Islands, praised President Wilson for his stand on the League of Nations yesterday morning in the Episcopal Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Forty-sixth Street, east of Broadway. The Bishop arrived here a few days ago on his way back to his diocese from the Lambeth Conference in London. He is a missionary Bishop of the Church of England.

Yesterday afternoon Bishop Shedden preached in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on "Church Reunion." He declared there would be no real reunion of Christendom until not only the great ancient national church of the East but also the Roman Catholic Church was ready to be in the merger. Most of the national churches have appointed committees to confer, but Pope Benedict XV. announced that only a kind of reunion his Church would consider was an absorption into "the one Holy Catholic Church." The Bishop said this would be a long time in coming, but it was worth waiting for.

In speaking of President Wilson, Bishop Shedden said, "One man at least fought all he could to maintain the level of a lofty idealism, and for that the world generally and Christendom in particular must always show honor and gratitude to America."

Bishop Shedden compared the condition of the world today with that after the Battle of Waterloo and the Congress of Vienna with the Congress of Versailles.

GENT

SISTERHOOD HOLDS SERVICE FOR SCHIFF

Recital of Virtues of the Dead Philanthropist Move Many Whom He Aided.

IS LIKENED TO JACOB

Stricken People of Poland Also Revered Him—Died as He Lived, Says Dr. Enelow.

Memorial services for the late Jacob H. Schiff were held yesterday at the home of the Emanu-El Sisterhood of Personal Service, 318 East Eighty-second Street, in the presence of members of the sisterhood and men and women of the district who through the organization had received aid from the late philanthropist. These persons were plainly moved during the recital, in prayers and eulogies, of Mr. Schiff's many virtues, and many of them sobbed when the El Mole Rachamim, or prayer for the dead, was recited.

As pointed out by Mrs. Alexander Kohut, President of the sisterhood, the memorial services were the second held by the society. The first took place following the death of Dr. Gotthell, who founded the sisterhood thirty years ago. In her address Mrs. Kohut said that Jewry looks upon Mr. Schiff as "our ancestors of old looked upon the patriarch Jacob, as the Father of Israel."

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El, where Mr. Schiff had been a member, delivered the opening prayer, in which he said, in part:

"We thank Thee, O Lord, for the life of this great man whose loss we mourn, and for all that he represented in his mind and heart. We are grateful for the soul with which Thou didst endow him, the will that manifested itself in deep thought, in noble feeling and in virtuous doing. We are everlastingly thankful that Thou didst sustain him and keep him in our midst for these many years in order that he might become the blessing that he was to all humanity."

Following the prayer the "Shivisi" was sung by the Talmud Torah Choir of the Central Jewish Institute. Mrs. Kohut then told of her visit last year to a city in Poland where the Jews were in great want. She told the men and women that she was returning to America and would tell Mr. Schiff of their dire circumstances. Their countenances beamed with joy at the mere mention of his name, Mrs. Kohut said, "for it was just like telling them I was going to tell God. They knew he would answer their prayers."

Joel Schenker delivered the eulogy and he was followed by the singing of Psalm CXXI., "Essa Enay," by the choir of young boys and girls. Mr. Wittstein then sang the El-Mole.

Dr. H. G. Enelow, Associate Rabbi of Temple Emanu-El, told of some of Mr. Schiff's characteristics—his kindliness, his childlike disposition and his piety. Persons respect men who are wealthy and who do charity, Rabbi Enelow declared, but the reason why "we so naturally and sincerely loved Mr. Schiff was because he was essentially a childlike man.

"We all know of his charities and the vast sums of money he gave to colleges, universities and other institutions, but in his giving he was different from some other philanthropists—he did it because his heart dictated to him."

"Mr. Schiff was a devout man and might even be called pious, in the modern sense of the word," continued the speaker. "A few days before he went to bed from which he never arose, Yom Kipper was observed, and he wanted to leave Sea Bright to attend services in New York. Mr. Schiff's physician insisted that he could not leave to worship here. But he fasted the entire day, at the end of which he remarked to a member of his family, 'This was a worthy day.'

"Mr. Schiff died a beautiful death, because he died soon after the Day of Atonement and at the end of the Sabbath. It has always been considered a good sign to die on any of these great days, so we feel that our friend has had a double privilege."

Services ended with the singing of Odon Olam by the choir and the recitation of the "kaddish" and the benediction by Rabbi Enelow.

Wing-Krech Wedding Nov. 22.

The wedding of Miss Helen Krech, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech of 17 East Seventieth Street, to J. Stuart Wing will take place at 4 o'clock Monday, Nov. 22, in St. Bartholomew's Church. The engagement was announced in June, at the same time as that of her sister, Miss Margaret A. Krech, to William Sheffield Cowles, a nephew of the late ex-President Roosevelt. The wedding details are not yet decided.

Miss Gertrude Orr Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Orr of 415 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gertrude Elizabeth Orr, to John Frederick Schwenk, also of Brooklyn. Miss Orr was actively engaged in war work and is a graduate of Hunter College. During the war Mr. Schwenk served overseas in the Intelligence section of the Third American Army. The wedding will take place in February.

Misses Meltzer to Wed.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Meltzer of Bridgeport, Conn., announce the engagement of their two daughters, the Misses Betty Clara and Blanche Eva Meltzer. Miss Betty C. Meltzer is engaged to Maurice Brunswick Loeb, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolphe Loeb of 1 West 129th Street, New York, and Miss Blanche E. Meltzer is engaged to Emanuel Dikker Hoffman, a son of Mrs. Philip Hoffman of 317 West 145th Street, this city.

Dr. Parkhurst Begins Pastorate.

The members of the Manhattan Congregational Church, Broadway, near Seventy-sixth Street, yesterday ratified the appointment of the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst as acting pastor for one year. Dr. Parkhurst is a pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian Church and for thirty-eight years was pastor of the former Madison Square Presbyterian Church.

W. Edgar, Soldier, Jockey, Sexton.

William Edgar, who in his younger days was well known as a jockey and rode some of the fastest horses of the time, died Saturday at the age of 90 at his home in Westfield, N. J. He was sexton of the Baptist Church there for forty years and janitor of the public school for twenty-five years. He was a civil war veteran and a member of the Volunteer Fire Department. During his life he was married four times.

John H. McCarty.

John H. McCarty, one of the last of the group of Tammany politicians of which Richard Croker was one, who founded the Sagamore Club in Harlem, died yesterday after a week's illness of old age at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Edward F. Sheehy, widow of the late Fire Commissioner. He was 83 years old. In early life he had been a detective in the Police Department under Chief Irving Tyrrae, later farming a general [illegible] business.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Miss Elizabeth Stuyvesant Howard, daughter of Mrs. Thomas H. Howard, will be married today at 12:30 to Robert Winthrop Kean, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Kean, in St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie.

Mrs. Hayes Brooke and Miss Maria L. Brooke have returned from London, where they were visiting Commander Brooke, and are at Stratford House, 11 East Thirty-second Street, for the Winter.

Mrs. William F. Fullam, wife of Rear Admiral Fullam, U. S. N., has arrived from Coronado, Cal., and is at the Plaza for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. John Van S. Oddie has taken an apartment for the Winter at 632 Madison Avenue.

Admiral Sir William Lowther Grant is here on a visit and is at the Biltmore. He was Commander in Chief of the North America and West Indies Squadron during the war.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Whitewright Watson, who left yesterday for Hot Springs, Va., will return in a fortnight and occupy their town house for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Stanchfield of the Plaza, who have been making a tour of the West, returned to this city last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Shannon Dunn have just returned from their Windmill Farm, their country place at Ipswich, Mass., and are at 17 East Eleventh Street for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech and their family have closed their Southampton cottage and are occupying their town house, 17 East Seventieth Street.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

Josef Lhevinne's Recital.

Josef Lhévinne made his first appearance this season in New York yesterday afternoon before a large audience in Carnegie Hall, an audience that was enthusiastic in its recognition of the many beauties of his playing. They are well remembered qualities, his beautiful tone, changing in color and manifold in gradation, his exquisite mechanism, his flawless technical skill that compasses everything without the appearance of effort, his unassuming mastery of his medium. Mr. Lhévinne has never shown strong emotional qualities, nor does he now indicate any powerful "subjective" interpretation of the spirit of what he plays.

His program departed far from the ways of virtuosos. He began with Weber's sonata in A flat, Liszt's transcription of Schubert's song, "Margaret at the Spinning Wheel," Schubert's impromptu in F minor, the F minor Ballade and five études of Chopin, Rachmaninoff's "Etude Tableau," op. 33, and B major Prelude, and Tschaikowsky's "Scène Dansante," from op. 72.

Weber's sonata twenty years ago and more was a prized number of the concert pianist's repertory; recently it has been less prized, and seldom heard. It is, in fact, beginning to sound old fashioned; and began to some time ago. Mr. Lhévinne played it in a singularly reserved manner. What some now call the "Weber flourish," and what some used to call the chivalric and knightly gallantry of the music, needs a rather prouder, statelier, perhaps it may even be said a more flamboyant expression than he gave it.

He sang the song of Schubert's expressively, but at slow tempo that would have taxed the phrasing of many singers; and the Impromptu with a becoming simplicity and directness of style. Mr. Lhévinne's reserve found little expression for much of the essential spirit of the F minor Ballade of Chopin; there is a certain morbidness in that spirit; but Mr. Lhévinne approached it in an uncompromisingly healthy mood; nor did he sound the vehemence of the A minor Etude, the last of the five he played. The others were brilliantly and delicately set forth; and the one in D flat he had to repeat.

The National Symphony Orchestra.

The National Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Mr. Bodanzky gave its second concert last evening in Carnegie Hall. The orchestral numbers comprised Schubert's "unfinished" symphony and Gustave Charpentier's suite, "Impressions of Italy." M. Francis Macmillen, violinist, was the solo artist, and played Goldmark's concerto for violin, whose turn has come again in the prevailing scarcity of concertos for violin, which the efforts of modern composers seem unable to meet.

The playing of the orchestra again showed the improvement which the changes in personnel and the labors of the conductor have brought about. In the symphony there were finish in phrasing and the strong contrasts in dynamics that M. Bodanzky takes pleasure in emphasizing. Some to whom it has been a lifelong friend may have found the tempo of the first movement uncomfortably slow, so that there was little contrast between it and the slow movement. The audience was enthusiastic in its applause, however, and M. Bodanzky made the players of the orchestra rise to share it.

Charpentier's suite is vivid and picturesque in movement and was given a fittingly vivid and picturesque performance, one that dwelt upon the luxurious and ardent vein of Italian melody that the French prizeman in the Villa Medici so happily found for his music. What a pity that his inspiration so soon ran dry and that this suite and the opera of "Louise" are all that remain with any vestige of life of what he produced. Only four of the five movements of the suite were played, the omission being that of the second one, "At the Fountain."

Mr. Macmillen gave a highly creditable performance of Goldmark's difficult concerto, though his somewhat excessive portamento and occasional lapses of intonation prevented its being on the highest plane. It was a dignified performance and a thoughtful one, and in the last movement brilliant. Mr. Macmillen's aplomb was not seriously disturbed in this movement by the breaking of a string of his instrument and the necessity of exchanging twice, with the first and second concertmasters. He was much applauded.

Hall-Emmet Wedding Plans.

The wedding of Miss Anita H. Emmet, daughter of Colonel Robert T. Emmet of 77 East Eighty-ninth Street, and Bartow Harwood Hall, son of Howard Hall of Washington, D. C., will take place at Grace Church on Saturday. Because of mourning in the bride's family the ceremony will be a very quiet one. Miss Emmet served as a nurse in one of the American field hospitals during the war, and Mr. Hall was a captain of artillery in the First Division, being wounded three times. After a short wedding trip Mr. Hall and his bride will reside at 322 East Fifty-seventh street.

Brush-Bruce Wedding.

Joseph Moore Bruce, son of the Rev. Dr. John Lee Bruce of Brasil and Virginia and at one time President of the Cranberry College in Brazil, and Miss Margaret Foster Brush, a daughter of Dr. Barton W. Brush and Mrs. Brush of Elmhurst, L. I., were married Saturday in the Church of the Transfiguration, New York, in the presence of relatives and a few friends. Mr. Bruce served three years during the war in an executive capacity in munition work in Virginia. The bride's father, Dr. Brush, is still in Armenia, finishing his third year of war and relief work.

Men's Executive Club Entertained.

S. J. Bloomingdale, senior member of the firm of Bloomingdale Brothers, entertained the Men's Executive Club and other executives yesterday at his Summer home at Milton Point, Rye, which will be closed Nov. 1. There were golf, yachting and a luncheon presided over by Mrs. Bloomingdale.

GEN. LEMAN, DEFENDER OF LIEGE, IS DEAD

Belgian Commander's Gallant Fight Checked First German Advance Into France.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 17.—General Leman, defender of Liége against the German advance early in the war, died at Liége today of pneumonia.

General Leman was Governor of Liége at the outbreak of the war. It was his gallant defense of the city against the German attack just as the drive through Belgium was in full swing that held up the advance of the German troops for several days, a delay upon which the Imperial Staff had not counted and which told materially against the Germans in the campaign which ultimately resulted in their check at the Marne.

General Leman was wounded in the fighting and was captured on Aug. 22, 1914. He was held in a German prison until December, 1917, when because of ill-health he was released and made his way out of Germany to France by way of Switzerland. After the allied victory he accompanied King Albert on the official re-entry of the Belgians into Liége, and was given an enthusiastic welcome by the people of his home city.

General Leman was 68 years old. Up to a few months before the war he was head of the Belgian Military School. In addition to his notable qualities as a commander he was an authority on Roman law, military architecture and engineering.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES JOHN SPENCER, for many years before his retirement connected with the banking house of William A. Read & Co., died yesterday, aged 65, at his residence, 207 West 107th Street.

HOWARD H. GROSS, President of the Universal Military Training League and the Tariff Commission League, died Saturday at his home in Chicago, aged 67. In 1880, with A. G. Spalding and Adrian Anson, he financed the first tour of a professional baseball team to foreign countries.

JOHN A. GRAY, for forty-five years professor of mathematics in Muskingum College, died suddenly Saturday at New Concord, Ohio, aged 72.

JOHN G. GEBHARDT, 93 years old, died yesterday at his home in Arrechar, S. I. In 1880 he built the first hotel at South Beach.

Engaged.

DUKOFF—ERLANGER—Mr. and Mrs. Michael Erlanger of 790 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter Gadie to David Dukoff of New York City.

LEWIS—HALL—Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Hall of 1,244 Madison Avenue have announced the engagement of their daughter Marie to Mr. Donald C. Lewis of 101 East 92d Street; Mr. Lewis is a graduate of Wesleyan University, and served with the Marine Corps in France for twenty-two months during the war.

Married.

ADAMS—JAY—On Saturday, Oct. 16, 1920, by the Rev. Arthur H. Judge, at the residence of her father, Dr. John Clarkson Jay, 106 East 79th St., Edith Van Cortlandt Jay to Benjamin Haywood Adams.

COTTON—GRIFFIN—On Oct. 15, at St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, Helen de Forest Griffin and Hugh D. Cotton.

ANNIN—HUNTINGTON—In Princeton, N. J. on Friday, Oct. 15, 1920, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Huntington, by the Rev. Sylvester W. Beach, D.D., Katherine Huntington to William Stuart Annin, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Annin, of New York.

Married.

PHILLIPS—KRELENSTEIN—Mr. Bernard Krelenstein of 904 West 140th Street announces the marriage of his daughter Ray to Mr. Isidor Phillips, Sunday, Oct. 17, 1920.

Died.

ADLER—Solomon, beloved father of Rose Heltzinger and brother of Jacob Adler, on Sunday, Oct. 17. Funeral service at chapel of Winter & Reich, 127 West 116th St., Monday, Oct. 18, at 2 o'clock. Interment Union Fields.

BERGER—At College Point, N. Y., Saturday, Oct. 16, 1920, George A., beloved husband of Henrietta Berger, in his 65d year. Funeral from his late residence, 412 20th St., College Point, N. Y., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 12:30 P. M. Service of the German Union Lodge, No. 84, F. and A. M., at the Masonic Temple, 220 East 15th St., New York, at 2 P. M. Cremation at Fresh Pond.

BOONE—Elizabeth, in her 90th year, peacefully, after lingering illness, at residence of her grandson, James C. Boone, 60 West 76th St., Sunday, Oct. 17. Funeral services, Interment Cuthbert, Ga., Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 20. Kindly omit flowers. Macon and Nashville papers please copy.

CARROLL—Marie. On Sunday, Oct. 17, 1920, in her 54th year, dearly beloved wife of James W. Carroll, mother of Leon L. and Melvin C. Carroll, sister of Mrs. Anna Sadlier, Mrs. Lillian Bronks, Mrs. Rose Freeman, Mrs. Mitha Brian, Mr. Samuel J. Schloss, Murry J. Schloss and Nathan J. Schloss. Funeral from her late residence, 25 Fort Washington Av., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 10 A. M.

COOMBE—On Oct. 17, 1920, Elizabeth A., daughter of the late Thomas and Elizabeth L. Coombe. Funeral private.

DAISLEY—Alice Walford, widow of Frank E. Daisley, and daughter of the late Robert Walford, at the M. E. Hospital, Brooklyn, Oct. 17. Services Tuesday evening, 8:30, at 1,617 Beverley Road, Flatbush. Interment private.

DALY—Oct. 17, Timothy, at the home of his brother, William H., at Bedford Park, New York City, aged 80 years. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Annie Daly, 243 Avenhill St., Lawrence, L. I., at 9 o'clock. Requiem Mass at St. Mary's Church in that city, Wednesday morning, Oct. 20.

DUNCAN—On Saturday, Oct. 16, 1920, Helen, daughter of Bruce K. and Selma G. Duncan, in her 13th year. Services at her late home, 366 East 10th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Monday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M.

FOOTE—On Sunday, Oct. 17, 1920, Francis Seeley Foote, son of the late Warren and Rhoda Foote, in the seventy-third year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 631 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 8 P. M.

FRY—On Oct. 15, Edith Brundage, wife of Olney M. Fry and daughter of Maria E. and the late William M. Brundage. Funeral services at St. Agnes's Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

GATES—At Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, Oct. 16, 1920, Grace I., beloved wife of Leroy H. Gates. Private services will be held at her late home, 810 Central Av., Plainfield, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 18, 1920. Kindly omit flowers.

GERNANT—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Oct. 17, Florence Bartram, beloved wife of Edwin S. Gernant, in her 23d year. Services at the home of her mother, Mrs. William E. Clark, 454 South 2d Av., Tuesday, the 19th, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

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Died.

HARKING—Harry Bigelow Harkins, beloved son of W. E. and Lenora Harkins; interment Woodlawn. Funeral private. Canadian and West Indies papers please copy.

HECHT—Fannie, passed peacefully to eternal rest Sunday morning, Oct. 17, in her 83d year, widow of Solomon Hecht and beloved mother of Miss (deceased), Joseph and Samuel. Funeral tomorrow, Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock, at 1,180 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

HOBART—Entered into rest Oct. 17, 1920, Mary E., wife of the late William R. Hobart and mother of Ethel and Richard Hobart, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 440 Summer Av., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 2 P. M. Interment Mount Vernon Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

HOWARD—Clarence O., at Barnstable, Mass., Oct. 17. Funeral at Barnstable, Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 1 o'clock.

JOCKISCH—Otto, beloved husband of Elsie Jockisch. Funeral services at John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,068 Bathgate Av., on Tuesday, at 2 P. M.

JOUFFRET—On Oct. 16, 1920, at the residence of his niece, Mrs. Rollin Hills, 311 77th St., Brooklyn, Maximilien E. Jouffret, age 71 years. Funeral private.

KNUPPEL—Suddenly on Oct. 16, Elizabeth, beloved wife of Captain Ernest Knuppel and beloved mother of Jacob, William and Mrs. Elizabeth Dillenberry. Funeral services at John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,068 Bathgate Av., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, 10 A. M. Interment Lutheran. Auto cortege.

KREISER—Rose. On Oct. 17, after a lingering illness, beloved sister of Bernard and Samuel Kreiser. Services The Funeral Church, Campbell Building, Broadway at 66th St., Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Cypress Hills.

McCARTY—John H., formerly United States Marshall, S. D. N. Y., 1904-1905, on Saturday, Oct. 16, in his 83d year, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Edward C. Sheehy, 1,878 Lexington Av. Solemn requiem mass at All Saints Church, 129th St. and Madison Av., Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege.

McCARTY—Members of the Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick in the City of New York are requested to attend solemn mass of requiem for our late member, John H. McCarty, former U. S. Marshall, 1904 to 1905, at All Saints Church, 129th St. and Madison Av., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 10 A. M.

Daniel F. Cohalan, President.
Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr., Secretary.

MULLER—George, son of Christopher Muller, suddenly on Oct. 17. Funeral service at his late residence, 300 West 81st Street, at 12:30, Wednesday, Oct. 20. Interment in Lutheran Cemetery.

PARFITT—Suddenly, Friday, Oct. 15, Robert D., aged 14, son of Albert E. and Jessie D. Parfitt of 1,068 82d St., Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. Funeral service at his late residence, Monday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M.

PITMAN—Stephen Minot, 2d, suddenly, Oct. 17, in his 24th year, beloved youngest son of Harold Minot and Cecilia Jacop-Baker Pitman. Providence, R. I., papers please copy.

RIEHL—Suddenly, on Saturday, Oct. 16, 1920, at Valatie, N. Y., William C. Riehl. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ROSS—After a lingering illness, on Sunday, Oct. 17, 1920, James C. Ross. Funeral services at his home, Little Falls, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1920, at 4:30 P. M. Trains leave New York from Erie R. R., Chambers St., at 3:46 P. M.

Died.

SIEBERT—Emma, mother of Russ, Henry, Alfred and Eugene Hand, Lillie Backes, Lucy Brandtner, on Oct. 15. Services The Funeral Church, Broadway, at 66th St., Monday, Oct. 18, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Kensico.

SILL—Suddenly, at Philadelphia, Pa., on Oct. 15, Harold Montgomery Sill, in the 57th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at "Shenley," on School House Lane, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1920, at 11 o'clock.

SILVER—Jennie, beloved wife of Robert and mother of Sadie, Sidney and Harold. Funeral from her late residence, 64 4th Av., Brooklyn, on Oct. 18, 1 P. M. Interment Acacia Cemetery, Woodhaven. Kindly omit flowers.

SPENCER—On Sunday, at his residence, 207 West 107th St., Charles John, husband of Elizabeth Langford and son of the late Charles E. and Sophia Spencer. Funeral services at St. James's Chapel of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 2 P. M.

STERN—On Oct. 17, at his residence, 230 East 69th St., Charles Stern, aged 84, beloved husband of Theresa, father of Joseph W., Sterry, Hattie Minden and Hoyt A. Stern. Notice of funeral later.

TINDALL—Suddenly, on Oct. 15, Robert E., beloved husband of Anna M. and father of Robert E., Jr., Margaret Elizabeth and Mrs. Robert J. Caffrey. Funeral from his late residence, 112 23d St., Elmhurst, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Joan of Arc R. C. Church, where a mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Calvary. Geneva and Rochester papers please copy.

URLAT—Oct. 15, 1920, at Nantucket, Mary Dresser Stebbins, widow of Thomas Mells Turlay, born in New York City, Jan. 16, 1836. Washington papers please copy.

WALTERS—Helen Walters, beloved wife of Charles Walters, on Oct. 17, at her home, 562 Prospect Av., Brooklyn. Funeral Wednesday, 10 A. M., to Holy Name Church. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

WEINGAND—Hilma Buttler, suddenly, on Oct. 16, 1920, beloved wife of Ernest Weingand of Paris, France, and daughter of Robert Buttler. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at 671 West End Av., near 92d St., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, 8 P. M. Interment private.

Died.

YOUNG—On Friday, Oct. 15, 1920, at his residence, Andover, Sussex County, N. J., William J. Young, aged 84 years. Services at his late home in Andover, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 19, at 2 o'clock New York time.

In Memoriam.

BIRNS—In ever loving memory of our dear mother, Bertha Birns, who died Oct. 18, 1903. "To live in the hearts we leave behind is not to die."

DAVIDSON—In memory of my beloved wife, Bessie, who departed this life Oct. 18, 1916. May her soul rest in peace. Husband.

ELBERSON—Gordon. In loving memory of my dear little son, who died Oct. 18, 1919. Mother.

EWART—In loving memory of Richard H. Ewart, died Oct. 18, 1918.

FISK—In memory of Captain Clinton Earle Fisk, killed in action in the Battle of Jonc de Mer Ridge, France, Oct. 18, 1918, while commanding First Battalion, Fifty-fourth Brigade, Twenty-seventh Division, Second Army Corps, A. E. F.

MINTON—In loving memory of Charles A. Minton, First Lieutenant, Company M, 305th Infantry, 77th Division, who died at Vaubecourt, France, Oct. 18, 1918.

RUTSTEIN—I. Robert. In loving memory of I. Robert Rutstein of Co. C, 303d Field Signal Battalion, who died in France Oct. 18, 1918.

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CHOIR SINGS ANTHEM AS THIEF ROBS THEM

Christ Church Choristers Lose $700 in Cash and Furs at Evening Service.

ATTACK CHEF IN KITCHEN

Columbia Fraternity House Employe Victim of Thieves in Soldiers' Uniforms—Four Shot.

Two shootings yesterday in widely separated parts of the city caused injury to four persons. Several saloon robberies were reported to the police and four arrests were made. While the choir in Christ Church, at Broadway and Seventy-first Street, was singing an anthem last night a thief entered the choir room and stole furs and cash aggregating $700. A chef was robbed in the kitchen of the home where he worked.

Charles Willgeroth, 60 years old, a chef at the Psi Upsilon fraternity house at Columbia University, at 627 West 115th Street, was knocked down and robbed by three men, two of whom wore soldiers' uniforms, in the kitchen of the fraternity house last night. Willgeroth, who is French, remembers seeing the trio while he was on his way home and shortly after he entered they knocked at the door and spoke to him in French. They attacked him in the hallway and dragged him to the kitchen, where they robbed him of a ring valued at $300, a gold watch and $9 in cash. Willgeroth told the police that they dropped another ring worth $250 and that they overlooked a gold watch valued at $500 which the late Czar of Russia had given him as a reward for his services as a chef.

Joseph Pezza, 20 years old, a clerk, of 318 East 108th Street, was shot in the right thigh and Mrs. Magdalena Marefci, 60 years old, of 2,108 Second Avenue, was shot also in the right thigh early yesterday evening when they were caught in the cross-fire of two Harlem feudists who exchanged shots in front of a building at 108th Street and Second Avenue. The duelists, who emerged from a group of men engaged in a fight, fled when the two passersby toppled to the sidewalk.

The shots were heard a block away by Patrolmen Crane, Ryan and McLaughlin of the East 104th Street Station, who ran to the place in time to see three men fleeing from the scene of the shooting. All three were caught and taken to the East 104th Street Police Station, where two, who said they were Paul Hanangoan, of 432 East Seventy-ninth Street, and Joseph Comarato, were held on charges of felonious assault.

A revolver which William Murray, 50 years old, a wealthy business man of 10,125 121st Street, Richmond Hill, carried to protect himself and a large sum of money he carried, was wrested from him yesterday by a holdup man. The thief shot Mr. Murray in the thigh and his son Charles, 28 years old, in the knee, with Mr. Murray's revolver.

The struggle attracted the attention of the loungers in the barroom. A bullet over their heads held them at bay and then the holdup man ran into the saloon, where he was overpowered and beaten. He told the police his name was Harry Rogers, 28, of 248 Montrose Avenue, Brooklyn. He was charged with felonious assault.

Charged with the larceny of $60 from James Carroll, a bartender, in the saloon at 2 Amsterdam Avenue, four men were arrested last night by Patrolmen Cassidy, Kenny, Campbell, McGarvey and Chapman of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station.

The men leaped into a taxicab opposite the saloon and ordered the driver to take them to Sixty-fifth Street and First Avenue. They deserted the car after kicking out the windows at West End Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street. Patrolman Cassidy, in search of the men, found the battered taxicab and after a fight arrested Connolly and Sullivan. The others were arrested shortly afterward.

CALL NEW FUND WITNESSES.

Reed Arrives for Investigation of Missouri Democrats.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Senator James A. Reed, a member of the Senate Campaign Fund Investigation Committee, arrived last night, for the resumption here tomorrow of the committee's inquiries into the campaign expenditures of political candidates, including Breckenridge Long, Democratic candidate for Senator.

An inquiry into the expenses of Democratic National Committeeman Edward F. Goltra in the transportation of delegates from St. Louis to the State Convention at Joplin will also be conducted.

The first witnesses to be summoned include Mr. Long, Mr. Goltra, M. R. Hollister, publisher of The Jefferson City Capital News; Thomas J. Fisher, who had charge of the Long headquarters during the primary campaign, and Mrs. W. W. Martin of Cape Girardeau.

JEWEL TALK A LURE, TOBACK NOW SAYS

Caruso Robbery Suspect Blames 'Super-Salesmanship' Methods for His Arrest.

HOPES TO TALK HIMSELF OUT

Fur Dealer Not Even a Smuggler, as He Told Customers, His Attorney Asserts.

Harry C. Toback, who was arrested Saturday afternoon in a police trap on suspicion of having knowledge of the Caruso jewel robbery, blames his "super-salesmanship" methods for his predicament. He says he knows no more about the jewel theft than the ordinary citizen who reads the newspapers and that his conversation with the Pollion sisters at 226 West Ninety-sixth Street, which detectives listened to over a dictograph and which resulted in his arrest, was "all bunk" to please a prospective customer.

Having talked himself into jail as easily as he had talked customers into buying furs, Toback faces a more difficult test of salesmanship—that of talking himself out. But according to his friends and his attorney, Senator Peter A. Abeles, he is anxious for that ordeal and will be prepared to demonstrate his innocence in the Magistrate's Court tomorrow, without allowing the case to go any higher.

Mr. Abeles was anxious to go ahead with the case when it was called yesterday before Magistrate Max Levine in the West Side Court, but Assistant District Attorney Richard C. Murphy wanted a postponement in order to investigate Toback's story. Mr. Murphy told the Magistrate he was willing to scale down his original request for $25,000 bail to $5,000. Bail was finally fixed at $3,500, which was furnished by Harry Koraky, a furrier at 741 Sixth Avenue.

Salesman, Not a Smuggler.

Toback, according to his friends, was a great student of salesmanship. His line is furs, which, they say, he offered to women customers at attractive figures with the story that they were smuggled. But, according to his friends, Toback was not a smuggler. His lawyer, Senator Abeles, says he will produce in court tomorrow receipts from the fur manufacturers for all the furs Toback had.

Obsessed by his ideas on the psychology of salesmanship, his friends say, Toback might have promised to get the Caruso jewels. There was no other explanation they could give of the reported conversation at the Pollion sisters' apartment.

"The whole thing is a joke," Senator Abeles told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter. "We will prove Toback's innocence in court Tuesday. If the police believed he really was concerned in the Caruso robbery they could have caught him easily enough by following him to Baltimore and putting him to the test of delivering the jewels, as they say he promised. When they talked about jewels Toback thought they were joking with him and passed it off. I have known members of Toback's family for years and I am convinced he is all right."

Members of Toback's family said "a terrible mistake" had been made. His wife, Anna Toback, at 973 Dumont Avenue, Brooklyn, said he was "a good husband and father."

Scrubs Floors for Wife.

"Why, he even scrubs the floor after his day's work is done," she said. "He is one of the best men that walks. We're poor, and thank God we are honest."

"Does this look like the home of a crook?" she said, indicating the three rooms of their modest apartment, which is in the East New York section. "The only piece of jewelry he owned I gave him when I married him. He never had any jewelry for sale, and there never was any jewelry here. He has been a salesman for the last four years with the Canadian Fur Company at 741 Sixth Avenue, New York."

Members of Toback's family live in Union Hill, N. J. His brother, Abraham, owns a men's furnishing store at 127 Foster Street and lives with his mother and two sisters. The father, Tobias Toback, who is dead, owned several pieces of property in Union Hill. Harry Toback was elected a Justice of the Peace about eight years ago on the Republican ticket. Five years ago, after he married, he moved to New York.

PLAN TO SAVE 5TH AV. ELMS.

Trenches Filled With Fertilizer to Feed Their Roots.

Unusual methods to save Fifth Avenue's elm trees, bordering Central Park, have been taken by Park Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin, under the direction of J. S. Kaplan, the Department Forester. Nearly one-half of the big trees have been lost within the last few years because of lack of fertilizer. The hardness of the earth about the roots and the continuous pedestrian traffic have made the fertilization of the trees a difficult problem.

The method, which is now being tried is the digging of trenches at right angles to the avenue and midway between the trees. The trenches are three feet wide and two feet deep. They are filled with commercial fertilizer, which is covered with water. After the water has soaked in the trenches are covered. The feeding roots of the trees on each side of the trench reach the fertilizer.

Trenches were tried successfully last year with the beeches, birches and maples in the park, but in an entirely different way. At that time circular trenches were dug all around the trees, a method which is impossible on Fifth Avenue.

FIND STUDENT SLAIN, MONEY UNTOUCHED

Body of Elmer C. Drewes Discovered Propped Against a Philadelphia Lamppost.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—The body of Elmer C. Drewes, a student of Dartmouth, who left his home here yesterday to return to college, was found with a bullet hole through the top of the head on an isolated road in the northern part of the city early today. The police believe that he was murdered.

Money, bonds and jewelry valued at several thousand dollars were found untouched in his pockets. The body lay propped against a lamppost. An overcoat had been drawn over the knees and a soft hat lay in the lap. This, according to the police, clearly indicates that robbery was not the motive.

Drewes was a graduate of the officers' training camp at Platzburg and during the war acted as military instructor at Princeton University.

He left Dartmouth Friday afternoon, spent that night and Saturday morning in New York, went from New York to Atlantic City and returned from Atlantic City to his home Saturday afternoon. Drewes told his parents that he had collected a debt of $100 from Charles Shaloss, a friend. Shaloss gave him a check for the amount, which Drewes had his father, C. T. Drewes, cash for him soon after he returned.

He had dinner at home Saturday and left the house to take a train at 9 P. M. for Hanover, N. H. The detectives have found no one who saw him alive after that.

Drewes knew few persons in Philadelphia, according to his father, who was firmly convinced that he had not voluntarily given up his plan to leave immediately for college, but had been deterred through force or fraud.

The police abandoned a theory that he had accidently shot himself while in the company of friends and that they, fearing that they would be accused of the crime, had disposed of the body. When it was found there were no powder marks on the face or body, proving that the shot had been fired from a distance.

Cause Unknown at Dartmouth.

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 17.—Elmer C. Drewes before leaving Dartmouth College Friday afternoon for his home in West Philadelphia told his roommate, H. L. Heath of Trenton, N. J., that he was making the trip for the purpose of buying an automobile from Samuel Maxee of Reading, Pa., a student at the University of Pennsylvania. Heath and other friends of Drewes said they could think of no motive for the murder.

Drewes was a senior at the Tuck School of Finance. To assist in paying his way through college he had acted as stenographer for several of the professors and with his aunt, Miss Hanson, had conducted an eating club for students. His friends said they understood that he had accumulated considerable money during the last Summer vacation in working for a map making concern.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Beaded bag made from grey, brown and blue beads, containing handkerchief, eyeglasses and case, silk bill folder; left in taxicab Thursday morning, from Pennsylvania Station to 28th St. and 5th Av.; liberal reward. Bauaber, 251 5th Av.

LOST—Bank Book No. 151062 of the Hoboken Bank for Savings. All persons are hereby cautioned not to negotiate the same, as payment has been stopped. Finder will please return book to the bank.

LOST—Saturday, Strauss Park, Riverside Drive, 100th to 106th Sts., purse containing change, key, tortoiseshell handle knife; sentimental value; please notify 219 West 106th St. Bennett.

LOST—Saturday morning, on 9:30 Brighton Beach train, black bag containing wrist watch, initials E. O., and pearl necklace. Ethel Ostrom, 2,026 Homecrest Av., B'klyn, N. Y.

LOST—Pair white gold oxford eyeglasses, Wednesday morning, probably in Broadway car, or 59th St. crosstown; reward. Cathedral 3976. Bunsel, 611 West 110th.

LOST—Black leather brief case, telephone booth, Hudson Terminal, Saturday morning. Reward. J. E. White, 616 West 116th St.

LOST—Gray beaded bag, containing tortoise shell glasses and keys, Sunday, 1 A. M., on Broadway, between 96th and 106th; reward. Phone Franklin 5820, Ext. 105.

LOST—Black pocketbook containing money, check storage check, address book with name of Ely Clements, Snyder 8942.

LOST—Handbag, 6th Av. car, gray chiffon velvet, containing money, ring, gloves; reward. Hoffman, 2,437 Jerome Av.

Jewelry.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond pin, 7 sapphires, 15 diamonds set in platinum; pin last evening of Oct. 12, either in Century Theatre or on Central Park West between theatre and 65th St. Liberal reward if returned to J. Hoppenfeld, 1013 Grand St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Stagg 4110.

LOST—Saturday, between 11 and 3 o'clock, a diamond and pearl bow knot pin, either on 5th Av. between 47th and 34th Sts. or West 45th, 46th or 47th Sts. between 5th and 6th Avs.; liberal reward. 14 East 60th.

LOST—Lady's blue enamel watch, on platinum chain, Saturday night, between Delmonico's and Empire Theatre. If found return to Fania Marinoff, Empire Theatre. Reward.

LOST—Saturday night, between Wilson Av. and Broadway and Lewis Av., lady's gold Elgin wrist watch, monogramed "C. F. M." Reward. Maune, 233 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Diamond brooch, City Hall Park, Oct. 14, at 11 o'clock; liberal reward. Mrs. H. Seth Jones, 602 West 184th St. City.

LOST—Gold bracelet, small diamond ornament, valued to owner account of heirloom; liberal reward. Mayer, 10 West 32d.

LOST—Lady's wrist watch, marked "F. M." Reward offered. Kindly call Wadsworth 6128.

LOST—Gold Oxford glasses, chain. Miss Hamilton, Room 2201, Woolworth Building. Reward.

LOST—Cameo pin; Macy's, 2d floor; Saturday; reward. Forbes, 208 West 69th.

$1,000 REWARD.
PEARL NECKLACE.
LOST, PROBABLY IN THE ORANGES OR NEWARK, N. J., PEARL NECKLACE WITH SEVENTY-FIVE PEARLS AND MARQUISE OR POINTED OVAL-SHAPED DIAMOND AND PLATINUM CLASP. ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD WILL BE PAID AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED IF RETURNED, OR FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO ITS RECOVERY. HENRY BLANK & COMPANY, 19 LIBERTY ST., NEWARK, N. J.

$200 REWARD
for return of solitaire pearl earring, lost Oct. 15, at or between Katonah, N. Y., and Grand Central Station and 72d St., or in taxi. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$500 REWARD
for return of pearl scarf pin lost Oct. 12 vicinity of Hudson River Country Club, Yonkers, N. Y. Marcus & Co., 8th Av. and 45th St.

$150 REWARD.
Lost on or about July 1 in New York City, gold vanity case set with row of diamonds and rubies; initialed M. G. on back. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST, mink stole, 12 tails, somewhat worn, Columbus Day, between West 160th and Pennsylvania station or 5th Av. bus; valued as keepsake; liberal reward. Notify Mrs. Conant, 400 West 160th. Phone Wadsworth 6700.

LOST—Two-skin sable neckpiece, said in Greenwich Village, about midnight, Oct. 12. Reward, no questions. Mrs. Henderson, 11 East 61st St. Vanderbilt 8386.

LOST—Skunk scarf, left on bench, Riverside Drive, near 72d St., Saturday, 4 P. M. Return Room 6602, Woolworth Building. Reward.

LOST—Lady's suit in McCreery box, on bus 42d St. Saturday; reward. Hepburn, 967 West 194th St. Wadsworth 8148.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, Saturday afternoon, Morosco Theatre. Finder please return Miss Rose Kahtor, 8 West 30th; reward.

LOST, in cab going to Chatham Hotel, baby lamb neck piece; reward. Mrs. Kuhn, Chatham Hotel.

LOST—Shubert Theatre, Saturday matinee, beaver scarf; reward. Z 2030 Times Annex.

Cats and Dogs.

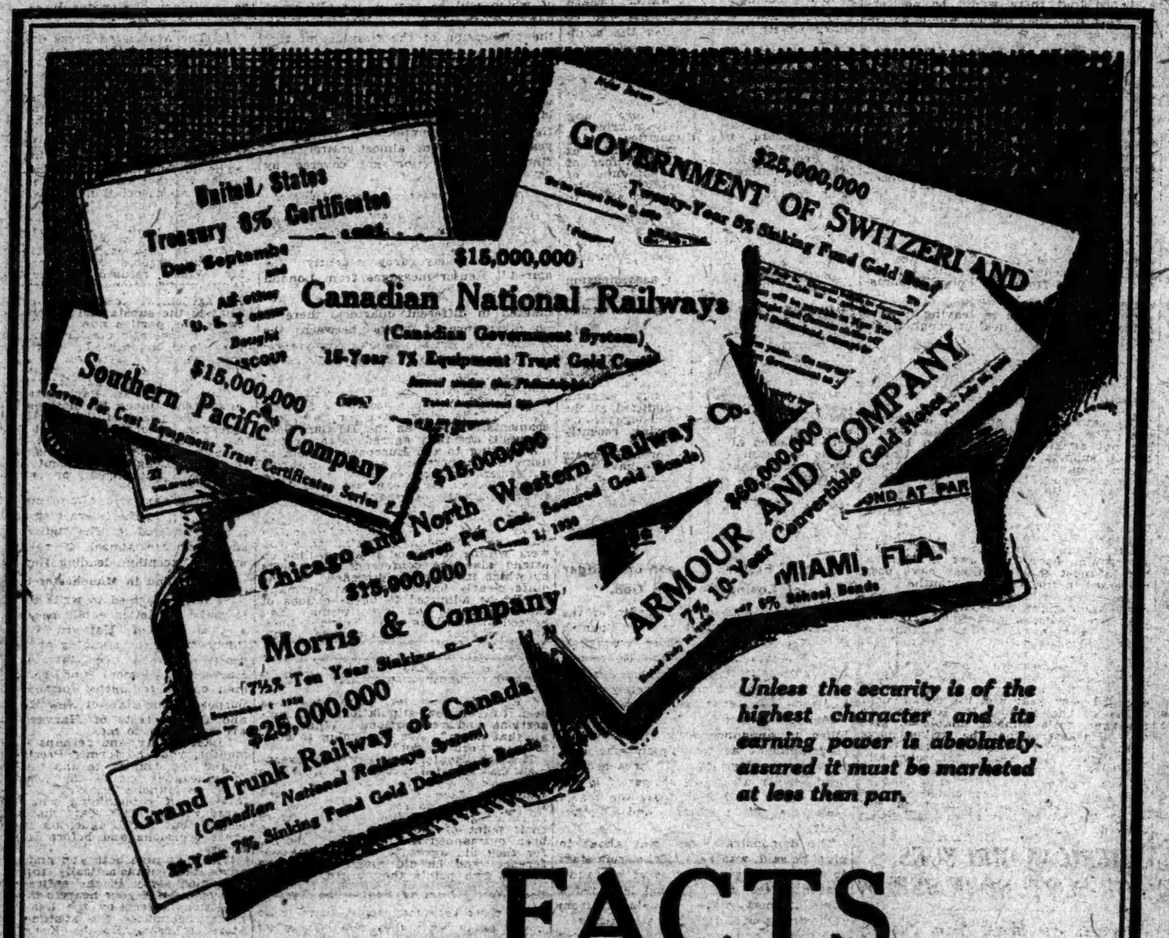
LOST—OVERSIZED POODLE, VICINITY OF 3RD ST. FRIDAY; ANSWERS TO NAME "HAPPY." REWARD. PLEASE RETURN SCHAVRIEN, 264 WEST 20TH.

PERSONAL.

HARLE—PLEASE COME HOME, MY DARling boy; this year of exams has been terrible; you don't realize what we are suffering; mother is heart-broken; we all want you with us. Send address. If you need money wire us "night letter" collect. Please come.

IF THE WHEREABOUTS OF WILLIAM Weinblatt, formerly of 436 5th Ave., New York, or Sarah Weinblatt, New York Dress House, 1305 East Baltimore St., Baltimore, are known, please communicate with H. Deutsch, 23 West 32d, New York.

INFORMATION regarding the whereabouts of Charles Harvey, formerly engaged in the cotton goods business at 366 Broadway, will be rewarded. K 861 Times Downtown.



Unless the security is of the highest character and its earning power is absolutely assured it must be marketed at less than par.

FACTS You Cannot Ignore

INTEREST RATES for new capital are abnormally high.

New York City's demands for telephone service require the investment of huge sums of new capital every year—$26,000,000 this year—more next year, and more the next.

When Nations, Cities and Corporations of unquestioned financial responsibility must pay such high rates for new money, how can the Telephone Company, operating at a loss, secure new capital to supply the facilities needed to serve you? Our operating deficit in the past three months totalled nearly a quarter of a million dollars.

We must have adequate rates that will re-establish our earning power, if we are to secure the new capital required to give New York City telephone service that is adequate—adequate both in quality and quantity.

More than 83,000 applicants are waiting for service in New York City today.

New York Telephone Company

397

"I Forgot"

Confessions of a Busy Man

"I FORGOT to go to my safe deposit box and clip my coupons, until long after they were payable."

"I forgot to keep an accurate record of my investments and had no end of trouble making out my income tax returns."

"I own some real estate mortgages, but forgot to collect the interest promptly—and forgot to see that the mortgagor paid his taxes on time."

"I forgot the importance of watching my investments—a block of bonds I owned were called for redemption and I lost several months' interest before I actually heard about it."

IF you are forgetful you need the help of people who do not forget. If you are over-busy making money you need help in keeping money—help in the collection and care of your income-yielding investments. Such helpful service may be had at small cost by arranging for a

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
Safe-Keeping Account

This service operates as follows:

You bring us your securities. We give you a receipt for them. We list them in books of record and lock them in our vaults. We collect the income from them the day it is due, and credit the amount to your checking account. Or, we will remit to you, as you direct.

In addition, a Safe-Keeping Account would relieve you of all trouble in

1. The making out of Income Tax Certificates.
2. The clipping and prompt collection of coupons.
3. The collection of dividend checks.
4. The collection of mortgage interest and watching tax payments, if desired.
5. The prompt presentation and collection of maturing bonds, or those called for redemption.
6. The collection of income from other sources.

If you are interested in this worry-saving, economical service, we suggest you secure further particulars. A Vice-President or Manager in charge at any one of our offices will be glad to talk with you.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
IN THE BRONX 149th St. & Third Ave.

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SEES PLOT TO BALK BUILDING INQUIRY

Untermyer Charges Powerful Influences Are at Work to Thwart Investigation.

HEARINGS BEGIN WEDNESDAY

Lockwood Commission Counsel Tells Why He Demanded Free Hand in Its Conduct.

RENEWS COMBINE CHARGE

Correspondence with Governor and Chairman Touches on Proposed Changes in Laws.

The Joint Legislative Housing Committee's investigation of the alleged building material trust, savings banks and life insurance companies, which will be begun on Wednesday at the City Hall, will encounter at every step the opposition of powerful political and financial influences, according to Samuel Untermyer, associate counsel to the committee. Mr. Untermyer's correspondence with Governor Smith and the committee of which Senator Charles C. Lockwood is chairman, was made public yesterday.

"There is not a city or town in the State of New York in which the material men do not agree on prices," said Mr. Untermyer in his letter to the Governor offering his services in the investigation. "There is also a national association, as well as State associations, of lumber men, cement manufacturers, brick manufacturers, and the like, and all the way down the line these despotic rock-ribbed combinations exist, under cover of which the material men have made many times more exorbitant profits than at any time in the history of the trade.

"Somehow or other, though, they seem to have a political power sufficient to 'call off' everything in the way of drastic and effective investigation. These inquiries get just so far and then they go no further."

Obstacles to Thorough Inquiry.

In the correspondence with the Lockwood Committee Mr. Untermyer explained why he thought obstacles had already been placed in the way of a thorough investigation. "Why these restrictions were imposed on the committee," he added, "I have no means of knowing, but the changes were accomplished with an intelligence and subtlety that leave little room for doubt as to the manipulative skill and legislative experience behind the action."

It was because of the many difficulties he knew would be placed in the path of such an investigation that Mr. Untermyer made certain stipulations before accepting the position of associate counsel.

Mr. Untermyer complained that the scope of the resolution under which the committee was acting was unduly restricted and unsatisfactory in some particulars and many important recitals and provisions prepared by him and submitted to the committee had been eliminated while others had been emasculated.

The provision relating to insurance companies and banks has been so changed from the text as originally drawn as to make it certain that the policies and affairs of these companies will not be "unduly" investigated, he said. The paragraph providing in detail for immunity has been stricken out bodily.

Untermyer's Conditions.

Mr. Untermyer then stated he would accept on the following conditions:

That there shall be no division of authority between counsel; that investigators and statisticians begin at once to gather facts and, that hearings be started immediately and continue from day to day so far as possible; that examination of witnesses be conducted by counsel to the end without interruption before questions are put to witnesses; that the Superintendent of Banks and Superintendent of Insurance assure the committee prompt and comprehensive assistance; that the Federal Trade Commission will give the committee access to its files and documents; that the Department of Justice assist in the investigation; that the committee have the assurance of the co-operation of the prosecuting officer of the State, of the Governor and the Attorney-General, looking to the prompt indictment of those who defy the authority of the committee; that he be offered no compensation for his work.

"I am not unmindful of the many difficulties that were encountered by you in securing any resolution whatever in the face of the opposition of the powerful political and financial influences that were arrayed against its passage and which the committee is likely to encounter at every step as every effort is found that its inquiry will not be subject to manipulation and that it may run counter to the wishes of important vested and political interests," said Mr. Untermyer.

"It is because of this knowledge and of the expectation that obstructions such as chemical newspaper propaganda will be encountered from the outset that I would have to be now assured, in the interest of the integrity of the inquiry and as a condition of my participation, upon being given a free hand and wholehearted co-operation and support of the committee regardless of whom or where it may strike.

"I have had some experience in these matters and am familiar with the influences that surround men in public life and against which it is difficult at times, with the very best of intentions, to contend." The conditions he made involved no reflection on the committee, he said, but were solely made in the interest of the investigation.

Life Insurance Law Ignored.

In his letter to Governor Smith, Mr. Untermyer asserted that some life insurance companies such as the Mutual Life and the Equitable Life have not disposed of their stocks according to legislation passed in 1906 giving them five years to do so, but have had the time extended periodically for the last fifteen years, and are still holding their stocks "at a loss of hundreds of millions of dollars to the policyholders."

"The stocks have never been worth and never again will be worth anything like the sums at which they should have been liquidated during the five-year term, but the continued holding of these stocks enables the managements of these companies to remain important factors in the railroads and other enterprises in which they are stockholders," he continued. "The whole thing has become a great scandal which is bound at some time to be ventilated.

"It is my opinion, which I believe would be confirmed by the Insurance Superintendent, that if the bonds and stocks now held by the insurance companies at the values at which they carried them, it would be found that most of the companies and a number of the savings banks are insolvent within the law.

"The worst part of the story is, that having regard to the interest rates that now prevail and that are bound to continue for years to come, this condition is not likely materially to improve. This is not due (except as to the companies that have persistently held on to their stocks and have been encouraged in doing so by the Legislature), to poor investments or, except in rare instances, to the faults of the companies, but to the changed financial conditions throughout the world, and of course it would be highly inadvisable and well-nigh criminal to call public attention to this situation. It would create a countrywide panic. But the tragic facts are none the less beyond dispute."

Would Change Investment Law.

An exception, he said, was those companies which invested largely in first mortgages on improved unencumbered real property in this city. He suggested that the law be amended so that the life insurance companies and banks be compelled to make three-fourths of their new investments in mortgages and thus furnish the capital to stimulate new construction. If this were done $200,000,000 would be available for housing construction, according to Mr. Untermyer, who felt that nothing less than legal compulsion could bring this about, assuming that "the political influence of these powerful aggregations of capital be overcome and the subject treated upon its merits."

In conclusion Mr. Untermyer said: "What is needed, and needed now and at the moment, is a comprehensive plan of improvement which involves (a) an understanding with the labor unions by which labor conditions will be made stable so that a man who begins improvements will know that they are to be completed; (b) putting the fear of the Lord in the hearts of the material men, from the manufacturer down to the distributer; and (c) a loan market that will permit of the revival of the building trade."

Senator Lockwood, by reason of his having been counsel for some time of an insurance company, will not take part in the committee's deliberations which may affect insurance company investments. He offered to withdraw from the committee when it was empowered to take up this phase of the work, but was prevailed upon to remain, as Mr. Untermyer said it would be perfectly proper for him to go ahead.

S. H. Hand and Abe J. Wolf will be the statisticians for the committee and Leonard Wallstein will be associated with Mr. Untermyer.

Urges Tenants to Settle.

Julius H. Zieser, head of the Legal Committee of the Real Estate Interests of New York, Inc., commenting on the conflicting decisions of Supreme Court Justices Faber and Mullan in similar rent cases, said yesterday:

"The difference between the litigants which resulted in the eviction judgment and of those similarly situated are not so serious that they cannot now be amicably adjusted. I cannot make it too emphatic that settlement is the immediate remedy of those acting or assuming to act on behalf of the tenants. If they would counsel settlement and not litigation, the question of whether Justice Faber's decision or Justice Mullan's decision is right would be academic."

In a letter to the members of the Board of Aldermen, made public yesterday, the City Club urged that the board refrain from making an attempt to follow the narrow restrictions set forth in the ordinance, which seeks to exempt new housing construction from local taxation only when the Tenement House Commissioner and the Board of Estimate approve and pass on each individual application.

There is grave doubt, the letter said, as to the legality of an ordinance which, instead of being a direct exercise of the exemption powers granted by the State to the local legislative body, is in substance, an attempt to further delegate this legislative power to the Board of Estimate.

"There is, furthermore, serious doubt about the validity of any scheme which allows official discretion as to each piece of property instead of granting an exemption uniformly wherever a property owner can show that the definite statutory conditions have been met," the communication continued.

Oxford Leaders Offer Amity to the Teutons

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Fifty-seven professors and doctors of Oxford University have sent a letter to professors of arts and sciences in Germany and Austria expressing hope for the speedy resumption of friendly intercourse.

"We therefore now personally approach you," says the letter, "with a desire to dispel the embitterment of animosities that under the impulse of loyal patriotism may have passed between us. In the field where our aims are one, our enthusiasm the same, our rivalry and ambition generous, we can surely look to be reconciled, and the fellowship of learning offers a road which may—and if our spiritual ideals be alive must—lead to wider sympathy and better understanding between our kindred nations.

"While political dissensions are threatening to extinguish the honorable comity of great European States, we pray we may help to hasten that amicable reunion which civilization demands."

SAYS BALTIC STATES ARE FIRMLY UNITED

Will Resist to Last Man to Preserve Independence, Premier Ullman of Latvia Warns.

CRITICISES COLBY NOTE

Is Shocked at Refusal to Recognize Right of Self-Determination by Russian Border Nations.

RIGA, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—"The Baltic States will not start any war, but we will resist to the last man any effort to take our independence away from us, and in two years the new border States have learned how to resist in the struggles against German and Russian aggression," Karl Ullman, Premier of Latvia, told The Associated Press today.

"The Baltic Union is a misleading name for the understanding the border States are arranging," he continued. "It is not really intended to be a union in the sense that the United States is a union. The new States do not propose to surrender any sovereignty, but merely to harmonize currency, transportation, customs, tariffs, and telegraphs and arrange co-ordination of their defenses if their independence as a new group is threatened.

"Naturally there is great disappointment in the Baltic States that the United States and other great powers refuse to recognize their legal independence, but, having lived many years in America, I understand the failure of untraveled Americans to appreciate conditions in the new Baltic States.

"Under the influence of such men as Bakhmeteff (Russian Ambassador to the United States), who is pleading for a united Russia in order to perpetuate Russia's oppression of the Baltic States, Americans have been led to believe that old Russia really was composed of united States. How was that possible, when actually 110 different peoples without any cohesive element were merged into an empire which must inevitably disintegrate?

"Why should America punish us border people of refusing recognition and assistance in reconstruction? We have the education and organization necessary to establish a Government, but are condemned because Russia lacks the power to create a popular Government. We believed in America's Fourteen Points and are shocked at Secretary Colby's note enunciating a fifteenth point, namely, that self-determination is for Czechoslovakia, Armenia, Poland and Finland, but not for parts of the Russian empire with populations just as distinct, homogeneous and non-Russian as the Armenians, Poles or Finns.

"But I think I appreciate the misunderstanding upon which such policy is based. America has such a uniform character throughout and its States have such cohesive force drawing them together, that the American people think Russia the same, and cannot understand the desire of the wholly dissimilar peoples of Russia to manage their own affairs and throw off Moscow's oppression."

POLES OCCUPY MINSK.

Winter Sets in with Snow, Hail and Sleet on Northern Front.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A wireless dispatch received here today from Moscow asserts that since the armistice between the Poles and the Soviet was signed the Poles have occupied Minsk. The dispatch says the Poles should retire from this city in accordance with the treaty, and declares that the occupation should serve as a warning to Russia to continue to strengthen the western front.

The Russian Bolshevist headquarters communication received here today says:

"In the Polotsk region our troops are retiring to the border line. Fighting continues on the other fronts. The Poles are attacking in the Minsk and Slutsk regions."

RIGA, Oct. 17 (Associated Press).—Snow, hail and sleet today marked the beginning of Winter, and probably will make further military activities in the Baltic area difficult until there is sufficient snow for sledges.

While it is not definitely announced, the Bolshevik and Poles are virtually agreed upon Riga as the location for permanent peace negotiations. The Secretariats of both delegations are remaining here, and expect to begin work on the treaty immediately after the Libau ratification of the preliminary peace treaty and armistice.

TROTZKY DENOUNCES FRANCE.

Asserts She Is Preparing to Invade Russian Territory.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—A special dispatch to the National Tidende from Helsingfors says the entire Bolshevist press confirms the denial of the report that the Soviet Government had sent peace proposals to General Wrangel. On the contrary, they say, this front has been reinforced lately.

Trotzky in a speech to the leaders of the Bolshevist armies, declared France was the chief enemy. France, he said, was preparing an attack on Russia. French troops possibly would land to take Russian towns, but the Russians would fight until the invaders were definitely repulsed.

HINDENBURG FIGHTS WITH ARMED BURGLAR

Field Marshal Appears in Court and Tells of Struggle at His Hanover Villa.

BY GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 16.—How in his villa at Hanover Field Marshal von Hindenburg wrestled with a burglar was told in court in that city yesterday. When the Field Marshal appeared, the Judges and public all stood up and there was slight cheering.

Two men, it appeared, entered the garden of the villa and helped themselves liberally to pears. Then one of them, Albert Gallin, thought there might be something of value in the house and entered by the veranda window. Hindenburg said he was disturbed by the noise in the next room and entered it to find the accused, whom he at once seized by the collar. He had to drag the young burglar into the next room in order to reach the bell to raise the alarm.

In the struggle a small cabinet was knocked over and a chair broken. Gallin wrenched himself free and pulled a revolver. The Field Marshal then tried an uppercut on the young man's chin, but that failed to put him out of action. He pulled the trigger of the revolver, but three cartridges failed to go off. At the fourth effort Gallin fired a bullet into the floor.

He then slowly walked to a table, took his bag and covering the Field Marshal with the revolver, retreated to the window.

"Now hands up or I fire," Gallin said as he opened it.

Hearing some one coming along the corridor the young man thought it best, however, not to prolong the incident, so he slipped down to the ground and disappeared to be arrested shortly afterward.

Gallin was sentenced to two years and six months' imprisonment. Hindenburg loudly applauded as he left the court.

Delegates to Milan Conference Discuss Changes in League Covenant

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Oct. 16.—At a plenary meeting today of delegates of the international conference of the League of Nations Societies, G. N. Barnes, M. P., carried the day in his opposition to the proposal to split up the International bureau into separate departments for intellectual and manual workers. A majority vote was passed in favor of renaming it the International Bureau for Education instead of Labor.

On the question of the limitation of armaments General Sir Frederick Maurice persuaded the historian Guglielmo Ferrero to forego his objection that an international force was impossible so long as independent national forces existed capable of opposing it. Ferrero admitted as possible the formula for the formation of a federation of military forces formed of contingents contributed by associate States in the League, at least by way of experiment.

Lady Gladstone and Mrs. Barnette made a special appeal for co-operation among the women in all countries as essential to the success of the League.

The debate waxed hot over the admission of the former enemy States, and the conciliatory view of the British and Italian delegations was fiercely combated by those from Russia, France and Greece. Finally a resolution was passed that "in the interests of true peace all States, great and small, not excepting the former enemy ones, be admitted without further delay to form a part of the League of Nations."

STRIKE IS BEGUN IN PARIS THEATRES

Actors and Stage Hands Follow the Example of the Opera Personnel.

STARTED BY AUTHORS' UNION

Actors Espouse the Cause of Young Playwrights, Who Say Managers Have Boycotted Them.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The Opera strike, which began some days ago and shows no signs of coming to an end, is being followed by a strike in other theatres. Tonight, it is expected, there will be very few performances in Paris.

The decision to strike was taken at a secret meeting of the State Federation Committee yesterday, but it was then too late to put it into operation at more than one or two theatres. At one, the Dejazet Theatre, notice was received early, and the curtain never rose. The audience waited for a quarter of an hour and then became impatient. Behind the scenes hot discussion and argument were going on, and, seeing that there was no other way out of the difficulty, the manager announced to the audience that there would be no performance and that money would be returned at the door.

At the Cluny Theatre matters were more advanced when the strike began. The play was in the middle of the second act when the order was received, and at once, disregarding the audience entirely, actors, stage hands and the whole personnel decided to quit the theatre. Immediately the curtain was rung down, and for some minutes audience was left wondering what had happened. Soon the playgoers grew restless, and when it was announced that the performance would not be continued there was considerable disorder. Men brandished their sticks at the stage, through which the manager stood alone trying to explain what had happened, and the shrill criticism of women deprived of their pleasure drowned his words. It needed several police officers and a speech from the Police Commissioner to get the theatre, and some actors and actresses on leaving it were subjected to a good deal of rough treatment.

At one other theatre where the order to strike was received it was disregarded, and the performance was carried through to its finish; but tonight it is expected that the strike will be general.

The cause of the strike is a curious one. The actors and mechanical staffs are not striking on their own behalf, but in support of the Authors' Union, which demands recognition by all theatre managers. The union, which is a member of the General Federation of Labor, consists mostly of young authors, who declare that their work is boycotted through the action of the Society of Dramatic Authors, to which the leading lights of the profession belong. The actors also have their own grievances, but in most theatres these have been redressed in the past few months.

The opera strikers seem determined to carry their fight to a finish. Tonight they are giving a performance at the Labor Federation Hall to raise funds for their poorer members. The quarrel which was last night at the point of settlement shows not the least sign of arrangement. On two points the limitation of the number of foreign artists engaged each year and the engagement terms of the chorus, M. Rouche, the manager, feels himself unable to give way. He asserts that the strikers have been deceived by their leaders. While the strike lasts he is philosophically seizing the opportunity of having some repairs carried out. In order to prevent this the strikers have called on the Builders' Federation to stop work, but so far there is no sign of this call being obeyed.

AMERICAN GIRL SUES FOR FORTUNE IN BERLIN

Changes Her Mind After Putting Money in Trust to Keep it from Husband.

BY GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 16.—An extraordinary case, involving £200,000 began in the Berlin courts today.

The owner of the fortune is a young American woman who has been a resident of Berlin for some time. Not long ago she made the acquaintance of a handsome young American lawyer, who soon declared he had fallen in love with her. They became engaged, and it was arranged that the wedding should take place three days later.

Her fiancé's haste caused the young woman to wonder and she came to the conclusion that he was attracted chiefly by her dollars. She consulted a Berlin lawyer, who advised her to place the administration of her wealth in legal hands. As she expressed considerable doubt as to her ability to resist the persuasive eloquence of her fiancé when it came to the question of the disposal of her money, it was arranged that an attorney should have full and irrevocable powers over it.

The young woman signed the necessary documents and was married. As she had feared, she was persuaded by her husband to hand over her fortune to his lawyer and thereafter all the lawyer had to make the necessary arrangements for its transfer. But the lawyer refused to hand over a single dollar, even to her, without permission from court. The court is to decide how much shall be given to her as a foreigner, and the best form in which to give it.

Spanish Occupy Sheshuan.

MADRID, Oct. 16.—A wireless message, describing the occupation of the important town of Sheshuan by Spanish forces, has been received from Lieut. Gen. Berenguer, High Commissioner to Spanish Morocco.

"We made solemn entry into Sheshuan at 10:30 A. M. Thursday," he says. "We were received with great jubilation by the inhabitants who hoisted a white flag when they found they were surrounded by our troops.

"Our losses, although not yet verified will not exceed fifty, mostly natives."

MALATESTA SEIZED FOR BOMB OUTRAGE

Notorious Anarchist Accused in Attack on Hotel Housing British Delegation.

SIGNALS FROM A WAITER

Milan Police Also Arrest Staff of Anarchist Paper and Search Homes for Weapons.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Oct. 17.—The recent bomb outrages against the seat of the British delegation to the League of Nations societies' conference here, where George Barnes, Sir Willoughby Dickinson, General Sir Frederick Maurice, Lady Gladstone, Mrs. Barnett, &c., are residing, resulted in a police raid on the headquarters of the Milan anarchist daily newspaper, Umanita Nuova. The chief director, Enrico Malatesta, who is well known in London; the general manager and the head editor were all taken into custody, and those of the editorial staff who happened to be absent were subsequently arrested in their homes.

Among the documents seized in the editor's cabinet is a packet of correspondence belonging to a waiter, Cesare Bossi, at the hotel Cavour, who is charged with having guided the bomb throwers by signals from an upper window of the hotel. During today's examination evidence was given that this militant anarchist obtained his situation through the recommendation of a titled family in this city whose young English governess he lately married.

Furthermore, the authorities raided the offices of the Syndicalist Union, at the People's Hotel, and a number of private dwellings. In the course of their search a quantity of bombs, fire-arms and forbidden munitions came to light.

D'Annunzio's supporters have burned to the ground the Socialist Labor Exchange at Fiume as a reprisal for the murder of the Nationalist journalist, Pietro Belli, at Trieste.

On the other hand, the assassination of the Socialist Secretary of a local labor league has started a general strike in Palermo.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Prefect of Milan, says a Central News dispatch from that city, has apologized to the British delegates to the congress of the League of Nations Societies, meeting there, for an outrage committed at the Hotel Cavour, where the delegates are staying, two bombs having recently been exploded at that hostelry.

The dispatch quotes Verona reports stating that Anarchists there have tried to blow up the barracks of the Royal Guards after hearing a fiery speech by the Anarchist, Enrico Malatesta.

PRIEST EXPOSES SPIRITISM.

"Seance" Follows Sermon on Danger of Losing Faith in God.

The Rev. Charles de Heredia of the Society of Jesus, Professor of Spanish and other subjects at Holy Cross College, entertained more than 500 laymen with spiritistic illusions at the Catholic Club last night, further mystifying his audience with each new phase of his "séance." Father De Heredia, who was billed in announcements of the club's entertainment as the "man who outHerrmanns Herrmann," preached a brief sermon about the danger of losing one's faith in God through the manifestations of spiritists and "other fakirs."

The demonstration he was about to give, he said, was a pure fake from start to finish. However, most of his auditorium agreed, after he had levitated a table, listened to the "rappings" from the astral world, produced a "spiritist" photograph and writings from the other side of the beyond, that if it were not for his cloth Father De Heredia could direct his own vaudeville booking.

"I am a missionary," he exclaimed, "and it is my business to show you how easily you can be fooled; how easily you can be swayed, and finally, how easy it is to lose your faith in God through the fakes of spiritists. They have their theory and that is all there is to it."

Ninety per cent. of the tricks performed at "seances" were illusions, the priest added. The remaining 5 per cent. could be explained by science, and the other 5 per cent. remained to be shown by science.

"Why, in olden times they believed that lightning was a spiritist manifestation, and it was not until Franklin came along and showed that it was created by electricity that the world understood. So with other so-called spiritist 'phenomena.'

"Edison, we learn, is working upon an invention through which he hopes to communicate with the other world. I doubt whether he will succeed, but it must be remembered that he may turn up some new wonder of science in the undertaking. He is in the same condition of mind as the alchemists of the Middle Ages. They were looking for the 'Philosopher's Stone' and they found chemistry. Edison is seeking a communication with the next world and he may find something very interesting."

Father de Heredia explained that in his youth he had carefully watched Herrmann, the magician, while he gave lessons to the priest's older brother. He had studied spiritist phenomena for more than twenty years since, Father de Heredia added.

He simulated Sir Oliver Lodge and called for "Raymond," the hall in darkness, and "Raymond" answered that he was there by giving three faint raps. The priests then asked, "Raymond" whether they had cigars and whiskey in the other world, and the three raps came again.

Although he had never seen many persons in the audience, the priest then called out the names of several. Mgr. George J. Waring's name in this manifestation became "Warming" through some psychic mischance.

Mlle. Masaryk Coming Here to Study

PRAGUE, Oct. 17.—It was announced today that Mlle. Masaryk, daughter of President Masaryk of the Czechoslovak Republic, had departed for the United States to study social institutions there.

FRANCE DREADS REPARATION PARLEY

Sees in Impending Meeting with Germans Peril to the Versailles Treaty.

POINCARE URGES FIRMNESS

Says France Must Insist on Fixing Indemnity, Heedless of Germany's Whining.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The new French budget has been considerably "compressed." M. President Millerand and his Cabinet in the course of councils held daily during the last fortnight. Every item has been carefully scrutinized, with a view to economy, with the result, as announced today, that the ordinary budget estimates have been reduced from 26,000,000,000 francs to 22,000,000,000. The Government is confident that this expenditure can be met by revenue.

There is also a reduction of the special budget devoted to pensions and reparations—which the Treaty of Versailles declares must some day be repaid by Germany—which amounted to 24,000,000,000 francs in the former estimate. This, it is stated, will now amount to 18,500,000,000 francs. The saving is less than it appears at first sight, for in addition to this amount there figures in the estimates the extraordinary budget which an official communiqué of a fortnight ago said would be dropped this year.

The extraordinary budget amounts to 5,500,000,000 francs, and from its composition it is clear that it was lumped with reparations and pensions, as it provides for allowances to refugees from the devastated areas, for the repairing of railroads and for a subvention to the budget of Alsace-Lorraine, all of which are charges upon Germany and therefore legitimately part of the reparations or "special" budget. In today's revised version the latter is no longer so called. It figures under the title of "Budget of expenses receivable by payments to be received according to the Peace Treaty."

The Government is evidently trying to present the national accounts in the most favorable light in order to stimulate subscriptions to the loan, the books of which will be opened next Wednesday, and to allay the agitation which the publication of the first set of figures two weeks ago had begun to cause. As now presented, the budget sheet looks much less alarming, but the actual gain over the first schedule is only six billions altogether, and even the revised figures show an increase on the current year of two billions, almost entirely confined to the section not covered by revenue.

"Inspired" Dispatches from London.

In short, the problem of extracting money for reparations from Germany remains as acute as ever. The French newspapers today carry evidently "inspired" Reuter messages from London stating that "contrary to rumors circulated in different quarters, there is no divergence of views between the French and British Govrnments as regards the meeting, in accordance with the decisions reached at Spa, of the Geneva Conference to discuss with German delegates the question of reparations." It is added that the two Governments, as well as the Belgian Government, are fully agreed on this point.

According to the European custom of using newspapers and agencies to throw out feelers and convey hints, the Reuter dispatches simply mean, when decoded from diplomatic language, that Lloyd George says to France:

"You sent a reply to Curzon's note (urging that the Geneva conference be no longer postponed); stating that you were willing to attend and willing to attend also the conference of experts by which it would be preceded. It was quite clearly understood that Germany should be admitted to both sections of the conference on even terms. You agreed to that long ago. You did, however, ask that the allied experts should be chosen from the Reparation Commission or delegated by it, and that their preliminary meeting should be held at Brussels. These two points we conceded.

"Recently, however, your press has been full of new stipulations and suggestions and reservations. What does all that mean? Are you going to stick to your word or not?"

Through Reuter the British Government has injected a clean-cut issue into the mass of confusion, evasion and verviage. In face of it it will be hard for the French to avoid toeing the line or refusing flatly. The worst of it from the point of view of the latter have been outmaneuvred by Lloyd George, for they did agree to the Geneva conference, and he did make concessions on the two points they urged.

Seen New Effort to Revise the Treaty.

Whatever they may reply, there is no doubt as to what they feel. It is set forth clearly in the fortnightly article written by ex-President Poincaré for the Matin, which will appear tomorrow. M. Poincaré says:

"The Allies committed the fault of abandoning the line traced by the treaty. They let the Germans think their proposals would be examined in discussion with them at Geneva. Lloyd George, who formally announced this decision in the House of Commons on his return from Spa, does not see how he can go back on his word.

"The Germans themselves insist that the word so inconsiderately given be kept. The Frankfurter Gazette warns us in a threatening tone that Germany will not be satisfied with being admitted to a discussion before a commission of experts. The German people will not even consent that the Supreme Council itself shall fix the amount of the indemnity on the advice of this commission of experts. That must be followed by a general conference of statesmen. Their object is clear—a congress to revise the treaty of Versailles."

Unfortunately for France, it is not Germany but England that is insisting on a general conference of statesmen to follow the meeting of experts. It is not the Allies that "inconsiderately" agreed to it, but France. What France ought to have demanded instead, and what France wants now, is stated succinctly in the ex-President's final sentence.

"The essential thing is to hold fast to the conditions of the treaty, to fix the debt of Germany without paying heed to threats or lamentations, and subsequently, if it be necessary, to take a pledge—be sure of the revenues we assign," meaning an article pledged as collateral—"and impose penalties to insure regular payment."

AMUNDSEN SEEKS FUNDS.

Brother Has Asked Norway to Save His Expedition from Failure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—According to a Christiania dispatch to the Politiken the report that Captain Roald Amundsen's polar expedition is in danger of failure from lack of funds is confirmed. Leon Amundsen on behalf of his brother having asked the Norwegian Government for a loan of 200,000 crowns to meet the expense of equipping the expedition for its new start from Nome.

Reds Taunt Armenians on Lack of Allied Support

TIFLIS, Transcaucasia, Oct. 14.—The Turkish Nationalists, moving against the Armenians, have occupied Novo Selim, about twenty miles southwest of Kars. Sarakamish, in the same region, also has been evacuated by the Armenians.

Replying to protests by the Armenians against the invasion of their territory, the Bolshevist agent Legrand is quoted as declaring that the United States and the Allies had promised to protect frontiers of Armenia, and that the appeal therefore should be addressed to the Allies.

WOODBURY REBUKES LOWELL FOR STAND

Declares He Signed "Utterly False" Statement That Wilson Barred League Changes.

CHARGES CHANGE OF FRONT

Harvard Graduate and Endowment Worker Says Explanation is Due Alumni.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Gordon Woodbury of New Hampshire, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, a graduate of Harvard and Chairman of the committee formed in New Hampshire in the interest of the Harvard Endowment Fund, made public tonight a letter he has written to Dr. A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard, condemning Dr. Lowell as having made a "complete change of attitude" on the League of Nations issue.

Mr. Woodbury also declared to be "utterly false" the statement, which President Lowell and thirty other prominent men recently signed, that President Wilson refused to accept any modifications of the League covenant and insisted upon the agreement absolutely unchanged.

The Assistant Secretary's letter to President Lowell was written on Friday, following the publication here of a dispatch explaining the position of the thirty-one prominent advocates of some form of international agreement who announced that they would support the candidacy of Senator Harding.

The letter reads:

"In The Associated Press dispatch of Oct. 14, published this morning, appears a statement explaining the position in the present Presidential campaign of thirty-one prominent men, who have advocated some form of international agreement, announcing that they would support Senator Harding, the Republican nominee. Your name is among the number. Among other things, the statement contains the following:

"The question between the candidates is not whether our country shall join in such an association (an association to prevent war). It is whether we shall join under an agreement containing the exact provisions negotiated by President Wilson at Paris or under an agreement which omits or modifies some of these provisions. Mr. Wilson refused to accept these (any) modifications and insisted upon the agreement absolutely unchanged. That is the substantial difference between the parties now.

"The Democratic platform and candidate stand unqualifiedly for the agreement negotiated at Paris without substantial modification. On the other hand, the Republican platform says: 'The Republican Party stands for agreement among the nations to preserve the peace of the world.' The question, accordingly, is not between a League and no League, but is whether certain provisions in the proposed League agreement shall be accepted unchanged or shall be changed.

"The statement contains much other matter, but in the interest of clearness, I have omitted it. The signers of this statement are almost, if not entirely, without exception, leading Republicans.

Cites Stand in Manchester Speech.

"I have assumed to write to you and to make my letter public because I am a graduate of Harvard College of thirty-five years' standing and have recently taken a deep interest in the Harvard endowment fund, being Chairman of the committee formed for that purpose in the State of New Hampshire, and the interests of Harvard College are very dear to me.

"Last Spring, and perhaps within six months, you and former President Taft toured the country in the interest not of a league, but of the League, and while in Manchester, N. H., I had the privilege of entertaining you. I there heard you, with Mr. Taft, discuss, not a league, but the League, on three separate occasions, and before large audiences.

"At that time both you and Mr. Taft advocated enthusiastically the League, explained away to the entire satisfaction of most of your hearers the fanciful objections raised by the League opponents, denounced the attitude of Senators Johnson, Borah, Knox, Moses, Brandegee and other so-called bitter-enders, and urgently advised your hearers to express their approval of the League and to do all they could to bring the United States into it.

"Mr. Taft declared himself a Republican, and spoke as he did from that standpoint. You declared yourself an independent of Republican antecedents, but enthusiastically in favor of the Democratic proposals regarding the League, and from your experience and acknowledged ability as a lawyer you derided the objections then urged by its opponents. You had also engaged in a joint debate with Senator Lodge, in which you advocated, not a league, but the present League, the one we are all talking about.

Asserts Explanation Is Due.

"Your high official position, it seems to me, requires some explanation, at any rate to the Alumni of Harvard, of this complete change of attitude on your part. It is rendered the more imperative by the fact that from Mr. Harding's recent utterances the conclusion is inescapable that he is entirely opposed, not only to the League, but to any league in any form, and Senators Johnson, Knox, Borah, Brandegee and other Republican 'bitter-enders,' are touring the country in his behalf because of this recent stand of his. How can you, in view of your past utterances, explain your present position?

"The statement says: 'Mr. Wilson refused to accept any modifications and insisted upon the agreement absolutely unchanged.' This is utterly false. I know it is. At any rate, you said in Manchester in April that it was, and now you say the direct opposite.

"How can you as an able guide, counselor and friend of young men seeking an education at Harvard College, set them such an example as you do? One can understand a Republican partisan and respect him. One can understand a Democratic partisan and respect him. But how can any man explain this recent act of yours consistently with the dignity, gravity, high character and devotion to truth which should attach to the President of Harvard College?"

Arrest In $15,000 Robbery.

Charles Levine, a carpenter, who lives at 2049 West Twenty-eighth Street, Coney Island, was arrested early this morning at his home on the complaint of Philip Smith, of 223 West Fifty-third Street, who was held up and beaten in his place of business on the morning of Sept. 4 and robbed of $15,000.

CALLS ANDERSON BETRAYER OF DRYS

Senator Thompson Denounces Anti-Saloon League Indorsement of Miller.

BAD FAITH IS ALLEGED

Anti-Saloon Bait of Future Honor Rejected and He Will Stay in Race.

CALLS JUDGE MILLER "WET"

Quotes Statement Before Nomination in Which Candidate Denounced Prohibition.

Betrayal of the "dry" forces of the State by William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, was charged yesterday by State Senator George F. Thompson, prohibition candidate for Governor, and William H. Burr of Rochester, State Chairman of the Prohibition Party, following the issuance of a statement by Mr. Anderson that Nathan L. Miller, Republican candidate for Governor, had answered "right" on questions concerning prohibition, which Mr. Anderson had put to him.

Senator Thompson in reply made public a letter from Mr. Anderson in which the latter requested him, if he could not abandon his campaign as a candidate, to admit that Judge Miller's statement on the prohibition issue was satisfactory. In that event, Mr. Anderson held out the promise of the future support of the Anti-Saloon League for Senator Thompson for Governor or United States Senator. Mr. Anderson added that the fight was between Judge Miller and "Al" Smith, and that, while the League preferred Governor Smith's defeat, it had an "alibi" if Judge Miller should be beaten.

Senator Thompson said he intended to remain an active candidate and to begin a more vigorous campaign than he had been conducting. He said he did not place much reliance in Mr. Anderson's intimation that he might be elected Governor or Senator later, and recalled that he had received similar promises of future political support before. Senator Thompson added that he considered Judge Miller to be as "wet" as Governor Smith and charged that his replies, which he said were unconvincing, were for the purpose of obtaining votes.

Anderson Charged with Bad Faith.

Mr. Burr in addition charged Mr. Anderson with bad faith in giving out a statement concerning his attitude toward Judge Miller after having agreed to hold it back until today in order to give opportunity for further conference by representatives of the prohibition organizations which have been supporting Senator Thompson.

The questions put by Mr. Anderson to Judge Miller were whether he would recommend the repeal of the Walker-Gillett act legalizing the sale of 2.75 per cent. beer, whether he would recommend the enactment of a proper State enforcement law, and whether he would use his influence with Republican Congressmen to prevent any weakening of the Volstead act and whether he would make it clear to the Legislature if his views were asked, that he wished the Assembly and Senate so organized as to facilitate the prompt passage of enforcement legislation.

Judge Miller, in his reply to these four questions, said that it was, of course, understood that a candidate might not make pledges to secure votes, but stand squarely on the statements which I have made and which have been generally reported in the press," he continued. "Those statements, in my opinion, require an affirmative answer to each of your questions because one could not honestly take the position which I have taken and do less than act affirmatively in respect of each of the specific proposals which you submit."

In his statement Mr. Anderson said that while the Anti-Saloon League would be perfectly fair with Senator Thompson and recognized that his fight in the primaries had forced the declaration for prohibition from the regular Republican candidate, yet it was in fairness bound to say that Judge Miller's earlier campaign statements, supplemented by his reply, constituted as a whole a satisfactory statement to the league on the specific prohibition issue. In his letter to Senator Thompson Mr. Anderson said he had been unable to get Judge Miller to support the direct primary, which Senator Thompson favors.

Anderson's Proposal to Thompson.

Mr. Anderson dealt with the situation with greater frankness in his letter to Senator Thompson, in which he emphasized the importance of defeating Governor Smith. In what amounted to a plea for Senator Thompson to go easy in his campaign, Mr. Anderson said:

"My judgment is that even if you stay in the race and make as hard a fight as you want on the primary question and these other things, that it will be well for you to admit that the Judge's statement is satisfactory on the specific prohibition issue. In my judgment that will take a good deal of the curse off of your staying in the race. It will give you a better angle from which to wage your primary fight if you concede this fully and frankly.

"My desire in this, in addition to being absolutely frank, honest and on the level and promoting the cause, is to give you every advantage and every protection. Of course it is self-evident that if there was a ghost of a show of your actually being elected

OWNERS TO DISCUSS BASEBALL CHANGES

Eleven Major League Clubs to be Represented at Meeting in Chicago Today.

OPPOSITION FROM JOHNSON

Five Magnates Who Backed Ban in Mays Controversy Will Not Attend Conclave.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Major league baseball club owners will meet here tomorrow to discuss reorganization of the national game, with President Byron Bancroft Johnson of the American League and the five clubs which sided with him in the fight last Winter not represented.

President Johnson tonight said he would not attend the conference, which will discuss the Lasker plan of reorganization, placing control of professional baseball under a "civilian" tribunal of three men not interested financially in the game and doing away with the National Commission. The five clubs which have sided with him in the American League fight—St. Louis, Detroit, Philadelphia, Washington and Cleveland—also have decided not to send representatives to the meeting, he said.

Several days ago Mr. Johnson telegraphed President John Heydler of the National League, saying he did not think it advisable to discuss reorganization at present, because of "startling evidence he thought might come before the Cook County Grand Jury" when it reconvenes Tuesday to continue its investigation of the baseball scandal.

Time for a Change.

In reply, Mr. Heydler said he could not see "what effect any further evidence coming before the jury could have on the reorganization question, and that the time had come for a change in baseball management."

Chicago, New York and Boston of the American League will be represented at the meeting, while all of the National League clubs are expected to be represented. Colonel Jacob Ruppert and Colonel T. L. Huston, owners of the New York Yankees, reached here yesterday.

President Charles Comiskey of the Chicago White Sox said tonight he "did not see how any one interested in the real welfare of the national game could object to the conference" and that he thought the reorganization plan a great thing.

To Consider Lasker Plan.

The conference is the outcome of a letter sent to all baseball men just after the indictment of eight Chicago White Sox players by the Cook County Grand Jury for alleged throwing of games in the 1919 world's series. The letter was signed by William Veeck, President of the Chicago Cubs; John McGraw, of the New York Giants; Barney Dreyfus, of the Pittsburgh Pirates, and others. It proposed that such men as General Pershing, Major General Leonard Wood, former President William Howard Taft and Judge K. M. Landis be chosen for a tribunal of three men who would have absolute control over all leagues, clubs and players.

Hundreds of telegrams were received during the next few days from baseball men in all parts of the country expressing approval of the idea, including more than fifty minor league club owners and managers.

The object of tomorrow's conference, however, is not to take any definite action now, but merely to discuss this plan and any others that may be presented.

The plan was worked out by A. D. Lasker, stockholder in the Chicago National League Club.

TITLE GOES TO HAMMETT.

Defeats Desnoes, 6—2, 6—2, on University Heights Courts.

Alfred D. Hammett won the championship of the University Heights Tennis Club yesterday afternoon, defeating Eugene Desnoes in the final round of the first of the club's annual tournaments in straight sets, 6—2, 6—2. The court was heavy and slow and its condition was better suited to the chop-stroke expert's game than to that of Desnoes. Many of Hammett's cross-court chops were unplayable in the heavy going.

The semi-finals were keenly contested, Hammett's ability to keep the ball in play under all conditions overcoming the speed of Paul Martin's game, while Desnoes won a close decision from Thomas G. Keen at 6—4, 4—6, 6—2. Keen had previously defeated Franklin C. Adams, 6—4, 3—6, 6—1. Sigmund Spaeth lost a hot argument in the third round to Charles Wood, Jr., boys' 12-deer champion, at 6—4, 6—3.

NEWCOMER WINS NET FINAL.

Raymond, Columbia Student, Beats Kayser in Notlek Event.

Playing in his first open competition, Irving W. Raymond of Columbia University was the winner in the annual noon of the final round in the annual tennis tournament on the Notlek courts at Riverside Drive and 119th Street. Raymond defeated George Kayser, a player of much wider tournament experience, in the best match of the tournament, which required five sets for settlement.

Play was even in the first four, but Raymond outsteadied and outlasted his opponent, retaining his speed of stroke to the end and being tricked into fewer errors. The sets were scored 6—2, 2—6, 8—6, 4—6, 6—4.

With the count two sets to one in his favor Kayser appeared to be sure of victory, but Raymond played his best tennis from then on, while his rival began to show evidence of fatigue.

LIGHTWEIGHTS TO MEET.

Jackson and Fitzsimmons to Box at the Garden Oct. 29.

The much discussed bout between Willie Jackson, Bronx lightweight, and Eddie Fitzsimmons, Yorkville southpaw, will be conducted at Madison Square Garden Oct. 29. Final details of the match have been completed and weight forfeits have been posted by the managers of both boxers. Frank Bagley put up $2,500 for Jackson to make the stipulated weight, 135 pounds at 9 o'clock on the evening of the bout, and Dan Morgan, manager of Fitzsimmons, posted a similar amount.

This match promises to be one of the most interesting held since the installation of the Walker law here. Bitter rivalry between the boxers and their respective followers augurs for a large attendance. Jackson and Fitzsimmons will start training today for the scrap.

Astoria Moves Up in Soccer.

With a 4—0 victory over Team B of the Vikings at Macomb's Dam Park yesterday the soccer eleven of the Astoria Football Club gained two more points in the championship struggle of the Metropolitan Football League.

Delivart, Frenchman, Sets 500-Metre Run Record at 1:05 3-5

PARIS, October 17.—Maurice Delivart, a French athlete, broke the world's record for the 500-metre run yesterday, covering the distance in one minute, five and three-fifths seconds. The race was run at St. Cloud under the auspices of the Sporting Federation of France before a large crowd. Delivart was favored by having a fast cinder track for his effort. The former record was one minute, seven and three-fifths seconds and was held by F. Raja of Hungary. It was made in 1913.

OELSNER TRIUMPHS OVER VON BERNUTH

Takes 2½ Hours to Win in Essex County Tennis Tourney by 8—6, 3—6, 8—6.

Edward Oelsner of Montclair was the winner in the hardest fought match of the day in the continuation of play yesterday for the tennis championship of Essex County, N. J., on the courts of the Essex County Country Club at West Orange. Oelsner defeated Anton F. Von Bernuth of New York in a match of which the three sets required two and a half hours for completion. The scores were 8—6, 3—6, 8—6.

The Montclair expert won on the merits of the play, but he was never out of danger of a reversal until he had cross-courted a placement for the final point of the long encounter. In the third set, Oelsner had the edge on service, but his opponent twice drew level, to deuce the games at 5-all and 6-all. Oelsner withstood the effects of the grueling pace better, and most of the points that won him the last two games were clearly earned. After surviving this endurance test with Von Bernuth, Oelsner won his third round match far more easily, defeating C. E. King in straight sets, 6—2, 6—3.

Gwynne French and R. P. Bennett fought another long-drawn-out match, in which only the utmost steadiness won the verdict for French at 8—6, 10—8. Both men volleyed skilfully and made many remarkable gets, but French exhibited the better court generalship, gaining the benefit of many setups and forcing his rival out of position. L. W. Knox was another favorite to advance, reaching the fourth round by virtue of two victories, while Gerald Emerson, the Columbia and Jersey star, likewise reached the fourth round.

In the doubles, the leading pairs to continue on a victorious way were Knox and Von Bernuth, Oelsner and French, Bennett and Roche and Philip Vandeventer and R. M. Kirkland. The last named pair, after benefiting by several defaults, defeated Brown and Farquhar in the fourth round in a well-played contest, by scores of 6—2, 8—6. Bennett and Roche won the stellar doubles match of the afternoon, defeating Emerson and Blankarn, 6—3, 5—6, 6—4. This was brilliantly played on both sides, and the margin of superiority was of the slightest.

The semi-finals and finals of the tournament will be played next Sunday.

The summaries:

Singles.

Second Round—Edward Oelsner defeated A. F. Von Bernuth, 8—6, 3—6, 8—6; C. E. King won from Philip Vandeventer by default; F. B. Powers defeated David George, 7—5, 7—5; Montgomery Ogden won from Hugh Oakley by default; L. W. Knox defeated A. Cowen, 6—2, 6—2.

Third Round—F. Farquhar defeated C. Palmer, 6—0, 6—3; C. Brown defeated K. Gillette, 6—0, 6—0; Edward Oelsner defeated C. E. King, 6—2, 6—3; Ogden defeated Powers, 6—4, 6—4; Knox defeated L. D. Woodbury, 6—2, 7—5; Gerald Emerson defeated F. S. Humphries, 6—2, 6—2; S. D. Palmer defeated G. Blankarn, 7—5, 6—3; L. C. French defeated R. P. Bennett, 6—0, 10—8.

Doubles.

Second Round—A. C. Seagaw and Irving Griffin defeated D. George and F. D. Powers, 5—7, 6—3, 7—5; Russell Kingman and Montgomery Ogden defeated S. Imirie and E. Bishop, 6—2, 6—2.

Third Round—L. W. Knox and A. F. Von Bernuth defeated L. D. Woodbury and S. Clark, 6—0, 6—3; Edward Oelsner and L. Gwynne French defeated Seagaw and Griffin, 6—1, 7—5; Kingman and Ogden defeated Palmer and Powers, 6—4, 6—3; Bennett and Roche defeated Love and Brookman, 6—2, 6—0.

Fourth Round—Philip Vandeventer and R. M. Kirkland defeated C. Brown and E. Farquhar, 6—2, 8—6; Bennett and Roche defeated Gerald Emerson and G. Blankarn, 6—3, 5—6, 6—4.

TO BUILD NEW CLUBHOUSE.

White Beeches Also Plans to Improve its Golf Course.

A new clubhouse to cost approximately $100,000 and a greatly improved course are the objectives of reorganization plans of the White Beeches Golf and Country Club at Haworth, N. J. Originally organized as a social club with nine holes, the old Haworth Golf Club had hard sledding financially, and eventually was wiped out in foreclosure proceedings. Several of the members bought in the property, left the rest of the members undisturbed so far as playing status was concerned, and went to work to develop the course at their own expense.

They changed the name to the White Beeches Golf and Country Club, and recently offered to surrender the whole outfit to the due-paying members if the latter would raise sufficient money to put up a proper and adequate clubhouse. The paying members agreed. Reorganization has been effected on the basis of a membership of 300 with each member confined to ownership of one share of stock at $300 a share.

The syndicate owners agreed to turn in their stock, representing their untied investment, as soon as 100 signatures were attached to the new plan, without reimbursement until and after 275 members had subscribed. They will then get repayment for their outlay out of the proceeds of the last twenty-five subscriptions.

Already 140 signatures have been obtained, the old stock has been turned in and canceled and a fund of over $50,000 is in hand for building purposes. It is expected that by the opening of the next playing season the membership will have been filled up, at least enough of the clubhouse completed to provide adequate locker and shower rooms, and many course improvements effected.

The course of eighteen holes is partly on property leased from the Hugh J. Grant estate in Oradell, but the club has enough land of its own to provide for eighteen holes and Walter J. Travis is now working out plans for the new course. It is not likely that the Grant estate will be settled up for ten or fifteen years. However, the new holes on the club's own property will be ready for play long before the present Grant lease expires. Present playing membership is 250.

Star S. C. Arranges Card.

The Star Sporting Club, 107th Street and Lexington Avenue, will hold its first boxing show of the season next Wednesday night. Two fifteen-round boxing contests feature the uptown club's opening card. Phil Dolmont of Harlem will clash with Johnny Hayes of the East Side. Eddie Fletcher and Sammy Noble will furnish the action in the other bout of fifteen rounds.

Favor American Shooting Style.

American shooters in the Olympic games report that the shooters of the European nations became convinced through the shooting in the English championships and in the Olympic games that the style in vogue in the United States is the best, and wouldn't be surprised to see this style in use on the continent within the next year.

EIGHT RECORDS FALL IN BRONX A. L. MEET

Erbal Wins Two Events and Places in Three Others—Mohawk Team Leads.

Eight new league records were made yesterday in the second annual outdoor track and field championship meet of the Bronx Athletic League, which was held at Macomb's Dam Park before a crowd of more than 5,000. The marks were improvement on the time made in several events when the meet was held for the first time last year.

To Vincent Lally, the St. Anselm's A. C. sprinter, went the day's proudest distinction. He scored victories in both the furlong and quarter-mile events, in which he hung up new league records. In the 220-yard dash he just managed to nip M. Smith, Mohawk A. C., at the tape. His time was 23 1-5 seconds, shaving one-fifth of a second off the mark made last year by Al Smith, Mohawk A. C. Lally again was hard pressed in the quarter-mile test, but emerged victorious by less than a yard, in 53 4-5 seconds, eclipsing the old mark made last year by Jerry Tighe, by one second.

Other marks were recorded in the 100-yard dash, when Al Smith was clocked in 10 1-5 seconds, an improvement of one-fifth of a second on the previous mark; the 880-yard run, in which Charles Beagan clipped a second off the old mark, when he ran it in 2:03 2-5; the running broad jump, the hop, step and jump, the shot-put and the javelin throw. Marks for future attacks were also recorded in the one-mile walk and two-mile run, events which were not included on last year's program.

Joseph Erbal, a young Orange Y. M. C. A. athlete who only recently joined the Mohawk A. C., furnished the sensation of the games. Erbal showed exceptional all-around ability. He competed in five of the field events and placed in all of them, annexing two victories, obtaining two second places and one third.

Erbal furnished somewhat of a surprise in the running hop, step and jump, when he defeated Paul Courtois, crack Mohawk jumper, with a leap of 43 feet 2 inches, an effort which displaced last year's mark of 42 feet 7 inch. In the javelin he forced J. Gomez of the league record distance of 152 feet 7 inches, before bowing to defeat by a margin of five inches. Courtois was again vanquished in the high jump, when Erbal corralled premier medal with a leap of 5 feet 9 inches, annexing victory by two inches over his rival. In the running broad jump Erbal's leap of 20 feet 9 inches earned him third laurels. The event was won by Courtois with a record leap of 22 feet 5 inches. Erbal then tried his hand at throwing the discus and emerged with second prize after sending the missile on a journey of 115 feet, one foot short of the distance recorded by T. F. Joyce, the winner.

The work of Erbal was a material factor in bringing the team title to the representatives of the Mohawk A. C. by an overwhelming margin. Wearers of the Brazilian Cross accounted for 82 points, more than double the total compiled by the St. Anselm's A. C. athletes. Because of the elimination of the Pastime A. C. the struggle for team supremacy resulted in a battle between these two clubs. The greater strength of the organization in the field events decided the argument in favor of the Mohawk A. C.

The summaries:

Track Events.

100-yard dash—Won by A. M. Smith, Mohawk A. C.; M. Conen, Mohawk A. C., second; H. Politzer, Mohawk A. C., third; L. W. Hallock, Mohawk A. C., fourth. Time—0:10 1-5.

440-yards run—Won by Vincent Lalley, St. Anselm's A. C.; L. Bennett, St. Anselm's A. C., second; G. Miven, St. Mary's Catholic Union, third; E. Bohney, St. Anselm's A. C., fourth. Time—0:53 4-5.

One-mile walk—Won by T. A. Marquez, St. Anselm's A. C.; J. Farrell, St. Anselm's A. C., second; C. Mertens, Mohawk A. C., third; G. Rouse, St. Anselm's A. C., fourth. Time 7:19 4-5.

220-yard dash—Won by Vincent Lalley, St. Anselm's A. C.; M. Smith, Mohawk A. C., second; M. Cohen, Mohawk A. C., third; J. Ostenhurf, St. Anselm's A. C., fourth. Time—0:23 1-5.

880-yard run—Won by C. Beagan, St. Anselm's A. C.; L. Gaskell, St. Anselm's A. C., second; L. Bennett, St. Anselm's A. C., third; E. Bennett, St. Anselm's A. C., fourth. Time—2:03 2-5.

Two-mile run—Won by W. Ritola, Finnish-American A. C.; J. O'Connor, St. Anselm's A. C., second; J. Goldmann, Mohawk A. C., third; Fred Travalena, Mohawk A. C., fourth. Time 9:50.

Field Events.

Putting 12-pound shot—Won by H. S. Elsey, Mohawk A. C., with 44 feet 8 inches; L. Hilgeman, Mohawk A. C., 43 feet 3 inches, second; F. J. Mackay, Pastime A. C., 42 feet 2 inches, third; Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., 41 feet 1½ inches, fourth.

Running hop, step and jump—Won by J. Erbal, Mohawk A. C., with 43 feet 2 inches; Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., 42 feet, second; J. Rothschild, Mohawk A. C., 39 feet 6 inches, third; H. Politzer, Mohawk A. C., 39 feet 3 inches, fourth.

Throwing the javelin—Won by J. Gomez, Mohawk A. C., with 152 feet 7 inches; J. Erbal, Mohawk A. C., 152 feet 2 inches, second; Y. Maki, Finnish-American A. C., 144 feet 11 inches; M. G. Pickney, Mohawk A. C., 138 feet 11 inches, fourth.

Running high jump—Won by J. Erbal, Mohawk A. C., with 5 feet 9 inches; Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., 5 feet 7 inches, second; S. Mountel, Belfert, Mohawk A. C., 5 feet 6 inches, third.

Running broad jump—Won by Paul Courtois, Mohawk A. C., with 23 feet 5 inches; H. Politzer, Mohawk A. C., 21 feet 8 inches second; J. Erbal, Mohawk A. C., 20 feet 9 inches, third.

Throwing the discus—Won by T. F. Joyce, Mohawk A. C., with 116 feet; J. Erbal, Mohawk A. C., 115 feet 8 inches, second; Riley, Mohawk A. C., 108 feet 8½ inches, third; Y. Maki, Finnish-American A. C., 108 feet 7 inches, fourth.

Point score—Mohawk A. C., 82 points; St. Anselm's A. C., 38; Finnish-American A. C., 8; St. Mary's Catholic Union, 5.

DALTON WINS ROAD RUN.

Races to Victory in Handicap Event of Knights of St. Antony.

R. A. Dalton, aided by the limit handicap of three minutes, raced to victory yesterday in the opening road race of a series to be conducted through the coming season by the Knights of St. Antony. The Brooklyn organization planned the event as an open test but, because of the absence of runners from other clubs, it was decided to conduct it as a members' run. Next Sunday the K. of St. A. officials expect to hold their first open prize race.

Dalton was one of a field of more than thirty harriers who started with varying handicap allowances. He got away in front of his rivals, and retained a contending position over the stretch of three miles through the Greenpoint and Williamsburg sections of Brooklyn. Near the finish of the journey Jack Winnick and M. Hunter challenged for premier position, but Dalton had enough reserve strength to sweep on to victory by a scant margin. The winner's time was 18:36, four seconds faster than that of Winnick. Hunter was third in 18:43.

The order of finish of the first ten runners follows:

R. A. Dalton (3:00), 18:36; Jack Winnick (3:00), 18:40; M. Hunter (3:00), 18:43; A. Nelson (1:40), 17:46; A. Keyes (3:00), 18:07; Payne (3:00), 18:30; H. Blaul (3:00), 19:00; A. Keyes (3:00), 19:05; Alexander Mauck (scratch), 16:10; John Bell (scratch), 16:11.

Annunciation Five Victor.

The Annunciation Club basketball quintet scored its first victory of the season yesterday on the court at Ebling's Casino, defeating the St. Malachy five in a fast and closely played game by the score of 32 to 27. The first half ended with Annunciation in front by the score of 17 to 15. Fitzpatrick and Leonard played the stellar game for the victors, while the work of Fitzgerald stood out for the St. Malachy team.

McDowell A. C. Five Wins.

The McDowell A. C. basketball team defeated Parson's Big Five last night at Palm Garden by a score of 30 to 21.

CYCLE FANS MARVEL AT KRAMER'S SPEED

Fleet Pedalist Again Outrides Spencer and Moeskops in Match at Velodrome.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 17.—Frank Kramer again made thousands of bicycle fans marvel at his speed by the manner in which he defeated Arthur Spencer and Peter Moeskops in a one-mile three-cornered match race at the Velodrome here this afternoon. The race took four heats to decide, and the final heat was ridden without a minute's rest after the third heat. The riders just circled the track once after the third heat had been run and came right to their marks for the fourth and deciding one. It was necessary to do this because no provision had been made for a fourth heat, although the rules said the winner must finish first over the line in two heats. Moeskops won the first heat, Kramer the second and Spencer the third.

The riders were still panting when they started off for the deciding race. A lap from home, one-sixth of a mile, Spencer was out in front, sprinting like mad, with Moeskops second and Kramer third. The chances did not favor Kramer, but he cut loose around the first turn with a great burst of speed, riding around Spencer and Moeskops and immediately opening up a big lead. Kramer's rivals did not have a chance, as Kramer finished in the home stretch six lengths to the good over Spencer, who was second, with Moeskops third.

Reggie McNamara won an Australian pursuit race from Willie Spencer which went three miles and four and a quarter laps. McNamara was the stronger of the two and although Spencer gamed it, he was not in it when McNamara started sprinting.

Old time fans were reminded of the "good old days" when Bobby Walthour, Jr., the seventeen-year-old son of the once famous Georgia star, defeated Willie Fenn, Jr., the fifteen-year-old boy of Willie Fenn, who was himself, years ago, known as the "Boy Wonder," in two straight heats of a mile match race.

Alf Goullet won the twenty-five mile open by riding around Reggie McNamara on the last lap. He pulled Lloyd Thomas into second place. McNamara was third, Alex McBeath, fourth; Percy Lawrence, fifth; Ted Byron, sixth, and Willie Spencer, seventh.

The summaries:

Half-Mile Handicap, Amateur—Won by Ralph Sasnger, East Orange (50 yards); William Grimm, Bayview Wheelman (25 yards), second; Thomas Fitzsimmons, East Orange (10 yards), third; Fred Taylor, New York A. C. (scratch), fourth. Time—0:57 4-5.

Australian Pursuit Race, Professionals—Reginald McNamara, Australia, against William Spencer, Newark, won by McNamara. Distance—3 miles, 4¼ laps. Time—5:29 3-5.

Two-Mile Handicap, Professional—Won by William Coburn, Newark (140 yards); Mamun Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I. (75 yards), second; John Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I (110 yards), third; Cecil Walker, Australia (100 yards), fourth; Tom Bello, Brooklyn (110 yards), fifth. Time—3:56.

One-Mile Match Race, Amateur—Bobby Walthour, Newark, against Willie Fenn, Jr., East Orange; won by Walthour. First heat won by Walthour. Time—2:03. Last eighth mile—0:13. Second heat won by Fenn. Time—2:49 4-5. Last eighth mile—0:13.

Two-Mile Invitation, Professional—Won by Menus Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I.; John Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I., second; Fred Hill, Boston, third; Gus Lang, Irvington, fourth; Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco, fifth. Time—3:01 4-5.

Two-Mile Invitation, Amateur—Won by Anthony Young, Bayview Wheelman; Tim Fitzsimmons, East Orange, second; Fred Taylor, New York A. C., third; William Beck, Newark, fourth. Time—4:30.

One-Mile Three-Corned Match, Professional—Frank L. Kramer, East Orange; Arthur Spencer, Toronto; Peter Moeskops, Holland (Two Wins). Kramer, second; Moeskops, third. First heat won by Moeskops; Spencer, second; Kramer, third. Time—2:47 3-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 1-5. Second heat won by Kramer; Spencer, second; Moeskops, third. Time—2:48. Last eighth mile—0:12. Third heat won by Spencer; Moeskops, second; Kramer, third. Time—2:40 1-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 1-5. Fourth heat won by Kramer; Spencer, second; Moeskops, third. Time—3:26 1-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 2-5.

Twenty-five-Mile Open, Professional—Won by Alfred Goullet, Newark; Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco, second; Reginald McNamara, Australia, third; Alex McBeath, Australia, fourth; Percy Lawrence, San Francisco, fifth; Edward Byron, Australia, sixth; William Spencer, Toronto, seventh. Time—52:14 3-5.

MATCH RACE FOR CYCLISTS.

Stein and O'Shea Will Meet in Brooklyn Event Tomorrow.

Walter Stein of the New York A. C., one and three mile indoor amateur bicycle champion, will meet Joe O'Shea of the Century Wheelmen in a special one-mile scratch race tomorrow night at the Forty-seventh Mounted Engineers' Armory, Marcy Avenue and Heyward Street, Brooklyn. The race will be run in heats, best two out of three to determine the winner. There will also be a two-mile handicap for amateurs and a one-mile professional race. Following the races the Forty-seventh Mounted Engineers will compete in a basketball game with the Fernwood Big Five of Brooklyn.

Major Corwin and his Athletic Committee have arranged to hold bicycle meets and basketball games in the Brooklyn armory on Tuesday and Saturday evenings.

WEST POINT FOUR VICTOR.

Wins Westchester Polo Cup by Defeating Squadron A, 9 to 6.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 17.—By a score of 9 to 6, the West Point polo team defeated Squadron A's team on the Gedney Farm polo field this afternoon, and thereby won the cup of the Westchester polo tournament, which started last Sunday. Only one more game is scheduled, for Tuesday next, between Squadron A and the Westchester Freebooters. West Point won last Sunday over the Westchester Freebooters, and on Tuesday defeated the Governors Island four.

Today's game was notable for remarkable team work on the part of West Point and for fast riding and long drives. Both teams were supported by large galleries of friends. The game was probably the fastest ever played on the Gedney field.

West Point's players were Captain R. E. Anderson, Major J. L. Devers, Major J. K. Brown and Captain J. W. Ray. Forty and Squadron A's were John G. Rockwood, E. Y. Clausen, J. Lapham and E. J. Snow, 3d.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming. One mile and seventy yards. Miss Dyo 112 pounds, John I. Day 115, Guyland 109, The Roc 104, Challenger 110, Tom Brooks 115, Lowry 101, Gen. Cadorna 104, Asterisk 112, Keziah 112, Berlin 112.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; the Broadway Purse. One mile. Fonty-prided 112 pounds, Sweet Music 100, Capt. Alcock 115, La Rabiea 109.

THIRD RACE—Ramapo High-weight Handicap; all ages. About six furlongs. San Mint 118 pounds, Elected II. 100, Flatwick 120, Fontyprided 122, War Cry 116.

FOURTH RACE—Hartsdale Handicap; for two-year-olds. Five and a half furlongs. Fluribus 114 pounds, Quecneek 116, Grey Lag 103, Ten-Lee 116, Our Boots 100, Dernier Son 414, Conine 110, Alfiro 107, Sedgefield 110.

FIFTH RACE—The Oakdale Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. One mile and a quarter. Lord Herbert 108 pounds, War Plume 103, The Wit 100, Beaumarais 111.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-old maidens; selling. Five and a half furlongs. Frippery 101 pounds, Frivolous 104, Savanna 114, Master Jack 108, Bachanalian 101, Lady Stella 113, Seguola 109, Jamaica Belle 105, Gretchinne 104, Favia 111, Sulphur 101, Chenille C. 101, Lady Frappe 107.

Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

National Track Team Titles to be Recorded as Vacant.

The junior and senior national A. A. U. track and field team championship titles for this year will be recorded as vacant in athletic history because of the fact that the programs of standard events in both meets were not completed in the games held in July at the Harvard Stadium. In both the junior and senior meets several standard events were removed to provide metric competition for athletes who were struggling for berths on the Olympic team. It was planned to hold the balance of the standard programs before the end of the outdoor season, but the season has concluded and no attempt has been made to complete the programs. Some adjustment of the matter may be made at the annual A. A. U. meeting in New Orleans next season, but it is regarded as extremely doubtful whether an attempt will be made to award the team titles on the strength of the incomplete programs. In the junior meet the Boston A. A. led, and in the senior meet the New York A. C. garnered 37½ points to the Chicago A. A.'s 35.

FAST TROTTERS ARE ON SOUTHERN CARD

Entry List for Lakewood Park Fall Meet Assures That Sulky Wheels Will Spin.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 17.—The Southeastern Fair Association received a splendid list of entries for its fifth Grand Circuit meeting, which will open Monday at Lakewood Park. All of the leading stables are engaged. The showing of their horses during the last four weeks at Columbus and Lexington makes it look as if there might be a few world's records broken before the close of the meeting.

The track at Lakewood Park is one of the fastest in the country. In 1914, a few days after it was completed, Lee Axworthy trotted it in 1:59¾. The following year Miss Harris M. made a race record of 2 minutes over it and Miss Bertha Dillon reduced the race record for three-year-old trotters to 2:03¾, when she defeated Harvest Gale. In 1918 Lu Princeton trotted a heat in 2:02 in his race with St. Frisco, while last year Sanardo paced in 2:01 and Frank Dewey in 2:01¾.

Peter Manning, Arion Guy and Rose Scott, the three stars of the Murphy stable, are engaged. In the Transylvania at Lexington the Axoff gelding trotted three heats in 2:03, 2:02¾ and 2:02¼, the three fastest heats on record, when he defeated Nedda and My Choice. His time in the aggregate is only three-quarters of a second faster than the three heats which Lu Princeton trotted over Lakewood Park in 1918 when he defeated St. Frisco in 2:02, 2:04¾ and 2:02¼.

Arion Guy, 2:04¾, carries the 1920 race record for three-year-old trotters. He made it in the third heat of the Kentucky Futurity, which he won from Sister Bertha, a filly which last Tuesday reduced the world's record for three-year-olds to 2:02¾ in a trip against time. In the race which she won at Columbus, Rose Scott reduced the season's race record for two-year-olds to 2:06¾. Bogalusa, which is named to start against her next week, also forced her out at 2:07¾ at Lexington.

While Thomas W. Murphy has been out of the sulky at the Grand Circuit meeting, his horses have been winning regularly with Stokes, Cox, Pitman, Harry Fleming and other drivers. During the meeting at Atlanta they will appear again with the leaders from the stables controlled by Valentine, Cox, Wills, McDonald, Edman, Childs and Geers, who has also been depending on catch drivers since Wiki Wiki fell with him at Syracuse.

Edman, according to the returns, has won forty-two races this year, his leaders being the two-year-old colt Favonian, Peter Dint, Tootsie Toise and Comit. Tootsie Toise was sold for export during the meeting at Lexington, but her trainer will be out for the word next week behind Peter L. and Comit, as well as a few from the Geers stable. Comit will be seen in the Grand and also Dr. Nick in the 2:05¾ trot, while Peter L. is named in the free-for-all with Don de Lopes and Charley Rex. Valentine has invaded Georgia with Peter Coley and Edna Early, while McDonald is represented by Anna Watts, Lady Wilgo and Baron Grandie.

The free-for-all pace with Sanardo, Directum J., and Single G. as starters, may put a new record on the track. In order to do it the winner will be required to beat two minutes, the time made by Vic Fleming with Louie Grut, ran at Lexington. But at that Sanardo has a chance, as he finished second to her in that race. Calgary Earl and John Henry will meet in the 2:08 pace. Esther R., with which Cox has been winning regularly, is named to start in the 2:05 pace against John R. Braden, Edna Early, Hazel Kuestner, and Lillian Silkwood.

Ramey Macy is expected to add considerable interest to the trotting events by appearing behind the Sulfko pair, Dagaster and Hobnob, with which he won at Lexington. The first named will put up a splendid race, as he will start against Kilo Watts, one of the best winners in the Great Western Circuit, and considered in a class by herself until she bumped into Just David at Columbus, the Nebraska mare, Dorothy Day, the Peter the Great pair Dar Hyal and Hilda Fletcher.

MacDuff Makes Good Score.

The Clan MacDuff soccer eleven scored a signal victory by 5 goals to 0 at the expense of the Vikings in the New York State League match at Harlem Oval yesterday. McDonald and Dillon shot a goal apiece in the first half. Dillon tallied twice more in the second, and McDonald also added another.

Gaulois Wins Argentine Classic.

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 17.—Gaulois, a three-year-old colt, owned by Daniel Gonzalo, today won the Grand National Prize, the classic event of the Jockey Club racing season. Gaulois made the distance, 2,400 meters, in 2:37 3-5. The purse was worth 60,000 pesos.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. Lough Maiden 107 pounds, Tigo 107, Winall 102, Tarantula 107, Obstinate 102, *Dantzic 106, Cavendish 115, Disdain 110, Lourgland 105, Kaffir Girl 107, Black Top 110, Gari 102, *Wraith 100, Vera Wood 102, *Zealous 105.

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; two miles and a quarter. Infidel II. 142 pounds, Full Cry 147, Bob Redfield 122, *Flight Captain 140, Anne Excellence 142, Smithfield 150, Warlock 150.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Thimble 110 pounds, Martin A. Noonan 116, Sunnyswan 113, Chevy 113, Dolly G. 110, Miss Rankin 105, Skahlm 110.

FOURTH RACE—For maidens, three year olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Peticia 104 pounds, War Winnie 106, Sir Jack 99, American Rose 104, *Bar Coy 104, Lady George 112, Donald 107, *Rinkovous 102, Dinty Moore 106.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; one mile and seventy yards. Mock Orange 114 pounds, Old Dad 113, Siren Maid 111, Philberty Gibbet 116, Betty J. 111.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. *Trusty 113, Cosmic C. 115, *Lucia May 102, *Wayward 102, Laughter 107, *Merry Pearl 106, Murphy 113, *Smart Boy 110, Jack Scott 113, Brother MacLean 115, Gus Scheer 113.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a quarter. Rouse 110 pounds, Sailor 107, *Wakeen 102, Naphthalize 110, Lady Emmaline 102, Natural Bridge 115, *Runnycraft 103, Peddy Dear 103, *Woodthrush 105.

Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

HAGEN AND BARNES VANQUISH BRITONS

American Golfers Defeat Vardon and Ray in 36-Hole Match at Elmsford, 3 and 2.

Walter Hagen and Long Jim Barnes showed yesterday that once they have defeated the great Ray and Vardon in exhibition play it is a simple matter to repeat. On the links of the Fairview Country Club at Elmsford, near White Plains, the American team turned back the channel islanders by 3 and 2 in a thirty-six hole battle. The same quartet, it will be recalled, thrilled several thousand spectators ten weeks ago at Hollywood, called by Vardon the best course in America, and that event also resulted in a triumph for Hagen and his lanky partner.

Barnes came in for his innings yesterday, after having played second fiddle to Hagen more often than not this year. It seems that there were three extra cash prizes dangling before the eyes of the players in addition to the customary emoluments which each club must subscribe before getting the services of such golf masters. So Long Jim, by dint of some brilliant performances, took two of the three plums. His 72 was low for the afternoon round, winning $25 for him, and this score also stood as the low round for the day, a feat that brought him $50 more. Ted Ray won the morning purse of $25 with his 73.

Hagen had a rather inconsistent day, contributing a fine round in 74 in the morning, but having a couple of sixes and pick-ups in the afternoon which gave him an approximate 80 for the Fairview course.

The American pair finished 2 up on the globe-trotters in the morning, as the result of winning four holes to two for their opponents. Of these four Barnes contributed the low strokes for three. He had a string of four straight threes on the second, third, fourth and fifth holes, two of these figures contributing wins and the other two halves. He got birdie threes on the third and fourth and then rimmed a 4 up on the short fifth, just missing a birdie 2.

Barnes was in a fair way of doing some course record breaking in the afternoon. After going out in 34 he was sailing along smoothly until the fourteenth hole. Here he pulled his drive into rough grass, took three more to gain the green and then wasted still another precious stroke by taking three putts. He countered immediately with a birdie 2 on the fifteenth, laying his tee shot within four feet of the pin and sinking his putt, and even with his large 7 for the thirteenth he was able to finish the last nine holes in 38. The best-ball and individual cards follow:

MORNING ROUND.

Out—										
Barnes-Hagen	4	3	3	3	5	5	4	4	4	—35
Ray-Vardon	4	5	4	4	5	5	4	3	4	—34
In—										
Barnes-Hagen	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	4	2—34—67
Ray-Vardon	5	4	4	5	4	3	4	4	2	3—35—69
Out—										
Barnes	5	5	3	3	5	5	4	5	4	—39
Hagen	4	4	5	4	5	6	4	5	4	—39
Ray	4	5	4	4	5	5	3	5	4	—39
Vardon	5	4	5	5	6	5	3	4	4	—40
In—										
Barnes	4	5	4	5	5	5	4	5	4	3—41—80
Hagen	5	6	4	4	5	3	4	4	4	2—35—74
Ray	5	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	3—37—76
Vardon	5	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3—37—76

ELEVENS ARE FAST REACHING TOP FORM

Best That May Be Expected of Many Football Teams Has Now Been Revealed.

YALE'S CASE IS A DILEMMA

Clear-Cut Victory of Boston College Shocks Adherents of Blue—The Lapse of Colgate.

With the gridiron season of 1920 approaching the half-way mark, sufficient straws to indicate the general course of the wind have been launched, although there is no guarantee against a change to another quarter before Thanksgiving Day. There have been plenty of surprises already, and yet the abiding places of formidable strength on the barred field appear thus far to be located much as had been expected.

Of the exceptions to the rule above formulated the cases of Colgate and Yale are most striking. The sad experiences of the Hamilton institution is the most remarkable of the year to date, in view of the fact that one short year ago Colgate's football machine had no superior on the turf. Dartmouth and Penn State had the only Eastern elevens rated on a par with the Maroon, and many a well-versed critic expressed the view that Larry Bankart's team was the greatest developed in America last Autumn.

This is another year and in 1920 there is none so poor to do Colgate reverence. Held to tin scores by the extremely minor elevens of Susquehanna and Allegheny and then thrashed by Brown, the players of Huntington's squad are in the doldrums. The setback in Providence on Saturday was not humiliating in its proportions, for the score was 14 to 7. Then, too, many institutions holding high places in gridiron lore have felt the lash of Brown in former years. Still, there is not much balm in either fact, for Brown has not yet indicated the possession of a team measuring up to her mighty ones of the past. Rhode Island State, Amherst and Maine have been her victims this Fall, but the last named scored a touchdown and Amherst was as soundly beaten by Columbia as by Brown.

Shows Advance in Power.

Despite all this, however, there were signs on Andrews Field Saturday of a maturing of the Colgate eleven. The earlier utter greenness of much of its material seemed to be passing and the players, inspired by the occasion and with their former disgraces rankling, appeared welding into something like a team. That Colgate should attain this season anything like her prestige of the past years is out of the question now. The team may, however, yet atone for its recent misdeeds.

The case of Yale is altogether different. Supporters of the Blue are inured to the loss of an occasional game to a so-called minor eleven. They never really acquire a taste for it, but they can stand it and say, "Oh, well, it's all in a season. The team will be all the fitter for the big games later." Nevertheless, to have the same team turn the trick against the bulldog in two consecutive years is pilling it on a bit thickly for Yale's palate. Washington and Jefferson and Brown have done it, and now Boston College.

However, that's only an episode along the wayside on the march to encounter traditional great rivals, and the sting in this case might be mollified were it not for the fact that the showing of the team was in practically all respects gravely disappointing. It had been the general feeling that a pretty powerful and compact machine had been already developed at New Haven, and the weaknesses that were manifest in tackling, handling the ball and, in general, in defensive tactics, came with all the shock of a disagreeable surprise to Yale partisans. It must be remembered, nevertheless, that the surprise was due as much to the underrating of Cavanaugh's team as to the overrating of Tad Jones's eleven, and that many suns will set before Yale's most important games loom up. Harvard and Princeton may breathe somewhat easier now when they think of the Yale games to come, but they will not be unduly confident on account of Saturday's occurrence.

Jaunts for Crimson and Tigers.

As for the Crimson and the Tigers they filled to the brim the measures held out to them and poured on a few extra drops of lagnappe. Harvard's victory over the light but sturdy lads from Williamstown was attained by a margin more than satisfactory to the Cantabrigians, and Fisher's athletes looked like a good team Saturday. Washington and Lee, while failing to give Princeton the anticipated hard tryout, gave Roper a gratifying view of his first string men in action and also a chance to prove to his own satisfaction that he has a lot of worthy substitutes on hand.

Syracuse escaped defeat at the hands of the Pittsburgh Panthers largely by grace of accumulated moisture on the ball. A fumble, a pounce by an alert Orange player, a dash and Pittsburgh's victory went glimmering into a drawn tally.

Fumbling on a wet field can hardly be considered worthy of severe condemnation. But the bugaboo of all coaches this season as well as last, has been careless handling of the ball, and many of the gridiron mentors are stressing this point as never before because recent variations in the game have made clean-cut work in this respect an absolute essential. Yet several games of some importance have been tied or lost by fumbling, a notable instance being Penn's victory over the superior Lafayette eleven on Saturday.

Penn State seems to have, this season as last, the strongest football aggregation in Pennsylvania, at least. It was a workmanlike assault that crushed North Carolina.

Cornell's showing in the juggernaut victory over outclassed Union revealed a power of attack in which supporters of the Ithacans will find a pleasant augur for coming games of more importance. Dartmouth, weakened by the absence of several of its stars, did about what was expected in defeating Holy Cross, and both the Service teams showed considerable power.

Success of Local Elevens.

The teams that have their headquarters on this island and just across the North River made an excellent showing on Saturday. Columbia's powerful and diversified attack, which brought about the undoing of Amherst, was a pleasing revelation, not only to Columbia's undergraduates and alumni, but to many thousands of other local rooters for the Blue and White. Rumors which had drifted down from Middletown of the strength of Wesleyan made New York University's tie score on Andrus Field seem the reverse of a disgrace. Fordham, too, reflected credit on Coach Dumoe and on the vigor and aggressiveness of the squad in its defeat of Villanova.

At least on a par with the finest accomplishments of the local elevens on Saturday was Stevens's defeat of Swarthmore. The Quakers have a strong team this year, a team which has already given Princeton and Penn good battles, and scored a touchdown against the former. That the Engineers should have defeated such an aggregation shows that the 1919 traditions of the Hoboken institution are in sturdy hands in 1920.

Football Records.

HARVARD.
3—Holy Cross..... 0
41—Maine..... 0
21—Valparaiso..... 0
28—Williams..... 0
103 0

PRINCETON.
17—Swarthmore..... 6
35—Maryland State 0
34—W. and L..... 0
86 6

N. Y. U.
7—Columbia..... 14
13—Wesleyan..... 13
20 27

PENNSYLVANIA.
38—Delaware..... 0
7—Bucknell..... 0
21—Swarthmore..... 0
7—Lafayette..... 0
70 0

DARTMOUTH.
31—Norwich..... 0
7—Penn State..... 14
27—Holy Cross..... 14
65 28

PITTSBURGH.
47—Geneva..... 0
24—West Virginia..... 13
7—Syracuse..... 7
88 20

COLGATE.
0—Susquehanna..... 0
7—Allegheny..... 7
0—Brown..... 14
7 21

WEST POINT.
36—Union..... 0
38—Marshall..... 0
27—Middlebury..... 0
26—Springfield..... 7
127 7

W. AND J.
28—Bethany..... 0
7—W. Va. Wesleyan 7
67—Kalamazoo..... 0
13—Geneva..... 0
115 7

LEHIGH.
28—Lebanon Valley 0
7—West Virginia.. 7
0—Rutgers..... 0
41—Rochester..... 0
83 7

SWARTHMORE.
6—Princeton..... 17
0—Pennsylvania..... 21
7—Stevens..... 14
13 52

AMHERST.
0—Brown..... 13
13—Bowdoin..... 0
7—Columbia..... 20
20 33

BROWN.
25—R. I. State..... 0
13—Amherst..... 0
32—Maine..... 7
14—Colgate..... 0
84 7

GEORGETOWN.
79—St. John's..... 0
27—N. C. State..... 0
28—W. Va. Wesleyan 7
184 7

CENTRE.
66—Morris Harvey.. 0
120—Howard..... 0
55—Transylvania..... 0
241 0

YALE.
44—Carnegie Tech.. 0
21—U. of N. C..... 0
13—Boston College..21
78 21

COLUMBIA.
21—Trinity..... 0
14—N. Y. U..... 7
20—Amherst..... 7
55 14

FORDHAM.
71—N. Y. Aggies.. 0
6—Boston College..20
12—Villanova..... 6
89 26

CORNELL.
13—Rochester..... 6
55—St. Bonaventure 7
20—Union..... 0
128 13

PENN STATE.
27—Muhlenberg..... 7
13—Gettysburg..... 0
14—Dartmouth..... 7
41—North Carolina. 0
95 14

SYRACUSE.
55—Hobart..... 7
49—Vermont..... 0
45—Johns Hopkins. 0
7—Pittsburgh..... 7
156 14

RUTGERS.
7—Ursinus..... 14
6—Maryland Univ. 0
0—Lehigh..... 9
10—Virginia Poly.. 0
23 23

ANNAPOLIS.
7—N. C. State..... 14
12—Lafayette..... 7
7—Bucknell..... 2
26 23

WEST VIRGINIA.
14—W. Va. Wesleyan 0
7—Lehigh..... 7
13—Pittsburgh..... 34
81—Geo. Washington 0
115 41

LAFAYETTE.
20—Muhlenberg..... 0
7—Annapolis..... 12
0—Rensselaer..... 0
27 12

STEVENS.
12—Penn. M. C..... 10
10—Haverford..... 2
14—Swarthmore..... 7
36 20

WILLIAMS.
63—Rensselaer..... 6
35—Union..... 0
0—Harvard..... 38
98 44

WESLEYAN.
20—R. I. State..... 0
20—Trinity..... 0
13—N. Y. U..... 13
53 13

GEORGIA TECH.
44—Wake Forest... 0
44—Vanderbilt..... 0
88 0

BOSTON COLLEGE.
20—Fordham..... 0
21—Yale..... 18
41 18

HOLY CROSS.
0—Harvard..... 3
17—Springfield..... 0
14—Dartmouth..... 27
31 30

FOUR CONFERENCE TEAMS UNBEATEN

Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio State and Chicago Still Have Clean Slate in West.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Football results in the Western Conference yesterday left four teams undefeated thus far this season, and practically assured elimination of Minnesota and Purdue from the race for the big ten championship. Wisconsin, Illinois and Ohio State won conference games, giving each a standing of one game won and none lost, while Chicago, which played Wabash, an outside eleven, already had a mark of one victory and no defeat.

The present standing of the teams follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Wisconsin	1	0	Northwestern	1	1
Illinois	1	0	Indiana	0	1
Ohio State	1	0	Minnesota	0	2
Chicago	1	0	Purdue	0	2
Iowa	1	1	Michigan	0	0

Standing far above the work of the other teams in Saturday's game were the powerful showings of Illinois, last year's title winner, and Wisconsin.

Illinois, in a 20 to 3 victory over Iowa, which the previous week had defeated Indiana, showed a driving attack supported by a defense which was impregnable to the Hawkeyes. Iowa's widely advertised diversity of attack and forward pass efficiency failed to materialize against the Illinois.

Ranking next to the Illinois showing, probably was the exhibition of strength Wisconsin gave in defeating Northwestern, 27 to 7. The Purple eleven defeated Minnesota the week before in what then was considered the biggest upset in recent years, but Indiana's victory over the Gophers yesterday, 21 to 7, was thought by many to indicate that the Northwestern victory was due more to Minnesota weakness than Purple strength.

Wisconsin, however, showed an almost perfect attack, with cross bucks delayed and forward passes predominant, and brought Coach John Richards's eleven into the group of championship possibilities.

Ohio State's 17 to 0 defeat of Purdue caused little surprise, for the boilermakers had lost to Chicago, 20 to 0, the previous week. Michigan showed a strong offense in piling up 35 points against the Michigan Aggies, a non-conference eleven. Michigan faces its first conference test next week against Illinois. Chicago gave a great exhibition of forward passing in defeating Wabash, 41 to 0.

Ohio State now is preparing for the test with Wisconsin next week, which probably will eliminate one or the other from the race.

FISHERMEN TO RACE 'AS IS.'

No Time Allowance in Match of Canadians and Gloucestermen.

The challenge race between the Canadian fishing schooner Delawanna and the Gloucester Fisherman Esperanto, to be sailed over a 40-mile course off Halifax, N. S., within a fortnight, will differ from the races between the Shamrock and the Resolute in one important particular—there will be no time allowance. This should be pleasing to those who maintain that contending craft should be raced boat for boat, and "as is."

The challenge which the Canadians sent suggested that sails should be of ordinary duck, and of an area no greater than would be used by the schooners when fishing off the Banks. A further suggestion of the Northern seiners was that canvas should be limited to mainsail, foresail, jumbo, jib topsail, fore and main working gaff topsails and fishermen's staysails. The crews are to be limited to twenty-five men. The skipper has to be a man who has fished on the Banks for not less than one year. Some of these conditions may, however, be slightly modified when the Canadian and the Gloucester committees meet to arrange details.

The prize for the winner will be a silver trophy. Four-fifths of a purse of $5,000 will also go to the boat crossing the finish line first. The Esperanto was for years the fastest schooner of the famous Gloucester fleet, and the race should furnish an exciting test.

Cross to Box Herman.

Two fifteen-round bouts to a decision will be conducted at the Commonwealth Sporting Club Tuesday night. Marty Cross, east side welterweight, will engage Tilly (Kid) Herman in one of the limit bouts, while in the other K. O. Lew Williams will exchange blows with Panama Joe Gans, the colored middleweight, who recently outpointed George Robinson in a bout at Madison Square Garden. The promoters have announced that a popular scale of prices will be instituted for the bouts.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

TURF

The racing public will generally regret the passing from actual competition of Man O' War, which Samuel D. Riddle has definitely decided to retire to the stud. This great horse had become the idol of the American turf. He not only possessed all the qualities of a great horse, but he was one of the finest specimens of the thoroughbred, a show horse par excellence and an inspiration to turfmen. It is only once in a decade that a horse rises to the popularity enjoyed by Man O' War, and it will probably be a long time before another racer takes his place in the public's affections.

There is much disagreement over the advisability of retiring the great colt at this time, but in the end it may prove that Mr. Riddle was right and that Man O' War will be of more service to the thoroughbred industry as a stallion than as a race horse. He is so excellently bred himself that it seems certain he must give to the turf some fine sons and daughters. There is no doubt that he will be in great demand as a sire, and his first get will be closely watched for signs of his transmitted greatness.

There are a few stakes that Man O' War might have raced for, and with success, next season, but, on the whole, it would not have been a very inviting season for him unless his owner wished to send him abroad to gain world prestige, which Mr. Riddle was absolutely opposed to doing. Man O' War filled all his three-year-old engagements and dodged none of the horses of his age. He had a busy year of it, and yet as he is retiring it seems a pity that he was not sent after some of the stakes in which he would have met older horses, as great three-year-olds of other times have done. The Suburban, the Brooklyn Handicap and the Saratoga Handicap, among other fixtures, probably would fall easy prey to him. Paul Jones won the Suburban, Cirrus the Brooklyn Handicap and Sir Barton the Saratoga Handicap. It would be demanding too much to ask Paul Jones or Cirrus to contend against this superhorse, and just how much better Man O' War is than Sir Barton was shown at Windsor. Man O' War might just as well have had these races to his credit, and his winning them he would have satisfied a public desire to see him meet the handicap performers.

Man O' War has made his mark high in the hall of racing fame. Men who have seen all the best horses for many years back unite in declaring this son of Fair Play the best that America has produced. The truth is, he has never yet shown his admirers just how fast he can run. Early in the Spring, when Man O' War was making sensational trials, veteran trainers thought Louis Feustel was making a mistake in getting such speed out of the horse. Later they learned that Man O' War had only to gallop to make time that would be sensational for any other horse.

This great chestnut colt passes from racing with a brilliant record of achievements. He has started twenty-one times and has met with defeat only once. That defeat will never be held against him by those who have seen him run. It will only be regretted as unfortunate. It is notable that in his many victories he was never put to a drive but once, and that on a day when he was not properly tightened up for a hard race. In all of his victories he finished far enough in front so that there was always plenty of daylight between him and his nearest rival. Except for the time when he had no chance with the start his races were never close. It was also a peculiarity of his greatness that he could provide a thrill, no matter how easily he won. In each succeeding race he seemed to reveal some new evidence of power. It is only to be hoped that he will be as successful in the stud as he was on the race track.

BASEBALL

Another world's series has been written into baseball history, and once again the American League stands out above its older rival in the all-around excellence of its championship team. The triumph of 1920 is the ninth for the junior major league in a stretch of eleven seasons, or from 1910, inclusive, and these returns can hardly be discounted in a comparison affecting the front runners in the two organizations. While not proving positively that American League teams have an edge on their rivals in strength from top to bottom in the standing of the clubs, the results of the recent series indicate that the leaders at least are stronger in the American League.

Coming at a time when the country was recovering from the shock resulting from exposures concerning the 1919 series, the games between the Cleveland and Brooklyn champions provided a most refreshing atmosphere. The records of the 1920 world's series may be marked down without any fear that some future day will bring forth page-seating disclosures to show that the result was not honestly achieved. The National League champions of this year disappointed the followers of their organization, but there was honor in the defeat which they sustained. Theirs was an honest effort against a superior adversary, and there always is glory for the vanquished when the fight is fairly fought.

Considerable regret was expressed two weeks ago that the disclosures concerning the 1919 series should come out on the eve of another clash for championship honors. It was supposed that public confidence would be shaken to such an extent that the 1920 series would be devoid of public interest, and therefore a failure. Now it develops that the expose came at a most opportune time. Baseball was forced to stand at the public tribunal while bowed under its greatest disgrace, and it came through the ordeal with a vindication.

The fan still believes in the integrity of his favorite game, and in the individual honesty of the player. He is convinced that some weaklings fell for the lure of gold, but the dishonest player is classed as the exception. Until others confess their guilt, if there is other guilt to confess, the average follower of baseball will regard the discredited Chicago players as the happily rare exceptions to the general rule. Thousands were turned away from the gates at every game played in Brooklyn and Cleveland, and two more capacity crowds were assured if the series had extended to the nine-game limit. Such interest certainly justifies the belief that public confidence is unshaken in the game itself, even though sensibilities have been shocked and faith destroyed in certain individuals connected with the sport.

FOOTBALL

The case of Tad Jones promises to be one of the most interesting chapters in the current football season. Called from business life to become the prophet who would lead Yale out of the football wilderness into the promised land, he has long been regarded as the man best fitted to be the savior of football at the New Haven institution. But on Saturday his blue-clad cohorts were badly set upon by Boston College, and the football world is watching with more than the usual amount of interest.

There should be no disposition to pass over the matter lightly and with a shallow optimism. In many respects the situation that confronts Jones is desperate. Badly beaten by Boston College in a game that Yale really wanted to win, he has also lost the temporary services of two players, Captain Callahan and Aldrich. They will return in time, of course, and they will be needed, for the Blue's coming games will be with such formidable opponents as West Virginia, Colgate, Brown, Princeton and Harvard, all on consecutive Saturdays.

But Tad Jones's problems go deeper than these. As was the case in 1916, he is essaying the task of placing Yale "once more securely upon the bedrock of those fundamental principles upon which all that long list of Yale football successes was established," to use the words of Walter Camp in 1916. Camp was of the opinion that Jones had succeeded and had "turned the corner for Yale." Others of the younger generation at New Haven also believed this, which was the reason that Jones was drafted, so to speak, to teach Yale other methods of football than the antiquated and obsolete tactics that the Blue employed last year. It is a difficult task and one that will not be completed in a year.

This is not the first Jones-coached Yale eleven that has been defeated. Just before the 1916 team scored its victories over Princeton and Harvard, Brown trounced the Blue even worse than did Boston College on Saturday. The score was 21 to 6, not an encouraging showing on the eve of the two biggest games of the year. But the Jones team came back, defeated Princeton 10 to 4 and then downed Harvard for the first time since 1909.

To all appearances, it is a far cry from the Yale team of Saturday to the eleven that will face Harvard and Princeton later in the season. The Blue's play was ragged and crude. The tackling was of the hit-and-miss variety, the interference was faltering and bad fumbling was in evidence. More than one Yale man probably left the Bowl feeling that Jones had failed in his pioneer work. But it takes more than one swallow to make a Summer and more than one defeat to make a season. If ruggedness, crudeness and lack of polish (and not an absence of good material) are Yale's only defects, we may look confidently to Jones for the remedy.

BOXING

It is the opinion of most boxing experts who witnessed the recent Carpentier-Levinsky bout that the European champion would do well to engage in a bout with one or two of the more formidable heavyweights before taking on Jack Dempsey in a titular match. Otherwise such a contest would not draw the interest which will be necessary to make the affair a success. Carpentier undoubtedly possesses much more ability than was brought into view in his American debut. His European bouts indicated that the Frenchman possessed great speed, remarkable cleverness on the attack as well as the defense, and also unusual punching power.

His contest with Levinsky, however, did not bring out these qualities to the extent that Americans had expected. Carpentier did exhibit punching power, but the demonstration was not coupled with the speed that was looked for, nor with the defensive skill that had been associated with the French champion. Carpentier's blows lacked accurate direction and were not well timed. There was little speed reflected in the movements of the man who aspires to the throne of Dempsey. Consequently a conspicuous absence of brilliant boxing prevailed. Defensively Carpentier was not comparable to a first-class heavyweight.

If the bout was arranged for the purpose of demonstrating Carpentier's qualifications for a Dempsey bout, then it failed dismally. On his showing against Levinsky there is nothing to cause a demand for such a match. Dempsey seems to stand above the Frenchman in almost every ring essential.

The belief obtains, however, that Carpentier is capable of greater possibilities and that he could more convincingly demonstrate his right to a match with Dempsey than he did. Why he didn't perform up to his best ability against Levinsky is not known. At all events the Levinsky match, instead of revealing Carpentier's eligibility for a championship bout, demonstrated the direct opposite. Under the circumstances it behooves Carpentier to arrange at least one more match against a formidable, rugged opponent, who will bring into play all of the Carpentier qualifications.

Talk of the match being a pre-arranged affair, while not borne out, emphasizes how unconvincing was Carpentier's triumph. Had Carpentier accomplished his victory with a greater display of ability or had he boxed up to the form of which he is presumed to be capable, there would have been no excuse for the attacks on the merits of the bout or for the delaying of the proposed meeting with Dempsey.

YACHTING

There is no doubt but that the failure of the Resolute and the Shamrock IV. to race off Sandy Hook that memorable day last July, when the wind attained a velocity of twenty-five or thirty miles and kicked up a moderate sea, caused many to look upon the sport of yachting as more or less of a mollycoddle's pastime. This is a positive injustice to the sport, but the damage was done. Great Lakes yachtsmen did not miss the opportunity to poke ridicule at the Atlantic Coast yachtsmen, while others in all walks of life and from all sections of this country, and from many other countries, too, formed most uncomplimentary opinions of a sport calling for courage, stamina and cleverness.

For that one fiasco outsiders have judged the sport. They failed to consider that on that same day mere youngsters were racing most diminutive open craft on Long Island Sound, where, in proportion to the size of the yachts, the seas were infinitely greater. And despite opinions to the contrary, the waters of Long Island Sound can kick up quite a fuss.

As the impression has become so general that yachting is no longer looked upon by many as a real man's sport, it seems as though the only thing to do to re-establish the sport in good standing will be to have a real deep sea race early the season of 1921. Such a contest might be either one from New York to Bermuda or Halifax, or both, or it might be a trans-Atlantic contest for the real championship of the seas. If both could be held, so much the better.

Such a contest to become a real championship event should be sailed without time allowance. While the America's Cup is supposed to be emblematic of premier honors afloat, it is not in reality, for it is a handicap affair, and the only so-called championship event which considers handicaps.

An off shore triangular race or an international one, to be truly a championship event, should be open to all comers—free for all, regardless of size, rig or other such details. It is more than possible that some enthusiast of sufficient standing may offer a trophy for such a contest or contests, and if so it is hoped that the owners of suitable yachts will enter and take part for the good of the sport of yachting if for no other reason. There are more than enough suitable yachts enrolled in the various clubs of the United States to assure the success of such an event if the owners will do their part by entering and competing.

TEBO SOCCER TEAM WINS CLOSE GAME

Victory for Brooklyn Eleven Eliminates New York Club from Title Race.

By losing to the soccer eleven representing Tebo Yacht Basin of Brooklyn in the first round of the annual cup tie competition of the United States Football Association at New York Oval, yesterday, the New York Football Club suffered the first serious reverse of the season and was eliminated from the National Challenge Trophy classic. The yacht repairers, who were on their mettle throughout, won by the score of 1—0 when the whistle blew for the last time.

Neither side was able to score in the first half and the honors were as evenly divided as possible. The Tebo goal was in imminent danger when Hardy sent in a hot one, which, however, Spittal negotiated brilliantly.

What turned out to be the deciding goal came midway in the second period. New York had been pressing persistently, but without success, when suddenly the tide turned the other way. The Brooklynites swept down the field and Purdy, on the right, crossed to the extreme left, where Edmondson centered to Mitchell. The latter met the ball at full speed and headed it into New York's net. Bleich made two good but ineffective tries to reach the Tebo goal, and Mackie also failed, his shot grazing the bar.

The lineup:

TEBO Y. B. (1).		NEW YORK (0).
Spittal	G.	Derham
Gallagher	R. B.	Kelly
Kidd	L. B.	Griffiths
McKenna	R. H.	Ball
Fryer	C. H.	Bustard
Durney	L. H.	Meyerdierks
Purdy	O. R.	Duffy
Baird	I. R.	Mackie
Mitchell	C.	Hardy
Harvey	I. L.	Bleich
Edmondson	O. L.	MacKenzie

Goal—Mitchell.

Referee—W. Williams. Linesmen—S. Seligman and J. Davis. Time of halves—45 minutes.

W. & J. FAILS TO SATISFY.

Coach Morrow Displeased with Team's Showing Against Geneva.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Oct. 17.—Thoroughly displeased with reports of the play of his W. and J. team in the Geneva game yesterday, Head Coach Morrow returned from Syracuse, where he scouted Pitt and Syracuse, and immediately outlined a plan for improvement that it is hoped will carry the team successfully through the anticipated hard encounter here next Saturday with Lehigh, the first of the so-called hard games on the schedule.

While four regulars were missing from the Red and Black lineup yesterday, it was apparent that something very essential in the makeup of a high class football eleven is lacking and Morrow will endeavor to find out what it is during this week's practice. For one thing, the Presidents lack aggressiveness, which may be due to lack of condition, their stamina not being anything to brag of yesterday. At times the backfield interference was good and the end runs usually netted good gains, but for some unaccountable reason Quarterback Dunbar failed to follow up his advantage on sweeping end plays after Brenkert and West showed they could go when and where they pleased.

Most of the players came through the game in good shape, one or two being slightly crippled, but not enough to indicate that they will be out of the contest at the end of the week. It is also hoped that all the cripples held out for the last two games will be in shape to play against Lehigh.

Mair Wins Hydewood Title.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Oct. 17.—Newton Mair won the championship of the Hydewood Golf Club today, defeating Herbert A. Stine in the final round of the thirty-six hole match, 3 up and 1 to play. He is also champion of the Shackamaxon Golf Club.

GREENLEAF SEEKS MATCH WITH DE ORO

Pocket Billiard Champion to Play Series This Week —Other Notes.

Ralph Greenleaf, professional pocket billiard champion of the world, has formally announced that he is prepared to play any one in the world in a match for 450 balls and up. "I should like nothing better than to meet Alfredo de Oro, should he decide to return to the game," said Greenleaf. "He certainly was a master of the game, and I should like to pit my skill against his." Greenleaf has posted a forfeit of $1,000 with Charles Klein, owner of the Strand Billiard Academy, to bind a match with any one wishing to accept his challenge.

Greenleaf will begin a series of exhibition matches at the Strand Billiard Academy this afternoon. He will continue playing there each afternoon and evening through next Saturday. In matinée and evening performances today, tomorrow and Wednesday the champion will meet all comers. Starting on Thursday afternoon, he will engage Everett Ingraham, the New England champion, in a 1,000-point match, playing blocks of 125 balls each every afternoon and night.

Willie Hoppe and Charley Peterson will renew billiard relations at the Friars Club tonight, when they will engage in an 18.2-balkline double-header. Both games are to be 250 points, the first match beginning at 8:30 and the second at 11:30. This arrangement has been made so that those members of the club who are unable to attend the first game can get a glimpse of the cue wizard in action at the second. Peterson will give his exhibition of fancy shot making after each match.

The first round of the annual amateur handicap three-cushion billiard tournament will be completed at John Doyle's Academy tonight. Three matches are to be played. Clarence Whitehill, who plays for 14 points, will meet Shep Barclay, one of the scratch men playing for 25; John Brown, 16, tackles his brother, Hugh Brown, 14, and Fred Miller, 16, is scheduled to meet George Larrihty, 20. Thirty-two players originally started in this tourney, a miss-and-out affair.

Play will be resumed tonight at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn in the Class C 18.2-balkline tournament for the interborough championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players. James Shea is scheduled to meet Joseph Dalton. Play in the first section of this tourney has been completed, with Louis A. Servatius and Joseph Johann having qualified for the final round. If Shea wins tonight, he will qualify from the second section.

Princeton Harriers Start Work.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 17.—With the Yale dual meet only three weeks off, the Princeton University cross-country team has settled down to hard work. The training table for the university team has been started. For the present it will be composed of D. B. Foresman, R. M. McCulloch, E. H. Martin, T. B. Penfield, W. Rogers, Jr. (captain), and A. Swede. No coach has been secured as yet for the cross-country team. However, efforts are being made to secure the services of Val Raymond, '19, who coached the 1921 team in its freshman year. In the meantime Keene Fitzpatrick, Varsity track coach, is supervising the work of the team.

Soccer Teams Play Tie Game.

Carleton Hill soccers were successful in holding the team of the Brooklyn Football Club to a tie in the New York State League game at the Ridgewood Baseball Park yesterday. Orr led off for Carleton Hill in the first half, but Davidson equalized after the interval. McCheszie of Brooklyn later landed a shot, but was called off-side.

The final score: Brooklyn, 1; Carleton Hill, 1.

Erie Juniors Beaten.

The soccer eleven of the Erie Athletic Association of Newark was returned the winner, by 5 goals to 0, in the match with the Erie Juniors in the first round of the W. S. F. A. Cup tie at Clark's Field, East Newark, yesterday. Hemsley scored twice and A. Stark, Neilson and Ingram once each.

EASTERN COLLEGES DISCUSS BIG FOUR

Union of Cornell, Pennsylvania, Dartmouth and Columbia Is Being Advocated.

The formation of a Big Four, to be composed of Cornell, Dartmouth, Pennsylvania and Columbia and destined to rival Yale, Harvard and Princeton's Big Three, is a possibility that is being discussed by observers of intercollegiate athletics. Although it is not likely that any formal step will be taken in this direction this year or perhaps next, the trend in the last few years has been toward this end, and in more than one of the four colleges named the subject is receiving consideration by the student body and in the columns of the college newspapers.

At Columbia the idea of a Big Four is being openly advocated by The Spectator, the university daily, which has revived the discussion in its editorial columns. The engagement of Buck O'Neill as football coach has stirred interest in the idea, and it is evident that official attention is being given by the athletic authorities to the suggestion. One of Columbia's ambitions, it is said authoritatively, is to include Dartmouth, Penn and Cornell on its track schedule next Spring, perhaps by means of a track meet in which the four will participate.

In several sports the lines of union have already been drawn. In crew, for instance, Cornell, Penn and Columbia constitute the Intercollegiate Rowing Association, which annually conducts the Poughkeepsie regatta. Syracuse has also been invited to row each year, but the Orange has no representation on the Board of Stewards. Dartmouth, having no crew, is of course not a possibility as far as rowing is concerned.

In football, the sport in which Columbia expects to return to its former heights within a few years, the first important colleges that were added to the Blue and White schedule were Penn and Cornell. A home and home agreement was made with each. It is significant also that the Columbia freshmen have a similar agreement with the Dartmouth yearlings, and the sentiment is strong on Morningside Heights in favor of broadening the arrangement to include the big Green Varsity. Dartmouth, Penn and Cornell all play games with one another this season, an arrangement that seems to be fairly permanent. The inclusion of Dartmouth on the Columbia schedule would make the quartet complete as far as football is concerned.

Basketball, too, finds all four engaged as members of the Intercollegiate Basket Ball League, which includes also Yale and Princeton. In basketball Columbia tackled Penn and Cornell in home and home engagements last season, and may add Dartmouth to the schedule this year. Besides the proposed track meet among the four next Spring, a number of dual meets have been held in past years. Dartmouth encountered Penn at Franklin Field a short time before coming to New York to meet Columbia, and the Cornell-Penn dual clash is one of the outstanding meets of each season.

In football will come, of course, the greatest rivalry, if the Big Four ever becomes a reality. It is an unusual feature that Columbia, Cornell and Penn are each enjoying the services of a brand-new coach this year. At Cornell Gilmour Dobie is embarking on the same task of rebuilding as Buck O'Neill at Columbia. Both are trying to lead their teams out of the football wilderness, and they have for company John Heisman, who came from Georgia Tech back to his Alma Mater, following the housecleaning at Pennsylvania last year. Heisman is building from the ground up and is confronted with the same task as O'Neill and Dobie.

Columbia's athletic officials and the athletic committee are not lacking in sympathy towards the idea of a Big Four. With the movement last year for better football conditions, the Blue and White began to cast around for the colleges that would be natural rivals for the New Yorkers. Penn's and Cornell's prominent place in other branches of athletics at Columbia were partly responsible for their inclusion on the new football schedule, and Dartmouth is unusually popular among Columbia graduates and students. Whether or not the idea will strike a popular chord at Dartmouth, Penn and Cornell is still to be determined.

PENN STATE IN SHAPE.

Bezdek's Team Comes Through Carolina State Game Unscathed.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Oct. 17.—Although the weather was far better suited to the Southerners yesterday, the Penn State squad came through the North Carolina State game without adding to the casualty list. Several of the players suffered sprains and bruises, but Trainer Martin reported all in good condition today. The torrid weather prevented either team from playing with much dash or snap. While the visitors showed considerable power at times, they did not quite come up to expectations, and this coupled with the steady, consistent playing of Bezdek's eleven accounted for the rather one-sided score.

The unexpectedly strong showing of the Penn State second team in scoring two touchdowns during the final quarter indicates that Bezdek has plenty of substitute material available for the big games to come. Tomorrow's practice will be merely in the nature of a general limbering up and then the team will begin to prepare for Penn. Lebanon Valley is not expected to furnish a very hard game next Saturday.

FOUR ELI PLAYERS ON DISABLED LIST

Callahan, Aldrich, French and Quaile Injured in Boston College Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 17.—Yale football coaches today declined to comment on yesterday's game, which was the Elis' second annual defeat at the hands of Boston College. Head coach Tad Jones, however, asserted that the stories were untrue which have been published to the effect that Larry Bankart has been conected in any way with the team or coaches. Jones called on the Boston College team after the game and congratulated it on its victory.

Four Yale players were injured during yesterday's game, Captain Tim Callahan, Malcom Aldrich and Jack French, halfbacks, and Ed Quaile guard. Aldrich sustained a sprained ankle and will not play for two or three weeks, but is promised for the Princeton and Harvard games. Callahan suffered a slight sprain of the wrist but will be back in the game within a fortnight, while French, whose shoulder was bruised, will play against West Virginia next Saturday. During Aldrich's absence French may be shifted to left halfback, or sent to right halfback, Frank Kelly to be changed to left-halfback.

Eddie Shevlin proved light for regular end and Jack Cutler and Leon Walker will be tried out in this position the coming week. Sauerbach, Acosta, Jordan and Herr, four of the strongest players, will probably be unable to get into the play within a fortnight. Bill Galvin will be used at centre regularly during Callahan's illness and "Babe" Guernsey, freshman guard last year, will probably be shifted to centre on the second team.

No hurry calls for coaches will be sent out, but the large resident squad will try to cope with the situation by developing promising men from the large mass of inexperienced material. Only two days of scrimmaging will be given the first-string players this week, from present indications.

Mountaineers Fit for Yale Game.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 17.—West Virginia will be in tip-top physical condition for Yale next Saturday, as the team came out of the easy George Washington victory with only minor bruises. Quinlan and Martin, who did not play Saturday, were pronounced fit today by Trainer Cartmell, and will start the Yale game at tackle and fullback, respectively.

Speaking of shirts, ours speak for themselves.

Shirts galore of percale, madras, Russian cord, oxford, silk.

Five different sleeve lengths in all the popular sizes!

Absolutely fast color!

Quality—the kind we like to have worn with our clothes for men and boys.

*Bigfelo, *Longfelo and *Shortfelo pajamas are all the names imply—built for men of unusual build.

We're union suit specialists. No. 923 is made with raglan shoulders. Our own idea. Fits like a glove.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. • "Four Convenient Corners" • Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren. Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

RACING

EVERY WEEKDAY AT

Empire City Track

(YONKERS & MT. VERNON)

TODAY

THE $4,500 HARTSDALE

The Ramapo Handicap

The Broadway The Oakdale

and 2 Other Spirited Contests.

FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.

Special Race Trains leave Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:00 and 1:40 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:30, 1:30, 2:25 P. M. Additional trains Sats. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Av. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Av., transferring to Jerome Av. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Avs. "L" to Jerome Av. Subway, thence by trolley from Woodlawn Station.

Grand Stand $2.20. Ladies $1.65. Including War Tax.

ATHLETIC FRENCH GIRLS

French girls are going in strong for field sports. Next S

GOMPERS ASSAILS HARDING'S RECORD

Declares the Country Faces Four Years of Reaction if the Republicans Win.

WANTS LABOR COVENANT

Asserts the Senator's Hope Is in a Backward Swing as Sequel to War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—America will pass through four years of reaction if Senator Harding is elected President, according to the opinion of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who, in a leading article in the November number of the American Federationist, the publication of the American Federation of Labor, contends that the Republican nominee has been reactionary on every great issue.

"In no hour of American history has the decision been of such overwhelming moment," Mr. Gompers says in the article. "At no hour has it meant so much to every woman and child.

"In no single one of the great issues that contribute to the significance of this hour has Senator Harding taken a stand for progress. He is surely uniformly, unfailingly and completely on the side of reaction.

"On the question of the League of Nations, including the great labor covenant, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"On the many-sided question of labor legislation and labor's aspirations, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"On the high cost of living, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"On the question of our relations with the Republic of Mexico, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"On the question of the relation of the courts to the struggle for human advancement, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"On the great and grave questions growing out of the relationship of employers and workers, Senator Harding is for reaction.

"And not only is Senator Harding for reaction in relation to every great issue today, but his present position rests upon a background and a record of reaction.

"Governor Cox, on all of these tremendous issues, is for progress. And not only is he for progress today, but his present position is built upon a record of progressive work in his State and in the national capital.

"These statements rest upon the records of both candidates as compiled by the American Federation of Labor, and they are an accurate summary of what is found in those records.

"America cannot afford to pass through four years of reaction. The great masses of our people cannot afford it. They cannot afford to bring upon themselves the sufferings and sacrifices that four years of reaction must mean. They cannot afford to doom themselves to yesterday.

"Senator Harding condensed his own platform into a classic expression of three words, properly accepted by the people as authentic, when he declared himself in favor of 'back to normalcy.'

"Better than the Chicago platform, which is an epic of reaction, this brief phrase states the position of Senator Harding. Better than the tiresome efforts of the platform to make reaction seem attractive is this short declaration from the front porch.

"Senator Harding wants to go 'back' and back to a 'normalcy' defined in the terms of profiteers, anti-labor employers and great interests whose plundering is always curbed by progress.

"It is said by superficial historians and by some politicians that reaction follows every war. Senator Harding hopes that reaction may come in the wake of the great World War.

"The great World War was fought for progress and in that most important particular it was different from most wars. The heart and soul of the cause which was the stake in the war was progress—democracy, freedom, liberty!

"The war was won, but the soul of the victory would be lost if reaction were to win in the election. The war was won for human progress, for a better, freer, more democratic world. For that the army went overseas, for that men sacrificed, fought and died.

"No land has ever witnessed greater political effrontery, more audacious and heartless political mockery than the cry of Senator Harding for a policy of 'back to normalcy,' on the heels of the great crusade against autocracy and reaction everywhere. It is the crowning achievement of a political cynicism that has never lost hope of restoring industrial slavery and revoking political freedom!

"There is the political situation. It demands the attention of every American man and woman. The eternal yearning of manhood and womanhood for free expression, for better, higher life, for a nobler world, is ever in conflict with reaction. In every case where it recognizes the threat of reaction it conquers reaction.

"The threat of reaction is over the land today. It is brazen and bold. It leaves no doubt as to what it means. It means oppressive laws, restrictive measures wherever the hand of Government reaches, an open door to those who live only by exploitation, added strength to those employers to whom workers are merely 'numbers and hands' and a general lowering of our national standards of honor, liberty and humanity.

"In the great war America gave to the world a solemn vow of progress, a pledge of eternal loyalty and devotion to democracy and liberty. Above all, she gave that pledge to herself, to the great masses of the people within her borders.

"If reaction wins in November that pledge is revoked—made into another scrap of paper.

"Let there be no misunderstanding. When Senator Harding says 'I am for going back,' he means back and not any other place. To go back is to return to what she passed, or to try to return to it. The interpretation is not debatable. There is only one interpretation. Senator Harding wants to go back and he makes plain his desire.

"What has passed is history. The cruelty and the injustice and the unfreedom of the past are well gone. The battles of the past to win what we have today have been fought. We fight today for what lies in the future, for more of freedom, more of the richness of life, more of the fulfilment of our hopes and aspirations, more of liberty, more of democracy, more voice in the shaping of our own lives and our own destinies."

JUSTICE FOR ALIENS ASKED BY GOMPERS

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, a speaker yesterday afternoon at a concert for visitors and immigrants at Ellis Island—55 years ago he landed, an immigrant himself—declared that the chief problem confronting the United States at present was how properly to instill in the masses of the American people the concept of freedom and progress as opposed to reaction, tyranny and injustice.

Mr. Gompers addressed a word to each of the three groups in his audience, to the immigrants, to those awaiting deportation, and to the American citizens among the visitors. He sympathized with those who through some legitimate objection on the part of this Government were to be returned to their native countries, and declared that if these would-be immigrants could not enter this country they should have been informed of this before leaving home.

He added that it was gratifying to find that the present administration at the island had done so much to turn Ellis Island into a humanitarian institution, referring to the concerts and Americanization features which have been introduced to improve the character of the future citizens and help him while away the long hours of his detention at the Island. Other speakers were South Trimble, ex-Clerk of the House of Representatives and General C. Herbert De Fosse.

"There are three distinct types before me," Mr. Gompers declared. "There are the Americans among you, there are the arriving immigrants who will soon be admitted, and there are some who will have to go back home. To you who have to return to the home countries I would say that it strikes to the essence of one's being to think that if there was some legitimate objection to your entering the United States you ought to have been told of this on the other side.

"To you who will be admitted, bear in mind that the streets of America are not strewn with gold; that in the United States you must perform your share of the work of America, that success comes only with endeavor and striving. If you have come here with an honest purpose you must perform in your own way your duty to your adopted country.

"If you have come here for mere exploitation of America you ought to have remained at home. If you have come here to be welded into the composite America you must take your place in the mill, mine and in the ranks of labor and it must be to improve the standards and not to tear them down. You must help the condition of the masses and the toilers of the United States by organized effort which is loyal to the Republic of the United States."

Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis, who directed the arrangements for the afternoon, said that many more immigrants would have been present if seven ships in the harbor carrying 7,036 newcomers had not been held in quarantine because of a reported outbreak aboard of smallpox and typhus.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

Bradstreet's reports 173 failures in the United States for the week, against 161 for the previous week, and 99, 175, 254 and 311 for the corresponding weeks from 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 15, Middle 47, Western 30, Northwestern 19, Southern 40, Far Western 22. Canada had 12, against 17 for the previous week. In the United States about 73.4 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 18.8 per cent. had from $5,000 to $50,000 capital.

In Town.

SAMUEL FUTORAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Futoran, manufacturing jeweler, at 68 Nassau Street, by these creditors: Leon Hirsch, Inc., $5,000; Samuel R. Dawson, $770, and Elias & Emsheim, $250. It is alleged that Futoran has admitted in writing his inability to pay his debts. David W. Kahn stated that the liabilities are about $35,000 and the assets about $17,000.

SAMUEL SCHILD—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Schild, cloaks and suits, at 41 West 21st Street, by these creditors: H. J. Gresmstein, $950; F. Z. Gould, $900, and H. Johnson, $112. An assignment was also made to Joseph Krinsky.

CHIC MADE DRESS CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Aaron Silverstein, trading as Chic Made Dress Company, manufacturer and jobber of dresses, at 15 West 30th Street, by these creditors: David Dalberg, $500; Jack Hamer, $300, and George Wachtel, $100. An assignment was also made to Archibald Palmer.

E. ZWILLENBERG & SONS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel, Julius and Morris Zwillenberg, co-partners, trading as S. Zwillenberg & Sons, manufacturers of ladies' garments, at 198 Wooster street, by these creditors: Eisland Textile Company, $207; Khalin Textile Company, $318, and Superior Printing Company, $15. Judge Mack has appointed Max Rockmore receiver. Assets are said to be about $20,000.

SAMUEL WILFAND—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Wilfand, bakery and lunch room, at 883 Jennings St., by these creditors: Austin, Nichols & Co., Inc., $167; Harlem Oil Company, $163; Adolph & Berlin, $140, and Arthur F. Turits, $75.

LOUIS FLEISCHER, salesman, at 051 Fox Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,135 and no assets. There are only three creditors.

RED HEAD SPARK PLUG CORPORATION—Judge Mack has appointed Max Lowenthal receiver for Red Head Spark Plug Corporation, manufacturers of spark plugs and parts at 88 Reade Street, in $7,500 bond. It is stated that an action for $8,396 has been commenced.

SARAH KAMMER—Judge Mack has appointed Lawrence Berenson receiver for Sarah Kammer, retail piece goods, &c., at 513 East 138th Street, in $1,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $10,000 and the assets about $2,000 and that a recent offer of a settlement was rejected by the creditors.

KARL VILL, life insurance solicitor, at 303 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $46,728, unsecured claims. The only assets are stock Everett Watch Company, Inc., par value $100, no amount stated, and $2 cents deposit in bank. Morrlein Brewing Company, Cincinnati, is a creditor for $40,000.

ALPHO HAT COMPANY, women's hats, at 152 Greene Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,066 and assets of $1,703, consisting of accounts due.

LOUIS MORRISON, jobber in shoes, at 1061 Reade Street, has assigned to Benjamin Lesser.

JACOB KOFFMAN, rubber, at 5 Beekman Street, has assigned to A. David Benjamin.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Vitanola Talking Machine Company, a $2,000,000 concern. The bill states the company owes $1,000,000. Claims of only $1,172 were listed. A bill in equity for $45,000 was filed simultaneously against the company by attorneys for the Saginaw Cabinet Company at Saginaw, Mich. Attorneys for the talking machine company assert its assets exceed $2,000,000 and that all claims will be satisfied. W. W. Wheelock has been appointed receiver.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed against Stephen Danko, woolen manufacturer and former bartender at the old Bismarck Hotel, yesterday. It is alleged he has transferred recently assets amounting to $100,000. The recent slump in woolens and hides was given as the cause for the filing of the petition. Danko's liabilities are set at $200,000 and his assets at $40,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed Saturday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Auto Holding Co.—E. Sorville	$1,132.95
Arundel Dock Co., Inc.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co.	360.20
Arrow Shoe Co., Inc.—Jos. Moslmer Co., Inc.	1,256.26
Angelillo, Stefano—J. Rollo	191.25
A. Bromberg, Inc.—J. I. Badish et al.	123.77
American Transocean Corp.—First Nat. Bank of Boston	36,411.12
Bloch, Geo. I.—E. L. Klein	195.41
Ballevue, Adrien (Turf Monitor)—Heyman Bros. & Bold, Inc.	210.55
Blum, Charles and Samuel S.—A. Sterngelbach et al.	1,218.53
Cohen, Joe—R. Kats	1,578.47
Cunningham, Joseph F.—H. Pollock et al.	137.75
Carbone, Rose—Lyman Building Co., costs	110.93
C. W. Headley & Co., Inc—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Corp.	120.80
Dugan, John—R. V. Ball	338.70
Demus, Gus (United Buffet Lunch)—Morris Rubenstein et al.	285.80
Grogsine, William—City of N. Y.	204.00
Grape Ola Products—Bishop & Babcock Co.	347.90
Gertrude Costume Co., Inc—M. Gutmacher	414.44
Grans, Benjamin J.—H. L. Bloch	180.41
Hugo Strauss & Co., Inc.—L. Frankel	328.80
Holmboe, Haaken Nye—L. Cutler	152.40
Heller, Wm. H.—General Cigar Co., Inc	152.29
Knott, Frederick and Carmine Yavine	112.66
J. Saldick	264.72
Liebisch, Joseph—S. Liebisch	1,218.53
Mullenthal, Philip—Automotive Electric Service Corp.	909.22
Massachusetts Bonding & Ins. Co.—N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.	100.79
Mackenzie, Wm. G. and Beatrice—Bank of Spartenburg	1,918.80
Nelson, Marie—James & Jolstrom Piano Co.	309.72
Nicols, Andrew—G. H. Storm et al.	100.51
Ottavio, Vincent G.—James Butler, Inc.	124.40
Orenstein, Sarah—L. Luzzatto	112.41
Rassen, Josephine—A. Shea	852.95
Scheinholz, Herman—D. Eisenberg	1,412.62
Same—Same	1,905.56
S. L. K. Serial Corp.—Burns Wall Paper Co., Inc.	405.06
Shore Bathing Suit Co., Inc.—A. L. Friedman et al.	479.06
Seckler, Jacob—P. Kantor	446.23
Shear, Joseph H.—S. Levine	170.13
Steinberg, Joseph—Public Credit Corp.	456.70
Schloss, Arthur, and Arthur Schloss & Co., Inc.—S. Schuster et al.	1,044.67
Tepper, Joseph E.—F. Massel	401.94
Tardi, Anthony—D. Frank	140.07
Trowville Club of Long Island—Henry Kelly & Sons, Inc.	402.81
Same—Sungcow Co., Inc.	287.73
Talbot, Katherine, ex'r—N. Y. C. R. R. Co.	138.66

In Bronx County.

Salkold, Henry F.—F. Cox	$27.73
Same—Same	1,029.13

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Amos, William C.—B. Castelle, Sept. 20, 1920, vacated $950.75
Chandler, Edgar, and John D. Bell—N. Abrams, Oct. 13, 1920 ..... 568.94
Field, Anna—E. Pekkala, June 16, 1920 ..... 516.70
Goetz, Regina—S. Hirsch, May 27, 1920 ..... 1,016.04
Cohen Bros. Mfg. Co., Inc.—N. Halperin, July 1, 1920 ..... 4,610.93
McKay, George—U. S. Tire Co., Inc., July 7, 1918 ..... 100.73
Rosenwasser, Philip—L. E. Mahan, Sept. 30, 1918 ..... 363.95

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—I. Baer, upholstery goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—M. Goldberg, clothing; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 854 4th Av.

BANGOR, Me.—A. L. Preese; jobs, women's, children's coats; 1,270 B'way.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss G. A. Galbraith, braids; C. C. Ferrers, children's shoes; 462 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT—Caesar Misch; H. W. Walder, women's ready-to-wear, jewelry, millinery; 4,261 B'way.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Miller Bros; J. C. Henderson, men's clothing, furn. goods; 1 East 33d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; R. W. Galbaith, laces; C. G. Richards, athletic goods; G. B. Capron, hosiery; G. Hill, converting dept.; S. L. Hype, silks; Miss M. Williams, women's neckwear; Miss L. Mosley, women's neckwear; Mrs. E. O'Connell, misses' dress wear; J. F. Doty, misses' dress wear; C. B. Sturgeon, children's white and colored wash skirts, wholesale; Miss M. Clements, women's coats, basement; Miss E. Hunt, women's dresses, basement; Miss F. Anderson, infants' coats, basement; A. S. Howlett, silk and satins, basement; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's; Mr. Dicker, dresses, skirts for Spring; J. Rosenthal, coats, suits for Spring; 912 B'way.

CHICAGO—Melcher, Paradise & Landau; B. B. Feldenfeld, jersey pants leggings; 1,270 B'way, Room 911.

CHICAGO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; S. Kaufman, Miss Anderson, millinery; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Mrs. F. Eisendrath, coats, dresses; 44 E. 23d, Room 308.

CHICAGO — Philipsborn's; F. Overmeyer, women's neckwear; 101 W. 4th, 4th floor.

CLEVELAND—A. I. Jalkut, millinery; Cumberland.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Bon Marche; D. McCarthy, dry goods, clothing, millinery, furn. goods; The Annex.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. H. Rieser Co.; S. Miller, cloaks, suits, dresses, children's wear; 1,170 B'way.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind.—G. W. Graham Co.; F. A. Furner, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

DETROIT—Himelhoch Bros.; H. Himelhoch, kid and fabric gloves, women's squirrel coats; 10 E. 32d.

GRAND RAPIDS—Rinden-Krekel Co.; Miss Powell, high-class coats, suits, dresses; 1,170 B'way.

GRAND RAPIDS—Stern Co.; H. Stern, jobs, coats; Miss Goosman, petticoats, children's furs, bath robes; 149 W. 33d.

HANNIBAL, Mo.—E. L. Reib, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Feis Co.; W. J. Feis, infants' chinchilla coats; 153 W. 23d, 10th floor.

INDIANAPOLIS—Traugott Bros.; L. Traugott, jobs women's coats, dresses, suits, children's coats; McAlpin.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn, Furchgott Co.; H. Meyerheim, clothing, men's furn. goods; 6 W. 32d.

JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; Mrs. J. L. Jones, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

JOHNSTON, Pa.—M. Nathan & Bro.; J. M. Lloyd, plush coats, fur trimmed coats, tricotine dresses; 37 W. 26th.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird & Thayer D. G. Co.; F. E. West, notions, toilet goods, basement, leather goods; 25 Madison Av.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Hager & Bro.; R. C. Masterson, gloves, hdkfs., leather goods; 404 4th Av.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—B'way Dept. Store; E. H. Bell, hosiery, underwear; 34 Madison Av.

MONTREAL—L. S. Jaslow, jewelry, notions, leather goods; Room 702, 30 W. 34th.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Little Bros.; G. A. Little, woolens, trimmings; Longacre.

NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; Miss J. L. Hazan, muslin underwear, infants' wear; J. J. Muller, notions, ribbons, linings; 15 E. 20th.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; S. Mann, dress goods, silks, domestics; M. Zander, clothing, furn. goods, hats; 116 W. 32d.

NEW ORLEANS—Marks-Isaac Co.; A. J. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 1,180 B'way, 5th floor.

NORRISTOWN, Pa.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 105 Grand.

OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; F. Bernstein, long kid gloves; 120 W. 32d, 13th floor.

PHILADELPHIA—Standard Garment Co.; W. J. Gotterstein, infants' chinchilla coats; 153 W. 23d, 10th floor.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, children's cloakings; 1,182 B'way; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Silverman, carpets; Imperial.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Fulner Co.; J. L. Fulner, infants' chinchilla coats; 153 W. 23d St., 10th floor.

PROVIDENCE—J. Samuel & Bro.; M. Field, domestics, wash goods; 120 W. 32d.

SAGINAW, Mich.—Modart Corset Co.; H. H. Rehse, corset materials; 535 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—I. Magnin & Co.; Miss S. Birnbaum, underwear, petticoats, kimonos; 461 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO—S. M. Wilsin (jobbers); S. M. Wilsin, Spring coats, suits; 112 Madison Av.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bros. D. G. Co.; A. Ahrens, Miss M. McGreevy, coats; Miss L. Sullivan, dresses; 1,261 B'way, room 1008.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; J. Oberdorfer, laces, hdkfs., embroideries; 37 W. 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Golluber Millinery Co.; J. Golluber, millinery; 15 Bleecker, Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; Mrs. F. Kern, trimmed hats; 303 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, waists, costumes; 1,107 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; P. Weill, house furn. goods; 1,261 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Reich, Mayer Garment Co.; R. Reich, Fall dresses; 17 W. 29th.

TAMPA—Maas Bros.; G. Glass, upholstery goods, carpets, house furs. goods; 1,180 B'way.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root D. G. Co.; H. E. Anderson, manager; Mrs. J. Eggers, coats, suits, dresses, blouses; 23 E. 26th.

VINCENNES, Ind.—Gimbel, Houghton & Bond Co.; F. M. Bond, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—Goodman Bros.; S. Goodman, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

AUCTIONS.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, Auctrs., Will Sell At Their Salesrooms, 470 & 472 Broome St., New York City THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1920 PROMPTLY AT TEN O'CLOCK A. M. On An Approved Credit of Sixty Days BY ORDER OF The Reliance Manufacturing Co. OF CHICAGO, ILL. ABOUT 6000 DOZEN High Grade "Honor Bright" CHILDREN'S Play Suits ALSO BY ORDER OF Sterling Manufacturing Company OF CHICAGO, ILL. ABOUT 6500 DOZEN High Grade, Substantially Made House Dresses

AUCTION SALE COLONIAL THEATRE, BALTIMORE, MD.

The Colonial Theatre, 315-317-319 North Eutaw Street, Baltimore, Md., will be sold at public auction on premises, Monday, October 25th, 1920, at 4 P. M.

This is a well-built theatre, seating about 2,000; equipped with all fixtures, curtains, furniture and stage and theatrical appurtenances.

Now open and being conducted as Theatre.

Is centrally located on main thoroughfare in theatrical district, desirable for either Regular Theatre or Modern Motion Picture House.

For full particulars address; William Irwin Bonn, Trustee, 44 Central Savings Bank Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

N. B. Lobe & Co., Auctioneers, Baltimore, Md.

AUCTION SALE.

Bankrupt stock of Knickerbocker Motors, Inc., bankrupt, Thursday, Oct. 21, 11:30 A. M. at the above plant, located at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., machinery drill presses, turret lathes, air compressors, Universal milling machines, shapers, blowers, upright and post drills, power presses, motors, shafting, belting, vises, &c. Carload unfinished tractors, tractor parts, wheels, chassis fittings, radiators, fans, axles, running boards, circulators, shafts, oil cups, bolts, washers, tools, steering rods, wire, springs, paints, oils, brake bands and many other parts too numerous to mention. Also several carloads of scrap iron. J. W. & W. H. Reid, Inc., Auctioneers, Willoughby, corner Pearl St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT The Autocar Sales & Service Co., Inc., No. 618 West 23rd Street, of New York City, will sell at Public Auction at its garage, No. 646 West 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of October, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, by Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, Autocar Truck No. 589, manufactured by The Autocar Company, belonging to the Klein Trucking Co., Inc., 14 West 32nd Street, City of New York, County of New York and State of New York, in order to satisfy its lien for garage charges, repairs and its liens under a Conditional Bill of Sale.

13,762 MUSKRAT SKINS. (Dyed and Dressed).

CHARLES SHONGOOD, auctioneer, will sell this day, Monday, Oct. 18, 1920, at 10 A. M., at the place of business of Louis Winther, 116 West 30th St., N. Y. City, where 13,762 muskrat skins are now stored for the account of Chinese Fur Importers, Inc., and others, as interest may appear, as collateral to a promissory note.

Determining the "Where" as Well as the "Wherefore"

The why and wherefore of advertising has established its definite and conceded high place in the science of business. That "it pays to advertise" is obvious to all except the "blind who will not see."

There is still much to be said on the *how and where* of advertising. Should your product make its appeal through magazines of national circulation, through newspapers, trade papers, theatre programs, car cards, posters, painted signs or electric signs—through one or more or all or which of them? It is a big question and deserves the study of the best brains of the agency best qualified to help you answer it.

As indicated at the borders of this advertisement, we are constantly privileged to employ for a notable list of advertisers all the media qualified to carry a selling message with dignity and force.

Our selections are governed unfailingly by the character of the product, the nature of its market and the cost of the various media in relation to the appropriation deemed wise by the client for the particular purpose. Our conclusions are arrived at in the light of fifteen years' intimate contact with these media.

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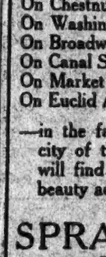

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Fur trimmed with raccoon, Australian opossum and novelty furs.

Lined with suedine and leather and lambskin.

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Juniors' and Misses'

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ANNOUNCE

UNITED STATES ARMY OLIVE DRAB SHIRTING FLANNELS

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To close out very Attractive Prices

ADDRESS W 802 TIMES.

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SALESMAN

A Phenomenal opportunity is offered to big man to take care of our entire JOBBING and Catalog Business. PLEASE APPLY by letter only, stating record in detail. Correpondence will be held in strict confidence.

A. Portfolio & Co.

1333 Broadway, New York

$1,000 REWARD

A false rumor regarding our financial condition has been maliciously spread attempting to injure our credit and our trade. We will pay immediately for the proper proof convicting the person who has spread this false rumor the sum of One Thousand Dollars.

We are absolutely solvent and are continuing to do business in the same successful way as in the past.

SIPKIN & GORSCHEN

AJAX DRESS CO., INC.

15 East 26th St.

BUYERS' WANTS

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Mortimer, 330 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2600.

BABY WEAR Wanted—Dr. Denton's sleeping garment, Style C 15, button back; Ruben silk and wool shirts, buttonless style, sizes 1 to 5; Beacon 30x40 blankets. Call Mr. Ayers, Plaza 1616, or write 1,312 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens's 6130, brown and reindeer. Merry Eldinger, 20 West 27th. Watkins 547.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Pay spot cash; Stevens 6130, 6140, navy, brown, reindeer. Vanderbilt 4630.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Style 6130; also American sueding 13040, all colors. Mad. Sq. 4440.

BOLIVIA Wanted—6140, 6130, Saxonia. Deland's and Misses. Stuyvesant 3459.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Navies, all makes. Charles Wersba, 117 West 31st.

BRAID Wanted—Straw, patent Milan 6-64, Mill, of 7-7½ MM.; colors naturall first quality; only must be cheap. Max Meyers Corp., 352 4th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Style 112, all shades; also velours 16015; also Merrimac bolivia, style 18127, all shades. Gramercy 3462.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Serges, 112, all colors 110 reindeer, brown, also 4061, 5533, 7130. Madison Square 3745.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Open for American 112, black, at a price. Phone Longacre 2460.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 112, reindeer and taupe. Watkins 3478.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 115; all colors. Spring 4846.

CASHMERE Wanted—Cream all wool at right price. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

CHAMOISTYNE Wanted—Saxonia, bolivia, Forstmann's marvella, peachblooms and velvynes, terra cotta; Boehmann's frostglow, all colors. Dry Dock 1898.

CHAMOISTYNE Wanted—504, color 5043. Madison Square 8274.

CHAMOISTYNE Wanted—H. & L. Phone Watkins 534.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted—Open to buy large quantity of Merins F 20, for cash. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 29th.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES Wanted—6 to 14; serges at a price. Skudowitz, 129 West 29th.

CHINCHILAS Wanted—Siberia, navy, any quantity. Louis Greenberg, 71 West 23d St.

CLOTH Wanted—4, or 4-4, similar to 1500, all shades. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

CLOTHING, Sweaters, Waists, Underwear, Hosiery, &c., Wanted—Mail order house can use large quantities of staple, low-priced wearing apparel for men, women, misses, boys and children; must be of good, clean quality, but will have to be bought to sell at a low price. What have you? Z 2020 Times Annex.

COATS—Plush coats and coatees, most desirable fur trimmings; also cloth coats; low prices. Joe Korostoff, 12 West 21st.

COATS and Wraps Wanted—Ladies' and junior jobs, also samples; must be cheap; cash. Box 31, 1026 St. James Building.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted—Jobs; also discarded samples; cash. Berish, 31 East 27th, Madison Square 3636.

COATS, DRESSES Wanted—Out of town buyers open for jobs to pay cash. 1,193 Broadway, Room 1004.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy coats and wraps. 72 5th Av., 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Open for quantity coney coats. H. Kaufman, 912 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Sport coats; jobber placing orders. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS and Wraps Wanted—Fur trimmed only. L. Schachter, 6 West 28th.

COLLARS, Fur, Wanted—, sealines for cash; call with samples. Safran & Kruger, 23 East 26th.

COLLARS (fur) Wanted—Ringtail, Australian opossum, nutria; quantity. 9th floor, 35 West 31st.

COLLARS Wanted—Fur, any pattern; scal, natural raccoon, opossum. Bernstein, 31 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Suitings plain and fancy; flannel plain colored fancy twill; serges boating, pilgrim gabardine CSC., moleskins, trouserings drills and corduroys. Astze Hermanos Corp., 34 Walker St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Manufacturer of children's dresses is open for novelty cotton goods for Spring. Call between 10 and 12, Novelty Dress, 1,065 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Flannels, prints, chambrays, voiles, blankets, colored drills, cottonades, denims; send list. W 867 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Novelty, silk or cotton fabrics; call with samples. 9 West 20th, Store.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Must be cheap; absolutely confidential. Box 319, 209 Cable Building.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Crennemeyer's 600 or 880 flesh. Vogue Negligee, 119 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Stewart's 2496, seal brown and dark navy. Longacre 5575.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples; taffetas, serges, georgettes; big users. Call at once. Third floor, 52 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers buying new Spring dresses; all materials; popular and better grades. Scharfman Bros., 26 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for job lots of tricotine, velours and velveteens, cash. 9 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying new tricotine dresses. Call with samples all week, 9 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs of tricotine and serge dresses; any quantities. M. Kutner, 279 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for popular-priced velours, serges and trocotines. 115 West 30th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash dresses of all kinds; quantity no object. Lincoln Dress, 47 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying new tricotine dresses. Sample room, 20 West 32d, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs in tricotine dresses. Roman Dress Co., 15 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs, any quantity for cash. 17 West 28th St., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 12th floor, 127 West 27th.

DUVETYNS Wanted — Tan and jade duvetyns. Goetz & Ottinger, 1 East 33d.

EMBROIDERIES Wanted—Quantity for cash, 17 and 27 inches wide. Vogue Underwear Co., 23 Marcy Av., Brooklyn. Phone Stagg 1075.

FLANNELS Wanted — Any quantity of Florence, Albertis, New Era and Scotch; also open to buy any quantity of Druit of the loom, Jennet ginghams for spot cash; no quantity too big to handle. U. S. Shirt Mfg. Co., Inc., 1,707 1st Av., N. Y. City. Telephone Lenox 6824.

FLANNELS Wanted—For cash, Scotch 501 and 1101, Amoskeag. Vogue Underwear Co., 23 Marcy Av., Brooklyn. Phone Stagg 1075.

FLANNELS Wanted—All wool lightweight, any color; reasonable price. Century, 37 West 27th.

FROSTGLOW Wanted—Bachmann, at a price. Watkins 2641.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy kit coney and sealine coats for cash. 32 East 31st, 9th floor.

FUR COLLARS Wanted—Sealine, quantity for cash. Aetna Garment Co., 10 East 33d.

FURS Wanted—Ringtail collars or skins, for cash. Louis Turoff, 150 West 22d.

FURS Wanted—Quantity kit coney; colors. Hirsch & Bro., 154 W. 27th.

FURS Wanted—Sealine collars. Phone Chelsea 7154.

GEORGETTE Wanted—All shades and in any quantity, at once. Phone Chelsea 6835.

GEORGETTE Wanted—M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

JEAN Wanted—Lonsdale; spot cash; price must be low. Longacre 4463.

JERSEY SILK Wanted—White and satin striped jersey, quantity for cash. Chantilly Shirt Co., 135 5th Av.

KERSEY Wanted—American 13020, all colors Watkins 2616.

MESSALINE Wanted—Brown. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

ONDULETTE Wanted—American 0671, navy, brown, reindeer; must be cheap. Fitzroy 1545.

ONDULETTES Wanted—Brown and navy. Philip Moskowitz & Son, Madison Sq. 5324.

ONDULETTE Wanted—0671, brown and deer; 13078, black. Telephone Watkins 2020.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted—Gray; good quality. Schwartz & Price, 150 West 25th.

PLUMETTES Wanted—All colors, cash. Commercial Cloak & Suit, Watkins 2974.

PLUSHES—Peerless, Dobson's and 47 and 47 at a price. Chelsea 7154.

PLUSH WANTED—Salt's Bahring seal, at a price. Gramercy 3229.

POLO Wanted—F. M. & S., 1700-1 or similar, any quantity. H. Drusin & Son. Watkins 5400, 2 Cortlandt.

POLO Wanted—Deland 9600, shade 13, J. J. Ludwig & Co., 9650 Watkins.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—All colors. Spring 4846.

POPLINS Wanted—Sanquichanna 171, quantity at a price. Phone Mad. Sq. 542.

POPLIN Wanted—171 or similar; gray, tan or copen. Stuyvesant 4833.

RAINCOATS Wanted—Open for a quantity of gas mask and moleskin raincoats for cash. Kaufman Bros. & Co., 18 East 23d St.

SATINS Wanted—Wash, good quality double warp flesh and white, quantity at price. 9th floor, 130 Madison Av.

SATINS Wanted—Printed cotton back; Also satin de chines; quantity. Murray Hill 7956.

BUYERS' WANTS.

SATIN Wanted—Printed radium and Jap, good quality. Prudential Textile, 85 East 30th.

SERGES Wanted—4, 6036, 54289, 833, WFX, 7301, 7614, 9036. Meirovitz, Madison Square 2210.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity for cash; Whitman's style 11. Nabub, Madison Square 5478.

SERGES Wanted—4061, 54289, 7120, WFX, SBGL; also tricotines, all kinds. Stuy. 5447.

SERGES Wanted—54289, Julliard's, and 4061. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 11, dark navy; can use quantity. Phone Harlem 4639.

SERGES Wanted—Andrew's 1464; quality at a price. Phone Watkins 3480.

SERGES Wanted—7301; spot cash; price must be low. Longacre 4463.

SERGES Wanted—Open for quantity 833. Geyerts Mfg., 20 West 38th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Satin, stripes, crepe de chine, radiums, tub silks; also Japanese Fuji silk; any quantity; spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 28th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Satin striped silk jersey, for cash. Shirtcraft Co., 718 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, 3, 4 and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes and taffetas; all colors; any quantity. Store, 34 East 29th.

SILK Wanted—Crepe de chine, georgette, satin, messaline, taffeta, wash satin, shirting, novelties, veils remnants; also chiffon velvet, pastelle shades. New York Silk Exchange, 387 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Jap, 35-7 Momme; quantity no object; cash. Kanter-Cohn, 40 West 22d; Gramercy 5250; Mr. Taub.

SILKS Wanted—Novelty, for shirtings and sports wear; call with samples. 9 West 20th, Store.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity brown and fancy linings. Bernstein, 31 West 21st. Longacre 9134.

SILKS Wanted—Satin de chines, tub silks, Jap silks, flowered, for linings. Watkins 8690.

SILKS Wanted—Fancy japs and printed satin; must be cheap. Rosengarten, 144 West 27th.

SILK, SATIN DE CHINE Wanted—For cash. David Zimmerman, 127 West 26th.

SILK Wanted—Stripe tub and satin stripe. Majestic Mfg. Co., 29 West 22d.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Stevens style 4230; all colors; must be reasonable. New York Manufacturing Co., 600 Broadway.

SILVERTONE Wanted—American 15032, brown, navy and reindeer. Fit Best Cloak Co. Watkins 4063.

SILVERTONE Wanted—American 15032, reindeer; will pay cash. Call Stuyvesant 2513.

SUEDINE Wanted—American 13058, brown, taupe. Bernstein, 31 West 21st. Longacre 4134.

SUITS Wanted—Navy tricotine, Fall; small or large quantity; cash. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 21st. Longacre 4583.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade Spring suits. 10th floor, 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at Spring line all week. Room 1808, 15 East 26th.

TAFFETA Wanted—For cash, good quality black taffeta. Price must be reasonable to interest us. Chelsea 7068.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Black and colors; spot cash; any quantity; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

TRICOTINE and Plushes Wanted—3304, 117, 107, 617, 907, others, Peco, T 10, Dobson's, Kerami, Sealskinfur, Molequilt, Numole; cash. Stuyvesant 8409.

TRICOTINE, Velours and Broadcloth Wanted—All numbers. Prudential Textile, 85 East 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for 50 pieces, at a price. Studowitz, 129 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Andrews's or Reid's; will pay cash. Phone Chelsea 2587.

TUSSAHS Wanted—Jacquards, for cash. Ralph Silk Mills, 41 Union Square. Stuyvesant 4833.

VELOUR Wanted—Wilson 1192, brown, or 1050, any quantity, or will exchange 4325, navy. H. Drusin & Son, 137 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight, for dresses, in brown, reindeer and pekin. Star Dress & Costume, 13 West 31st.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavyweight, all shades; quantity at a price. Levy & Belsky, 66 East 11th St.

VELOURS Wanted—American 16015, all colors; open for quantity. Vanderbilt 4116, Extension 5.

VELOURS Wanted—Medium weight, brown, reindeer and navy. Kaplow & Berman, 56 West 24th.

VELOURS, Broadcloth, Plaids Wanted—Odd pieces or remnants; spot cash. Orchard 2740.

VELOURS Wanted—Coatings, all colors; must be cheap for cash. Madison Square 6351.

VELOURS Wanted—Coating weight, good quality. Safran & Krieger, 23 East 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens's 4314, all colors. Florence Costume Co., 134 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted—M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

VELVET Wanted—Chiffon for cash. Brisk & Beckelman, 120 West 31st.

VELVETEEN Wanted—Jullliards, 2000, black, navy, brown. S. Tanenbaum, 39 West 29th.

WAISTS Wanted—Better grade; must be cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 20th.

WOOLENS Wanted—All descriptions, odds and ends, for cash. Call with samples, Louis Cohan, 34 East 31st.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word cash insertion.

AMERICAN, 112, 13078, 0671, 21226, 13046; all colors; immediate delivery; below market prices. Rubin, Watkins 3260.

AMOSKEAG—7120, 7301, 7614, 8850, MFL, VSL. Franklin Woolen Co., now located at 30 West 24th St.

AMOSKEAG—7614, $1.40 net, 60 days. Stuyvesant 808.

BATHROBE CLOTH—Beacon's, all colors; $1.50 a yard below market price. Stuyvesant 2133, Joseph.

BEAVER—Dobson, J36, Salts 35. Madison Square 3121.

BLOOMERS—Cotton Jersey and flannels at reduced prices. A. & S. Pruzan & Co., 570 Grand St. Orchard 3543.

BOLIVIA—Raritan 1215, all colors. Watkins 5929.

BROADCLOTH, Forstman-Huffman, black, closing out very cheap; also Holden, Leonard's, taupe, tinsel tone; American 13046 navy velour, goldtones, duvet de laines, Palaisse, Arthur Joel's plumette. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTHS, silvertones, velours, oxfords, coatings, tweeds and suitings. Franklin Woolen Co., now located at 30 West 24th St.

BROADCLOTH, 112, all colors, below market price. Dover Woolen, 11 East 30th. Longacre 5456.

BROADCLOTH—Deering-Milliken 1587 taupe, plum, black, at a price. Spring 9630, Extension 42.

BROADCLOTH—Theo. Tiedemann quality X, even in black; will sell very cheap. Spring 4076, Extension 43.

BROADCLOTH, 112, brown, navy; tricotines 6388, 12060, 9706; serges 833. Chelsea 8024.

BROADCLOTH—American 112; all colors; below market price. Chelsea 8246.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 315, shade 771 taupe, very cheap. Murray Hill 1289.

BROADCLOTH—112, 110, all colors; cheap. Phone Edison Square 1540.

BROADCLOTH—112, 110, H90, 315; all shades. Watkins 3654.

BROADCLOTH—112 13046, 21226, 13078. Phone Chelsea 7689.

CAPS, BABY—To close out at low prices. Abramson, 548 Broadway.

CASSIMERES mixtures 32 oz. overcoatings, plaid backs; pantings 8, and 6/4 coatings; must be closed out at a price. Oscar Kirsch, 56 West 22d.

CHAMELEON CORD—Full and half pieces, all shades, excellent for manufacturers. Watkins 602.

CHARMEUSE, black, navy, brown, copen, good quality, at 98 10 days. Sunset Silk Mills, 49 East 21st.

CHAMOIS and Velours—21226, 13046, 13045, 13097, 13015, 13078, Slater's 2423. Davidoff Bros. Madison Square 3745.

CHAMO—21226, 112, 13046, 13078, under market price. Phone Chelsea 7689.

CHAMO—American 21226, all colors; below market price. Chelsea 8246.

CHAMOISTYNE—804, 8, & H. Veldyne, American silvertones 10007, 10011, 15030, 15032. Andrews silvertip 6160. Madison Sq. 8574.

CHIFFON VELVETS—Blacks and browns, all colors, to close. H. Sternfeld & Co., 482 4th Av. Madison Square 5763.

CHIFFON VELVET—Imported black and navy; best quality. Madison Square 3054.

CHIFFON VELVET—Imported; all colors. Suite 1041, 236 5th Av.

CHINCHILLA—Style 127, gray. Watkins 3304.

CLOAK and Suits—200 all wool velour suits to close out; sizes 16 to 42; prices below market. Call Chelsea 7802, 1

COATEES—Plush close out $13.75; Peerless T 10, handsomely trimmed with silk caracul, reduced price $10.75. A. Jacobs, 20 West 33d.

COATINGS—American 1483, 5 pieces assorted, suitable for ladies' and men's coats or maskinaws; below market price. Milner & Greenfield, 154 East 23d St.

COATS—Plush; coatees and full-length coats to size 54, on racks; immediate delivery. Siafkes & Toskas, 12 West 18th.

COAT PLUSH—Odds, ends, coatees, furtrimmed; cheap. 7th Floor, 49 West 20th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS, wool velour, full silk-lined, sealine collar, $16.75; wrappy coats, velours, all silk lined, $13.75; plush coats, 54 inches long, $12.75; peco plush coats, 36 long, kit coney collar, cuffs and 10-inch border, $22.75. Lark Company, 25 West 27th.

COATS—Plush coats and coatees, better made peco, baffin seal and high pile plushes, trimmed with every desirable fur; popular prices; immediate delivery. Call and convince yourselves. Cohen & Whallan, 20 West 19th.

COATS—Plush coatees, coats, Peco or H. & H.; also cloths, fur trimmed, plain, on racks for immediate shipment; low prices. Don't fail to ask for our $16.50 special plush coatees. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATS—Raccoon, sealine and other fur-trimmed, in all materials and colors and all sizes; they are going as fast as we make them for immediate delivery. Gliantz, Schreiber, manufacturers, 127-133 West 26th.

COATS and wraps, 1,000, for immediate delivery; large assortment; sport coats, fur trimmed; bolivias, velours, double-faced polos, suedines; newest creation. Trio Garment Co., 157 West 29th.

COATS—3,000 in stock; velours, silvertones, bolivias, all wool cloth, embroidered, or sealine collars, in jobs, assorted, $16.75, net, 10 days; house of bargains. Horowitz Bros., 122 West 26th.

COATS—Ladies', juniors' and children's; leading materials, self, fur trimmed; excellent workmanship; attractive prices; immediate shipment. Gleichenhaus Bros., 49 West 24th.

COATS—Jobs 1,000 snappy latest models on racks, to sacrifice; also coats and wraps, Bolivia velours and suedines; popular prices; immediate delivery. Charnay & Freed, 158 West 27th.

COATS, 500, unsurpassable values, on our racks; fashioned of bolivia, velour, suedine, chamois, &c.; the only cheap thing about them is our price. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

COATS—Plush-trimmed; raccoon and Australian opossum caps collars; also good cloth coats, fur-trimmed; will sell very reasonable. Premier Garment, 145 West 28th.

COATS—Bolivia, fur trimmed and plain; 200 with raccoon cape shawl collars; new styles; immediate delivery. Blumenson & Co., Manufacturers, 56 West 22d St.

COATS—Jobs for children's and ladies' Fall coats, to close out cheap. Weinstein, Diamond & Cohen, 141 West 21st St.

COATS—Silk and cotton plush, on rack for immediate delivery; also new models; low prices. Ulin Bros. Stuyvesant 3046.

COATS—Jobs of children's, juniors' and ladies' fur-trimmed silk-lined coats on hand. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS—Five hundred Winter coats to close out at a very low figure. Schwartz & Schwartz, 28 West 20th St.

COATS AND WRAPS—The kind that move; plain and fur-trimmed; on the racks. N. Hurwits & Son, 38 West 21st.

COATS—Wonderful styles in suedines, Bolivias and plushes at remarkably low prices. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS—High-class; immediate delivery; Bolivias, other desirable cloths, fur trimmed. Jeremiah Lakind, 27 West 20th.

COATS, jobs and regulars, plush, &c., $6.75-$32.50; 300 children's coats, close out cheap. Geifond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS, wraps, suits, veldyne, bolivia, velours; fur trimmed; immediate delivery. Etkin Bros., 106 West 32d St.

COATS, jobs, desirable styles, in cloth and plush; fur trimmed; to close out. Steinhole & Rose, 19 West 20th St.

COATS—Up-to-the-minute styles at low prices. Cooper, Lassner & Cooper, 115 West 27th.

COATS and SUITS—Sample job lot to close out. Success Cloak Co., 94 Prince. Spring 7871.

COATS—Wraps in bolivia, hand tailored; immediate delivery. Brooks Co., 37 West 20th.

COATS—Jobs velours, polos, broadcloths, Bolivias; fur trimmed. Ohringer, 9 West 20th.

COATS—Bolivias, silk lined, $19.75; other incomparable values. Bernstein, 31 W. 31st.

COATS—New, smart styles; very low priced. Pordy Bros., 47 East 8th.

COATS—Clean merchandise, clean methods. Blumenson Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS—Suits, 1,000 to close out, sacrifice price. Miller & Kardunet, 37 West 28th.

COATS—Jobs velours, polos, close out cheap. Margolin Bros., 35 West 20th.

COLLARS, fur, 40 raccoon shawl collars; sell reasonable. 145 West 28th St., 11th floor. Chelsea 7895.

COLLARS—Fur, of every description, to close out. Call up Pennsylvania 2481.

CORDUROYS, 9000, 618; all colors; also remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

COTTON GOODS—Ginghams, chambrays, repps and crepes; sacrifice. Eugene Popper Co., 320 Broadway. Franklin 6670.

CREPE DE CHINE—Crepe meteors and georgettes, 40 colors, for spot delivery; prices far below manufacturing cost; export trade solicited. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7300.

CREPE DE CHINES, 5 thread, 50 pieces; assorted colors. Alpine Textile Co., 438 Broadway. Canal 9873.

CREPE DE CHINE and Wash Satins—To close for cash. Florence Silk Co., 456 4th Av.

DRESSES—Plain all-wool velours, $10.75 up, and check velours, $13.75, all colors; biggest values in the city. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—10,000 tricotine, serge, velvet and satin dresses for immediate delivery; ranging from $3.75 to $15.75. Pan-American, 12-14 West 21st.

DRESSES—1,200 tricotines, velvets, velours, serges, charmeuse, satins, Poiret twills; for sale purposes; cheap. 7th Floor, 48 West 20th.

DRESSES—Better grade silks, meteors, tricotines, tricolettes, laces; evening, regulars or stouts. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES—Contractor has large quantity of serge and tricotine dresses to sacrifice. Pitwell Costume Co., 53 West 17th. Watkins 2209.

DRESSES—Before buying elsewhere see our values; all wool serges, tricotines, satins, $6.25 to $14.50. Loeb-Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES—Tricotine, serge, satin and mignonette; jobs to close out. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 20-30 West 20th St.

DRESSES—All wool serge, $5.75 up; satins, $5.75; tricotines, velour and velvet, $8.75 up. B. B. Dress, 1 East 27th.

DRESSES—Taffeta and georgette dresses to close out; also party dresses. Michael Simon, 44 East 23d St.

DRESSES—See Our "Special" all-wool serge, elaborately hand embroidered, $6.35. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES, jobs of serges and tricotines to close out. William Schreiber, 127 West 30th, 3d floor.

DRESSES, satin, charmeuse, to close out at sacrifice price; also velvet dresses for immediate delivery. Jawits, 130 West 32d.

DRESSES—200 tricotine, crepe satin and georgette; high-priced models to close out. The Strand Mfg. Co., 132 West 30th St.

DRESSES—All wool, velour, $8.75; also job in tricotines, serge, satin tricolette to close out cheap. Paragon, 15 West 27th.

DRESSES—1,000 on rack, closing out at sacrifice, tricotines, velveteens, velours, silks, J. & M. Dress, 129 West 31st. Watkins 568.

DRESSES—Don't fail to see our $13.75 tricotine and velour dresses for immediate delivery. Jewel Dress Co., 20 West 20th.

DRESSES—Half wool tricotine, elaborately embroidered; assorted styles; $6.75. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES—To close out, 275, beaded and embroidered tricotines, charmeuse, georgettes. George Kuhn, 148 West 24th.

DRESSES, tricotine, serges, satins, to close out at a price. Epstein & Warshaw, 12 West 17th. Chelsea 8604.

DRESSES—Children's colored; job 500 dozen to close out at $6.80 per dozen. S. Fazekas & Son, 103 5th Av.

DRESSES—Stouts only; close out prices; satins, serges, tricotines. Wolf Stout Dress, 270 5th Av.

DRESSES—Closing out at sacrifice prices satins and charmeuses. I. Frank & Son, 4 West 32d.

DRESSES—Cheap tricotine, serges, velours; also jobs, Franco-American Dress, 114-120 West 30th.

DRESSES—1,000 tricotine, serge and velour; close out at price. Samuel Yasner, 39 East 20th.

DRESSES—Retiring, sacrifice 5,000 dresses, tricotines, satins, others. 7 West 30th (8th floor).

DRESSES—Dancing dresses; immediate delivery; also job silks. Canale, 130 West 25th.

DRESSES—Silks, serges, tricotines, $6.75 up; immediate delivery. Laurettz, 3 West 29th.

DRESSES—All wool serge dresses, $5. L. Olchin & Co., 49-47 West 27th.

DRESSES—Tricotines and satins, to close out. B. Herman, 13 West 21st.

DRESSES—Wool and satin, 100 to close out. Modern, 136 West 26th St.

DRESSES—Tricotine, georgette, satins, close out $7.50 each. Queen, 116 West 26th.

DRESSES—Serges, tricotine and velour to close out cheap. 15 East 17th St., 3d floor.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

DRESSES—Of remarkably pleasing individuality, the kind that women buy at any cost and under any conditions; strikingly smart and exclusive styles in high-grade charmeuse, tricotine and velour; specially priced at $24 to $29.50, although elsewhere $30 to $45 is being asked for models not quite so desirable; our big values will enable you to overcome adverse newspaper price propaganda; immediate delivery. Kliff Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES—16,000 dresses were sold and shipped by us in September. With some houses business is not so good; with us it is splendid. There must be a reason. The proof of the pudding is in our dresses. Come and see them; 5,000 dresses on our racks ready to ship; serges, tricotines, jerseys, tricolettes, satins; snappy models, lowest prices. Meyer Bosniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Dresses, 4283 serges will be offered at unheard of price; garments advertised in leading wholesale trade papers at $12.75 you will find here at $8.75, just 94 lines; big values at $7.75 and $6.75; every dress offered is all wool and newest style; also velvets, tricotines and satins at less than pre-war prices; several jobs very, very cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES, suits and coats; wonderful values for profitable sales; all wool serge dresses, embroidered, $5.75; all wool serge suits, neatly braided, $13.50; 250 fur-trimmed coats, close out cheap; many other good values on rack for immediate delivery; call and be convinced. Modern Cloak & Suit House, 15 West 20th.

DRESSES—Don't wait another minute to see our extraordinary values in serge dresses; just think, French all wool serge dresses in many desirable up to the minute styles, $6.75 and on the racks for today's delivery; send your open orders if you cannot call. Brodie-Siegel Co., 52 West 27th. Tel. Chelsea 6883.

DRESSES—10,000 all wool French serge dresses on the racks for immediate delivery; a wonderful and appealing styles, copies of much higher priced models at $6.75; just the proper stimulant for today's business. Call, write or phone, Brodie-Siegel Co., 52 West 27th. Tel. Chelsea 6883.

DRESSES—We have on our racks for immediate delivery extraordinary values in tricotine, charmeuse, velour and jersey dresses; our styles, workmanship and prices will surely make quick sales; a visit to our stock room will surely convince you. Jacobs Bros., 34 West 32d.

DRESSES—You cannot afford to miss seeing our distinctive velour dresses for today's delivery; beautiful in make or style; a remarkably pretty assortment to select from; featured at $9.75 and shades. Brodie-Siegel Co., 52 West 27th. Tel. Chelsea 6883.

DRESSES — Unusually clever tricotines, models, leather and beaded trimmings, $24.50; others got $35 for this style; brown velours, new cost models, $15.75; beaded charmeuse at bargain prices. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 13 West 21st.

DRESSES—Reduced to create sales, fine all-wool tricotine beaded, embroidered, $6.75; all-wool velours, $8.75; all-wool French serges, richly embroidered, $7.75; twill-back velveteen, $11.75; jobs to close. Feiler, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES—Attention buyers, 4,000 dresses, in serges, tricotines, velours, velvets, charmeuse and satins; reductions up to 50 per cent. on the dollar; come early for good selections. Bracker Bros., 38 West 28th St.

DRESSES—Not jobs, but fresh made up merchandise at incomparable prices; new tricotines and velvet dresses at $8.75; also serges at bargain prices; ready to ship. Iesaf Ipp, 116 West 22d St.

DRESSES—1,000 beaded and braided, in Americanas and Julliards; men's wear serges, tricotine and velvets; also Eton models; $7.50 up. Famo Dress Co., 122 West 27th St.

DRESSES—1,000 beaded and embroidered tricotine of the better kind; only to close out cheap; also serges, 18 different styles; sizes up to 46. Olcosk Dress Co., 39 West 27th.

DRESSES—Tricotine, embroidered, $8.75; all wool serges, embroidered, $5.50; also job 200 dresses, tricotines and serges, at a sacrifice. Lark Co., 25 West 27th.

DRESSES—Contractor has large quantity of tricotine, velour and serge dresses to sacrifice. 205 Lexington Av., between 32d and 33d Sts. Telephone Vanderbilt 5308.

DRESSES—800 dresses in beaded tricotine, serge, charmeuse, lace and velveteens of the better kind at a sacrifice. Dorothy Costume Co., 159 West 25th.

DRESSES—Contractor has 200 beaded tricotines cheap. K. & M., 13 West 21st.

DUVETYNES, henna brown, navy, beaver, all silk. Lowenthal & Rosenberg, 806 5th Av. Longacre 4067.

DUVETYN—All silk, in brown, navy and black, for immediate delivery. 5170 Madison Square.

DUVETYN—All silk browns and navies; spot delivery. Duplex, 405 4th Av. Madison Square 1827.

DUVETYNS—Silk duvetyns in all shades for immediate delivery. Madison Square 8357.

DUVETYNS — Black all-silk duvetyns. Madison Square 4161.

DUVETYNS—All colors, all silk. Suits 1041, 225 5th Av.

DUVETYN—High shades. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

FLANNELETTE—36-inch striped and white; also blue chambray; Everett classics; low price. Phone Lenox 6049.

FORTUNA, 4, H, 9863, all colors, to close out, $9 net. Longacre 5458.

FURS—Large stock Jacqualine fur collars for sale; very cheap. Call 35 West 31st St., on 3d floor.

FURS—500 blue Australian opossum skins. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

FURS—Mouflon collars and cuffs, or the dressed skins. Longacre 8212.

FURS—Australian opossum collars. Murray Hill 7956.

GEORGETTE—Schwartzenbach-Hufber, crepe amour, desirable colors, quantity, at a price. Duplex, 405 4th Av. Madison Square 1827.

GEORGETTE—Three-thread, all colors, immediate delivery; price concession. Feldman, Gramercy 1283.

GINGHAMS—Solid colors; also voiles, at sacrifice. Madison Square 7206.

GLOVES, imported kid, ladies', gentlemen's. Weidberg, 34 West 28th. Watkins 767.

GOLD CLOTH—36-inch, fine quality, all desirable colors, to close out. Phone Spring 241.

HATS—Men's stitched hats for immediate delivery, $16.50 per dozen and up. B. Schlesinger & Son, 45 East 8th.

HOSIERY—10,000 doz. men's, ladies' and children's hose; closing out far below today's mills price. Washington Mills, 592 Broadway.

JAP SILKS 34 to 8/4; natural finished and colors; in stock at special low prices. Clifton Mills, 11 East 17th. Stuyvesant 3120.

KERSEYS, 4X, in brown and navy. Stuyvesant 8409.

LININGS printed and plain radiums, all colors; also Susquehanna printed Japs; immediate delivery; right price. Nat Lebenson & Co., 9 West 20th.

NECKWEAR, MEN'S—10,000 dozen high-grade, to close out, $4.50 per dozen up. Royal Cravat, Inc., 27 East 21st St.

NECKWEAR, odd lots, silk and knit, to close. Gumport, 706 Broadway.

NIGHT GOWNS—Flannelette, Billie Burkes, bloomers, petticoats, men's pajamas; to close out; low prices. Nathan Daniel, 413 East 91st. Lenox 4049.

ONDULETTES—0671, in quantity, below market price. Watkins 6626.

PAJAMAS — Tremendous price reductions; men's heavy flannelette pajamas, $18.50; men's flannelette night shirts, $11.50; boys' flannelette night shirts and pajamas at proportionate reductions; also large quantities of boys' blouses and shirts for immediate delivery; no reasonable offer refused. Mark M. Konski, 515 B'way. Spring 6034.

PANTS, BOYS'—Fancy mixtures, sizes 8 to 16, $6.50 down. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

PETTICOATS — Silks, jerseys, combination flounces, $1.25 up. El Lindo, 5 West 31st.

PLAIDS—All wool, 54-inch. Phone Madison Square 8604.

PLUSHES and tricotine, Hudson seal, Baffin, J36, Chase's beaver, Unimak, Sealart, Polinel, Sealskin fur 0388, 9782, 0036. Stuyvesant 8458.

PLUSHES, peco, sealskin fur, sealskinette, Yukon seal, Baffin seal, China, polarskin, Ungava and Hudson Bay. Longacre 3956.

PLUSHES—Peerless T10, 40-40, D30, numole, arter, Hudson beaver; reasonable. Watkins 8690.

PLUSHES—Ungava, Nishni, Molequilt, Hudson Bay and Pribiloff. Madison Square 3121.

PLUSH—Ten pieces brown cotton plush close out below market price. Chelsea 2810.

PLUSHES—40-40, JB, Molquit, Nishni, Arctic Fox; reasonable. Watkins 4630.

PLUSHES—Peco and Hudson seal, reasonable for cash. Phone Spring 901.

PLUSHES, Salt's velour, Du Nord; very cheap. Longacre 3935.

PLUSHES—Hudson seal and peco. Madison Square 2708.

POLO COATING—American 21227, shades 1 and 2, very cheap. A. Lesser & Sons, 37 West 28th St. Watkins 9076.

POLO—Velours, mixtures, like Lawrence 1023, 9600; Chevoits in light shades; all wool; reasonable. Watkins 2980.

POLO—American, reversible, 10809, color 1, 3, 4, 5. Watkins 3394.

SATINS—Washable, flesh and white, 3 good qualities, $1, $1.10, $1.85. Sunset Silk Mills, 49 East 21st.

SERGES, 11423, 54296, 760. National Dress Co., 130 West 29th St.

SERGES—Garfield 528 navy. Phone

Favorable Outlook For Railroad and Hydro-Electric Bonds

The outlook for bonds of the above types appears particularly bright. The railroads, through the recent advance in freight and passenger rates, should ultimately increase their net revenues materially. Hydro-electric companies, because of their independence from coal and their low operating costs, should become more and more essential to industries dependent upon cheap power, and their bonds should show a corresponding increase in intrinsic value. In our circular, "Conservative Investments," we mention a number of attractive railroad and hydro-electric bonds to yield from about 6% to 7½%.

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FINANCIAL SITUATION

Grain and Cotton Decline Marks Final Stage of Commodity Price Fall.

With the exception of cotton and grain growing interests, producers have cast aside thoughts of a price recovery to the levels of last year's "boom" figures or to the maximum quotations of the last spring and Summer. The days of extraordinary prices and of unusual profits are conceded to be over. To this extent the state of after-war readjustment has been completed. As sentiment has much to do with the preparation of plans for manufacturing and distribution, it is fair to assume that already the corporations are making ready for next year's business with an entirely new schedule of quotations. Costs are being scrutinized and pared down with closer attention than at any time since 1915. There are suggestions in some quarters that labor will have to bear its share of business reaction, but labor surpluses have as yet occurred only in particular industries and so-called liquidation of wages seems remote. As far as the farming protest against the fall of prices is concerned, it appears headed for failure at the start. Special dispensations in respect to credit facilities for the purpose of maintaining prices in the face of economic pressure would not only stand opposed to the public interest, but would be certain to postpone the country's return to normal conditions. The farmer was not alone in his infatuation for three-dollar wheat and forty-cent cotton. That is, producers of other things were impressed equally with him with the prices of the goods they had for sale last March and April. But the makers of textiles, rubber and leather products, coming first in contact with public opposition to high prices and with banking reluctance to extend credit to hold prices up, bowed to the inevitable before the farmer's turn came. Before the farmers' representatives were appealing to the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board for help, the manufacturer and merchant were revising their plans with full recognition of changed events. Either they were absorbing losses themselves or seeking through loans from investors, not of the banks, to carry stocks of goods until they could be liquidated and balanced against goods yet to be produced at lower costs. The process has by no means been completed, but it would seem as though the lowering of farm prices was about the last broad step in the current movement. Last week's sharp recovery of wheat may have indicated that the decline had been carried too far, entailing a revision upward. Cotton continued its spectacular fall until a price of 21 cents per pound, against 43¾ cents last July, was recorded on Saturday, but foreign influences, notably the British coal strike, acted to aggravate domestic factors of consumption which may have been discounted previously. So vast a decline, such as only the severest stages of financial panics brought in the past, must have carried many necessaries close to the cost of production, even below it in some cases, and this should forecast an early period of stability. The rise of numerous industrial company shares in the last few days has indicated an impression that the worst period of liquidation was over. And it is reasonable to expect, in the light of other periods of commodity market stress, that once a stable condition arrives there will be some weeks or months of quiet, normal buying and selling in which producer and consumer both can take fairly accurate count of their future prospects and future needs.

The liquidation of $500,000,000 Anglo-French bonds will stand as a notable landmark in after-war finance. Many were the predictions when this great issue was floated in 1915 that it would not be paid off at maturity, that a refunding operation would have to be put through for the full amount, provided that the borrowers were in position in 1920 to honor the loan at all. The actual event was that, despite onerous financial burdens, Great Britain and France were able to remit exchange, convert American securities into cash and send gold to an amount covering all but one-fifth of the entire issue. Outside of the large transfers of gold, the measures taken by England are not known in detail, but the thorough way in which the transaction was handled was revealed long ago in the knowledge that Britain's share of $250,000,000 could have been met many weeks before the due date. In fact, the bulk of the bonds of England's portion were acquired in the open market at prices ranging upward from about 93½. There was sentiment in important banking quarters favorable to a larger refunding operation in behalf of France than the $100,000,000 raised last month. In a normal money and investment market the French Treasury would have been accommodated to the extent of at least half of the maturing loan. But the bankers had domestic needs of railroads and industrial companies to consider, and France stood ready to draw upon her gold reserves, greatly needed at home, to make good the amount not provided by the new loan and balances in America. At a time when the maintenance of a strong market for foreign Government and municipal securities is being emphasized throughout our investment market the Anglo-French loan retirement at the date of maturity is a harbinger of future activities with important bearing upon the recovery of Europe.

A reason why steel is slower than other commodities to respond to altered market conditions is the presence on order books of several months' forward business. This may not be the case throughout the industry, but it maintains among the larger corporations. Cancellations have been extensive, but they have been localized mainly in two or three consuming lines, including the automobile trade and shipbuilding. Foundries with large stocks of iron are reported active sellers at sharper concessions than the steel market has recorded, but the furnace interests last week continued to stand firmly against wholesale cancellation of orders. It is worth while recording that when the Steel Corporation established its base prices in March, 1919, Chairman Gary stated that these were the lowest quotations possible of returning a fair profit. Since that time substantial wage increases have been granted, adding largely to costs. The prices of "independent" mills are gradually working downward toward the corporation's level, but progress has not yet been sufficiently rapid in any product to forecast an early approach to the 1919 figures.

The stock market expectation is for easy call money in the next few days. It is grounded on the completion of the Anglo-French loan transaction, the decline of business demands for credit and rapid marketing of crops. But it remains to be seen whether credit and cash released in one direction will not quickly be absorbed in another. The process of financing slowly moving inventories entails a persistent demand upon the banks. However, the tendencies of the markets are toward an easement of credit, whether it can be detected this week or next or next month. Without an expansion of bank accommodation to the farmers, it is likely that grain and cotton will be sold as rapidly as the demand permits, despite propaganda to hold the crops on the farm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED OCT. 16, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	2,511,237	172,628,168½
Same period a year ago	6,481,570	241,000,340

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	83.90	80.89	94.07	75.04
Same period a year ago	96.30	95.15	96.59	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
400	ADVANCE RUMELY	29	29	29	— ½
200	Advance Rumely pf	60½	60	60½	+ ½
1,300	Ajax Rubber	41½	40	41	+ 1½
16,200	Alaska Gold Mines	2	1⅞	1⅞	+ ¼
5,500	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2	2	..
10,900	Allied Dye & Chem., w.i.	59⅝	56½	58⅞	+ 2⅝
1,700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	34½	32⅝	34	+ 1½
100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	76	76	76	— ½
700	Am. Agricul. Chem.	85¼	82	83¼	— 2⅝
200	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	87½	87½	87½	+ ½
300	Am. Bank Note	47	46⅜	46⅜	+ ⅜
2,000	Am. Beet Sugar	75½	72	73¼	+ 1
2,900	Am. Bosch Magneto	79	75½	78	+ 3⅜
800	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy.	51	51	51	+ 1
100	Am. Brake Shoe & F. pf.	86	86	86	+ 1
4,700	Am. Can	34	31⅝	33¾	+ 1½
100	Am. Can pf.	86¼	86½	86½	..
6,800	Am. Car & Fdy.	135⅞	134	134½	+ ⅜
400	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	110½	109¼	110½	+ 1½
2,600	Am. Cotton Oil	25⅞	23¾	25⅝	+ 1½
1,600	Am. Drug. Syndicate	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
150	Am. Express	142½	142½	142½	— 2½
2,500	Am. Hide & Leather	10⅝	7⅞	10½	— ⅛
4,400	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	61	56⅜	60	— ¼
800	Am. Ice	41	38½	*41	+ 3⅝
100	Am. Ice pf.	56⅞	56⅛	*56⅞	— ⅛
8,400	Am. International	74½	71	73½	+ 2½
100	Am. La F. Fire Engine	10	10	10	— ½
5,500	Am. Linseed	71⅞	66	70	+ 5
100	Am. Linseed pf.	84	84	84	+ 1
21,500	Am. Locomotive	98¼	94⅜	95⅝	— ⅝
200	Am. Locomotive pf.	100⅝	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅞
400	Am. Malt & Grain	27	26½	26½	— ½
2,900	Am. Safety Razor	15⅝	14⅞	15	— ⅝
2,300	Am. Ship & Commerce	18½	17⅞	17¾	— ⅝
9,500	Am. Smelt. & Pef.	60¼	58¼	59⅜	— ⅞
700	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	92½	92	92	— ½
500	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	77	76	77	+ 3¼
300	Am. Snuff	103	102	103	+ 3
3,000	Am. Steel Fdys.	38⅝	37½	38	..
300	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	85⅞	85	85	— ⅛
6,400	Am. Sugar Ref.	104⅝	102	103	— 2
4,800	Am. Sumatra Tob.	90⅝	87⅝	88½	+ ½
6,900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100⅝	98⅝	100	+ 1¼
1,600	Am. Tobacco	135⅝	132	134	+ 1
1,300	Am. Tobacco, Class B	132	128	130⅞	+ 2⅞
700	Am. Tobacco pf.	90⅜	88¼	90¼	— ⅛
6,800	Am. Woolen	75⅝	71	71⅝	— 4⅛
500	Am. Woolen pf.	94	92¼	94	— ⅝
900	Am. Writing Paper pf.	53¼	51	53¼	— ¼
400	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	— ⅛
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	45	45	45	..
26,300	Anaconda Copper	51½	49⅝	*50	— ½
500	Assets Realization	3½	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
200	Associated D. G.	27¾	27½	27½	— 1¼
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	59	59	59	..
100	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	53	53	53	..
500	Associated Oil	96	92	96	+ 6
11,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	90	86½	88¼	+ ¼
3,200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	78½	77¾	78	— ¼
2,000	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	10¾	9¾	10⅜	+ 1⅛
1,400	Atlantic Coast Line	100	97	99½	— ¼
900	Atlantic Fruit	19¼	18⅜	18½	— ⅛
2,400	Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	146	141	144¾	+ 2¾
500	Atlantic Refining pf.	109	108	108	..
100	Austin-Nichols	15½	15½	15½	+ ½
111,500	BALDWIN LOCO.	116¾	110½	114⅝	+ 3½
200	Baldwin Loco. pf.	98¾	97	98¼	+ ¼
30,300	Baltimore & Ohio	49⅜	45⅝	48	+ 1½
1,900	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	54	52¾	53⅜	— ⅝
2,750	Barrett Co.	133½	126½	132	+ 2½
300	Barrett Co. pf.	102½	102½	102½	— 1½
100	Batopilas Mining	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
1,000	Bethlehem Motors	4⅝	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
200	Bethlehem Steel	68	67⅜	67⅝	— ⅜
30,200	Bethlehem Steel, "B"	72¼	68¼	70½	— 1½
350	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	103½	103½	103½	..
600	Booth Fisheries	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
140	Brooklyn Edison Electric	90	90	90	+ 4
6,700	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	14½	12⅞	13⅝	— ⅝
2,000	Brooklyn R. T. c. of d.	9½	8½	9⅜	— ⅜
1,300	Brooklyn Union Gas	56½	52	56½	+ 3½
300	Brown Shoe	60	59	59	— 3½
100	Brown Shoe pf.	85	85	85	— 7
300	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
1,400	Burns Brothers	96	96	96	+ 3
2,200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	8¾	8¼	8¾	— ⅛
1,400	Butte & Superior	17⅛	16½	16½	— ½
600	Butterick Co.	15	14	15	..
7,600	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	19	16	18¾	+ 3
1,900	California Packing	63	60	61	— 2¾
500	California Pet.	27⅜	26	27⅜	+ 1⅜
300	California Pet. pf.	68⅜	68	68⅛	— ⅛
100	Calumet & Arizona	55	55	55	— 2
27,600	Canadian Pacific	127½	125⅝	126½	— ½
200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	85	84½	84½	— 1½
27,600	Central Leather	43⅜	39¾	42	— 1¼
100	Central Leather Co. pf.	94⅞	94⅛	94⅞	— ⅛
3,300	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	39⅞	37⅜	38⅝	— ⅝
16,000	Chandler Motor	87¼	78½	86½	+ 5⅝
9,400	Ches. & Ohio	68⅝	66⅜	67⅞	— ⅝
200	Chi. & Alton	14¼	13	14¼	— ¼
400	Chi. & E. Ill. Eq. T. r.	12½	12	12½	+ 1½
2,300	Chi. & E. Ill. pf. Eq.Tr.	13	11¾	12⅝	+ 1⅝
6,200	Chi. Great West.	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	+ ⅝
9,700	Chi. Great West. pf.	31⅝	28½	31	+ 1½
34,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	44⅜	39½	43¼	+ 3
24,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	64⅞	60⅜	64	+ 2⅝
3,363	Chi. & Northwestern	83¾	82	82½	..
800	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	110	110	110	..
1,100	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	80⅝	79	*80⅜	+ 2¼
11,900	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	40	37½	39	+ 1½
2,100	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	53⅝	52¼	53¼	+ ⅝
1,600	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	70⅝	69½	70⅝	+ ⅝
100	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	70	70	70	— 2
5,700	Chile Copper	13⅞	13⅜	13⅝	— ⅛
9,800	Chino Copper	26	24	24½	— 2
300	Clec., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	59⅜	56⅜	59⅜	+ 1⅝
300	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	59⅜	56⅜	59⅜	+ 1⅝
48,600	Coca-Cola	32	27½	30⅝	— ⅝
800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	34½	33½	34½	— ⅛
800	Colorado Southern	33⅜	32⅞	33⅜	— ⅛
4,000	Columbia Gas & Elec.	60⅜	57⅞	60	+ 1½
12,400	Columbia Grapho.	20⅞	19¼	20½	+ ⅝
200	Comput. Tab. Record	44	40	40	— 6
1,200	Consol. Cigar	74	72	74	+ 1
6,400	Consol. Gas	87½	85½	86½	+ 1
2,400	Consol. Int. Cal. Min.	9⅝	9	9	— ⅝
700	Consol. Textile	27	26½	26½	— 1
850	Continental Can	73⅜	73	73¼	— 2
6,300	Continental Candy	10⅝	10	10	— ⅛
16,200	Corn Prod. Ref.	85	81	84½	+ 2½
300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	101	100⅝	101	..
2,500	Coaden & Co.	37⅝	36	37½	+ 1
100	Crex Carpet	58	58	58	+ 2
13,300	Crucible Steel	132	129¼	*129¼	+ 1½
200	Crucible Steel pf.	93⅜	92⅝	93¾	+ 1⅝
11,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	34½	32⅛	33¼	— 1⅛
1,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	75¾	74½	74½	— 1½
3,100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	41	38¾	40½	+ ½
100	DAVISON CHEM.	36	36	36	— 1
700	Del. & Hudson	104½	103	104½	— 2
2,200	Del., Lack. & West.	252	237½	247	+ 5
6,800	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	4¼	3⅝	4	— ⅛
6,500	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	4¼	3⅝	4	— ⅛
200	Detroit United Rys.	93	93	93	— 2
600	Dome Mines	11½	11⅛	11½	..
100	Durham Hosiery	39	39	39	+ 3
10	Eastman Kodak	530	530	530	..
600	ELK HORN COAL	24	23	24	+ ½
2,000	Endicott-Johnson	67⅜	64½	66	— ½
500	Endicott-Johnson pf.	94	93½	94	— ⅛
15,000	Erie	19⅞	18	18⅝	+ ⅝
6,400	Erie 1st pf.	29⅜	27¾	28⅝	+ ⅝
1,300	Erie 2d pf.	21¼	20½	21¼	+ ½
2,000	FAMOUS PLAYERS-L.	70⅝	66½	70⅝	+ ⅞
700	Famous Players-L. pf.	85	82	85	..
900	Federal Min. & Sm. pf.	33¼	33	33	+ ¼
6,400	Fisk Rubber	21⅝	19½	21	+ 1⅜
1,200	Freeport-Texas	22⅞	22	22¼	+ ¼
1,500	GASTON, W. & W.	7	6¼	6¼	— ⅝
100	General Am. Tank Car.	65	65	65	— 3
200	General Chemical	150	146	150	..
500	General Chemical pf.	89⅜	87	88½	— 1⅜
1,300	General Cigar	63½	62¼	63½	..
50	General Cigar pf.	92	92	92	..
1,100	General Electric	140¼	138½	140¼	+ 2
56,000	General Motors	18⅞	17½	18¾	+ ⅝
300	General Motors pf.	73	73	73	— 2
700	General Motors 7% deb.	78¾	77½	78½	+ 1⅝
1,300	General Motors 6% deb.	67	66	67	..
5,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	51¼	48¾	49¾	+ ⅝
100	Goodrich pf.	87	85	85	+ 1
400	Granby Consol.	33	32	32	— 2⅞
12,800	Great Northern pf.	80⅜	80½	85⅜	+ 1⅞
2,500	Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore p.	34⅝	34	34⅜	+ 1¼
400	Greene-Cananea Cop.	27⅝	27½	27⅝	+ ⅛
600	Guantanamo Sugar	17	16	17	+ 1
300	Gulf States Steel	50	49	50	— ½
400	Gulf, Mobile & North.	16	15	16	+ 1
500	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf.	32½	31¼	31¾	— 1¼
300	HABIRSHAW ELEC.	14½	14½	14½	..
300	Hartman Corp.	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	— ⅛
4,300	Haskell & Barker	69¼	67⅜	68½	+ 1
300	Hendee Mfg.	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	— 1⅛
2,800	Houston Oil	107⅝	103½	105	+ 1
2,800	Hupp Motor	14½	13⅝	*13⅞	+ ⅛
400	Hydraulic Steel	28	27¾	27¾	— 1
800	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	95	94	95	..
50	Illinois Central l.	56	56	56	..
3,100	Indiahoma Ref.	8½	8	8¼	..
5,900	Inspiration Copper	44¼	43	43	— 1½
7,800	Interborough Con.	5½	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
1,300	Interborough Con. pf.	16	14⅞	15⅜	+ ⅜
1,000	Internat. Agricul.	21	20	21	+ ½
300	Internat. Agricul. pf.	80	79½	79⅝	+ ⅛
1,200	Internat. Harv., new	113¾	110	110	— 1½
300	Internat. Harv. pf., new	108	107⅝	108	+ ⅛
12,400	Internat. Mer. Mar.	19⅜	17⅝	19	— ⅛
17,300	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	73½	69¾	69⅝	— 4⅛
800	Internat. Motor Truck	40⅝	38	40	+ 1
200	Internat. M. T. 1st pf.	73	73	73	— ½
2,200	Internat. Nickel	18¼	17⅛	17⅞	..
300	Internat. Nickel pf.	83	80	83	+ 1⅞
7,000	Internat. Paper	76	72	75½	+ ¾
100	Internat. Paper pf.	100	100	100	..
100	Internat. Paper pf. stpd	72¾	72½	72½	— ⅜
20,200	Invincible Oil	33¾	29	32	+ 1¾
100	Iowa Central	11	11	11	— ½
200	Iron Products	42	41	41	— 1½
15,200	Island Oil & Transp.	6⅝	5½	6	— ½
2,300	JEWEL TEA	7	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅝
400	Jewel Tea pf.	15⅝	13	13	— ⅝
300	Jones Bros. Tea	18¼	17⅜	18¼	+ ½
9,900	KAN. CITY SOUTH.	26¼	23½	25½	+ 1¼
2,816	Kan. City South. pf.	50⅝	49⅜	50	+ ⅝
100	Kayser (Julius) 1st pf.	103	103	103	..
6,400	Kelly Springfield Tire	56½	52	*52⅝	+ 1⅜
100	Kelsey Wheel	51	51	51	— 2
13,100	Kennecott Copper	23⅞	22½	22⅞	— ⅝
7,200	Keystone Tire & Rubber	15⅝	13⅛	14⅜	+ 1½
100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	120	120	120	— 3
7,500	LACKAWANNA STEEL	65⅜	61⅜	65⅛	+ 2⅝
600	Laclede Gas	46½	45¼	46⅜	+ ½
1,300	Lake Erie & Western	22	19½	21	+ 2
1,400	Lake Erie & Western pf.	39	34½	39	+ ⅝
900	Lee Rubber & Tire	20⅝	19⅜	20	+ ⅛
8,400	Lehigh Valley	55½	52⅝	53⅞	+ ¾
1,100	Liggett & Myers	145	144	144	..
200	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	100	100	..
11,900	Loew's, Inc.	21¼	19⅝	*20⅜	+ ⅝
900	Loft's, Inc.	13	12⅜	13	..
200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	40	40	40	— ½
200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	140½	140½	140½	+ ½
400	Louisville & Nashville	108	106	108	+ 1½
1,023	MACKAY COS.	64	62⅜	64	..
900	Mackay Cos. pf.	59½	58⅝	59⅛	+ ½
500	Manati Sugar	90	89	89	— 1
1,300	Manhattan Elevated	57½	55	56	+ 1
3,140	Martin-Parry	19	17⅜	18	+ 2½
10,000	Maxwell Motors	4	2½	3½	— ½
3,500	Max. M. c. of d.	3½	2½	2⅝	— 1½
4,100	Max. M. 1st pf.	8½	6¾	8	— 1
3,000	Max. M. 1st pf. c. of d.	9	7	8	+ 1
700	Max. M. 2d pf.	4	3½	3¼	— 1½
600	May Department Stores	71½	70¾	71	+ ½
74,400	Mexican Pet.	193	185½	190	+ 2½
2,800	Miami Copper	19⅜	18⅝	19	— ⅝
68,400	Middle States Oil	15½	*13½	14½	— ⅝
9,000	Midvale Steel	39½	38	*38½	+ ⅝
4,800	Minneapolis & St. L.	20⅞	18¾	19¾	+ ¾
910	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	88	87	87	..
7,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5¾	4⅝	5⅛	+ 1
3,200	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	11¾	8½	9⅝	+ 1⅝
11,400	Missouri Pacific	29¾	27⅞	29⅝	+ ⅝
7,230	Missouri Pacific pf.	53½	51⅝	52⅝	..
1,100	Montana Power	67⅛	64	66	+ 2
1,200	Montgomery Ward	27¾	25⅞	25⅞	— 2
500	Mullins Body	29	28½	28¾	— ¾
1,100	NATIONAL ACME	33¼	32¼	33	— ⅞
3,300	National A. & C.	58⅞	55⅞	58⅛	+ 2⅛
2,000	National A. & C. pf.	90⅜	89	89⅝	+ ⅝
400	National Biscuit	107	107	107	..
200	National Biscuit pf.	107¼	106½	107¼	+ ⅝
800	National Cloak & Suit	35	34	34½	— ½
1,000	National Cond. & Cable	7⅜	6¾	7	— ⅛
300	National En. & Stamp.	58	57⅝	58	— ⅛
900	National Lead	75⅞	74	75	..
700	National Lead pf.	106	104	105½	— ½
3,100	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	6⅝	6¼	6⅜	— ⅛
2,000	Nevada Cons. Copper	11⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— 1⅛
2,200	New Orleans, T. & M.	60	58½	59½	..
200	New York Air Brake	97½	96	97½	+ ⅝
44,900	New York Central	83⅞	78	82	+ 2⅞
8,800	New York, C. & St. L.	62½	52	60	+ 7⅝
300	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf	73¾	70	73½	+ 3¾
1,100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	70	62	69½	+ 7½
200	New York Dock	25¼	25¼	25¼	— ¼
19,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	35¾	33½	34½	— ¾
2,900	N. Y., O. & W.	25⅛	23½	25	+ 1
2,600	Norfolk & Western	102	99½	100	— 1
1,000	North American	60¼	58	58	— 2⅜
26,500	Northern Pacific	92	88½	90⅝	+ 1½
400	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	41	40	41	+ 1
200	OHIO BODY & B.	18½	18⅜	18½	— ½
3,700	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	4½	3⅞	4	— ⅛
800	Orpheum Circuit	27⅝	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
200	Otis Elevator	132	125	132	+ 7
100	Otis Elevator pf	90	90	90	+ 8
300	Otis Steel	22	22	22	+ ⅜
800	Owens Bottle	48	48	48	— ¼
2,800	PACIFIC DEVELOP.	27½	25	25	— 3
1,100	Pacific Gas & Electric	54	52⅝	54	+ 1⅛
300	Pacific Telep. & Teleg.	42½	41	42½	— 1
43,500	Pan-Am. Pet. & Trans.	91	87½	88⅝	— ½
4,500	Pan-Am. Pet. & T. "B"	83½	81½	82	— ½
13,997	Pennsylvania R. R.	44	43¼	43⅝	— ⅜
2,600	Penn. Seaboard Steel	19	18	18½	— ½
4,400	People's Gas, Chicago	39⅜	37⅝	39½	+ 1⅝
200	Peoria & Eastern	16½	16½	16½	+ ½
6,200	Pere Marquette	29	27½	28¼	..
100	Pere Marquette prior pf	64	64	64	— ⅛
500	Pere Marquette pf.	54	52¾	54	+ ¼
400	Pettibone, M. & Co.	36½	34½	36½	+ 1½
200	Phillips Petroleum	36½	35½	35½	..
11,000	Philadelphia Co.	39⅜	38⅝	39¼	+ ⅛
10,900	Pierce-Arrow	37¼	33½	36	+ 1¾
600	Pierce-Arrow pf.	90¼	88½	90¼	+ ⅛
1,700	Pierce Oil	14½	13¾	14⅜	+ ⅛
1,500	Pierce Oil 8% pf.	82	80½	81	— ½
100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	79½	79½	79½	+ 4½
4,000	Pitts. Coal	69	66	67⅞	..
800	Pitts Coal pf.	85½	85	85	— 1
5,900	Pitts. & West Va.	37⅝	35⅝	37½	+ 1
100	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	79	79	79	— 1¼
500	Pond Creek Coal	16¼	15½	15⅝	— 1
900	Pressed Steel Car	98	95¾	97⅝	+ 1⅝
300	Pressed Steel Car pf.	101	101	101	..
800	Pullman Co.	113	111⅜	113	+ ⅛
7,900	Punta Alegre Sugar	68⅜	66¾	67½	+ 1½
4,200	P

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analyzes the prospects of these two companies as a Railroad and a Public Utility representative of those properties which should benefit by their changed status under present conditions.

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REVOLT OF THE EAST PLANNED AT BAKU

Communist Congress Swore Adherence to Program Dictated by Russians.

ENVER PASHA AMONG CHIEFS

Bela Kun Seconded His Proposal That European Communists Support the Project.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—In a statement based on its latest and most reliable official advices relative to the Congress of Peoples of the East, held at Baku, on the Caspian Sea, under Bolshevist auspices little more than a month ago, the State Department tonight points out the far-reaching character of the plans formulated at that conference for stirring revolutionary activities throughout the world.

The statement shows that 1,891 delegates attended the conference, and that they have scattered with the avowed intention of spreading their Communistic propaganda throughout the East. The Department has been advised that 1,273 of those present were native Communists, and that thirty-eight nations and tribes of Asia and the Caucasus were represented.

"Taking a solemn oath," the announcement by the State Department reads, "sworn upon a naked sword, to work night and day to cause their respective countries to rise against 'capitalism' and overthrow it, the 1891 delegates to the Congress of Peoples of the East at Baku, Azerbaidjan, have disbanded with the avowed intention of spreading throughout the East their communistic propaganda and organization in accordance with the purpose of the congress.

"The permanent work of this gathering of radical elements is now to be carried on by a 'Soviet of Action and Propaganda,' which will work in contact with and under the control of the Communist Internationale. The headquarters of this 'Soviet of Action' will be at Baku. The congress has also established a permanent commission of nine members, of whom two are always to be representatives of the Communist Internationale. The Communist majority dominated the Baku congress, and the Communists hereafter will control the radical propaganda in the East.

"The battlefield of the Soviet movement would embrace Asia as well as Europe under the plans and opinions of leaders like Zinovieff, the President of the Petrograd Soviet, and Radek, President of the Moscow Soviet. It is their announced purpose not only to fight 'capitalism' with their Bolshevist doctrine, but to fight also the authority and influence in Asia of all the world powers that have interests on that continent. Zinovieff, as President of the Communist Internationale, is regarded as responsible for the program. It was at his suggestion that the congress adopted the resolution to form the 'Soviet of Action and Propaganda' to operate in the East. He proposed a committee to be made up of two delegates from each of the peoples of Asia and the Caucasus. The control of the Communist Internationale over the congress was further emphasized by the fact that of these two delegates from each nation one was to be chosen from the Communist party and one at large from the 'neutral population.'

"'The formation of an indissoluble union between the laborers of the East and Soviet Russia' was the announced objective of the congress—'a union destined to be the greatest champion of the proletariat and the peasants' against the capitalistic entente. The program of the congress conformed closely to this objective. Conditions in China, India, the Caucasus, Asia Minor and Northern Africa were discussed in detail.

"Enver Pasha, ex-Minister of War of Turkey, addressed the congress in the name of the 'Union of Revolutionary Peoples of Morocco, Tunis, Tripoli, Turkey and Arabia.' He spoke from a prepared paper, affirming that Soviet Russia and the Communist Internationale were the 'sole trustworthy and sincere allies of the oppressed peoples.' 'We have decided,' he said, 'to prolong the struggle for the national liberation of all the peoples of the East against world imperialism, and we are glad to be supported in that struggle by the Communist Internationale.'

"At the conclusion of his address, on motion by Bela Kun, a resolution was unanimously passed that the Communist Internationale should extend that support."

DEMAND GERMAN CATTLE.

Allies' Claim Is Answered by Socialist Appeal to All Countries.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The Allied Reparations Commission, according to Vorwärts today, has presented to the German Government a demand for the immediate delivery of 10,000 bulls and 500,000 cows to France, 11,150 head of cattle to Italy, 210,000 cows to Belgium and 137,000 head of cattle to Serbia.

The Congress of the Majority Socialist Party at Cassel, adds the newspaper, has passed a resolution calling upon the Socialist Parties of all countries to prevent Germany from being compelled to hand over cattle to foreign countries, especially to France.

NEW FRENCH LOAN ON MARKET SOON

"Perpetual Rentes" Will Bear 6 Per Cent. Interest and Will Be Offered Oct. 20.

EXPLAINED TO AMERICANS

Advance Subscriptions in France Up to Oct. 7 Totaled Two Billion Francs.

Jean de Sieves, representing the Financial Agency of France in the United States, issued a statement last night explaining in detail the new French interior loan which will be offered October 20. It will bear 6 per cent. interest and the bonds will be known as "perpetual rentes." They will be issued at par in coupon form, payable to bearer, in denominations of 100, 500, 1,000, 2,000, 10,000 and 20,000 francs capital par value, with interest payable June 16 and December 16. Discussing the loan Mr. de Sieves said:

"While the loan is perpetual, the Government has the option to redeem or convert the bonds on or after January 1, 1931. In case of conversion or any modification of the conditions under which the bonds are issued, the holders are assured of reimbursement for their bonds at par.

"The American people have shown a most friendly appreciation of what the French people are doing at home to restore the losses caused by war. It may interest Americans to know that in 1918, after four years of war, an internal loan of 30,500,000,000 francs was absorbed almost entirely by French investors, and in February of this year 15,630,000,000 francs of a 5 per cent. unlimited loan were sold.

"Arrangements for the sale of the new 6 per cent. loan in France include the creation of a special market for war loan issues to facilitate the conversion of those issues and of short term certificate into permanent form. Subscriptions to the new loan are already proceeding in France, stimulated in part by the fact that, on amounts subscribed before the 30th of October, interest at the rate of 5¾ per cent. is credited up to November 30, the interest applied on the purchase price. It is reported that advance subscriptions to the new loan of more than 2,000,000,000 francs had been received up to October 7."

FAMINE THREATENS CHINA.

From 15,000,000 to 35,000,000 People Are Reported in Want.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Oct. 16.—Reports submitted to the International Relief Committee, in which the Government is participating, show that from 15,000,000 to 35,000,000 people in China are threatened with famine.

At least $120,000,000 will be required for food, clothing, fuel, and medicines, it is said.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Oct. 11	3.49⅝	3.48¼	3.48⅛	3.50⅜	3.49¼	3.49¼
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	3.40	3.48⅝	3.48⅞	3.49¾	3.49¼	3.49⅝
Oct. 14	3.49	3.47	3.47¼	3.49⅜	3.47⅜	3.48
Oct. 15	3.47	3.46	3.46⅜	3.47⅜	3.46⅝	3.47⅛
Oct. 16	3.46	3.46	3.46⅛	3.46⅝	3.46⅛	3.46⅜
Week's range—						
High			3.49⅞			3.50⅛
Low			3.46			3.46⅞
Same week last year—						
High			4.18			4.18⅞
Low			4.14⅜			4.15⅛
Year to date—						
High			4.06⅝			4.07¼
Low			3.19			3.19⅛
Corresponding period last year—						
High			4.75⅝			4.76⅝
Low			4.12⅛			4.13⅛

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Oct. 11	6.50½	6.58⅛	6.58½	6.61½	6.39⅛	6.50⅛
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	6.58	6.57	6.58	6.59	6.58	6.59
Oct. 14	6.57½	6.51½	6.51½	6.58½	6.53⅛	6.55⅛
Oct. 15	6.53	6.48⅛	6.49½	6.54	6.49½	6.50⅛
Oct. 16	6.49	6.49	6.49	6.50	6.50	6.50
Week's range—						
High			6.60½			6.61½
Low			6.48½			6.48½
Same week last year—						
High			11.56			11.58
Low			11.40			11.42
Year to date—						
High			9.28			9.33
Low			5.94			5.94
Corresponding period last year—						
High			18.35			18.37
Low			10.86			10.88

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cab.	Holland. Dem.	Cab.	Italy. Dem.	Cab.
Oct. 11	15.94	16.00	30.85	30.95	4.00⅛	4.01
Oct. 12	Holiday					
Oct. 13	15.93	15.97	30.85	30.95	3.96⅛	3.97
Oct. 14	15.90	15.95	30.875	31.00	3.92½	3.93
Oct. 15	15.87	15.92	30.85	30.95	3.91¾	3.92
Oct. 16	15.87	15.92	30.85	30.95	3.91	3.91
Week's range—						
High	15.94	16.00	30.875	31.00	4.00⅛	4.01
Low	15.87	15.92	30.85	30.95	3.91	3.91½
Same week last year—						
High	17.82	17.88	37.93¾	38.06¼	9.88	9.93
Low	17.69	17.75	37.75	37.875	9.84	9.85
Year to date—						
High	18.37	18.36	39.00	39.25	7.57	7.58
Low	15.87	15.92	30.625	30.75	3.75	3.76
Corresponding period last year—						
High	20.62	20.62	42.50¾	42.87½	15.72	15.75
Low	17.42	17.48	36.875	36.375	9.84	9.85

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cab.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cab.	Christiania. Dem.	Cab.
Oct. 11	13.95	14.00	19.65	19.70	13.90	13.93
Oct. 12	Holiday					
Oct. 13	13.95	14.00	19.55	19.60	13.75	13.90
Oct. 14	13.85	13.90	19.65	19.70	13.70	13.75
Oct. 15	13.85	13.90	19.60	19.65	13.60	13.65
Oct. 16	13.80	13.85	19.65	19.70	13.70	13.75
Week's range—						
High	13.95	14.00	19.65	19.70	13.90	13.93
Low	13.80	13.85	19.55	19.60	13.60	13.65
Same week last year—						
High	21.60	21.75	24.40	24.55	23.00	23.15
Low	21.40	21.60	24.25	24.40	22.80	23.00
Year to date—						
High	19.05	19.20	22.15	22.30	20.40	20.55
Low	13.50	13.80	17.76	17.85	13.15	13.25
Corresponding period last year—						
High	26.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	21.15	21.40	25.65	24.00	22.60	22.80

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cab.	GERMANY. Dem.	Cab.	AUSTRIA. Dem.	Cab.
Oct. 11	14.50	14.52	1.56	1.57	.37	.39
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	14.40	14.42	1.51	1.55	.39	.40
Oct. 14	14.43	14.45	1.47	1.49	.37	.39
Oct. 15	14.36	14.38	1.45	1.47	.37	.39
Oct. 16	14.36	14.38	1.44	1.46	.37	.39
Week's range—						
High	14.50	14.52	1.56	1.57	.38	.40
Low	14.36	14.38	1.44	1.46	.37	.39
Same week last year—						
High	19.10	19.18	3.80	3.88	1.10	1.15
Low	19.07	19.14	3.50	3.55	.88	.90
Same week last year—						
High	19.25	19.35	4.60	4.65	1.80	1.85
Low	19.10	19.18	4.15	4.25	1.40	1.45
Year to date—						
High	19.80	19.85	4.15	4.20	1.45	1.50
Low	14.36	14.38	1.01	1.01	.35	.35

	BELGIUM. Rub. Dem. Cables.	Bid.	100 Rub. Asked.	RUSSIA. Rub. Bid.	500 Rub. Asked.
Oct. 11	6.95½	6.96¼	1.70	1.80	1.10	1.20
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	6.93	6.94¼	1.20	1.30	1.10	1.20
Oct. 14	6.87¼	6.88¼	1.15	1.25	1.05	1.15
Oct. 15	6.84¼	6.85⅛	1.15	1.25	1.05	1.15
Oct. 16	6.85	6.86	1.15	1.25	1.05	1.15
Week's range—						
High	6.95⅛	6.96⅛	1.30	1.20	..	..
Low	6.84⅛	6.85¼	1.15	1.05	..	..
Same week last year—						
High	11.58	11.61	6.25	5.50	..	..
Low	11.46	11.49	5.93	4.80	..	..
Year to date—						
High	17.70	17.80	4.70	..	4.60	..
Low	6.28	6.29	1.00	..	.95	..
Corresponding period last year—						
High	17.70	17.80	17.65	..	17.60	..
Low	11.06	11.11	3.90	..	3.85	..

	CHINA. Hongkong. Dem. Cables.	Peking. Dem. Cables.	Shanghai. Dem. Cables.
Week's range—			
High	73.50	73.60	107.50	108.00	101.00	101.50
Low	72.00	72.10	106.00	106.00	97.00	97.50
Same week last year—			
High	86.50	86.60	145.00	145.25	136.50	136.75
Low	86.50	86.60	145.00	145.25	136.50	136.75
Year to date—			
High	108.25	108.00	170.00	170.50	167.00	167.50
Low	70.00	70.10	99.00	99.50	91.00	91.50
Corresponding period last year—			
High	86.50	86.60	145.00	146.25	136.50	136.75
Low	72.50	72.60	117.00	117.75	106.50	106.75

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem. Cab.	Calcutta. Dem. Cab.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem. Cab.
Week's range—			
High	39.25	39.50	39.25	39.50	46.50	47.00
Low	39.00	39.25	39.00	39.25	46.50	46.75
Same week last year—			
High	43.50	43.75	43.50	43.75	48.75	49.00
Low	43.25	43.50	43.25	43.50	48.75	49.00
Year to date—			
High	49.00	49.50	49.00	49.50	50.50	50.75
Low	39.00	39.25	39.00	39.25	46.00	46.25

	GREECE. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cab.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cab.	Yokohama. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cab.
Week's range—						
High	9.70	9.75	51.125	51.375	51.125	51.375
Low	9.50	9.55	51.00	51.25	51.00	51.25
Same week last year—						
High	18.80	19.90	50.625	50.875	50.625	50.875
Low	17.05	17.75	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75
Year to date—						
High	45.15	45.25	52.50	52.75	52.50	52.75
Low	9.50	9.55	47.00	47.25	47.00	47.25

	Corresponding period last year— Dem. Cables.	Rio Dem. Cables.
Week's range—		
High	20.25	20.35	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	17.65	17.75	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75

	SOUTH AMERICA. Buenos Aires. Dem. Cables.	Rio Dem. Cables.
Week's range—		
High	36.50	36.625	17.50	17.625
Low	36.25	36.375	17.25	17.375
Same week last year—		
High	42.35	42.45	25.75	25.875
Low	42.35	42.45	25.75	25.875

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Coupon bonds. Denomination $1,000. Principal and semi-annual interest (April and October 1st) payable at the County Treasurer's Office, Cleveland, Ohio.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation 1919	$1,743,068,085
Bonded Debt (inc. this issue)	$12,444,372
Sinking fund	511,000
Net Debt	11,933,372

Population (1910 Census) 637,425
Population (1920 Census) 943,469

These bonds are a direct obligation of Cuyahoga County, of which Cleveland is the County Seat. Provision has been made for the levying of a sufficient tax to pay the interest promptly and to retire the bonds at maturity.

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$24,000 October 1, 1930

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1924 to 1926 " — " " 5.75%
1927 to 1928 " — " " 5.60%
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Exempt from all taxation by the State of West Virginia or by any county, district or municipal corporation thereof, and free from all Federal Income Taxes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(Officially Reported)

Assessed Valuation for taxation, 1919	$1,489,834,833
Total bonded debt	13,500,000
Debt less than 1% of the assessed valuation	
Population, 1920 census—1,463,610	

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Appeals to America to Help Handle 350,000 Tons of Old Planting.

Virtually all the large refineries in the country have reduced the price of sugar to 11 cents, less 2 per cent., according to the American Sugar Bulletin. In this city, the National, Arbuckle and Federal are quoting sugar at that price. The American and Warner are not making quotations for the present. The demand for refined sugar is reported to show improvement.

"The feature of the week in the raw sugar market," says the Bulletin, "was the moratorium proclaimed in Cuba on Oct. 11 following a run of depositors on several banks. The moratorium was decreed for fifty days, or until Dec. 1, and is expected to aid the holders of sugar who have loans from the banks. Since the announcement there has seemed to be less pressure to sell raw sugar on the New York market, and sales have been confined to several small lots of Brazil and Venezuela sugar at from 7.75 cents to 8 cents, duty paid. The Royal Commission on the Sugar Supply purchased 10,000 tons of Peru sugar at the market price.

"The Cuban Government is reported to have appealed to the United States Government for assistance in handling the 350,000 or 400,000 tons of old crop Cuban sugars still to be disposed of, and is also said to be suggesting a fixed price on the next crop.

"At the close a sale of Cuba sugar is reported for prompt shipment at 7 cents cost and freight, equal to 8 cents duty paid."

The retail price of sugar is down to 11½ and 12 cents a pound, except in chain stores, the first to make a reduction, where the price is 13 cents a pound.

Butter declined 3 to 6 cents a pound last week, according to the Federal Bureau of Markets. The top scores of butter as well as undergrades were affected. "The reasons for declining prices on butter," the bureau says, "have been reported from time to time, with stocks of butter in storage rapidly catching up to those of last year, with heavy holdings of foreign butter, continued arrivals of new shipments, with no export to mention so far this year and but little prospect of any, it is natural that sentiment should become bearish.

"Prices of other commodities have declined, and this has caused buyers to be very cautious in purchasing stocks of butter and as soon as the market showed any weakness they were inclined to buy only from hand to mouth in order to take care of their daily requirements. Recent high prices at New York enabled dealers to dispose of holdings of Danish butter to the print trade."

The holders of storage butter are reported to be worried over the situation. The production continues heavier than last year, the increase being 19.1 per cent. last week as compared with the same week last year. The storage stocks are heavy. The holdings of creamery butter on Oct. 1 were 113,330,000 pounds, as compared with 121,816,000 pounds same date last year. "The 15,000,000 pound shortage," says the Bureau, "of Sept. 1 evidently has been reduced to 8,500,000 pounds."

Plan to Construct Port at Jaffa.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 17.—Representatives of a Dutch building company are in Palestine on their way to Sir Herbert Samuel, the High Commissioner, before whom they will lay plans for the construction of a port in Jaffa. The estimated cost is stated to be $3,000,000 and the work which will commence about March will last three years, with 10,000 men employed.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Oct. 16, 1920:

STOCKS (SHARES).	1920.	1919.	1918.
Monday ...	475,706	Holiday.	942,067
Tuesday...	Holiday—	1,617,425	726,809
Wednesday.	510,013	1,368,360	918,301
Thursday .	537,482	1,370,750	1,186,937
Friday	749,334	1,355,475	1,023,907
Saturday	238,702	780,550	867,986
Total wk.	2,511,237	6,481,570	6,266,081
Yr. to date.	172,628,169¾	241,000,340	108,555,373

BONDS (PAR VALUE).			
Monday	$13,107,000	Holiday.	$8,831,000
Tuesday	Holiday—	$8,988,000	9,525,000
Wednesday..	16,796,500	16,632,000	9,525,000
Thursday....	14,848,750	12,545,500	11,192,000
Friday	15,778,050	12,209,500	12,608,500
Saturday	8,997,000	9,307,000	7,389,000
Total week..	$69,527,300	$59,682,000	$59,418,500
Year to date	2,926,960,750	2,579,105,000	1,369,077,500

In detail last week's bond dealings compare as follows with the corresponding week last year:

BONDS.	Oct. 16, '20.	Oct. 18, '19.	Changes.
Corps.	$16,927,500	$8,369,500 +	$8,508,000
Liberty	45,722,400	49,651,000 —	3,928,600
Foreign ...	6,711,000	1,615,000 +	5,096,000
State	131,000	10,000 +	121,000
City	36,000	36,000	.....
Total all.	$69,527,900	$59,682,000 +	$9,845,900

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

ANNOUNCEMENT
The Receivership
Of The Undersigned Company
As Of April 24th,
Was Dissolved By The Court
On October 9th.

The causes which precipitated the receivership were wholly beyond the control of the Company's managements; and existing financial conditions, plus certain antagonistic financial interests, have delayed an earlier resuscitation.

The business outlook for the Company's unique line of Platen Printing Presses, the "Colt's Armory" and "Laureate," is very promising. An example of the class of printing produceable with these machines may be observed in the advertising placards on the Subway and Elevated R. R. Cars. They are also used by the Bank of England for printing its Rupee Notes and by various other Governments for similar purposes.

The Company's Rear Axle, for Motor Trucks, is Second to None; it is built in the space and with the equipment formerly used for War Work; the factory being exceptionally well located in Long Island City.

We take this opportunity for extending our appreciative thanks for the cordial and loyal support of our Merchandise Creditors and numerous personal friends.

JOHN THOMSON PRESS & M'F'G. COMPANY
Two Fifty-three Broadway, N. Y. C.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PAUL SIMON CORPORATION.
Notice of Special Election of Directors.

To the Stockholders of Paul Simon Corporation:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors for the Paul Simon Corporation, not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the members of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 75 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 8d day of November, 1920, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated October 14th, 1920.

J. WILLSTAEDT, Secretary.
JAKOB GROB, Stockholder of Said Corporation.

MONEY RATES.

	On Call High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
Oct. 11	9	7½	9	7½
Oct. 12—Holiday.				
Oct. 13	10	8	10	8
Oct. 14	10	8	10	9
Oct. 15	9	6	8	9
Oct. 16	9	9	9	9
Week's range—				
High			10	9
Low			6	7½
Same week last year—				
High			10	10
Low			6	6
Year to date—				
High			25	9
Low			6	6
Same period last year—				
High			26	10
Low			3¾	4

	On Time 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Oct. 11	8 @8¼	8 @8¼	7¾@8
Oct. 12—Holiday.			
Oct. 13	7¾@8	7¾@8	7¾@8
Oct. 14	7¾@8	7¾@8	7¾@8
Oct. 15	7¾@8¼	7¾@8¼	7¾@8¼
Oct. 16	7¾@8¼	7¾@8¼	7¾@8¼
Week's range—			
High	8¼	8¼	8¼
Low	7¾	7¾	7¾
Same week last year—			
High	7	7	7
Low	6	6	6
Year to date—			
High	10	10	10
Low	7	7	7
Same period last year—			
High	7½	7½	7½
Low	5	5¼	5¼

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6¼
Non-members and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....8 @7½

Commercial Paper.
Best Names.
3 to 6 months.....8
Other Names.
3 to 6 months.....8 @8¼

BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.
Discounted bills maturing within 90 days (including member banks' 15-day collateral notes) secured by:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Treasury Certificate of Indebtedness.	Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes.	Otherwise Secured and Unsecured.
Boston	5½	6	7
New York	5½	6	7
Philadelphia	16	5½	6
Cleveland	16	5¾	6
Richmond	16	6	6
Atlanta	16	5½	6
Chicago	16	6	7
St. Louis	5½	6½	6
Minneapolis	5½	6	7
Kansas City	16	6	6
Dallas	16	5½	6
San Francisco	16	6	6

	Bankers' Acceptances Discounted for Member Banks.	Agricultural and Trade Live Stock Acceptances Maturing Within 90 Days.	Paper Maturing 91 to 180 Days.
Boston	6	7	7
New York	6	7	7
Philadelphia	5½	6	6
Cleveland	5¾	6	6
Richmond	6	6	6
Atlanta	5½	6	6
Chicago	6	7	7
St. Louis	5½	6	6
Minneapolis	6	6½	7
Kansas City	5½	6	6
Dallas	5½	6	6
San Francisco	6	6	6

Rate on paper secured by War Finance Corporation bonds 1 per cent. higher than the rate on commercial paper.
*5¾@6 on paper secured by 5¼% certificates and 5% on paper secured by 4½% and 5% certificates. †Discount rates correspond with interest rate borne by certificates pledged as collateral with minimum of 5% in case of Philadelphia, Atlanta, Kansas City, and 5½% in the case of San Francisco.

CANADIAN RATES.

	N. Y. Fds. in Montreal, Premium Per $1,000.	Montreal Fds. in New York, Discount Per $1,000.
Oct. 11	$95.00	$96.76
Oct. 12	Holiday	
Oct. 13	102.50	92.50
Oct. 14	106.25	96.04
Oct. 15	103.75	94.00
Oct. 16	103.75	94.00

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	Short Bills.	3 Mos.	Exch. on London. At Paris.
Oct. 11	4½	5%	6%@6¼	53f 18c
Oct. 12	4½	5¼@5%	6%@6¼	53f 20c
Oct. 13	4½	5¼@5%	6%@6¼	53f 14c
Oct. 14	4½	5%@6%	6¼@6%	53f 24½c
Oct. 15	4½	5%@5%	6¼@6%	53f 27c
Oct. 16	4½	5%@5%	6¼@6%	53f 27c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Cons. 2½%.	British 4½%.	Paris Rentes.
Oct. 11	45½	78	54f 10c
Oct. 12	45%	78	54f 35c
Oct. 13	45½	77½	53f 90c
Oct. 14	45½	77%	53f 85c
Oct. 15	45%	77%	54f 30c
Oct. 16	45%	77%	54f 30c

BAR GOLD AND SILVER.

	Bar Gold. London.	Bar Silver. London.	New York.
Oct. 11	117s 3d	53⅝d	83c
Oct. 12	117s 6d	54¼d	..
Oct. 13	117s 6d	56¼d	87c
Oct. 14	117s 6d	55½d	85¾c
Oct. 15	118s 0d	55¾d	82¾c
Oct. 16	118s 0d	55d	81¼c

SUBSCRIBED $185,076,500.

Houston Announces $124,252,500 Treasury Certificates Allotted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Secretary Houston tonight announced that the total amount of subscriptions received for treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series T.M.4-1921, dated Oct. 15, 1920, maturing March 15, 1921, was $185,076,500, and that the total amount of subscriptions allotted was $124,252,500.

Subscription for this series closed on Oct. 15, the date of issue, and the amount offered was $100,000,000 or thereabouts. Ten of the Federal Reserve districts oversubscribed their quota.

The subscriptions allotted were divided among the Federal Reserve districts (which are ranked in the order of the percentages of their subscriptions to their quota), as follows:

District.	Received.	Allotted.
Philadelphia	$29,601,000	$13,822,500
Cleveland	26,836,000	14,393,000
San Francisco	14,600,000	9,522,000
Dallas	4,428,000	3,008,500
Richmond	5,939,500	4,204,000
New York	55,407,500	40,506,500
Kansas City	6,641,500	4,744,500
Boston	13,322,000	19,050,000
St. Louis	6,070,000	4,621,000
Chicago	18,113,500	16,234,000
Atlanta	2,227,500	2,227,500
Minneapolis	2,050,000	2,050,000
Total	$185,076,500	$124,252,500

2 HARRIMAN CO. HEADS QUIT.

Announcement of Monks's Retirement Tells of Gardner Resignation.

W. A. Harriman & Co., Inc., have issued a formal statement that Lester H. Monks has resigned as President of the firm to devote his time to American ships and shipping. The statement continues:

"We also announce with regret that owing to the pressure of personal affairs G. Peabody Gardner, Jr., heretofore Vice President and Boston representative of this corporation, has resigned as Vice President and Director and after Nov. 1 will no longer be identified with us."

CLUB EXONERATES BROKER.

Rejects Resignation of C. R. Neidlinger, Accused of Striking Caddy.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Oct. 17.—Charles R. Neidlinger, stock broker of New York, who three weeks ago was charged with striking a caddy, was exonerated today by the officials of the Knickerbocker Country Club at Tenafly, who passed a resolution refusing to accept his resignation.

The club officials hold that the assault on the caddy was committed outside the club's grounds and was not serious enough to warrant Neidlinger severing his connection with the club.

The caddy, a boy of 14, was discharged from the club following the incident.

OMAHA BEE PRINTERS QUIT.

But Paper Publishes Photographic Reproduction of Typewritten Copy.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 17.—Following an almost complete shutdown of the mechanical department due to the declaration of a "vacation" by the printers, The Omaha Sunday Bee appeared today as usual.

Photographic reproduction of typewritten copy was resorted to in lieu of type.

The process was the same as that resorted to nearly a year ago by several of the large national magazines. None of the printers has returned.

Reds Order Locomotives in Germany.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—Negotiations opened by representatives of Soviet Russia in Germany have resulted, according to the Red Flag, in an order for 6,000 railway engines and a large number of turbines.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

We take pleasure in announcing that
Mr. Schuyler Pardee
formerly with Montgomery & Company, is now associated with us in our Bond Department.
VANDERHOEF & ROBINSON
34 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6495-6-7-8-9.

Lawrence M. Bainbridge Ralph T. Ryan Charles A. Ruberl
To serve our clients with increased facility, we announce our removal to larger offices at
66 BROADWAY
Telephone: Rector 7021-2-3
BAINBRIDGE & RYAN

TO HOLDERS OF CORN PRODUCTS REFINING COMPANY
25-YEAR 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS
DATED NOVEMBER 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to provisions of Article II. of the agreement made October 1st, 1906, between Corn Products Refining Company and Title Guarantee and Trust Company, Trustee, the following Bonds have been drawn for redemption at par and interest, viz.:

2	245	408	580	704	787	814	979	1138	1241	1432	1583	1690	1880	1959	2041
69	277	415	582	712	778	840	1017	1158	1256	1466	1586	1698	1888	1965	2060
77	308	421	570	716	790	864	1068	1142	1266	1526	1615	1757	1962	1968	2087
90	324	467	603	749	789	870	1042	1163	1289	1542	1628	1792	1966	2006	2121
99	328	468	610	759	803	889	1098	1265	1410	1546	1662	1807	1969	2011	2160
105	340	505	667	755	807	868	1109	1313	1412	1561	1668	1813	1971	2014	2184
109	361	513	668	761	815	908	1121	1317	1425	1583	1667	1818	1990	2083	2204
208	370														

The above bonds will be paid on presentation at the office of the undersigned, 176 Broadway, New York, on or after November 1st, 1920, from which date interest ceases thereon.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE.
New York, October 1, 1920.

NEW ISSUE

$1,500,000

Kentucky and West Virginia Power Co., Inc.

First Mortgage 7% Gold Bonds
Series A

Dated August 2, 1920 Due August 1, 1950

Interest payable February 1 and August 1 at the Guaranty Trust Company of New York. Redeemable as a whole or in part at 103 and interest on August 1, 1925 or on any interest date thereafter. Coupon Bonds of $1,000, $500 and $100 denominations. $1,000 coupon bonds may be registered as to principal.

Company agrees to pay Normal Federal Income Tax not to exceed 2%. It also agrees to refund, when paid and claimed by holders, the Pennsylvania and Connecticut four mill personal property taxes.

These bonds and the property of the Company are fully described in a letter of Mr. H. T. Hartman, Vice-President and General Manager of the Company, which will be sent on request. The following points are taken from this letter:

The highest grade bituminous coal deposits in the United States are located in the Appalachian Region, extending from Pennsylvania southwest to Alabama.

The Kentucky and West Virginia Power Company, Inc., supplies without competition electric power and light to a territory located in the center of this region and having a population of over 150,000.

The territory supplied produces annually over 5% of the bituminous coal produced in the United States and is underlain by deposits of the best quality steam, domestic, gas, and by-product coal. These deposits contain sufficient mineable coal to last many hundred years at the present rate of mining.

Sinking funds are provided for which should retire more than one-third of the bonds issued under this mortgage before maturity.

EARNINGS
OF THE SYSTEM AS OFFICIALLY REPORTED FOR THE YEAR ENDING JULY 31, 1920

Gross Earnings	$1,116,934.88
Operating Expenses, Taxes and Maintenance	703,408.59
Net Earnings	$413,526.29
Accrued Interest on all Debt	194,139.68
Balance	$219,386.61

The annual interest on the bonds to be outstanding at the completion of present financing is $240,560.

The above earnings do not reflect in full the increases which should result from this financing.

We Recommend these Bonds for Investment
PRICE 91½ AND INTEREST TO YIELD 7¾%

Coffin & Burr
Incorporated
New York

Reilly, Brock & Co.
Philadelphia

West & Co.
Philadelphia New York

All statements in this advertisement are from official sources or from those which we regard as reliable.
Bonds are offered subject to final favorable legal opinion.

ASC INVESTMENT SERVICE

Canadian Corporation Bonds

are selling cheaper to-day than for many years past, largely owing to recent reductions in Canadian Victory Bond prices.
This, coupled with the premium on United States funds, makes it possible for the American investor to buy gilt-edged Canadian securities, at prices to yield 8% to 10%. Principal and interest on many of them are payable in American funds.
If you have money to invest, you cannot do better than place it in Canada to-day. If you will write us we will send you a list of most attractive offerings. Address:

AGENCY OF
Royal Securities CORPORATION (CANADA) LIMITED
165 BROADWAY - NEW YORK
Tel. Cortlandt 3234-5-6

STEVENSON BROS. & PERRY, INC.
ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF OFFICES
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1920
AT 105 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
TELEPHONE RANDOLPH 5520

TO CONDUCT A GENERAL INVESTMENT BANKING BUSINESS; THE UNDERWRITING AND DISTRIBUTION OF NEW ISSUES OF SECURITIES, AND THE TRANSACTION OF CASH COMMISSION ORDERS IN LISTED AND UNLISTED BONDS, NOTES, PREFERRED STOCK, ETC.

DIRECTORS

A. WATSON ARMOUR, Vice President, Armour & Co.
WM. V. KELLEY, Pres., Miehle Printing Press & Mfg. Co.
ROBERT P. LAMONT, Pres., American Steel Foundries
I. NEWTON PERRY, Sec'y & Treas.
JOHN A. SPOOR, Chairman, Union Stock Yard & Transit Co.
A. A. SPRAGUE, Chairman, Sprague Warner & Co.
JOHN A. STEVENSON, Vice President
ROBERT STEVENSON, JR., President
ROBERT W. STEWART, Chairman, Standard Oil Co., of Indiana

Established 1810
THE MECHANICS *and* METALS NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $25,000,000

Announcement

TO MEET the steadily increasing demands upon its service, our Foreign Department has removed to larger quarters. An entire floor at the Head Office, immediately above our main banking rooms, has been completely remodeled, and beginning today the Foreign Department will occupy this space. The entrance is at 20 Nassau Street.

Enlarged facilities of this Department will enable us to provide a most efficient and complete foreign banking service.

Correspondence is invited

Securities Salesmen

Exceptional opportunity for several high-calibred men of good personality and proven ability in connection with the marketing of an issue by a corporation of national reputation.

The company's extraordinary achievements in its field, together with its great financial success, are familiar to all classes of people throughout the country. From a comparatively small original investment, profits of several million dollars have been made in the last three years.

Estimated net profits for the present fiscal year sufficient for dividend requirements eight times over, with a profit participation plan that is unusually attractive.

Direct leads provided from extensive advertising campaign.

The right type of men will not only find genuine satisfaction in presenting this offering, but can form a most desirable and highly profitable connection.

CALL IMMEDIATELY
Suite 1901, 25 W. 43rd St., New York

WE WILL BUY

New England Power 5s 1951

Alabama Power 5s 1946

Cleveland Elec. Illum. 5s 1939

Southern Cal. Edison 5s 1939

Cedar Rapids Mf.&Pr. 5s 1953

Idaho Power 5s 1947

Northern States Pr. 5s 1941

Syracuse Gas 5s 1946

PYNCHON & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 970

PRIVATE WIRES
to principal cities of United States & Canada

Wanted

Missouri, Kan. & Tex. Bonds
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul Bonds
Delaware & Hudson 4½s
Pennsylvania R. R. cons. 4s
Pitts., Y'ngstown & Ash. 4s, 5s
Railroad Securities Co. 4s
Pitts., Cinn., Chic. & St. L. 3½s, 4s, 4½s

Foreign Bonds
Liberty Bonds
Coupon—Registered
All issues and denominations

"Baby" Bonds
$100 & $500 pieces
All Kinds.

Hartshorne & Battelle

Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. New York
TELEPHONE: BROAD 7740.

Consumers Power Company

General & Refunding 7s, 1930@ 93½, to net over 8 per cent.

The Company serves a population of 775,000 in the State of Michigan. Over 54 per cent. of 1919 electrical output was delivered from hydro-electric stations.

Strong reserve fund for maintenance, repairs, replacements, etc.

Sinking Fund for retirement of all bonds of company will operate in 1924.

Net earning over 2.2 times annual mortgage bond interest.

Circular on request.

Prince & Whitely

Established 1878.
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323
Private wires to Phila., Boston, Baltimore, Richmond, New Haven

"Sixth Italian War Loan"

Kingdom of Italy Consolidated 5% Loan of 1920

Price today—$30.00 per 1,000 lire

THESE BONDS ARE DIRECT OBLIGATIONS OF THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.

Should Italian exchange return to normal these bonds at par would be worth $193.00 per 1,000 lire.

Interest payable in New York at the current rate of exchange.

Telephone (Rector 7671 to 7679) or write for further information.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Revised Booklet
15TH EDITION OF THE
STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Now Ready for Distribution
Private Wires to
HARTFORD MONTREAL
CHICAGO TORONTO

JENKS, GWYNNE & CO.
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

MOORE, LEONARD & LYNCH

Members New York, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges

Frick Bldg. Pittsburgh — 111 B'way New York — Ellis-Cotton Philadelphia

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED OCT. 16, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$69,527,900	$2,928,990,750
Same period a year ago	59,682,000	2,579,105,000

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	72.80	72.11	72.80	65.57
Same period a year ago.	76.13	75.91	79.05	74.79

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
20	11	5	ALAR.G.M.cv.6s,Ser.A	18½	18½	18½	+ ½
82	72¼	11	Allegany Val. 4s	79¾	77	77	− 2
103½	90	21	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	93	92½	93	− ½
98¾	96¼	1	Am. Dock & I. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	..
86½	73¾	278	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s	78½	77½	78	..
99¾	92	74	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s	97	96	96¾	+ ¾
80¼	73	76	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	78¾	78¾	78¾	− ¾
83¾	73½	99	Am. T. & T. col. 5s	80¾	78¾	79¾	− 1¼
88	77¼	6	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	81½	81½	81½	− 1½
58	47¾	3	Ann Arbor 4s	54	54	54	− 2
84½	78¾	31	Armour & Co. 4½s	79½	78½	79	− ¼
82¾	69¾	367	A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	79¼	77½	77¾	+ ¼
74½	62	9	A., T. & S.F.adj.4s,Ser.A	73¼	72	72½	− 1½
70¾	60	16	A.,T. & S.F.ev.4s,'35	70	68	69¾	+ 2¾
71	64½	1	A.,T. & S.F.,Ry.M. 4s	71	71	71	+ 2
78¼	62	2	A., T. & S. F. adj.4s	72¾	71	71	− 1¾
91	79	21	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	89	87	87	− 1¼
80¼	62	7	A.,T. & S.F.,E.Ok.4s	84¾	84	84½	+ 1¼
85	82¾	3	Atlantic Fruit 7s	84½	83¾	84½	− 1¾
101¾	95½	29	Atl. C. L., J.P.M.7s	101¾	101	101¾	+ ¾
78½	68	4	Atl.Coast L. unif.4½s	78	78	78	+ ¾
80	69¾	12	Atl. Coast L. 1st 4s	78	77¾	77½	− ¼
72½	60¼	11	Atl.G.L., L. & N.c.4s	72¼	71	72½	+ 2¼
89½	82	4	Atl. & G. A.L. 1st 5s	88½	88½	88½	+ 1
65¾	63	1	Atl. & Yadkin 4s	65¾	65¾	65¾	+ 2¾
74	57½	167	BALT. & O. gold 4s	74	73	73¾	+ ¾
75½	67½	420	Balt. & O. conv. 4½s	75¼	73¾	75¼	+ 1¾
76¼	51¼	159	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s	75	74	74½	+ ¼
85	78	14	B. & O. pr. ln. 4½s	85	84½	84½	− ¼
92	81½	174	Balt. & Ohio 6s	90½	90¼	90¾	− ½
70	67¾	30	B. & O., S. W. 3½s	70	70	70	+ ¼
69¾	51¾	27	B. & O.,P.,L.E.&W.5s	68	67	68	+ ¾
58¾	44¾	26	B. & O., T. & C. 4s	57½	55¾	55¾	− 1¾
97¾	85¾	9	Beth. Steel, ext. 5s	88¼	88¼	88¾	..
88	76	19	Beth.Stl.1st & ref.5s	79	78	78½	− ¾
86½	77½	17	Beth. Stl., pur. m. 5s	77¾	76¾	76¾	− ¾
93¾	95¾	1128	Bell Teleph. Pa. 7s	90¾	98¼	90½	+ 1
93	84	18	Braden Copper 6s	80½	80½	89½	− 1½
82½	66½	3	Bklyn. Edi. gen. 5s	78	78	78	+ 2
35	21	2	B. R. T. gold 5s	33	33½	35	+ 3
29¼	21¾	15	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s	29	29	29	− ½
80	35	14	B. R. T. 7s, '21, c.of d.	47	46	46	+ ½
47½	33	47	B. R. T. 7s, '21, c.of d.	43	41¾	43	..
66	55	3	Bklyn. Un. El. 5s	66	66	66	+ 3¾
79¼	78	1	Brunsw. & West. 4s	79¼	79¼	79¼	..
82	67	9	Bush Term. 5s	75	71½	71½	− 3¼
70	58½	5	Bush Term. 4s	71¾	71¾	71¾	+ ¼
49	41	29	Chi. & Alton 3s	49	49	49	+ ¾
40¼	20¼	61	Chicago & Alton 3½s	40	39	39¾	..
96¼	92¼	432	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96	96¼	+ ½
95¾	85	10	C., B. & Q. jt.4s,reg.	95¾	95¾	95¾	+ ½
82¼	40	10	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	80¾	80½	80½	− ¼
84	73	3	C., B. & Q.,Ill.Div.4s	80½	80½	80½	− ¾
92	83¾	5	C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	89¼	89¼	89¼	+ ¼
76	64	3	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	73	72¾	72¾	+ ¼
41	20¼	18	C. & E. I. ref. 4s	41	40¾	41	+ 2¾
41	15¾	32	C.&E.,Ill.ref.4s,c.of d.	41	34	40¾	+10¾
84	68	2	Chi. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	84	84	82½	+ ½
82¾	66½	22	Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	82¾	82	82½	+ ½
58	50¾	81	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s	58	56¼	57½	− ¾
76	59¾	52	C.,M.& St.P.cv.5s,B.	75	74½	74½	− ¾
84	70	97	C., M. & St. P. 4s,'25	82	80¼	82	+ 1½
79½	67¾	24	C., M. & St.P.gen.4½s	79½	79	79½	+ 1¾
68¾	56	2	C., M. & St.P.gen.3½s	61¾	61¾	61¾	+ ¾
66	52½	83	C., M. & St.P.ref.4½s	65½	64¾	65½	..
67½	62	13	C., M. & St. P. 4s,'34	67½	66½	67½	..
72	59¾	23	C., M. & St. P.gen.4s	71½	71	71½	+ ¾
76	61	113	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	76	74	76	+ 1½
98¾	94	11	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s	98½	98¼	98½	+ ¼
70	58	9	C., M. & Pac. 6s	69	68¾	69	− ¾
80	66	1	C. & N. W. gen. 4s	76¾	76¾	76¾	− ¾
98	84¾	9	C. & N. W. gen. 5s	95¾	95	95¾	+ ¾
98½	96	6	C. & N. W. d. 5s, '21	98½	98¼	98½	+ 2½
104	99¾	63	C. & N. W. 7s	103½	103	103¾	..
88	70	7	C. & N. W., St. L., P. & N. W. 5s	87¾	87	87¾	− ¼
70½	57½	36	Chi. Rys. 5s	70½	68½	69	− 1
75½	65	12	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	74½	73½	73½	− 1¾
71¼	60¼	209	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	70¾	69¾	69¾	− ½
99	96	5	C., St. L. & Pitts. 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	+ ¾
105	98	1	C., St. P., M.& O.6s	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ¼
83	76½	35	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s	80	78¾	80	+ 1½
105	100	18	Chi. Un. Sta. 6½s, interim ctfs.	104¾	104	104	− 1
64	58	13	C. & W. I. con. 4s	63½	63	63½	+ ¾
86	70	115	Chile Copper 6s	73	72	72	− ½
108¼	92	6	Chile Copper 7s	97½	96¾	97½	+ ¾
87	68	10	C.,C.,C.& St.L.gen.5s	87	87	87	− 1
77	71	1	Cin.,Ind.,St.L.& C.4s	77	77	77	+ 3
77	60	41	C.,C.,C.& St.L.gen.4s	72	70	71	..
80	60	3	C., C.,C.& St.L.d.4½s	79¾	79¾	79¾	− ¼
79	60	20	Col. & So. ref. 4½s	78¾	76¾	76¾	− 1½
101¾	96¼	76	Con. Gas cv. 7s	100¼	100	100¾	− ¼
89	81	1	Col. Gas & Elec. 5s	82	82	82	+ 1
78¾	70	2	Con. Cl.Md.1st ref.5s	73½	73½	73½	+ 1
100	87	121	Cuba C. Sug. cv. 7s	92¼	91	91¾	− ¼
85¼	78	5	Cumberland Tel. 5s	79	79	79	− ½
103½	99¾	30	DEL. & HUD. 7s	103½	103	103¾	+ ¾
81¾	67	2	Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	80¼	80½	80½	− ¾
67½	58	64	D. & R. G. con. 4s	67	66½	67	+ ½
73¾	63	19	D. & R. G. imp. 5s	73¾	72	73	− ¾
73½	62¾	16	D. & R. G. con. 4½s	71½	70¼	71	− ¾
55	49	67	D. & H.G. 1st ref. 5s	53¼	52	52¾	− ¼
49¾	40	6	Des M. & Ft. D. 4s	49	48¼	49	+ ½
80	60½	10	Det. River Tun. 4½s	78	78	78	− 1
62	58½	34	Detroit United 4½s	62	59¾	62	+ 1½
88¼	88¼	1	Det. Edison ref. 6s	88¼	88¼	88¼	..
90	77½	13	Det. Edison ref. 5s	82¾	81	82½	+ 1½
95	82¾	2	D&I. Edis. col. tr. 5s	87¾	86	87¾	+ 2¾
79	77½	4	Dul. S. S. & A. 5s	79	79	79	+ 1½
59¾	58¼	5	ERIE 1st con.4s,reg.	58½	58½	58½	..
60	47	48	Erie 1st cons. 4s	59¾	59	59½	− ½
50	48½	81	Erie gen. 4s	50	49	49¾	..
47	35	29	Erie conv. 4s, A	46	45	45	− 2
51	39	132	Erie, conv. 4s, B	46½	45	45½	+ ¼
54	34	48	Erie conv. 4s, D	52¼	52	52½	..
90	78¾	7	Erie & Jersey 6s	88	87	87	+ 2
92	86	1	Evans.&T.H.cons.6s	87¾	87¾	87¾	− 4¾
80	73½	2	FLA. E. C. 4½s	76	76	76	− 1
81¼	78	1	Fla., C. & P. con. 5s	78	78	78	− 3
98	98	1	Fla., C. & P. con. 6s	98	98	98	..
91	88	2	GEN. PAK. 1st 6s	88½	88½	88½	− ¾
100	95¾	33	Gen. Elec. deb. 6s	99¾	99¼	99½	− ½
97	82	11	Gen. Elec. deb. 5s	87	86	86¾	+ 1
84	79	1	Genesee River 6s	84	84	84	+ 1
84½	83¾	1	Ga.& Alabama 1st 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾	− 2¼
51½	49¾	1	Ga. Midland 3s	52½	52½	52½	..
80	83¾	2	Gt. Falls Power 5s	84	84	84	+ ¾
72	55	4	Green Bay deb. A	72	70	70	..
85¼	77	13	HAVANA ELEC. 5s	77	77	77	..
76	50¾	8	Hock. Val. 4½s	76	74½	75¼	+ ¾
84¾	81½	1	H. & W. Tex. 1st 5s	84½	84½	84½	+ 1¾
95¾	84¾	6	Hous. & Texas 1st 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾	+10¾
63	53½	120	Hud. & Man. ref. 5s	63¾	62¾	63¾	− ½
25¾	13	73	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	25	24¾	24¾	− ¾
73	64	1	ILL. CENT. 1st 3½s	71½	71½	71½	+ 6½
74½	62	7	Ill. Cent. 4s, '52	74	73¾	74½	+ 1¾
78½	65	19	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	76¾	76	76¾	+ 1¾
93½	88	21	Ill. Cent. temp. 5½s	92¾	91	91½	− ¾
74	60¾	6	Ill. Cent. 4s, 1953	71½	71¼	71½	− ¾
85¾	70½	10	Ill. C. & C., St. L. & N. O. joint 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾	− ½
69	60¾	4	Ill. C. Lo. Div. 3½s	65	65	65	+ 3½
65	61½	11	Ill. C., St.L.Div.3½s	65	65	65	+ 4
93¾	83½	9	Indiana Steel 5s	91	89	91	+ 1
80	72¾	17	Ill. Steel 4½s	79¼	78	79	− ¼
23	11	178	Inter.-Met. 4½s	21½	20¾	21	+ ¾
21	10¼	222	Int.-Met. 4½s, c.of d.	20¾	19¾	19¾	+ ¾
55½	41¾	573	Int. Rapid Tran. 5s	55	54	54½	+ ¾
93¾	80¼	174	Int. Mer. Marine 6s	82¾	82	82¾	+ ½
84¼	73	3	Int. Agr. Corp.c.l.5s	78½	78½	78½	+ ¼
49¾	34½	14	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	47¾	46½	47¾	− ¾
75	68¾	8	Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	75	75	75	+ 4½
78	75	10	JAMES., F. & C. 4s	75	75	75	+ 3
100	92¾	10	K. C., FT. S. & M.6s	96¼	96¼	96¼	+ 1¾
70	58	18	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	69¼	68½	69¼	+ ½
78	63¾	61	Kan. City So. 5s	76	74¾	75	− 1
59	49¾	150	Kan. City So. 3s	55¾	54¼	54½	..
72¾	62¾	52	Kan. City Term. 4s	74½	72½	74½	+ 1¾
97¼	86½	15	LACK. STL. 5s, '23	92¼	91	92½	+ 1½
90¾	79¾	24	Lack. Steel 5s, '50	80	79¾	80	..
82¾	72	4	L. E. & West. 1st 5s	82¾	82¾	82¾	..
82½	69¾	5	Laclede Gas ref. 5s	72	70¼	69½	+ ½
70½	65	3	Lake Shore 3½s	69¼	69¼	69½	− ½
87½	76	8	Lake Shore 4s, 1928	86¼	85	85	− ½
84½	74½	107	Lake Shore 4s, 1931	84	83¼	84	+ ¼
73¾	60	5	L. V. Pa. cons. 4s	73½	73¼	73½	+ 1½
83	68	31	L. V. Pa. con. 4½s	80½	79½	80¾	+ ½
103	92	19	Lehigh Valley 6s	99¾	98	98	..
111	99¾	13	Liggett & Myers 7s	106	105	106	+ ¾
89½	77	7	Liggett & Myers 5s	86	83	84½	..
93	84¾	1	Long Island cons. 5s	89¾	89¾	89¾	+ 3½
68¾	58¾	12	Long Isl. deb. 5s,'37	69¾	68	68	..
70	60	15	Long Isl. ref. 4s	70	67	70	+ 1¾
110	100	6	Lorillard 7s	107	106¼	106¼	− 2
70	61	4	Louis. & J. B. 4s	69	67	68	− 2
73	62½	4	Louis. & Ark. 5s	71	71	71	+ 1
67¾	58	6	L. & N. So.Mon.jt.4s	69	67½	69	− 1¾
83½	72	24	L. & N. unified 4s	83	82¾	82¾	− ¼
105¾	99¼	29	Louis. & Nash. 7s	103½	103½	103½	..
53½	45¾	5	L. & N., St.L.Div.3s	53	50	52	− 3¾
100	96¾	3	L. & N., St.L.Div.5s	99¾	98¾	98¾	− ¾
76	69¾	2	L. & N., A.K.& C.4s	76	76	76	+ 1
90	80	3	L.&N.,S.&N.Ala.5s,'63	85	85	85	+ 4½
60	40¾	33	MANHAT. CON. 4s	59	57	57½	+ ½
50¾	40¾	7	Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	58	57	57¾	+ ¾
81	72	4	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	77¾	77¼	77¾	+ ¾
83½	75¾	30	Midvale Steel 5s	77½	76¾	77	+ ¼
77	71	10	M. St. Ry. & L. 4½s	76	74	74	− 3
76¾	63¾	7	M. & St. L. con. 5s	75¾	74	75¾	+ 1¾
50¾	42	7	M. & St.L.ref.& ex.5s	55	54½	54½	− ¾
49¾	34½	45	Minn. & St. Lref.4s	49	47	49	..
85	70¼	18	M.,St.P. & S.S.M.c.4s	82	81½	82	..
92¾	85	5	M., S. S. M. & A. 4s	90	89	90	+ 1½
58	48¼	10	Mo., K. & OK. 1st 5s	58	58	58	+ 3¾
63¾	50¼	244	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	62¾	62	62¾	− ¼
46½	29¼	128	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	46½	45	46	− ¼
46½	27¾	9	M.,K.&T.2d 4s,c.of d.	44	44	44	− 2¼
60½	35¾	10	M.,P.& T.1st & ref.4s	60	60	60	− ¼
53	28	24	M., K. & T. 5% notes	53	50	53½	+ 1¼
48¾	33¼	5	Mo.,K. & T. s. f. 4½s	48¾	48¼	48¾	+13¾
50	24	25	Mo.,K. & T. s. f. 4½s, c. of d.	50	50	50	+15
86	30¼	10	M.,K.& T.1st& Ref. 4s, c. of d.	86	86	86	+ 6
91½	84	7	Mo. Pac. ref. 5s, '23	91	90	90¾	+ ¼
100	96½	17	Mo. Pac. 1st con. 5s	100	99¾	99¾	+ ¼
60	31¼	200	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s	59¾	58	58½	+ 2¾
102¾	93¼	1	Mob. & O. prev 6s	98	98	98	+ 2¾
75¾	63	5	M. & O., St.L.& C.4s	73½	73½	73½	− 1¾
88	70¾	11	Montana Power 5s	88	84½	88	..
72½	68	4	Mor.&L.1st & ref.3½s	71	71	71	− ½
83½	73¾	5	Mor. & Co. & I. 4½s	74¾	74¼	74½	− ¼
30	29	3	NAT. R. R. M. 4½s	35	35	35	− 3

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
93½	83	3	Nat. Tube 5s	90	90	90	+ 5½
80	77	18	N.O.&N.E.r. & l.	79	77	77	− 3
62	46	99	N. O., T. & M.inc.5s	62	60¾	62	+ 2½
66½	58	1	New Orl. Term. 4s	66	66	66	..
102½	100¾	308	N. Y. Cent. 7s, rcts.	102½	101¾	102½	+ ½
93¼	86	460	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	92¾	92¼	92¾	− ½
70	61¾	24	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	69¾	69¾	69¾	− ½
80	69½	13	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	80	79½	79¾	+ ¾
82¼	69	33	N.Y. Cent. deb.4s,'34	80¾	79	80	..
72½	63	55	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s	71¾	70	71¾	..
65¼	54	5	N.Y.Cen.M.C.col.3½s	64	64	64	− 1
66	53	13	N.Y.C., L.S. col.3½s	65	61¾	64	− 1
75	64	11	N.Y.C. & St.L.deb.4s	74½	74¼	74¼	− ¼
84¾	67½	3	N.Y.,C. & St.L.1st 4s	78¾	78¾	78¾	+ ¼
79	69½	10	N. Y. Conn. R.R.4½s	77½	77½	77¾	+ ½
67¼	58½	3	N. Y. Dock 4s	67	67	67	+ 1
66½	58½	42	N.Y.G., E.L.,H.&P.4s	66¼	64	66¼	+ 3¼
85½	74¾	2	N.Y.G., E.L.,H.&P.5s	83	83	83	..
100½	98¾	7	N.Y.,L. & W. 1st 6s	99½	99¼	99½	..
87½	65	35	N. Y., N. H. & H. con. deb 6s	82	82	82	− 1
56	44½	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '55	55½	55½	55½	− ½
48½	40½	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb.3½s,'54	45½	45½	45½	..
56	45	10	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	55½	55½	55½	− ½
60	57	2	N.Y., O. & W. gen.4s	57	57	57	..
64¼	51	13	N.Y., O. & W. ref.4s	64¼	63½	63½	− ½
7¾	5	9	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	6¼	6	6¼	− ¼
7½	4½	14	N.Y.Rys.adj.5s,c.of d.	5¾	5½	5¾	+ ¼
32½	19½	4	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	29	29	29	+ 2
34	20	47	N.Y.Rys.ref.4s,c.of d.	28½	27½	28	+ ½
55	43	3	N. Y. State Rys. 4½s	55	54¾	54¾	+ 2¾
90¾	84	34	N. Y. Telephone 4½s	88¾	87¾	88¾	+ ¾
81½	73	106	N. Y. Telephone 4½s	80	79½	79¾	− ½
51	34½	40	N. W., W. & B. 4½s	50½	48	49½	− ¾
93	93	3	Niag. Falls Pow. 6s	90	90	90	− 3
88	83	2	Niag. L. & O. 1st 5s	85	84	84	+ 1
59¾	48	15	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	59½	57½	59	+ 1½
78½	70	28	Norf. & W. Div. 4s	77½	76¼	76½	− ¾
80	67¼	28	Norf. & W. con. 4s	78	76	76¾	+ ¾
104¾	94½	24	Norf. & W. cv. 6s	104¼	103	103½	+ ¼
81	72½	11	N.& W., Poc.C.&C.4s	79¾	79¾	79¼	− 1¾
73	73	117	Penn.s gen. 4½s	82¾	82	82¼	− ¼
97½	95¾	1	Penn. gtd. 4½s, reg.	97½	97½	97½	+ 1
94	82	86	Penn. gen. 5s	91	90	90¾	..
98½	95¾	20	Penn. gtd. 4½s	98½	98	98	+ ½
92½	83	20	Penn. cons. 4½s	90	90	90	+ 1
105	100¾	211	Penn. 7s	105	103	104½	+ ½
67	47	10	Peoria & E. 1st 4s	66	65½	66	− 1
56	16	4	Peoria & E. inc. 4s	34	33¼	34	..
70	57	37	Peo. G. Chi. ref. 5s	70	68	69	+ 4
87½	75¾	40	Pere Marq. 1st 5s	86¼	84½	84¾	− 1¼
74½	58	2	Pere Marq. 1st 4s	69½	66¼	68½	+ 4
89¾	85	11	Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22	89½	89½	89¾	+ ¾
43	40	5	Philippine Ry. 4s	40¾	40¼	40¾	− ½
85	76	122	P., C., C. & St. L. gen. 5s, Ser. A	85	84	84½	+ ½
90	74½	2	P., C., C. & St. L. gen 4½s, Ser. A	85	84	84	+ 9¾
45	36	9	Prov. Sec. 4s	45	45	45	+ ½
67¾	58¾	5	Pub. Serv. N. J. 5s	67¾	67¼	67½	+ 2¼
86	77	115	READING gen. 4s	86	81	84½	+ 3½
79¾	76¼	2	Read. gen. 4s, reg.	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ 1¾
95¾	80¼	5	Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	86¾	86¾	86¾	..
88½	58	14	Rio Gr. W. 1st 4s	68¼	67	67½	− ¼
55½	48	5	Rio Gr. W. col. 4s	55¼	55½	55¾	+ ½
60	60¼	18	R. I., Ark. & L. 4½s	69	68	68	..
97½	95	2	Rome W. & Og. 5s	97	97	97	− ½
94¾	80	21	S.L., I. M.& S.gen.5s	87¾	87¾	87¾	+ ¾
76	66	90	S.L.,Ir.M.& S.n.s.4s	75	74¾	75	− ¾
73	63¼	33	St. L., I. M. & So. River & Gulf 4s	72	71	71¼	− ¾
67	67	4	St.L. & SanF. con.4s	67	67	67	..
64	52	361	St.L. & S.F.pr.ln.4s	63¾	62¾	63½	+ ½

Evansville & Terre Haute

Cons. 6s, 1921
Genl. 5s, 1942
Refg. 5s, 1941
Sullivan Co. Coal 5s, 1930
Mt. Vernon Branch 6s, 1923

Chicago & East. Illinois

Cons. 5s, 1937
Cons. 6s, 1934
Refg. 4s, 1955
Receivers Ctfs.

Missouri, Kansas & Tex.

Gen. S. F. 4½s, 1936
Extended Notes
Dallas & Waco 1st 5s, 1940
Mo. K. & East. 1st 5s, 1942
Mo. K. & T. of T. 1st 5s, 1942
St. Louis Div. 1st 4s, 2001
Wich. F. & N. W. 1st Ref. 5s, 40
Wich. Fals & N. W. 1st 5s, '39

Chi., Terre Haute & S. E.

First & Ref. 5s, 1960
Income 5s, 1960
South. Ind. Ry. 1st 4s, 1951
Capital Stock

(SMALL BONDS)

P. C. C. & St. Louis 5s, 1970
St. L. & San F. P. L. 4s, 1950
St. L. & San F. Adj. 6s, 1955
St. L. & San Fran. Inc. 6s, '60
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AMERICAN LINE CUTS EUROPEAN SERVICE

Withdraws Three Ships for the Winter from Between Here, Cherbourg and Southampton.

NOT DUE TO DROPPING MAIL

Ready to Renew Contracts at Proper Rates, Says Franklin—Plans More Tonnage.

Official announcement of the withdrawal for the Winter of the American Line steamships St. Paul, New York and Philadelphia from the transatlantic passenger trade between New York and Cherbourg and Southampton was made here yesterday by P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company. The withdrawal of these vessels, Mr. Franklin said, was temporary, and was caused by "exceedingly heavy operating expense, particularly the high cost of coal in England."

The run of the three liners will be taken over for the Winter by the Kroonland and Finland, both American flag vessels, and the St. Paul and the New York are scheduled to make cruises during that time between this port and the West Indies. The Philadelphia may make two or three trips to Spain.

"Published statements that the termination of the American Line mail contract on Oct. 12 had some relation to the withdrawal of the ships," said Mr. Franklin, "are misleading, as there was no such relation. The American Line made no offer to renew the mail contract, as its requirements under present circumstances and conditions of operation are very onerous, whereas the remuneration granted for carriage of mails under contract is practically no greater than the regular commercial rates, although the cost of operating steamers is from three to four times as great as before the war. The American Line is ready at any time to negotiate a mail contract for its Southampton service, based upon present costs of operation.

"It is probable that in the Spring the present American Line ships will go back on their old run, in which they have operated with great success for more than twenty-five years, but if necessary and if the opportunity offers, other ships will be added to the service to take care of the line's business for the next year.

"The American Line next year will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary. There is every reason, therefore, for the company to increase rather than decrease their tonnage of the line in 1921. Furthermore, the American Line has under consideration the construction of new ships which will rank among the best in the trans-Atlantic passenger trade."

SPAIN CANNOT MOVE COAL.

Lack of Transport Is Blamed for Serious Outlook for Winter.

MADRID, Oct. 15.—The serious danger of a lack of coal in the cities of Spain during the coming Winter is the subject today of an editorial article in the Imparcial, which blames the authorities for neglecting the development of the railroad transportation system. The newspaper says the Austrian coal fields alone are capable of supplying the 7,000,000 tons needed for Spanish consumption, but that it is useless for them to produce coal when the transportation conditions make impossible to carry the coal from the mines.

The Imparcial calls upon the Government to take the question in hand immediately, as otherwise, it says, much suffering will ensue, especially when the season of snows begins in the northern mountain ranges.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.	December High	Low	March High	Low
Oct. 11	2.08	2.00	2.03½	1.90½
Oct. 12	Holiday			
Oct. 13	2.12	2.05	2.07	2.00½
Oct. 14	2.11½	2.04½	2.03¼	2.00
Oct. 15	2.21	2.05½	2.15	2.05½
Oct. 16	2.21½	2.12¼	2.15¾	2.06½
Week's range	2.21½	2.00	2.15¾	1.90½

CORN	Oct. High	Low	Dec. High	Low	May High	Low
Oct. 11	89¼	89	87	83¾	90⅞	89¼
Oct. 12	Holiday					
Oct. 13	90	86½	87¾	84½	91¾	88¼
Oct. 14	89	88	87¼	86⅜	91¼	89½
Oct. 15	92½	89	90	87¾	93¾	89⅝
Oct. 16	93¾	92½	90	87¾	93¾	91
Wk's rg	93¾	86½	90	83¾	93¾	89¼

OATS	Dec. High	Low	May High	Low
Oct. 11	56⅝	56	61	60⅜
Oct. 12	Holiday			
Oct. 13	56⅝	55⅜	61¼	60¼
Oct. 14	56½	55¾	60¾	60¼
Oct. 15	57⅜	55⅝	62	60¼
Oct. 16	57⅝	56¾	62¼	60⅝
Week's range	57⅝	55¾	62¼	60¼

RYE.	Dec. High	Low	May High	Low
Oct. 11	1.61	1.58	1.54	1.50
Oct. 12	Holiday			
Oct. 13	1.63¾	1.60	1.57½	1.53¾
Oct. 14	1.65	1.62	1.58	1.53½
Oct. 15	1.70	1.63¾	1.61	1.56
Oct. 16	1.70¼	1.67¾	1.62¼	1.58½
Week's range	1.70½	1.56	1.62¼	1.50

Provisions.

LARD:	Oct. High	Low	Nov. High	Low	Jan. High	Low
Oct. 11	19.75	19.52	19.45	19.27	16.97	16.87
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	19.77	19.55	19.35	19.10	16.95	16.75
Oct. 14	20.50	20.00	20.15	19.37	17.30	16.97
Oct. 15	20.62	20.45	20.32	19.12	17.50	17.28
Oct. 16	20.77	20.65	20.30	20.35	17.50	17.22
Wk's rg	20.77	19.52	20.32	19.10	17.50	16.75

RIBS—	Jan. High:	Low:
Oct. 11	15.20	15.10
Oct. 12	Holiday	
Oct. 13	15.10	14.93
Oct. 14	15.45	15.15
Oct. 15	15.60	15.40
Oct. 16	15.55	15.30
Week's range	15.60	14.93

COTTON.

	Oct. High	Low	Dec. High	Low	Jan. High	Low
Oct. 11	22.84	21.60	21.30	20.35	20.67	19.90
Oct. 12	Holiday					
Oct. 13	21.75	21.00	20.48	20.05	19.95	19.43
Oct. 14	21.60	20.66	21.05	20.00	20.35	19.22
Oct. 15	20.52	20.21	20.45	19.90	19.90	19.16
Oct. 16	20.00	19.48	19.84	18.60	19.30	18.38
Week's rge	22.84	19.48	21.30	18.60	20.67	18.38

	March— High	Low	May— High	Low	July— High	Low
Oct. 11	20.49	19.75	20.30	19.54	19.85	19.30
Oct. 12	Holiday.					
Oct. 13	19.60	18.19	19.40	19.03	19.15	18.80
Oct. 14	20.10	19.05	19.00	19.03	19.40	18.71
Oct. 15	19.65	19.00	19.65	19.00	19.20	18.90
Oct. 16	19.15	18.33	19.12	18.33	18.95	18.13
Week's rge	20.49	18.35	20.30	18.33	19.85	18.13

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York.
Oct. 11	16.05d	21.50c	23.00c
Oct. 12	Holiday.		
Oct. 13	16.57d	20.75c	23.00c
Oct. 14	15.52d	20.75c	22.50c
Oct. 15	15.17d	20.75c	22.90c
Oct. 16	...	20.25c	21.00c
Week's range—			
High	16.05d	21.50c	23.00c
Low	15.17d	20.25c	21.00c

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED OCT. 16

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	German Bds Bonds	German Bds Marks
Monday	25,750	81,685	166,730	$924,000	135,000
Tuesday	Holiday				
Wednesday	46,144	73,925	149,720	823,000	275,000
Thursday	50,462	63,405	184,640	817,000	64,000
Friday	37,984	141,025	204,035	1,200,800	82,000
Saturday	29,010	48,140	71,045	685,000	45,000
Total	198,450	407,180	776,190	$4,425,300	602,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1926 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
14	13	510	Adirondack El. P..	14	13	13⅝	
72	72	40	Adiron. El. P. pf..	72½	72	72	..
4¼	1⅝	4,825	*Acme Coal	2½	2	2⅜	..
11⅛	7¼	2,400	*Aetna Explosives.	11	10¾	11	— ⅛
97	70½	85	Aluminum Mfg. pf.	96	94¼	94½	— 1½
195	102	25	Amer. Brass	193	195	192	— 1
11¼	5	600	Amer. Candy	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛
69	58	115	Am. Chicle pf.	65	63½	64	..
150¾	140	150	Amer. Cigar	150½	150	150	..
138	137	40	Amer. Hardware	138	137	137½	..
3⅜	3⅛	700	Amer. Water Wks.	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
12¼	5	300	Amer. Writ. Paper	9	8	8	— ⅛
61	45½	2,400	Armstrong F. & C.	53⅜	50¾	50¾	— 5¼
16	15½	600	Armour Leather	15⅞	14⅜	15¼	..
94½	90½	300	Arm. Leather pf.	93	91	91	..
106	104	40	Babcock & Wilcox.	105	104	105	..
105	94	130	Borden Co.	96	94	95¼	— ⅝
91	80	142	*Borden pf.	84¼	82	84¼	+ ¼
39	33	100	Brit. Emp. 7% pf.	39	39	39	— ⅛
24	18	350	Brit. Emp. Co.	20	18	20	..
12¼	3	400	Brit.-Am. Chem.	3¼	3	3	— ⅛
27	12	500	*Br.-Am. Tob., cou.	12½	12¼	12½	..
4	1⅜	900	*Car Light & Pow.	4	3⅝	4	+ ⅛
34½	33	30	Clinchfield Coal.	34½	32	34	..
1⅝	⅞	11,000	*Chicago Nipple	0⅝	⅝	0⅝	..
1¼	⅝	1,400	Crude Chemical	1¼	1	1	— ⅛
29	18	300	*Conley Tin Foil.	20¼	20	20	— ¼
14	7⅝	1,300	Continental Motor.	8	7⅛	7⅛	..
228	220	40	Du Pont Powder.	223	221	221	— 1
78	75	35	Du Pont Pow. pf.	76	75	75	— 1
19⅝	7½	5,400	*Empire T. & S.	15⅞	15	15⅜	— ⅛
200	96	500	Firestone	115	105	106	—10
4⅝	3⅞	100	Federal T. & T.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
20¼	21	300	Gardner Motor	23	21	22	— 1
130	40½	22,300	*Gen. Asphalt	57¼	51½	53¼	+ 3⅛
165	85	300	Gen. Asphalt pf.	87	85	86	— 1
34	4	4,100	Goldwyn Picture.	6	4	5	— 1
135	134	40	Grasselli Chemical.	135	134	135	..
40	38⅝	75	Greenfield T. & T.	38¾	38¾	38⅝	+ ⅛
9	6	200	Hare's Motors	7	7	7	— ⅛
33	12	4,000	*Hercules Paper.	25	23¾	24½	+ ⅛
204	204	10	Hercules Powder.	204	204	204	..
23	20¼	200	Inter. Prod.	21¾	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
17	10	100	Intercont. Rubber.	11	11	11	— ⅛
20	4	1,000	Indian Packing	4¼	4	4½	..
1⅞	1⅝	8,100	*Kay County Gas.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	..
32	12	200	Libby, McN. & L.	12¾	12	12¾	+ ⅛
53	37	122	Lincoln Motor. A.	40	39½	40	..
25	6	100	Locomobile	6	6	6	..
92	70	100	Lima Locomotive.	75	75	75	..
45	44	245	Lucey Mfg.	45	44	45	..
61	48½	700	Maxwell-Chalm., A	61	54	60	+ 1½
30⅝	16	1,200	Maxwell-Chalm., B	18½	16	18½	+ 1
20	9	200	Mercer Motors	9	8½	9	..
7⅞	3⅞	3,200	North Am. P. & P.	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
17½	9½	200	Nat. Leather	16	9½	10½	..
5¾	85	5,100	Perfection T. & R.	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
42	24	300	Penn. C. & C.	41½	40½	41½	..
53¾	52⅜	925	Phila. Insul. Wire.	53¾	52¾	53¾	..
200	176	20	Philips-Dodge	181	180	181	+ 1
7⅛	6	8,300	Philip Morris.	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅛
114	113	40	Procter & Gamble.	114	113	114	..
3	1⅜	2,000	*Radio Co.	2½	2	2⅛	— ⅛
5¼	1¼	2,200	*Radio Co. pf.	2⅝	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
116½	113	40	Royal Baking P.	116½	114½	114½	— 1½
82½	81	70	Royal Bak. P. pf.	82½	81½	82	— ½
46	30½	600	R. J. Reynolds.	42	41	41	— 1½
64½	24½	600	*Root & Van.	26	24½	24½	— 1½
6⅝	4¼	1,900	*Roy de Fr. T. B.	5⅝	5	5⅜	+ ⅛
390	389	35	Scoville Mfg.	390	389	389	..
18⅝	1	2,300	Stanwood Rubber.	2	1⅝	2	+ ⅛
40	5	300	Standard Parts.	11	10	11	+ 2
3¾	3¼	500	Singer, Ltd.	3¾	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
150	117	250	Singer Mfg.	138	131	138	+ 6
19	10	3,600	Submarine Boat.	12¾	11	12½	+ ⅛
6⅞	½	12,500	Sweets Co. of Am.	2¼	2	2¼	+ ⅛
68½	23½	200	*Swift Internat.	20⅜	20½	20½	— ⅛
32	12½	2,500	Tobacco Prod. Exp.	14	13½	14	..
3¼	1¼	14,800	Tenn. R., L. & P.	3¼	3	3	+ 1⅛
7⅛	3	3,000	Tenn. R.,L. & P.pf	7½	6	6	+ 2¼
2½	1	20,700	Un. Prof. Sharing.	2⅜	1⅞	2⅜	+ ⅛
19	9	3,100	*Un. Retail Candy	11	10½	11	..
2	⅝	1,900	United Gas & E.	1½	1	1¼	+ ⅛
20	12	98	U. G. & E. 1st pf.	20	12	20	+ 7
4½	1¾	1,200	U. G. & E. 2d pf.	4½	2¼	4½	+ 2
39	27	1,500	*U. S. H. B. Tool.	30½	30	30¼	..
78	58½	1,900	*Union Carbide.	60¾	58½	60¾	+ ⅝
1⅝	1½	2,100	Union Carbide rts.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
5⅝	5	400	Union Shipyards.	5	5	5	..
1⅝	1⅜	10,200	U. S. Steamship.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
80	36	400	Warren Bros.	27½	27	27½	+ 1½
50	31	250	William Davies.	37¾	37	37¾	+ ⅛
5¼	2⅞	3,300	Wayne Coal	3⅜	3½	3⅝	..
13⅛	12¼	2,400	Weber & Heilbron.	13	12½	12½	..
100	60	200	Willys 1st pf.	62	60	62	+ 2
85	40	300	Willys 2d pf.	50	40	40	— 2½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

70	50	100	Atlantic Lobos	70	70	70	..
31	29	600	Anglo-Am. Oil	21½	21	21	— 1
278	205	10	Prairie Pipe Line.	220	220	220	— 2
245	238	20	So. Penn. Oil	269	268	268	..
430	365	100	Stand. Oil, N. Y.	375	372	375	+ 1
115	104⅝	10	Union Tank Line.	115	115	115	+ 3

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

8	1	300	Ajax Oil	1¼	1	1	..
1	⅛	76,000	*Allied Oil	21	20	21	..
1¼	⅞	3,000	Amal. Royalty	20	18	20	..
90	71	200	Atlantic Gulf Oil.	80	74	80	+ 7
45	40⅝	700	Ark. Natural Gas.	10½	10¼	10½	..
11⅝	8½	200	Bigheart P. & R.	8½	8½	8⅝	..
4⅝	1⅛	18,300	*Boone Oil	2¼	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
1¼	⅝	25,500	*Boston-Wyo. Oil	1	1	1	..
53	9	50,200	Caribbean Synd.	17½	12	16½	+ 4½
35	25½	200	Cent. Pet.	33½	30	33½	+ ½
44½	28½	1,000	*CitiesSer.,B.T.Sh.	34⅝	33½	34⅝	+ ¾
8	4½	2,500	Cot. Emerald	7	5	7	+ 2
2	⅞	15,500	Cushing Pet.	⅝	½	⅝	..
10¼	6¾	300	Condon & Co.	7½	7½	7⅝	..
7⅝	5¾	11,500	Creole Syndicate.	7½	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
30½	6⅝	1,200	Dunn Pet.	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅛
1⅝	⅝	13,500	Denny Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
10	7½	500	Duquesne Oil.	9½	9½	9½	..
11½	6¼	4,700	*Elk Basin Pet.	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	..
39½	35⅜	4,000	Gulfer-Gillespie.	37½	31½	32⅝	+ 1¼
149	121	25	Gulfer-Gill. pf.	131	121	121	— 3
1¼	⅞	5,100	Hudson Oil	⅞	¾	⅞	..
17	15½	700	Imperial Oil	16	16	16	..
17	15⅝	2,400	*Inter. Pet.	16⅝	15⅝	16	..
11	4⅜	3,700	Livingston Pet.	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
38	4	22,000	Lone Star	5	5	5	..
26⅝	15⅝	3,000	*Maracaibo Oil.	18⅝	16	18⅝	+ ⅛
42	37	400	Mex. Seaboard O.	42	37	42	..
⅝	⅜	18,000	Meridian Pete	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
22½	18	800	*Merritt Oil Corp.	18½	16	16½	+ ½
150	140	400	*Midwest Ref.	150	149	149	— 2
50	100	7,900	*Midwest Ref. Oil.	10	9	9	+ 1
1¾	⅛	1,700	Noble Oil & Gas.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
6½	2	600	North Amer. Oil	2½	2	2½	..
¾	⅜	1,900	Oklmulgee F. & R.	¾	⅜	⅜	+ ⅛
38	8	100	Pan Pro. & Ref.	8	8	8	..

GERMAN BONDS

Range, 1926 High	Low	Marks Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
28½	27½	100	Paragon Ref.	27½	27½	27½	— 1
10½	5½	5,400	*Producers & Ref.	6⅝	6	6½	+ ⅛
1⅞	⅝	1,200	*Red Rock O. & G.	¾	⅝	⅝	..
38½	17	1,000	*Ryan Con.	18	17	17¼	..
7¼	4¾	600	Sapulpa	5¼	5¼	5⅜	..
2¼	⅝	3,600	Settled Prod.	1¾	1½	2¼	+ ⅛
10	6	3,175	Savoy Oil	10	9¼	9½	— ⅛
85½	80	300	Sinclair Oil 8s pf.	85	83½	85	+ ⅝
73½	9⅝	22,500	Sitmas Petrol	11	9⅞	10¾	+ ⅝
13½	9	6,500	*Skelly Oil	9¾	9	9⅝	+ ⅛
50½	12	400	Spencer Petrol.	13	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
3⅜	1½	1,700	Tex. Kem. Oil.	2½	2	2¼	— ⅛
⅞	¾	700	Tex. & Atlantic	¾	¾	¾	..
22½	15	500	Tropical Oil	18¼	17½	18¼	..
1½	½	32,500	Texan Oil & Land	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
2⅜	⅞	5,000	Victoria Oil	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	..
1½	¾	7,000	*United Tex. Pet.	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
50	16	11,000	*White Oil	24½	21⅞	23¾	+ 1½
1	⅝	6,400	Whalen Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
8½	2½	400	Woodburn Oil	3⅛	2½	2½	..

MINING STOCKS

16½	13	1,000	Alvarado M. & M.	15¾	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
1⅛	½	3,600	American Mines	1	½	1	..
2½	½	5,800	Alaska-B. C. Min.	¾	¾	¾	..
0	½	5,200	Arizona Silver	½	½	½	— ⅛
3⅛	½	18,100	*Atlanta	2	1	1	+ ⅛
⅞	⅝	6,700	Arizona Globe	⅞	⅝	⅝	+ ⅛
38	2	14,600	*Belcher Divide	5	4	4	— 1
38	2½	17,800	Belcher Extension.	7½	6	6	— 1
⅝	⅜	27,500	Big Ledge Copper.	⅜	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
7	3	14,500	*Booth	5½	4	4	— 1
62	30	61,000	Boston & Mon.	44	39	40	— 3
42	16	15,500	*Caledonia Mining.	17	16	16	..
1⅛	⅛	7,400	*Candelaria Silver	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
11	4½	13,700	*Cashboy	8	7	7	— 1
25	23¾	50	Carson Hill Gold.	23¾	23¾	23¾	— ¾
3⅜	⅝	7,100	Cresson Con. Gold.	1⅜	⅞	1¼	+ ⅛
1	⅝	1,500	Cerbat Silver	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
64	32	15,700	*Cortez Silver	64	61	63	— 1
10	2	630	Con. Va. Silver	5	4½	4½	— ½
1⅛	.19	38,900	†Divide Extension.	.20	.27	.30	+ .1
2¾	2½	4,400	Darwin Silver	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
3½	¾	4,400	El Salvador Silver	1	⅞	1	..
18	3½	11,700	†Emma Silver	3½	3½	4	..
1¼	⅞	4,000	*Eureka Cross. M.	27	25	25	..
1⅝	⅞	11,200	*†Eureka Holly	1½	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
2¾	⅞	900	Forty-nine Min.	⅞	½	⅝	..
41	11	21,400	*†Gold Zone Div.	38	34	36	— 1
13	7	15,300	*†Goldfield Cons.	9⅛	8	9	+ 1
18	2	12,600	*†Goldfield Dev.	5	4	5	+ 1½
3	1	10,000	Great Bend	3	1	1	+ ½
4	⅞	5,600	Goldfield Merger	1	⅞	1	+ ½
20	14½	200	Hond.-Am. Synd.	14½	14¾	14¾	— 1
5	2	9,425	Hecla Mining	5	4¼	5	+ ⅛
65	12	38,800	Harmill Divide.	31	22	30	+ 4
⅝	½	6,000	Iron Blossom	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
27	10	12,850	*Jim Butler	16	15	16	..
12	4	13,300	†Jumbo Ext.	6	5	5	— 1
4	⅛	9,000	†Kewanas	2	1½	2	..
15	4	12,500	*†Knox Divide	7	5	5	— 1
5½	3	600	Kerr Lake	3½	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
⅞	⅞	1,500	Louisiana Con.	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
32	9	28,300	*†Marsh Mining	15	9	13	— 2
6⅝	4⅝	2,000	*Motherlode, new.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	..
76	71	200	Murray Min.	76	76	76	..
1¾	¾	1,500	Mon. Silver King.	1¼	1	1	..
310	172	4,193	*N. J. Zinc	175	172	173	— 3
20	9½	300	N. J. Zinc rights.	11	10¼	10½	..
1¾	¼	2,100	Ophir Silver M.	⅝	⅜	⅜	..
1½	¼	2,000	Prince Con.	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
1½	1⅛	17,600	Ray Verde Con.	1½	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
2⅜	½	1,400	Ray Hercules	½	½	½	..
12	5	9,200	Rex Con.	6	6	6	..
⅝	⅛	30,900	Reper Group M.	¼	⅛	⅛	..
1⅝	⅝

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International Salt 5s 1951
Kingdom of Norway 8s 1945
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L. & N., Southern Monon. 4s 1952
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PLAN O'ER SEA PHONE FOR ENVOYS' USE

State Department Officials and Allies' Ambassadors to Inspect Big Wireless Plants.

START ON TOUR TODAY

Universal Wireless Telephone to Europe to be a Fact Soon, Says Head of Company.

With the view of making still further use of wireless telegraphy and telephony in the transmission of diplomatic notes between this country and Europe, representatives of the Department of State and of the Ambassadors of the nations allied in the war today will begin an inspection of all the largest wireless stations on the Atlantic Coast. Their inspection trip will last at least three days.

A vision of calling up American Ambassadors and Consuls in Europe daily originated in the American State Department, and more and more of the diplomatic business with Europe has been handled by wireless telegraphy in the last few months.

Although representatives of the State Department and radio engineers have been looking forward hopefully to the day of the establishment of regular wireless telephone service over the seas, there has been as yet only one example of its use by any high-ranking Government officer.

That was on March 20, 1919, when Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, from the naval radio station at New Brunswick, N. J., talked to President Wilson, who was on the transport George Washington in the harbor of Brest. His voice was wafted 3,200 miles on the mysterious currents of the air.

"How long will it be before President Wilson in the White House can take down a receiver and pass the time of the diplomatic day with Lloyd George or President Millerand in France?" was a question asked last night of E. J. Nally, President of the Radio Corporation of America, over the telephone (not wireless) at his home at Ossining.

No Insuperable Obstacles Now.

"There are no insuperable obstacles now," said Mr. Nally. "Wait a minute! I haven't a good connection on these wires and I can't hear you very well. All right now, operator. What was that you were saying, Times? I said there were no insuperable obstacles now, either for you to talk to my house in Ossining from your office in Times Square by wireless telephony, or for either of us to talk to Paris.

"In fact I think it might be better," he continued as the droning and buzz of the telephone wires increased and an operator cut in with: "Did you get your number, Sir?"

"Universal wireless telephone service not only to Europe but to all parts of the world is a development that we look forward to hopefully," said Mr. Nally. "It will be a fact in a short time. It was only a little more than a month ago that a step to that end was taken by the Radio Corporation of America, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the International General Electric Company."

It was the three companies mentioned by Mr. Nally as being interested in the immediate development of overseas wireless service which undertook to organize the three days' inspection trip of the diplomats after the expressions of interest in wireless telephony had been made in the State Department. The companies said they would send representatives to the International Communications Conference to invite the Ambassadors, Ministers and envoys of all the allied powers represented in Washington to inspect the largest wireless stations, and to visit all the laboratories where experiments were being carried on in wireless telephony and telegraphy.

First Stop at New Brunswick, N. J.

The invitation was accepted and the plans were made for the special train to leave Washington last night with about 165 diplomats, attachés, radio engineers and army and navy officers aboard.

Their first stop is to be at the big radio station at New Brunswick, N. J., where the United States Navy radio engineers during the war installed the American inventions that enabled Washington to keep in constant communication by wireless telephone with President Wilson while he was crossing the ocean on the George Washington.

After inspecting the New Brunswick radio station and attending a reception given by the town officials, the party will board their special train at 2 o'clock this afternoon and start for Albany and Schenectady, where they will spend Tuesday in the laboratories of the General Electric Company, where many improvements in wireless telephony and telegraphy are being worked out. On Tuesday evening the party will be guests at a dinner at the Ten Eyck Hotel in Albany, where radio engineers will address them.

The party will be in this city on Wednesday as the guests of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. Before the party leaves this city most of its members will have seen the latest methods of wireless telephony demonstrated, as well as the radio stations at Belmar and Tuckerton, N. J., and the progress on the huge new radio station of the Radio Corporation at Port Jefferson, L. I. This new super-station at Port Jefferson will be five times as powerful as any other and its messages will circle the globe. It will be completed about July 1, 1921.

"Peace Conference" on Wheels.

Mr. Nally said last night that about 165 guests would be on the special train, and that the invited included Sir Auckland Geddes, Ambassador from Great Britain; the French, Italian and Japanese Ambassadors, Secretary Colby, Secretary of War Baker, Postmaster General Burleson, Admirals Benson and Kountze, and many other representatives of the allied Governments. The train will be a second Peace Conference on wheels.

Many foreign stations, some of them new and of tremendous size, are ready to co-operate with the largest American stations in wireless telegraphy, and, with few new devices, will be able to establish wireless telephone service. The largest and newest of these stations was built at Croix d'Hine, near Bordeaux, by the American Navy and after the war given to France in memory of Lafayette. It will be in service on Dec. 1, and other stations almost as large are planned in Germany, Norway, England, Japan and other countries. A new station at Nauen, Germany, has a sending radius of 12,000 miles.

EXPLOSIONS PUZZLE MANY.

Detonations and Flares Are Finally Traced to Italian Celebrators.

A series of heavy detonations, accompanied by brilliant flares in the sky, broke the quietness of the Sabbath early yesterday evening, and sent persons living in the villages on the north shore of Long Island as well as throughout Westchester County scurrying to telephones in the effort to learn the meaning of the explosions. Inquiries were made by THE TIMES at places in the direction from which the sounds were heard, as far away as Bridgeport, and finally it was learned that an organization of Italians was holding a celebration at Port Washington, L. I., the chief feature of which was fireworks.

Forts along the Sound received numerous inquiries following the fireworks display, many residents in the neighborhood of Little Neck and Bay Side believing that gun practice was being held on Sunday evening at Fort Totten, whence they judged the detonations came. Likewise in Westchester County it was at first thought that the big guns at Fort Slocum were in operation.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga. and Fla.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; little change in temp.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Generally fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably local rains; little change in temp.

Tenn., Ky., Ohio and Ind.—Generally fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably local rains; little change in temp.

Lower Mich.—Partly cloudy Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably showers; not much change in temp.

Upper Mich.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., followed by showers; not much change in temp.

Ill.—Partly unsettled Mon. and probably Tues., moderate temp.

Mo.—Partly cloudy Mon., showers in west by night or on Tues.; warmer in west Mon.

Wis. and Minn.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues., not much change in temp.

Iowa—Fair Mon. and probably Tues., becoming unsettled in west portion Tues.; moderate temp.

Kan.—Partly cloudy Mon., showers in west; Tues. showers; moderate temp.

Mont.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., showers; colder Tues.

Wyo.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., showers west Mon., north and west Tues.; cooler Tues.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 16.—Twenty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $614,000, were chartered today. They include:

Frank J. Alexander, Manhattan, trucking and stevedore, $10,000; F. J. Alexander, F. D. Lewis, J. Dietsch, 439 11th Av.

Cohen, Rubin, Garfinkel & Co., Brooklyn, make clothing, $10,000; M. Rubin, C. Cohen, L. Garfinkel, 65 Lott Av.

William Dinerstein, Manhattan, fur making, $20,000; R. Levy, J. Fischer, W. Dinerstein, 3,099 Broadway.

Schwartz, Harber & Propp, Manhattan, women's waists, $100,000; M. A. Harber, I. Schwartz, L. A. Propp, 8,416 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

Cascade Mineral Water Co., Utica, $25,000; F. and A. M. De Stefani, J. Capelli, Utica.

Marcko Hat Co., Manhattan, millinery, $25,000; H. F. Feinberg, A. Bortstein, I. B. Warschauer, 2,133 Daly Av., Bronx.

American Transportation Service, Manhattan, stevedoring, $50,000; T. V. Malley, J. Skelling, J. R. Gatchell, 104 86th St., Brooklyn.

H. Markowitz, Manhattan, restaurants, $5,000; J. Weiss, S. W. Krull, S. Cherkos, 116 Nassau St.

B. F. Gilmour Co., Brooklyn, iron and steel products, $50,000; E. H. H. Smith, B. F. Gilmour, 284 Stratford Road, Brooklyn.

Frank W. Caster Coal Co., Manhattan, $30,000; F. W. and R. L. Caster, J. Conville, 111 Broadway.

M. B. and A. M. Holding Co., Manhattan, realty, $50,000; M. Blumenthal, A. M. Mittlemann, J. Frank, 1,451 Broadway.

Goelet Waist Co., Manhattan, $1,000; S. H. and R. Starr, M. Steindler, 116 Nassau St.

Community Co-operative Trading Assn., Brooklyn, grocery store, $10,000; B. C. Pallin, H. Johnson, G. Nordlun, 3,409 Beverly Road, Brooklyn.

B. and T. Express and Van Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. And S. Bennett, A. T. Austen, 93 Cannon St.

Checker Taxicab Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; S. Schwartz, B. Olch, L. Eichner, 49 West 116th St.

Marbland Corp. of New York, Manhattan, merchandise, $50,000; R. L. Bussey, R. B. Lando, A. T. Martines, Produce Exchange.

La Mould Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. Tishman, I. M. Rosenthal, H. Goertzel, 137 Fifth Av.

Market Kitchen Co., Buffalo, $10,000; J. L. Kenefick, J. W. Kirkpatrick, J. S. Leonard, Buffalo.

Richmoor Waist Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; R. Epstein, M. Schneiderman, E. A. Brown, 253 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

75 Maiden Lane Corp., Manhattan, carry on business with $50,000 and 10,000 shares common stock, no par value.

NAME CHANGE.

Anderson & Ruwe, Manhattan, to Edgar C. Ruwe Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Metals Fabricating Co., Manhattan.
J. G. Lessig Co., Manhattan.
Rob Roy Wash Suit Co., Manhattan.
Babbitt Wetter Co., Brooklyn.
Knit Products Corp., Buffalo.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Oct. 16.—Charters filed today:

A. J. Deer Co., manufacture electric coffee mills, choppers, roasting machines, &c., $22,000,000; Arthur J. Deer, Levi G. Robbins, Condict M. Mevins, Hornell, N. Y.

Herman Chemical Co., chemists, $2,250,000; A. J. Kingsbury, L. B. Phillips, D. D. Wharton, Dover.

Pittsburgh Silver Mining Co., $1,250,000; L. S. Dumensil, A. G. Gabriels, Wm. H. Mahyer, New York.

Transair Co., carry by aircraft, $900,000; F. E. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Phila.

Tompkins Rubber Mfg. Co., $300,000; Ernest E. Tompkins, Norbeth, Pa.; Jas. M. Bittner, T. Ewing Montgomery, Phila.

Geo. M. Foters Fruit Co., cultivation, $200,000; M. H. Noblit, C. B. Outten, J. D. Frock, Wilmington.

Auto Service Corp. of America, automobiles, $100,000; L. E. Wilson, L. A. Irwin, M. M. Nichols, Wilmington.

Signal Mirror Co., acquire patents, $100,000; Stanley M. Pontiers, Phila.; Benjamin F. Young, Ocean City, N. J.; John V. Ponders, Wilmington.

Wallington, Gibson Co., shipping, $50,000; Martin E. Smith, Artemas Smith, A. E. Wallace, Wilmington.

Columbia Realty & Investment Co., agents, $50,000; P. E. Bagley, Wm. H. Cowan, C. M. Davis, Washington.

American Paving & Material Co., paving and road building, $50,000; R. D. Wright, Frank Morseles, John J. McClure, Chester, Pa.

Cinco Oil & Gas Co., drilling, &c., $25,000; Henry C. Hysels, W. L. Hindman, Earl N. Stroup, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL INCREASES:

P. F. Collier & Son Co., N. Y., $10,000,000 to $10,500,000.

Motor Guaranty Corp., $250,000 to $1,000,000.

Electric Appliance Co., Pittsburgh, $300,000 to $400,000.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Pressure was high Sunday over the eastern half of the country and it was low and falling over the western half.

The temperature continues considerably above normal in practically all sections east of the Rocky Mountains and above normal to the westward.

The outlook is for generally fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Monday and in the Atlantic States Tuesday, while local rains are probable Tuesday in the region of the Great Lakes.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Monday and Tuesday, little change in temperature.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, fair Monday and Tuesday, little change in temperature.

Western New York, Western Pennsylvania—Fair Monday, Tuesday increasing cloudiness, little change in temperature.

Winds off the Atlantic Coast—North of Sandy Hook, Sandy Hook to Hatteras, moderate northeast, fair Monday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	59	62	4 P. M.	60	61
6 A. M.	57	64	6 P. M.	58	63
9 A. M.	60	54	9 P. M.	61	54
12 M.	60	56	11 P. M.	61	52

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for the corresponding date last year it was 57; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 55. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50; at 8 P. M. it was 61. Maximum temperature 68 degrees at 4:03 P. M., minimum 57 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity 87 per cent. at 8 A. M., 81 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.19 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.23 inches.

Fire Record

A. M.	Loss.
12:35—436 E. 138 St.; not given	Slight
P. M.	
1:30—126 Charles St.; J. Keating	Slight
1:30—67 Av. A; L. Werth	Slight
2:45—407 W. 36 St.; F. Dalco	Slight
6:30—1,841 Brook Av.; S. Croninberg	Slight
11:55—1,015 Boston Road; not given	Slight

Hudson River by Daylight

DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY, THROUGH OCT. 24th.

"Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," "Albany."

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DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME.

Steamer leaves daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M., Yonkers, 9:50 A. M., landing at †Bear Mountain, †West Point (week days only), †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

†Return steamer same day from points marked †.

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Daily sailings from Pier 31, N. R., at Desbrosses St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning (Daylight Saving Time).

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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THREE (3) horses will be sold at public auction for the account of Adolph Vogt of 13 Ocean Parkway, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, by Louis Viegiar at 153 East 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of October, 1920, at 12 noon to satisfy a lien of the undersigned.

SAMUEL J. GOLDSMITH,
JOHN S. SHEFFARD,
STEPHEN U. HOPKINS
as Trustees in Bankruptcy of FISS, DOERR & CARROLL HORSE COMPANY,
Lienors.

LEATHER GOODS STORE, L. G. LOUIS Goldenberg, 379 E. 128 St., has been sold. Creditors call for their claims. Dated Oct. 16.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVER'S AUCTION SALE—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1920, at 2 P. M.—Old-established Foundry and Machine Shop, fully equipped. Makes Aluminum, Brass and Gray Iron Castings. Owns patents for and manufactures Hafer Shaker Grates. One Turbine Blower and Hafer Soot Blower. Located in Chambersburg, Penna. Good shipping facilities to all points. For sale by Geo. K. Lehner, Receiver for G. T. Cox Co., Chambersburg, Pa.

ASSIGNEES' SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of HELLA KAHN.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on this day, Monday the 18th of October, 1920, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,176 Eighth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of ladies' and gents' furnishings, fixtures, etc.

EDWARD J. RYAN, Assignee.
SOLOMON GOODMAN, Attorney for Assignee, 277 Broadway, New York.

LOST JEWELRY.

When a piece of jewelry has disappeared you may quickly get in touch with the finder through the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times. Telephone Bryant 1000 for immediate insertion of an announcement describing the article.—Advt.

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable		Quotation Oct. 16, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '46	5	May	& Sep.	63½	78
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar.	& Sep.	63	75
Am. W. W. & El., '34	5	Apr.	& Oct.	55¼	55½
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr.	& Oct.	61	..
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr.	& Oct.	75	85
Aug.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June	& Dec.	20	30
Bangor Ry. & El. gen., '59	5	Feb.	& Aug.	72	77
Brooklyn Ed. gen., '49	5	Jan.	& July	76½	78
Do 1930	6	Jan.	& July	93¾	94½
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb.	& Aug.	82	89
Do deb., '22	6	Feb.	& Aug.	93	..
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb.	& Aug.	79	82
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan.	& July	..	80
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '30	5	Jan.	& July	71½	..
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan.	& July	80	81
Burlington G. L. 1st, '35	5	Jan.	& July	65	..
Burling'n R. & L. 1st, '37	5	May	& Sep.	50	60
Butte Bl. & Pr. 1st, '51	5	June	& Dec.	83	85
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan.	& July	..	70
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan.	& July	85	86
Caro. P. & L. 1st, '38	5	Feb.	& Aug.	75	80
Cedar Rap. Mf. 1st, '53	5	Jan.	& July	78	80
Charleston Con. Ry., G. & E. cons., '99	5	Mar	& Sep.	..	80
Cit. Service deb. C	7	Jan.	& July	94½	96½
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr.	& Oct.	83	..
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan.	& July	..	80
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr.	& Oct.	76	81
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan.	& July	60	66
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan.	& July	75	76
Do, 1939	5	Jan.	& July	85	..
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan.	& July	74	75
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan.	& July	75	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr.	& Oct.	65	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June	& Dec.	62	67
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan.	& July	80	85
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May	& Nov.	..	83
Detroit Edison, '28	7	Jan.	& July	97	..
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May	& Nov.	72	76
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June	& Dec.	80	90
Elec. Dev. 1st, '33	5	May	& Sep.	78	80
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr.	& Oct.	45	70
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan.	& July	76	81
El Paso Elec., '25	7	Jan.	& July	81	90
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr.	& Oct.	63	67
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May	& Nov.	66	73
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June	& Dec.	70	..
Ga. R. & E. 1st con., '32	5	Jan.	& July	70	83
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May	& Nov.	74	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	May	& Nov.	85	90
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May	& Nov.	71	74
Idaho Power, '47	5	Jan.	& July	76	79
Indianap. Gas 1st, '52	5	Apr.	& Oct.	73	77
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May	& Nov.	45	47
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan.	& July	88	89½
Knoxville Trac. '38	5	Apr.	& Oct.	80	..
Laurentide Pr. 1st, '46	5	Jan.	& July	76	78
Memphis St. Ry., '45	5	Jan.	& July	56	62
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan.	& July	94	98
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan.	& July	74	75
Nev.-Cal. Power, '27	6	Apr.	& Oct.	94	..
Nev.-Cal. Elec., '46	6	Jan.	& July	76	80
Newark Gas., '48	5	June	& Dec.	75	78
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan.	& July	73	80
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May	& Nov.	45	48
N. Or. R. & L. gen., '35	4½	Jan.	& July	40	53
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan.	& July	55	57
Niag., Lock. & O., '52	5	May	& Nov.	82	84
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan.	& July	86	..
Do ref., '32	6	Apr.	& Oct.	..	95
Nort. & Ports. Tr., '30	5	June	& Dec.	..	75
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May	& Nov.	..	85
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan.	& July	66	70
No. St. Pr. 1st & ref., '41	5	Apr.	& Oct.	77½	79½
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan.	& July	78	78
Nova S. Tram. 1st, '46	5	June	& Dec.	65	67
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb.	& Aug.	78	..
Do deb., 21	6	Jan.	& July	95¾	98
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr.	& Oct.	70	..
Pensacola Elec., '31	5	Feb.	& Aug.	..	65
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June	& Dec.	57	..
Do cons., '36	5	Jan.	& July	78	79½
Pub. Serv. (N. J.), '22	7	Mar.	& Sep.	87	90
Riverside Trac., '60	5	..	..	45	70
Rockf'd El. 1st & ref., '39	5	Mar.	& Sep.	80	88
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb.	& Aug.	75	77
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb.	& Aug.	78	84
Do 1st, '30	5	Feb.	& Aug.	82	86
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar.	& Sep.	70	80
St. J. R., L., H. & P., '37	5	May	& Nov.	..	90
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '41	4	May	& Dec.	70	75
Syracuse Gas, '49	5	June	& Dec.	70	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June	& Dec.	80	81
Tex. Pr. & L. 1st, '37	5	June	& Dec.	74½	77
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr.	& Oct.	60	65
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June	& Dec.	62	65
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar.	& Sep.	64	65
Do income, '49	4	June	& Dec.	47	49
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar.	& Sep.	79	81
Washington Gas, '60	5	May	& Nov.	76	79
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan.	& July	54	55
Wick. Sp. Steel, '35	7	Jan.	& July	..	90½

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Oct. 16, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ath. Gas & El. ($50)	3½	Q	Oct 1, 20	110	115
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Aug 2, 20	38	38½
Am. Power & Trac	12½	Q	Aug 2, 20	110	114
Do pf	1½	Q	Aug 2, 20	81	83
Am. Pow. & Light	1	Q	Sep 1, 20	46	50
Do pf	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	66	68
Am. W. Wks. & Elec	..	..	..	3	4
Do 1st pf	1¾	Q	Aug 15,20	50	52
Do participating pf	..	..	..	9	10
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Jun 1, 20	64	68
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Sep 30,20	93	..
Capital Traction	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	85¾	86½
Cities Service	10	M	Oct 1, 20	298	302
Do pf	1	M	Oct 1 20	65¾	66¼

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Oct. 16, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Do Bankers Shares	40%	c M	Oct 1, 20	34½	35¼
Do pf.	½	M	Oct 15, 20	7½	8¾
Colorado Power	1	Q	Jul 15, 20	10	12
Do pf	1½	Q	Sep 15,20	57	62
Columbus Elec. pf	3	S	Jul 2, 20	55	60
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	17	20
Do pf	1½	Q	Aug 1, 20	40	42
Conn. Power pf	1½	Q	Sep 1, 20	78	80
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 15, 20	30	40
East. Texas Elec. pf.	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	67	70
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Aug 1, 20	78	81
Elizabeth & Trenton	..	..	..	16	..
Do pf	..	..	..	18	..
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Sep 15,20	77	81
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	J. & D.	95	105
Federal Light & Trac	1	..	..	8	9
Do pf	1½	..	Sep 1, 15	44	45
Gal. & Hous. El. pf	3	S	Mar 15,20	62	65
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 2, 20	76	..
Miss. River Power pf	..	..	..	47½	50½
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	65	73
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf	1¾	Q	Oct 15, 20	97½	98½
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	..	10	14
Do pf	3	S	Jul 15, 20	44	48
Northern States Power	1¾	Q	Jan 20,18	34	37
Do pf	1¾	Q	Oct 20,20	78	80
Nor. Texas Elec. pf	3	S	Sep 1, 20	67	70
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf	1½	Q	Aug 16,20	78	80
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 18	7½	9½
Do pf	1½	..	Apr 15,20	27	32
Riverside Traction	..	..	..	10	..
Do pf	..	..	..	17	..
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Aug 15,20	84	85
Do 1st pf	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	91	95
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	J. & D.	85	93
Standard G. & E. ($50)	..	..	..	15	16
Do pf. ($50)	2	Q	Sep 15,20	35¼	36
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Aug 15,20	110	115
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	..	2	3
Do pf	..	..	..	5½	6
United Light & Rys.	1	..	..	25	27
Do 1st pf	..	..	Oct 1, 19	60	65
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	..	..	..	13	14
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Aug 1, 20	42	44
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	..	Sep 1, 19	18	..
Do pf.	1¾	..	Sep 1, 18

NO CHEAPER BUILDING MATERIAL IN SPRING

I. C. C. Order Puts Aside Last Hope of Prospective Builder for Lower Prices.

NIPS CONSTRUCTION IN BUD

Brick at $15 Wholesale Is Below Cost of Manufacture—Cement Production Cut.

Cheaper building materials in the Spring of 1921 has been reduced to a phantom hope by the action last week of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Vigorous protests have been lodged with the commission by cement manufacturers and other building material interests against an order that prohibits the use of certain types of cars in transporting building materials or conveying raw materials to building material manufacturing establishments. The effect upon the cement plants is to curtail production seriously, if indeed, it does not necessitate a shut down of many kilns because of the restricted supply of limestone, an important component of cement manufacture, which this order will entail.

A survey of manufacturing conditions pertaining to all the major commodities entering into the erection and equipment of buildings in this market has recently been made by The Dow Service Daily Building Reports. The results of this investigation have been appearing serially in the Sunday edition of THE NEW YORK TIMES and in no case have conditions been found that indicate anything but present-level prices or higher quotations in the Spring of next year.

The hope for present-level prices was based upon the supposition that the coal supply would be easier as the next building season approached its opening date, that there would be a continuation of improvement in transportation facilities afforded building material manufacturing plants, that there would develop circumstances of such a character as would encourage lending institutions to return to the building investment market and that credit conditions insuring against a return of the 1912 "shoestring builder days" would be supported. All these conditions would have insured stability of prices at present levels.

There was a fighting chance for such conditions to obtain up to the close of the first week in this month. First, there came the extremely unsettling Interstate Commerce Commission order effective midnight of Sunday, Oct. 10. At once the manufacturing schedules of the country's cement plants became disarranged again, although the stock of cement in all the United States in September was only one-half of what it was a year ago and only 40 per cent. of what it was two years ago.

Today it is actually half a million barrels less than it was thirty days ago, and under the new service order it is steadily declining. No one can now tell how far the supply will drop, but it is certain to continue its downward course just so long as this order remains in effect. Under such circumstances it is unwise to expect general lowering of prices.

Prior to the receipt of this order production of cement in the United States was on a basis that gave some hope for at least price stability. Production in September was 10 per cent. greater than the corresponding month a year ago and 45 per cent. greater than during 1918, when the war was at its height.

More than 17,000,000 barrels of cement were produced in nine months of 1920 than in the same nine months of both 1919 and 1918, and the shipments corresponded to the increased production, making a total of 20 per cent. over 1919 and 25 per cent. over 1918, all with the hope of bringing about a stabilized market as soon as possible.

As for the hope that financial interests would return to the building market again the State Legislature has effectually killed it for the remainder of this year at least. The budding construction movement that has been developing since last August has been effectually nipped by the Legislature's action in taking the proprietorship of the speculative home-builder away from him as soon as it throws property open to tenancy.

Within a few weeks the regular winter covering for storage charge will be applied to common brick. This extra cost always applies as soon as navigation closes on the Hudson River. Lumber prices at retail are still sagging lower, not because manufacturing costs are lower, but because the dealers in this vicinity are overstocked and desire to unload their heavy supplies. There is very little buying even at the new low price levels.

It is natural for the customer to desire to wait for still lower prices, but not if he waits until spring he will find prices much higher than they are today. This is also true of lime, plaster, cement, brick (both face and common, fire and hollow) metals and concrete ingredients. No basic building material, except brick and lumber and linseed oil have dropped in price, on the other hand more have actually advanced than have receded. More will move upward as the freight rates become effective on new purchases.

No one can tell into what condition of supply the new Interstate Commerce Commission order will force manufacturers in relation to demand, but if the order is long continued it is conservatively safe to assume that the margin between stable prices and stampede prices will be increasingly great as the margin between demand and supply becomes narrower.

BANKERS CONVENE TODAY.

Vice President Marshall to Welcome Association Delegates.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Bankers from all parts of the country meet here tomorrow for the opening of the forty-sixth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, which will continue through the week. The program calls for consideration of all questions of finance, ranging from problems of the country bankers to international relations. Cabinet officers as well as bankers of national prominence are to address the meetings, to be held morning, afternoon and night, some simultaneously, in three downtown hotels and a theatre. The program also calls for a daily round of entertainment arranged particularly for women visitors.

Vice President Marshall will deliver the address of welcome at the opening session of the convention proper on Tuesday. The annual address of President Richard S. Hawes, of the association, will follow. Secretary Meredith of the Agriculture Department will speak on "Banking and Agriculture," and John J. Pulleyn of New York will discuss "Transportation and Its Effect on Credit." Secretary Houston of the Treasury, with an address on "Government Finance," is to be the principal speaker Wednesday. Thursday's program calls for addresses by Joseph H. DeFrees, President of the United States Chamber of Commerce, on "Service Organizations," and Sol Wexler of New York on "Financing and Underwriting Big Business."

On Friday addresses will be made by H. W. Robinson of Los Angeles, on "Commodity Financing;" Oscar Wells of Birmingham, on "Federal Reserve Banks," and George Woodruff of Joliet, Ill., on "The Country Banker's Problems."

AUTO CLUE IN MURDER.

Bank Runner, Lured by Woman, Kidnapped and Robbed.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 17.—Requests were sent out today by the authorities of Camden and Burlington Counties for the arrest of three young men who were seen in a bright yellow automobile last Friday on suspicion of having been concerned in the murder of David S. Paul, messenger of the Broadway Trust Company, of Camden, whose body was found Saturday in a secluded spot near Irick's crossing between Tabernacle and Chatsworth. The three men in the yellow automobile were seen in the vicinity last Friday. It is the theory of the New Jersey authorities that Paul was killed elsewhere and that the men in the automobile had Paul's body in the tonneau and were seeking an out of the way place in which to bury it.

Paul disappeared on Oct. 5, after he had received $10,000 in cash and $12,500 in checks to take to a Philadelphia bank. No money was found on his body, which was buried under less than a foot of earth, but all the checks were found in a pocket of his coat. Paul's watch, his gold ring and gold cuff links were also found on his body.

An autopsy today showed that Paul's death was caused by a compound fracture of the skull and that he had been killed not more than twenty-four hours before the body was discovered.

It is the theory of the Camden police that Paul was probably kidnapped, robbed and murdered. Much of their work today was centered upon a search for a clue as to where he might have been concealed between his disappearance and last Friday. The driver of the automobile, in which the police believe Paul's body was brought to the place of its interment, was apparently well acquainted with the section.

Detective Ira Parker, of Burlington County, said he believed that Paul may have been lured to his death by a woman, who he believes met him at the ferry house in Philadelphia and enticed him to a house where he was kept a prisoner, and killed after he had threatened to reveal what he knew.

DISAPPEARS FROM A LINER.

General Alarm Sent Out for Aid in Search for Aged Woman.

The Bureau of Missing Persons yesterday sent out a general alarm for aid in the search for Mrs. Elizabeth Casazza, 78 years old, of 1,534 Horton Place, Far Rockaway, who disappeared Saturday afternoon after boarding the steamship Dante Alighieri, on which she was to have returned to Italy with her two sons, Andrew and Louis Casazza, automobile dealers at Far Rockaway. No trace of the missing woman had been found last night.

Mrs. Casazza was last seen at 3:30 o'clock standing at the vessel's rail. The liner sailed at 9 P. M. The theory advanced at the office of the Bureau of Missing Persons is that the woman jumped or fell overboard, but the family believes she came ashore.

Mrs. Casazza is described as being about 5 feet 6 inches tall, weight about 130 pounds, gray hair and brown eyes, and wore a brown striped waist, blue serge skirt, a black lace shawl and black stockings and shoes.

NEGRO IS SLAIN IN FIGHT.

His Negro Landlord Is Held, After Chase, for the Crime.

John E. Shaw, 45 years old, a negro laborer, boarder in the apartment occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, both negroes, on the fourth floor of 308 West 119th Street, was slain in the hallway outside the apartment yesterday. His throat was slashed with a razor. Smith, who was chased to a house on 119th Street near Manhattan Avenue, and captured under a bed, was charged with the homicide by Detectives Thomas Lynch and Richard Birmingham, who arrested him. The slaying followed a fight between the two negroes.

According to the police, Smith, who works nights, came home yesterday and had a row with Shaw. Smith left the house but returned later with a razor and the two men began fighting, struggling out into the hallway. Patrolman William Barry, of the West 125th Street station, was called. As he reached the hallway Shaw fell to the floor his jugular vein severed. Barry grappled with Smith but the latter broke away after slashing Barry's hand. Dr. Foster, of the Knickerbocker Hospital, was summoned but when he arrived Shaw was dead.

N. Y. U. TO HONOR FOUNDERS.

Exercises on Campus Today Will Commemorate Its Establishment.

New York University will today observe Founders' Day, with exercises at University Heights arranged by Professor Henry Cook Hathaway, the university's Director of Public Occasions.

New York University resulted from a movement begun soon after the war of 1812, by which obtained for the university a charter in 1831. Among those interested in this movement were Albert Gallatin, Morgan Lewis, James Tallmadge, Ernest and John Delafield, George Griswold, Stephen Whitney, Myndert Van Schaick, Valentine Mott and Archibald Maclay.

The university is now raising a fund of $6,450,000 for the general endowment of all its colleges and to increase the salaries of its instructors. About $1,000,000 has already been subscribed.

Ask Funds to Preserve Poe Cottage.

An appeal for funds to preserve and maintain the Edgar Allan Poe Cottage in Fordham was issued yesterday by Mrs. Charles D. Dickey, chairman of the Poe Cottage Committee of the Bronx Society of Arts and History. Mrs. Dickey said the Poe cottage, which is located in the little city park on Kingsbridge Road and Grand Concourse, was in need of repair and several thousand dollars must be raised at once to yield an adequate yearly income for maintenance. The Columbia Trust Company branch at Third Avenue and East 184th Street has been appointed to receive contributions.

Children Thank Nathan Straus.

For his gift of milk laboratories to the city, Nathan Straus and his son, Nathan Straus, Jr., received the thanks of 200 school children yesterday afternoon. The boys and girls gathered at Public School No. 27, on East Forty-second Street, and greeted the Strauses with cheers as they stepped to the platform. There was a musical and dancing program, furnished by the children. Senator Abraham Kaplan had charge of the affair.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Hyman Rosofsky & Jacob Nass, co-partners, trading as ROSOFSKY & NASS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, October 18, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 151 West 25th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt consisting of machinery, trimmings, fixtures, &c. MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of NATHAN MORRIS, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells, Monday, October 25, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3,437 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of shoes and fixtures, etc.

MORRIS LONDON, Receiver.

I. S. SCHLESINGER, Attorney for Receiver and Petitioning Creditors, 220 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALEXANDER KARFUNKEL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, October 25, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 60 East 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silks, machinery, fixtures, &c.

VINCENT FOLLMAR, Receiver.

ROSS & KAUFMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 256 Broadway, New York.

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Riverdale

The choicest "suburban" home community in NEW YORK CITY. Located west of Broadway, near Van Cortlandt Park, Bronx, on a high ridge within easy access of downtown Manhattan.

98 Residential Sites

BRONX, NEW YORK CITY

will be sold at

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Under the Will of Oliver Harriman, Dec'd.

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HOW TO REACH PROPERTY—Take Interborough Subway to Broadway and 242d St. (Van Cortlandt Park). Take trolley to Mosholu Parkway, walk west 2 blocks. From Yonkers take Broadway trolley at Getty Square and get off at Mosholu Parkway, walk west 2 blocks.

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Essex Bldg. Newark Market 6500 — Times Bldg. New York Bryant 192

NEW—20,000 sq ft.—Greenpoint—All on one floor; concrete building; excellent labor market; fine shipping conditions. Lease.

NEW—80,000 sq. ft.—Newark Suburb. One story brick with 3½ acres land; railroad siding; power plant; best labor market; suitable machine shop, chemical plant, tannery; high ceilings.

NEW—130,000 sq. ft.—Newark—Fireproof; concrete; very latest type construction; 58,000 sq. ft.; mill construction; power plant; additional land for development.

NEW—185,000 sq. ft.—Manhattan mid-town. Heavy carrying capacity; power plant; 85,000 sq. ft. brick, steel and concrete 8 story building; 100,000 sq. ft.; 4 story mill constructed building. One of the finest and most complete industrial properties today offered on Manhattan Island.

NEW—65,000 sq. ft.—Buffalo—1, 2 and 5 story fireproof building; power plant; railroad siding; suitable any manufacturing.

NEW—50,000 sq. ft.—Central New Jersey—3 one story brick and concrete buildings. R. R. siding; excellent labor conditions.

NEW—60,000 sq. ft.—Brooklyn—Steel and concrete 6 story and basement; 100% sprinklered; perfect slight; near trolley and subways; 250 lbs. carrying weight. Purchase easy terms or lease.

NEW—1,000,000 sq. ft. New York State—Modern industrial plant; suitable any large industry; 70 acres land; numerous railroad sidings; central location for labor and shipping.

NEW—Machine Making Industry near New York—making standard small lathes. Main building 400x100; office, outbuildings, power house, 7½ acres land. Railroad siding; opportunity to get high class going business.

NEW—120,000 sq. ft.—Brooklyn—Reinforced concrete building—heavy construction; 6 stories; passenger and freight elevators; 3-blocks from subway.

NEW—52,000 sq. ft.—Brooklyn—5 story reinforced concrete—200 lbs. carrying capacity; sprinklered; perfect light; driveway and loading platform under cover; excellent labor district. Purchase or rental basis.

NEW—10,000 sq. ft.—Long Island City—1 story brick; steam heat; rent or sell.

NEW—36,000 sq. ft.—Brooklyn—2 story and basement brick building; corner; near freight terminal; excellent labor conditions; every up-to-date requisite for manufacturing purposes; provision for two additional stories.

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equipped with modern fire escapes and fireproof stairway.

Elevator, heat and power plant.

Possession of entire Building Feb. 1, 1921

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To Close an Estate

A three story and basement brick building near Fifth Avenue, below 23rd Street.

Possession February 1st, 1921

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN MACHINERY SYNDICATE, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells, Monday, October 25, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:00 A. M., at 39th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, desks, chairs, small safes, large steel safe, also a 7 passenger Cadillac touring car, 1919 model.

JULIAN HARTRIDGE, Receiver.

DWIGHT W. DE MOTTE, Attorney for Receiver, 80 Church Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN PETTICOAT CO. INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, October 18, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 425 East Houston Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of petticoats, bloomers, piece goods, machinery, fixtures, &c. MAX CEDERBAUM, Receiver.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 49 Chambers Street, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Wednesday, October 27, same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID ELHERN, doing business as THE WEST END FURNISHING CO. Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, October 18, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 601 Columbus Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' and men's furnishings, fixtures, &c.

JOSEPH KRINSKY, Attorney for petitioning creditors, 220 Broadway, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.

5-Story American Basement Dwelling.

17 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. For particulars apply to

CLARK T. CHAMBERS, 253 5th Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7520.

Garage—Service Station Sale or Lease

Three story reinforced concrete; 52,500 sq. ft., running from 55th to 56th St.; erect to suit.

George Dose Engineering Co., Inc., 42 West 27th St. Or Your Broker.

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Beautiful location, overlooking Colonial Park, between 145th and 146th Sts.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION. DIRECT OR THROUGH BROKER.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE TWO PIERS

One Foot 39th St., Brooklyn.
One Foot 52d St., Brooklyn.
For Terms and Particulars
Apply James F. McLaughlin, 16 Court St., Brooklyn. Tel. Main 662.

BIGGEST BARGAIN; BROOKLYN.

Immediate possession. Come and convince yourself. 7-room 2-family houses at East 3rd Street and Avenue O. All modern improvements. We offer these to the public at reduced prices. Take Culver Line, stop at Avenue P. Houses 2 blocks from station. Inquire on premises or 147 East 116th Street, New York. Telephone Harlem 6010. Sugarman & Landsman, Builders.

Great House Bargain

$8,900 buys beautiful $10,000 house, large plot, wide boulevard, near station; half hour Manhattan; steam heat, electric light, parquetry, tiled bath; $2,000 cash, balance $50 monthly; garage space; save brokerage.

Phone Owner, Hollis 6515

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

STOP PAYING RENT

Special Bargain

7 room Colonial house, 7-8 oak floors throughout; all modern improvements, tile kitchen and bath; streets fully improved. Price $11,750, $2,000 cash, balance like rent.

OPERATORS ASSOCIATES, INC., Parsons Ave. & Hyacinth Place, FLUSHING.

ARTIST'S (Year Round) VILLA

18 minutes from Penn. Terminal, minute's walk from station; beautiful ten-room and garage, marble stucco art villa. Hardwood finish. Open fireplaces; glass-inclosed porches. Every known improvement. Hot-water heating; gas, electricity, sewer; located on hill of Broadway-Flushing section (restricted). For appointment phone Owner (after 11), Columbus 9381.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW ROCHELLE

Beautiful home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, gas, electricity; every improvement; large living room, fireplace, sleeping porch, large plot. Restricted and convenient location.

See this today.

Price reduced for quick sale.

Doering & Kistinger Established 1900. Tel. 468. 45 North Ave., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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GARDEN CITY'S BOULEVARD SECTION

THE BIGGEST VALUES
THE BEST BUILT HOMES

IN QUALITY OF CONSTRUCTION AND COMPLETENESS OF EQUIPMENT WITHIN EASY COMMUTING DISTANCE OF NEW YORK.

BUILT AS YOU WOULD BUILD FOR YOURSELF, OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP THAT MONEY CAN BUY. 6 AND 9 ROOMS, WITH 2 AND 3 BATHS, $10,500 TO $13,500. $2,000 BELOW REPRODUCTION COST. TERMS $3,000 CASH; 5 YEARS TO PAY OFF 2ND MORTGAGE. 25 MINUTES FROM PENNSYLVANIA STATION AND BROOKLYN BY ELECTRIC EXPRESS.

EDGEWORTH SMITH, INC. West 34th St. Fits Roy 5260. Nassau Boulevard Sta. Garden City 1154.

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BRICK YARD

On Hudson River

Special Opportunity

For Builders and Dealers.

For sale at Haverstraw, New York, capacity ten million. Can be increased. 500 foot dock, abundance clay and sand.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Any reasonable offer considered. A 215 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFT TO LET

116-118-120 East 27th St.

From February 1, 1921

66 FEET - 8 IN. FRONT

12th Floor—Light on four sides—Skylights—Fireproof—3 Elevators—Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements. Suitable for office space.

For full particulars inquire of A. L. Mordecai & Son 30 East 42nd Street Or your own broker.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PRICE CUT TO $6,925

Easy Terms.

COLONIAL HOME

6 ROOMS. Tiled Bath. Plot 100x136 ft.

EASY COMMUTATION TO NEW YORK. Permanent home, everything modern; electric light, steam heat, parquet floors, beautifully decorated inside and out. Select neighborhood. Water sports, golf, country club, schools, churches, markets. Send for photo. Fine living room, with huge open fireplace. You can buy this charming place with a little cash down and less money than you will waste in rent next year. Investigate. M. C. DOBSON, Suite 1312, 170 Broadway, N. Y. C. Tel. 1522 Cort.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE

Immediate sacrifice of $150,000 place Less than 50 per cent.

45 minutes by motor from Grand Central. Owner, James. Murray Hill 4635.

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FOR RENT

One Wall Street

Entire Office Floors

Light on 4 Sides For May 1 Occupancy

Hooven Building

117-119 West 46th Street

Single Offices and Entire Floors

57, 59 E. 11th St.

Adjacent to Broadway

Lofts for Manufacturing and Sales Rooms

Lexington Ave.

N. E. Corner 50th St.

Large Store.

In the Heart of Grand Central Zone

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY TO

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Telephone Vanderbilt 1795

The co-operation of reciprocating brokers invited, to whom every protection will be accorded.

RESTAURANT FOR LEASE

25 x 100

118 Park Row

Bethlehem Engineering Corp., Vanderbilt 3157. 527 Fifth Av.

100,000 FEET

Factory Space to Lease IN PENN SECTION.

Light on 4 Sides, Sprinkled and Heavily Constructed.

POSSESSION MAY, 1921

GREENSTEIN, 206 W. 29. Watkins 9316.

OFFICES FOR RENT

Circle Studio Bldg.
5 Columbus Circle
Osborne Building
205 West 57th Street
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

Agents on premises.

Above 14th St. to 80th St. (Inclusive). East River to North River.

19-21 W. 57th St.

New Building, Ready for Occupancy Oct. 1st. Stores and Floors TO LEASE

Apply on premises or THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN 2 Rector St. Rector 1988.

Stores for Rent

One on 42d St., bet. 5th & 6th Avs.
Two on Times Square
One on Columbus Circle
Several on 57th St.

WALTER J. SALMON, 17 West 42d St. Tel. 47 Vanderbilt.

TO LET.

Office space on top floor of new building one block from City Hall; contains about 700 square feet; provided with skylight, private washroom and shower; most desirable space for concern needing unusually good light. Communicate Box T 994 Times Downtown.

20 BROAD ST.

1,500 Feet. 7 Rooms.

Chester D. Clark, Sole Agent, 42 Broadway. Broad 5066.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Euclid Hall

2345 BROADWAY

Between 85th and 86th Sts.

8 and 9 Room Apartments to let.

Immediate Possession.

Apply to Superintendent on premises.

To Lease
6 and 7 Rooms
Elevator Apartment—Modern
Immediate Possession.

6 Rooms	Corner Apt.,	$160.00
7 Rooms	Apt., all southern exposure.	$175.00

Apply Superintendent, 600 W. 136th.

Unfurnished—East Side.

31 East 60th St.

NEW HOUSE

APARTMENTS OF

Two large, light rooms with bath and foyer

Three Large Closets,

Day and Night Elevator Service.

Maid Service.

Restaurant Service.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY

Apply 667 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 3584.

SUBLET

667 Madison Ave.

S. E. Corner 61st St.

APARTMENT

12 Rooms—3 Baths

All Outside Rooms

Immediate Possession

Inquire S. HABERMAN Telephone Plaza 3524

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

of 7 rooms, beautifully located, at 19 E. 95th Street, near 5th Avenue. Rent $85 a month—fair, equitable, 100% co-operative plan. Cash payment required $2,040, which gives a substantial ownership interest in this $200,000 property. Apply at once, WILLIAM CRUIKSHANK'S SONS, 85 Liberty St., Singer Bldg. Phone Cortlandt 5194.

1070 Madison Ave.

COR. 81st ST.

RESIDENTIAL SUITE

8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS

Extra Bath or Maid's Room Optional.

EIGHT STORY FIREPROOF

Rentals, $4,000

INQUIRE ON PREMISES OR ARTHUR E. MARSH, 103 Park Av. Murray Hill 4185.

1229 PARK AVE.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.

High-class elevator apartment.

7 rooms, 2 baths.

Apply Superintendent or A. BRANDTSEIN, 135 East 113th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

WE HAVE thousands feet used ¾-inch beaded ceiling boards; best material for erecting partitions, lining attics, cellars, garages; this material is bright, clean; $5.50 per 100 square feet; easily applied; great fuel saver; adds greatly to appearance. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314.

FIVE PAIRS of extra heavy garage doors, suitable for large truck garage, equipped with heavy hinges and lined with galvanized iron; $42.50 pair. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314. Open Sundays for inspection from 11 to 5.

FOR SALE—Thousands of fine storm sash, 34 inches wide by 33 inches high; six panes glass in each frame; $2 each, 25c. additional charge for delivery; send draft or money order. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314. Open for inspection Sundays from 11 to 5.

1,000 ROLLS used heavy slate surfaced asphalt roofing; excellent condition; less than half cost of new; $2 per roll of 108 square feet. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314.

USED PLASTER BOARD, fine condition, 5½c. per square yard; special price for deliveries in large quantities. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314.

FOR SALE, 25 refrigerator doors, various sizes; excellent condition, with hardware attached; half cost of new. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314.

LARGE AMOUNT of counters and shelving at bargain prices. Lewis Wrecking Co., Pelham Bay Naval Station. Phone Westchester 1313-1314.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

$5,000 cash buys 4-story and basement, 12-room, 5-bath private dwelling, suitable for rooming house; in lower 60s, near Central Park; house equipped with electricity; price $28,000.

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Broadway and 86th St. 1100 Schuyler.

$10,000 CASH.

Modern new-law, 5-story; 5-year mortgage; price $52,000; rent $8,000. Hawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

EAST 61TH STREET

Near Fifth Av.—Four-story house, modern; 22 feet, immediate; 14 rooms. George Comfort Co., 480 Fifth Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 813—Five-story dwelling, 100-foot lot; long term; $5,000 net. Fraser Plaza 2976.

READY to move in, 558 West 161st, two-family house, electricity, all improvements, $15,500. Telephone Audubon 4128.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

CORNER 4-story brick, 8 stories, 8 apartments, all leased to new tenants; building completely rebuilt and remodeled; electricity, bath, steam and parquet, etc.; actual results over $9,000, net over $5,000; $10,000 cash. A. M., Box 888 Times Downtown.

Up on the Job—5-story apartment House; good location in the Bronx, making a profit of $5,000; must be seen to be appreciated. Address or call, 4th floor, 225 West 86th St., New York City.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NEAR SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

One-family house, seven rooms and bath, hot air heating, new mantels, new modern white enamel gas range, dry cellar, front and back porch, screens; chickenhouses, abundantly producing grape vines and peach trees; garden, front lawn, hedge; a home for family of moderate means; forty minutes Times Square, twenty minutes downtown Brooklyn, ten minutes' walk to ocean; the first house in row of ten frame one-family houses; this house is bounded east, north, west by acres of open green fields; it faces and stands one block east of Ocean Parkway, overlooking city property; permanent open view assured; lots of fresh air and sunshine; ideal for a growing, healthy family; $6,900, $2,500 cash. For appointment telephone Coney Island 2246, or write J. H. T., 2,522 East 6th St., Brooklyn.

THREE BROOKLYN BARGAINS.

One family det., frame, vacant, $13,500; one family, det., vacant, $9,750; two family det., stucco, vacant, $13,000. These are absolute bargains, best section of Flatbush; pre-war prices and worth considering if you are contemplating buying a home. Allyn S. Crumm, 1,490 Flatbush Av. Phone Mansfield 3082.

FOR SALE—Seven-room brick house, all modern improvements, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn; steam heat, electric light, large tiled kitchen with sanitary floor, tiled bath, glass sun parlor, laundry in basement, dry cellar, instantaneous water heater, garage; reasonable. Call Mr. Curtis, South 7180.

1,410 EAST 22D ST., Flatbush—One-family detached modern brick and frame; 6 rooms, 2 baths, fireplace, sun parlor, porch, garage; newly decorated; plot 40x100; asking price $13,500. Phone Allen, Riverside 1788. No brokers.

EXCEPTIONAL bargain, 2 modern brick buildings, 6 story, 23,000 sq. ft.; 4 story, 13,000 sq. ft., on plot 100x100, for any manufacturing or storage. 129 Patchen Av., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BUILDER'S OPPORTUNITY.

Great bargain, 100 to 400 best building lots in Queens Borough, right at subway express station; 15 minutes from Grand Central Station; also 15 minutes from 5th Av. and 90th St., Manhattan, by B. R. T. subway; immediately adjoining a $2,000,000 development of handsome one-family houses; house are sold and occupied; also adjoining a $1,000,000 city park; all streets paved and improved. Address Owner, Box 49, Long Island City.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WHITE PLAINS.

Owner going to California obliged to sell quickly, a quaint stucco cottage, 7 rooms, bath, large open fireplace, every improvement; plot 60x104; very choice neighborhood; asking $14,000.

WILLIAM E. MORRELL, INC., Owner's Agents, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 904.

READY TO MOVE IN.

New Colonial house, garage, 3 tiled bathrooms, with showers, extra toilet, all improvements; plot, 90x106; price $20,000; will take back mortgages; very little cash needed; will rent on long lease at $2,100 per year.

G. R. SCHULZE, Mohegan Heights, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

If you want to locate in Westchester County I can find you the house at the price you want to pay. Let me know your requirements. Clarence G. Martens, 1,416 Broadway (39th). Tels. Bryant 9191 and 4476.

BRONXVILLE—Handsome new brick residence, 100x150; supreme location; nine rooms, three baths, porches, garage; absolutely modern; great bargain if sold direct. K 477 Times.

WILL sacrifice beautiful house; plot 150 by 105; 16 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, porch; tennis court; price $35,000; easy terms. J. 130 Times.

NEW six-room cottage, gas, electricity; 1 blocks station, school, trolley; mortgage $7,000, cash $3,000; reasonable terms; 18-room house, $15,000. R. Mulligan, Yonkers.

MT. VERNON; house, 9 rooms and bath; electric light; hot water heat; will be reasonable; no agents. Write for particulars owner, Lurch, 127 East 23d.

HOMES of the better class; Mt. Vernon and vicinity. L. T. Carroll, broker, 6 North Second Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. 274.

CHESTER HILL, Mt. Vernon—7-room house 50x100; price $11,500; cash $3,500. Phone in evening Mt. Vernon 961-J.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT from Oct. 15, 1920, to May 15, 1920, or all the year round, a beautiful house, front Atlantic Ocean, 9 rooms, 2 baths and shower bath; all modern improvements; high-class furnishings; garden; garage for two machines and room for chauffeur; well refined neighborhood, at 6 Huron St., Beach 43d St., Neponsit, L. I.; 35 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. Inquire Sterling 9767, 506 West Broadway, New York City.

HOME BARGAIN—COAL IN.

Seven rooms, parquet floors, open fireplace, built-in bookcases, wardrobe closets, bath and kitchen, Colonial style piazza, inclosed porch, sun parlor, all improvements; restricted neighborhood, 28 minutes out, near station; price $11,000; terms reasonable; no agents. Owner, Room 886, 1,400 Broadway. Fitzroy 4048.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Uniquely attractive modern English house; artistically furnished; oak-panel living room, six bedrooms, 3 open fireplaces, maximum sunlight; five minutes from station; promptly available; season rental, $2,700; telephone Owner, Boulevard 6459.

FAMILY disagreements compel me to sell fine 8-room semi-bungalow, best construction, modern improvements, large closets, window seats, semi-enclosed concrete porch; southern exposure; one minute from station; convenient commuting; $2,000 cash; terms. T. C., 112 Times.

BEAUTIFUL California bungalow, 5 rooms and bath; open fireplace, steam heat, electricity, a beautiful interior decorations; plot 100x100; southern exposure; garage; 5 minutes' walk from electric station; easy commuting; $9,200, terms. D. C., 158 Times.

OUR listings of available homes and estates at Great Neck, Douglaston and Bay Side are very complete. Let us know your requirements.

L. P. McKNIGHT, 22 EAST 33D. 6340 MURRAY HILL.; 406 GREAT NECK.

TYPICAL bungalow, 2 minutes from station, 40 minutes from Broadway; 6 rooms, tiled bath, beamed ceiling, modern improvements; 3 lots; excellent location; bargain; $9,200, terms. W. H. L., 123 Times.

FOR RENT, unfurnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 2 porches; fine grounds; 5 minutes from station; $350 monthly. Owner, 30 Olive Place, Forest Hills Gardens, L. I. Boulevard 6811W.

FOR SALE—Forest Hills Gardens; high-grade residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; beautiful grounds; $45,000, direct to buyer; good terms. Room 704, 115 Broadway.

FLUSHING—Houses for immediate occupancy, 1 and 2 baths; $7,750 to $25,000. Alexander J. Kerwin, 265 West 81st St., New York. Phone Circle 6642.

DOUGLASTON—Seven rooms, three baths; two-car garage, bedroom and bath; one acre waterfront; for sale at sacrifice. Telephone 29 B

TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

FACTORIES FOR RENT, 45,000 sq. ft.; floors 5,000 or 9,000 ft.; all or separate; modern buildings; sprinklered; elevator, electricity, heat; Bradley Buildings, 11th St. and Vernon Av., Long Island City; 5 minutes from Grand Central Station; 2 blocks from all subways; five-cent fare; principals only. Address A. J. BRADLEY, owner, 101 Beekman St., New York. Telephone 3501 Beekman.

OFFICES FOR RENT.
Grand Central district; 233 sq. ft., 574 sq. ft., 1,000 sq. ft., 1,381 sq. ft., 1,475 sq. ft., 1,500 sq. ft.
CHERMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC.,
Specialists in the 42d St. District.
60 East 42d St., N. Y. Murray Hill 7200.

WAREHOUSE,
90,000 square feet, on long term lease, vicinity West St., at the exceptionally low rate of 3½ cents a square foot net; running through from street to street; large ground floor area; immediate possession. W 905 Times Downtown.

11,000 SQUARE FEET OF SPRINKLERED FACTORY SPACE AT 439-434 EAST 136TH ST. WILL DIVIDE; SUITABLE WOODWORKING. WM. P. YOUNGS, & BROS., 26TH ST. AND 1ST AV. TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 3710.

OFFICES TO LET.
Desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly painted; very attractive; immediate possession; in heart of city. Inquire Supt., 130 Manhattan St., corner Broadway. Phone 9064 Morningside.

STORE AND LOFTS SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, LIGHT MANUFACTURING; MODERN ELEVATOR BUILDING; 1,200 TO 2,400 SQ. FT. UNITS; REASONABLE; INSPECTION INVITED. 668-688 LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 55TH ST.

OFFICE space, about 460 square feet, in exclusive Burrell Bldg., 171 Madison Av.; outside location; immediate possession. Apply superintendent on premises, or phone Mr. Wilchins, Fitzroy 5060.

11,000 SQUARE FEET,
suitable for machine shop (now equipped with modern machinery), paintshop, storage, &c.; absolutely fireproof building; reasonable rental. Apply Manager, Biltmore Garage, 306 East 47th St.

FOR RENT—Immediate possession, store and basement, 348 West 26th St., 68x100; capacity 200 pounds; top loft, also 2d loft, 21 White St., 50x100; 5th floor, 25x100. 128 Bleecker St. Phone owner, Longacre 2720.

29 UNION SQUARE WEST (Broadway and 17th St.)—To sublet, space, 544 square feet (32x17); suitable for offices or display rooms; exceptionally light; $120 per month. Inquire Gastman, 5th floor.

FINE light offices, corner 35d St. and Madison Av.; owner would lease for period of years following six months' subletting. Write or call Room 603, 171 Madison Av., New York.

PRIVATE FURNISHED office, $30 monthly; deskroom, $20; telephone switchboard; excellent service; best proposition in New York. Call Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone 246 Worth.

LOFT, 80x200, third floor 637-641 West 43d St.; elevator; light on all sides; A. C. and D. C. currents, sprinkler system. For full particulars write or phone Mr. Allen, 607 West 43d St. Phone Chelsea 298.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 438.

BROADWAY and Thomas St.—Full equipped, light office, 336 square feet; telephone and lease for sale; immediate possession. T 619 Times Downtown.

LEASE—Three-story building, stable, woodwork plant occupying first, for sale; centrally located. Particulars write or phone Paul Marks, 703 B'way, Stuyvesant 2510.

OFFICES, 727 7th Av., block above Times Square; $900 to $1,800; electric light, heat, elevator and janitor service included. Oatman, 1,556 Broadway.

TOP LOFT—Exceptional light, 2,000 feet, heat and elevator; modern building; immediate possession. 144 West 18th St. Phone Watkins 5665.

WILL sublet office 1,138 Broadway; 350 sq. ft.; two windows facing Broadway; every convenience; $120 month. Call Halle, Room 920, 1,133 Broadway.

STORE or building; long-term lease; 34th, near 8th Av.; require year's security; $15,000; principals only. Address "Opportunity," Box 105, Station F., Manhattan.

SPACE in large office, suitable for dealer in samples or small jobbing business; partitioned; reasonable. 1,204 Broadway, Room 400.

BUILDING, with private garage, suitable for any business, with excellent living quarters; immediate possession. 1,034 Lexington Av., Manhattan.

SUBLET, 1,140 Broadway, corner 26th St., 7th floor; about 4,000 square feet, all or in sections of 1,200-1,000, 950-755; no manufacturing; apply on premises.

LOFT TO LET—1,200 sq. ft., cor. of 28th St. and 4th Av.; Holmes protection; suitable for office or manufacturing; low rent. 29 East 28th St., first floor.

26TH ST. AND 6TH AV.—Part of office, stock and showroom or deskroom; freight and passenger elevators. Telephone Longacre 4290.

PRIVATE office completely furnished; light, airy. Apply Room 1110, 1,270 B'way.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

$60,000—GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE, 30-room house, furnished; 7 acres; can be purchased for half value; Plainfield, N. J. W. C. REEVES & CO., 17 Madison Av., N. Y.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Will sell, rent, newly renovated modern home; eleven rooms, two baths; spacious grounds; residential section; immediate possession; reasonable. Phone owner, Bryant 4958.

WESTFIELD—Eight-room house, all improvements; 10 minutes station; rent $95; estate religion; credentials essential. "Rent-er," care P. O., Westfield, N. J. No garage.

FOR RENT, furnished, six months or longer, beautiful home; $350 per month. Telephone Orange 253 or write 62 Walker Rd., West Orange, New Jersey.

ASTONISHING bargain; modern stucco bungalow; 7 rooms (50x100); $6,500; worth $8,000; terms. Kist, Station Square, Lyndhurst, N. J.

BEAUTIFUL suburban stucco house, twelve rooms; all modern improvements; very large plot; immediate occupancy; sacrifice sale. 1 Vilnes, Fanwood, N. J.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—Houses to suit your needs. D. F. Updike, Depot Av., Plainfield.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

BERKSHIRE HILLS—Bungalow, adapted to permanent residence; electricity; modern plumbing; 135 acres, suitable for farm; fine views; bargain to close estate; photographs. E. G. TENNEY, Atty., Williamstown, Mass.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

PICTURESQUE ESTATE, Berkshire Hills; bargain, quick sale. R. N. Hall, Copake Falls, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

I have buyers for private dwellings and apartments in the better sections of Manhattan. Send me details of your property today. Clarence G. Martens, 1416 B'way (39th St.). Tels. Bryant 6191 and 4476.

PHYSICIAN wants small house to lease or possibly buy if requirements moderate, west, between 82d and 86th. Doctor, Box 106, Station F, Manhattan.

OUR clients want dwellings in Greenwich Village and Washington Square sections. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 20 Grove St. Spring 5618.

TWO adjoining dwellings, west side; each must have at least 25 feet frontage; brokers co-operation invited; state detailed particulars. Meltzer & Co., 77 5th Av.

CAMP SITE—Wanted, camp site or complete camp outfit in mountains, with lake. Address K 968 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE for equity in well paying business property in Manhattan or Brooklyn, high-grade residence in Forest Hills Gardens; ten rooms, three baths; five minutes' walk from station. Address Owner, 243 West 4th St., New York.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

POULTRY FARM, electrically lighted; 1,000 hens; 6-room bungalow; main road; good markets. E. Bigelow, Belmar, N. J.

ALL size farms, located in the potato belt. CLIFFORD G. BROWN, Cranbury Station Middlesex Co., N. J.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia Farm List. Dept. 94, Emporia, Va.

FACTORIES.

NEWARK, N. J.,
18,000 sq. ft. on ground floor; new building; Central Av. and Lock St., 5 minutes to Hudson and Manhattan tubes; 100 per cent. light; A1 labor market; steam heat furnished; long-term lease; reasonable rental. FEIBLEMAN & CO.,
738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

JERSEY CITY, N. J.
Immediate possession, 55,000 sq. ft., four-story building; brand new; Central R. R. siding; automobile loading platform; every modern improvement.
FEIBLEMAN & CO.,
738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SHOWROOMS AND OFFICES TO LET, AT 25 AND 27 WEST 30TH ST. INQUIRE S. SIMON, 23 WEST 26TH ST. TELEPHONE FITZROY 2281.

FOR SALE or to lease, 18 machine plant, showroom and stock-room; reasonable rent, with a four-year lease; immediate possession. Apply 138 West 17th St., N. Y. C., 5th floor.

VERY DESIRABLE loft, one flight up, with magnificent show window. 22 West 57th St. Inquire on premises, or your own broker.

STUDIO, West 72d; 2, 3 afternoons weekly, to vocal piano teacher; Steinway Grand; references required. G 46 Times.

STUDIO—Beautiful, centre of city; one door from 5th Av.; part time; answer immediately. Lenox 7725.

SMALL private office for rent, in Wall St. district, with or without telephone and stenographic services. Phone John 1304.

AT 57 PARK ROW—Office and desk room; stenographic and telephone service. 503 World Bldg.

7 WEST 42D ST.—Parlor floor, with show cases at street entrance; $6,000 for 3,000 square feet. Apply Brett & Goode, 582 6th Av.

DESK, downtown, with telephone service; attractive, well-furnished office. Room 216, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

LOFT TO LET—Light, power and elevator service. Mosahan Express Co. (Realty Dept.), 221-3-5 West 17th.

OFFICE for rent, 18x9; one window facing Broadway; reasonable rent. Apply Jacob Gash, 320 Fulton Av., New York City.

TOP FLOOR—5,000 square feet; large freight elevator; immediate possession. 512 W. 52d St.

FOR RENT—Wall St. office space with telephone. Write Saul, Room 201, 120 Liberty St., Annex, New York.

DESK ROOM in handsomely furnished suite; telephone, stenographic service. Steingut, 1,393 B'way.

LARGE AND SMALL FLOORS. NEAR TERMINAL; REASONABLE. SILVER, 153 EAST 42D (STORE).

LIGHT OFFICE, about 430 square feet, modern building, Broadway and Leonard St.; rent $1,500 per year. Tel. Franklin 1854.

FINE light offices corner 7th Av. and 48th St., furnished or unfurnished; telephone service. Call 719 7th Av.

DESKROOM, including desk, with stenographic and telephone service, in newly furnished office. Room 209, 200 5th Av.

DESK ROOM, furnished, in front office; telephone service, every convenience. 45 West 34th St., Suite 1200.

OFFICE, all improvements; long lease. Apply Room 508, 286 5th Av.

29TH, 3 WEST—Beautiful private office, 11x15. Goldenberg. Longacre 2418.

STUDIO—Desirable, central location; sublet evenings; answer immediately. Lenox 7725.

SPLENDIDLY located office; excellent light; reasonable rent. 110 West 40th, Suite 803.

37TH, 42 WEST—Stores and parlor floor; immediate possession.

DESK ROOM, furnished; light corner office; telephone service. Room 606, 100 Broad.

TIMES SQ. offices, $40 up; telephone service. Steinberg, 141 West 42d St.

43D, 125 WEST—Floor, 18x80, suitable office, clubroom, showroom; lease.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE for rent; all conveniences; electric light. 347 West 51st.

OFFICE—All or part, to sublet; all conveniences. 198 Broadway, Room 805.

STORE, 14x36, at 827 Broadway. Inquire in restaurant on premises.

MAIL and telephone privilege; excellent serv. Dugan, 296 Broadway. Worth 248.

DESK ROOM or address privilege; Times Sq.; elevator; telephone. D 177 Times.

LOFT to rent; entire or part loft. 450 4th Av., Room 803.

Bronx.

WILL sell or rent first-class office; oak furniture, telephone; contract, lease; low rent. Lewis, Areco Building, 140th, 3d Av.

LOFT—Elevator, steam heat, fireproof; excellent labor location. 2,505 3d Av., near 137th.

Long Island.

FACTORIES FOR RENT, 45,000 sq. ft.; floors 8,000 or 9,000 ft.; all or separate; modern buildings; sprinklered; elevator, electricity, heat; Bradley Buildings, 11th St. and Vernon Av., Long Island City; 5 minutes from Grand Central Station; 2 blocks from all subways; five-cent fare; principals only. Address A. J. BRADLEY, owner, 101 Beekman St., New York. Telephone 3501 Beekman.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFT WANTED.
About 5,000 square feet; location, from 28th to 34th St.; no manufacturing; long lease. Box 205 Times.

WANTED—Deskroom or furnished office; north of 34th St.; reasonable rent. A 1046 Times Harlem.

FIREPROOF space about 400 ft.; write particulars to Grandon, 145 West 45th St. Room 616.

WANTED with or without deskroom; downtown. K 859 Times Downtown.

FACTORIES.

NEWARK, N. J.,
2,600 to 12,000 sq. ft. floor space in four-story and basement brick building; to lease in whole or part; immediate possession; electric elevator; steam heat furnished; two minutes to Broad and Market St.; long-term lease; moderate rental.
FEIBLEMAN & CO.,
738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Sunny suites, $25, $30; furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $21 weekly.

44TH, 9 EAST—Housekeeping, two beautiful rooms; complete kitchen, bath; $175 month.

48TH, 16 EAST—Large two rooms, bath, kitchen; key Mrs. Phipps.

49TH, 19 EAST—Large living, bedroom, bath. Clarke 9420 Plaza.

503 (off Park Av.)—Seven rooms, two master's, two maids', enormous living room, richly, completely furnished; long fine Steinway grand; $7,500 per year; shorter lease if desired; seen any time. Phone Plaza 9402.

57TH (East of 5th Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; references and lease. Telephone Circle 4198.

60TH ST., 53 EAST—Beautifully decorated and furnished floor, large living, bed and dressing rooms, bath, breakfast room, kitchenette; references. Plaza 8515.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $75 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

A COMPLETE SELECTION OF CHOICE APARTMENTS. PARK REALTY CO., 502 PARK AV., PLAZA 2946.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, living room and bath, $75 up; 2 rooms, bath, $110 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS, 2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; cosy, clean, artistic for best people; an hotel and theatre district. Don't waste time but come direct to 150 East 51st St., Mountain Community, or phone 645 Plaza. Office open Sunday afternoon.

"IN THE BETTER HOUSES"
WOOLLEY, WATKINS & JORDAN,
605 5th Av. (53d). Plaza 374.

LEXINGTON AV. (62d St.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Call Plaza 2200.

MADISON AV. 780—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath; maid, elevator service; immediate possession. Rhinelander 5900.

PARK AV. section, handsomely furnished apartment, 10 rooms, 5 baths, 4 master's, 2 maid's rooms; $6,500 to October; arrangements shorter term. Appointment. 8387 Col.

PARK AV. (Murray Hill)—One floor, 3 outside bedrooms, reception, separately or together; gentlemen. Telephone Murray Hill 167.

PARK AVE. (near 60th St.)—Modern building, 4 well-furnished rooms; $800 month. Plaza 374.

PARK AV., 815.
8-room apt.; furnished. Agent on premises.

SUITABLE for business men and women; complete small apartment, bath, hot water, steam heat; near Gramercy Park; including service and linen; $85. Gramercy 1710.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH AV. (59th St.)—Suite of parlor, two bedrooms, two baths, to sublet for six months. Hotel Netherland.

6TH AV., 48 (Near Washington Place)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, sleeping porch; doctor; light business. Murray Hill 6960.

37TH, 39 WEST—Two-room and bath apartment; modern; elevator service.

37TH, 39-41 WEST—1, 2, 3 room apartments, hotel service; immediate possession.

50TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 127 W. 30—Two-room, bath, large kitchenette; tasteful, clean, well furnished, private. Mrs. de Witt.

55TH ST., 36 WEST—Two rooms and bath, sublet for one year; maid service. Phone 6300 Plaza. Apartment 20, between 5 and 6 P. M.

43D, 125 WEST—Elevator; 2 beautiful rooms, bath; newly decorated; $175 up.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchenettes; kitchenettes accommodate; appliances; high-set references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 8660.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

47TH, 27 WEST—1-2 rooms, furnished, unfurnished; private bath, kitchenette; newly decorated; maid service; lease if desired.

47TH ST., 66 WEST—Very attractive furnished 1-room and bath apartment; reasonable. Raymond.

505—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $125; handsomely furnished. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

51ST, 248 WEST—Two large rooms, bath and kitchen; remodeled and attractive.

53D ST., 223 (CORNER BROADWAY).
Just completed, high-class elevator apartments, furnished or unfurnished. 1 ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP; 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $150 UP. Maid and valet service. Restaurant on premises. References required.

52D ST., 29 WEST—Handsomely furnished apartments, one and two rooms, with bath.

55TH (N. E. corner Broadway)—Bachelor apartment, 3 rooms and bath, suitable for 3 gentlemen; one-year lease. 1233 Circle, Apartment 4G.

56TH, 208 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDIKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 301 WEST—New, beautifully furnished apartment; living room, 2 bedrooms, bath; all facing street; never been used; $200. Apt. 3 A.

57TH, 340 WEST—Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service; two, three rooms and bath; $110-$200 per month; references required.

57TH, 27 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; elevator, telephone. 5484 Plaza.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—Gentleman will share his furnished apartment with bachelor, $100 per month. Dr. Nash.

58TH, 47 WEST—Sublet, exceptionally choice apartment, 2 beautifully furnished rooms, kitchenette.

58TH—Apartment, eight (8) rooms, 2 baths, piano; $300. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

61ST, 10 WEST — The Pasadena; corner Broadway, near elevated and subway; newly decorated 2, 3, 4 rooms, maid service, light, linen included; $40-$100 weekly; $3-$14 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

67TH, 1 WEST—Decorator's duplex suite; modern, colorful; complete little home on two floors; large living room, three bedrooms; housekeeping or hotel service. Hazel Adler, Suite 513. Columbus 4204.

69TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $90-$95; references required.

71ST, 122 WEST—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; seen afternoons. Telephone Columbus 6168, 3 to 6.

72D, 166 WEST.
Apartments of four rooms, consisting of large living room, bedroom, dining room, tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration; particularly fine bathrooms with alcove shower; if two bedrooms are required dining room can be furnished as an extra bedroom; apartments are sumptuously furnished; rental $350-$400 monthly; maid service supplied if desired. Apply Superintendent, on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

72D, 166 WEST—Apartments of three rooms, consisting of bedroom, combination living and dining room, tiled kitchen, refrigeration and large bathroom with alcove shower; apartments are sumptuously furnished; rental $300 to $275 monthly; maid service supplied if desired. Apply Superintendent on premises. Tel. Columbus 7640.

72D, 152 WEST—Artistically furnished new two-room, kitchenette apartment; tiled bath; sell lease and furnishings, or rent furnished; bargain; owner leaving city. Keenan.

72D ST., 210 WEST (Apt. 3D)—Moving picture actress leaving for Europe, will sublet handsomely furnished apartment for six months or year; two rooms, kitchenette and bath; also hotel service.

72D ST., 42 WEST—To sublet, handsomely furnished two-room and bath apartment. Apt. 32.

72D, 344 WEST—Five rooms, elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs, grand piano, telephone.

73D ST., 157 WEST.
Four rooms, two baths, first floor; living room 19 feet square; complete modern furnishings; possession immediate; lease six or eleven months. Telephone Columbus 8744.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate weekly rates, $35 and up.

75TH ST., 226 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—Exceptional 2-8 room apartments, kitchenettes, complete; furnished; immediate possession; unquestionable references exchanged. Superintendent.

75TH, WEST ($25 Amsterdam)—Ground floor, 6 rooms and bath, finely furnished; immediate possession; $200. Ferrando.

76TH (344 West End)—Luxuriously furnished 2-room apartment; one unfurnished; lease.

77TH, WEST—Particularly good, new three-room apartment, 8th floor, high-class elevator building; will sell furnishings with 2-year lease; lease $1,800 yearly; furnishings $2,500. Phone mornings, Schuyler 1223.

77TH ST., 50 WEST—Hotel suite or parlor, 2 bedrooms, foyer, private bath and shower; all outside rooms; $235 per month.

78TH, 126 WEST—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, electricity; cleanliness.

79TH ST., 127 WEST—Three-room apt., $135. Call Sunday and evenings, Ratliff.

80TH, 102 WEST.
Unusually high class and extra large 1 and 2 rooms with bath, attractively furnished; complete hotel service; restaurant in building; ideal location. Apply on premises, or D. Kempner & Son, 522 5th Av.

80TH, 225 WEST (Apt. 6 south)—Beautiful corner apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; southern exposure; completely furnished.

80S — Apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, piano, handsomely furnished; $225. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

82D, 70 WEST—2 and 4 room studio apartments with kitchenettes; handsomely furnished; one with roof garden overlooking park; steam heat; $125 up.

84TH, 157 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; $125 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

85TH—Seven outside rooms, southern exposure, newly furnished. Schuyler 5308, Apt. 5D.

86TH, 300 WEST—Really lovely, modern two rooms and bath apartment; also one room and bath apartment adjoining, making three rooms, two baths apartment, if desired; service; restaurant; river view; no agents. Apply Apartment 12E.

86TH, 21 WEST—High class furnished 8-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, electricity; maid's service included; long or short lease; $250-$300 month.

86TH, 310 WEST—Comfortably furnished apartment of 3 large rooms, kitchenette and bath; possession from 1 until 7 o'clock. Ring No. 3 bell.

88TH, 244 WEST—Just completed by interior decorator, entire floor apartment; owner's residence; living-room 26x26, spacious bedroom; twin beds, dressing room, bath, real kitchen; fully furnished for comfort.

89TH ST., 344 WEST—Remodelled entire parlor floor; 3 very spacious rooms, bath, real kitchen; absolutely first class every particular; select, convenient location.

90S—Apartment, 6 rooms, bath, piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

96D, 146 WEST—Handsomely furnished parlor suite, suitable light housekeeping; service; references.

95D, 200 WEST—Beautiful one and two room apartments; exclusive neighborhood. Dalton.

97TH (West End Av., 757)—Second floor, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; private.

97TH, 326 WEST—Six large light rooms; elevator; excellent transit facilities; $185.

104TH, 314 WEST—Attractive selling proposition; three-room apt.; artistically furnished.

111TH, 521 WEST—Sunny four-room apartment, elevator; $175 monthly; lease. Call Sunday afternoon, evenings. Apt. 24.

115TH, 625 WEST (Apt. 12)—Artistically furnished 7 rooms; river view; piano; immediate possession; $250. Phone Cathedral 8300.

118TH, 535 WEST—Elegantly furnished, two-room, kitchenette, bath; lease; references required.

116TH, 610 WEST—Three rooms, kitchenette, ninth floor; very desirable quarters for four congenial business women.

116TH, 616 WEST—Six rooms, sunny, mahogany, completely furnished; immediate. Apt. 2S.

118TH, 510 WEST—HOTEL CECIL.
Attractive one and two room apartments, with or without bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

119TH, 435 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Two rooms, kitchenette; entirely front, south. Hildreth.

122D, 508 WEST—Four completely furnished, newly renovated rooms; immediate possession. Superintendent.

150TH (Riverside)—Apartment, 4 rooms, bath, piano; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

174TH, 557 WEST—Four-room apartment, sublet, furnished. Leander, Apartment 54.

APARTMENT RENTING SPECIALISTS—First-class furnished apartments, 3 to 10 rooms, $150 up; avoid hunting. Ward, Cathedral 7160.

ATTRACTIVE furnished apartments, long and short leases. F. P. Hillhouse, 58 West 8th St. Tel. Spring 6255.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room kitchen and kitchenette apartments, elevator and non-elevator; rates $60 and up; references essential. Office 215 Manhattan Av., Academy 2567.

BEAUTIFUL 4 rooms, bath, kitchen; upper west side; rent $1000; all elegant mahogany furniture, Oriental rugs; $1,500 required. Winters, 125 West 42d.

BROADWAY, 2,731 (103d St. subway)—Luxuriously furnished six rooms, high-class elevator apartment, completely equipped for immediate occupancy; fine location. See Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CAPITOL, 101 WEST 100TH.
2 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; elegantly furnished; elevator; $80 to $110 monthly; open evenings. Phone Academy 1611.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 365 (86th)—Eight rooms, elegantly furnished; owner going South; 6 months; $350. Apartment 7S.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

CLAREMONT AV., 200 (corner 127th)—Elevator, 6 all outside rooms, bath; $196; overlooking Riverside Drive. Inquire Apt. 41.

FOR Apartments of the better class phone, write, or see Hoyt & Ray, 29 West 34th St. Penn. 1074.

GREENWICH VILLAGE.
Charming half house; 2-room studio apartment; 4-room duplex. Inquire 61 Barrow St., afternoons, evenings.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR FALL RENTAL; CALL FOR LIST. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

HIGH-CLASS elevator apartment, 4 rooms, bath, furnished, $125 month. Chelsea 6975.

IMMEDIATE occupation, seven rooms, three master bedrooms, completely furnished; good light and house service; for one year; $200 per month. G 19 Times.

IN high-class, fireproof, elevator apartment on Broadway; rooms, front; facing Broadway; large kitchen; completely furnished; $350 monthly; bargain; 95th St. subway; for appointment to see, write L. M., P. O. Box 88, Station W., 83d St., New York City.

MAGNIFICENTLY appointed 8-room apartment in exclusive elevator house, 5th Av.-58th St. section; real tapestries, rugs, &c.; sublease for term 6 months or longer; $500 per month, or will sell. Richmond, 4856 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 524 (near Grant's Tomb)—From Nov. 1 for three, four, or possibly five months, five rooms newly furnished, electric victrola, electric sewing machine, linen, silver; six windows overlooking river; Adults only; references required; $250. Phone Morningside 4403, Apt. 6G, appointment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE and 142d St.—Furnished four-room apartment, large closet space, completely equipped in every way, on six months' lease; possession any time. Call Dennison, Audubon 9100.

SUBLET living room, bedroom with private bath, complete hotel service; dining room on premises. Hotel Joyce, 61 West 71st. Columbus 9780.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Front five rooms, elevator apartment, beautifully furnished complete, for sale with lease for one year at low rental; rare opportunity. Particulars apply Mr. Leavy, 9 West 31st. Longacre 4582.

WASHINGTON SQUARE (20 Waverley Place)—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette apartment, elegantly furnished, $135; lease. Call Cortlandt 8047.

WEST END AV.—Among others we have a 7-room apartment; 88th St.; handsomely furnished; immediate possession. Taussig, 50 Church St., Cortlandt 4744.

WEST END AV., 562—Apt. 1 north; completely furnished; 5-room elevator apt.; all improvements. Apply 9-6.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE ST., 65 (Brooklyn)—Sublet Nov. to Oct., 5 rooms; $150 month. Apt. 4-E. Main 5632.

Furnished—New Jersey.

THREE rooms and bath, steam heat, electricity; near Summit Av. Tube. Telephone Mrs. Hawks, Bergan 5208, or see Mrs. Leslie Lee, time, 272 Monticello Av., Apt. 3, Jersey City.

Unfurnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 49.—Sublet 3 years, beautiful eight-room apartment; newly decorated; fourth floor; $4,500; inspection through superintendent; interested parties phone lessee, Bryant 5628.

83D, 155 EAST—2-room modern apartments, with additional sleeping porches or northern studios. Murray Hill 4960.

44TH, 14 EAST—High class 3 room apartment, near Fifth Av., kitchenette and bath; $2,100. Inquire Supt.

48TH ST., 136 EAST—Exceptionally beautiful rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water.

48TH ST., 224 EAST—Choice apartment, north light, bath, kitchenette; lease; $125.

53D, 39 EAST—3 rooms and bath, business or private.

54TH ST., 144 EAST.
New non-housekeeping apartments, two rooms and bath, $100 and $90.

60TH ST., 53 EAST—Large living room, 20 by 18, two bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, small breakfast room; references. Plaza 8515.

61ST, 51 EAST—Separate floors and basement in private house; will alter and decorate to suit. Apply premises.

60S, ON PARK AV.—Exceptional 7 rooms, 2 baths, upper floor; new building; season. Plaza 375.

60TH ST., 53 EAST—Apt., unfurnished, 2 rooms and bath; $135 month. Phone Plaza 2076.

62D, 17 EAST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2 & 3 rooms, bath; fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $85 up. Phone Lenox 5817.

89TH, 22 EAST—High-class elevator apartments; maid service; restaurant; lease.

55TH ST., 133 EAST—Apartment, seven light rooms, new tiled bath, new parquet floors, newly painted and papered walls, ornate electric fixtures, new plumbing fixtures; immediate possession; rental $1,500 per annum. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

GRAMERCY PARK SECTION at 126 East 10th St.—2, 3 and 4-room apartments; alteration expense allowed; elevator. See C. S. Rindsfoos, 30 East 42d St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 41—Sublet year's lease; non-housekeeping; two rooms, bath, pantry; wood fireplace, high ceilings; $125. Slocum.

LEXINGTON AV. 1,131 (76th-79th Sts.)—Four rooms, kitchenette, bath, hot water, electricity, for light housekeeping, in select private house; references required.

LONG LEASE AVAILABLE.
A few years' lease is available on one of the small sunny apartments on East 40th St., near Cosmopolitan Club; present lessee requires $3,000 cash to complete alterations; offers rental income as security. Telephone Vanderbilt 4th for appointment.

MADISON AV., 814 (63d St.)—Attractive, bright, unfurnished two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; steam, electricity, parquet, fireplace; two still left; $125 and $135 monthly.

MADISON AV., 230 (southwest corner 57th St.)—2 and 3 large room apartments, select neighborhood; housekeeper on premises; elevator; immediate possession. Harris, Vought & Co., 6 East 46th St.

MADISON AV., 927 (at 74th St.)—Two front rooms, bath, kitchenette; references.

MODERN, newly decorated apartment, including living room, bedroom, small dining room, kitchenette and bath; all outside, light and airy; cooking the cathedral; maid's service optional. Bates, 450 Madison Av., cor. 50th St., Apt. 3. Phone 4390 Rhinelander.

MADISON AV., 926 (75d)—Two large rooms, moderate rent. Apply Parker, 924.

PARK AV.—7 ROOMS.
Front apartment, new building; 3 master's rooms, 3 baths; decorations to suit; $5,200 year. Mr. Watkins, Plaza 374.

TWO, 3, 4 and 5 rooms and bath and kitchenette; immediate occupancy. William J. Rooms & Co., 177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

97TH, 59 WEST—Bright, sunshiny apartment, charmingly furnished; three large rooms; model kitchenette; bath. Unfurnished, three year lease.

111TH ST.—Entire floors in attractive remodeled house. F. P. Hillhouse, 58 W. 8th St. Tel. Spring 6255.

27TH ST., 28 WEST—Two room and bath apartment; modern; elevator; service.

81ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high class fireproof building under new management; to be thoroughly renovated; a few remaining apartments of 2 to 6 rooms and baths; also studio 18x28, exceptionally high ceiling with 1 or 2 additional rooms if desired; maid's service optional; desirable tenants; moderate rental.

85TH, 329 WEST—Four, five rooms, suitable doctor or dentist; elevator, steam, parquet floors, electric light, telephone.

48TH ST., 117 WEST—Apartments to let, unfurnished and furnished; one and two rooms; all improvements; elevator.

49TH ST., 126 WEST.
Newly renovated, attractive apartments, 8 rooms and bath, kitchen; steam heat, electricity; rents $1,800 to $1,900.

47TH ST., 19 WEST (Off 5th Av.)—Seven rooms, two baths; $3,000. Circle 545. Tompkins.

50TH ST., 29 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath. Apply Brennen.

51ST ST., 24 WEST—Modern 2-room apt.; bath, kitchenette; excellent houses. Casey.

52D, 58 WEST—An unusual parlor floor, beautiful dining room, large living room, bedroom, tile bath, built-in tub, plenty closet space, well equipped kitchenette in a splendid house on one of our best streets. James A. Dowd, 104 5th Av. Circle 32.

52D ST., 45 WEST—To lease, one two rooms apartment; newly decorated; steam heat, electric light, open fireplace.

53D, WEST (near 8th Av.)—Exclusive residence; beautiful floor; three large rooms, each private bath; ample closets; will lease to bachelors or man and wife. Circle 4064.

54TH, 33 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2, 3 or 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floors; lease; $125 up. Phone Lenox 5817.

55TH ST., 16 WEST.
Unusual apartments, three and four rooms; full service; altered to suit; elevator; open for inspection 10 to 5. Owner, Ella O'Kane.

56TH ST., 18 WEST—Two and three rooms, bath; all improvements. Tel. 5484 Plaza.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

55TH, 238 WEST—7-room apartments, building newly renovated; all improvements.

56TH, 327 WEST—Two, four and seven good-sized rooms; remodeled; elevator; possession.

57TH ST., 44 WEST.
2 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS AND BATH; SACRIFICE RENT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

58TH ST., 108 WEST—Entire floors, baths, kitchenettes; newly decorated, sunny rooms; spacious closets; trade; references. Casey.

71ST ST., 115 WEST—7 rooms, 3 baths, all southern exposure; immediate possession guaranteed. Apply on premises or telephone Columbus 4131.

72D ST., 148 WEST—Suites of 2 and 3 rooms, with bath; elevator service; $1,020 and upward. Apply L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.

72D, 111 WEST—Very large room, with kitchen, private bath, lavatory, one flight up; electricity, phone; dining room in house.

73D ST., 43 WEST—Exceptional floor, private dwelling; parquet, newly decorated; also large room with bath.

73D, 260 WEST—3 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; suitable for doctor.

75TH, 125 WEST—Attractive 2-room apartment, southern exposure; 2 large closets, large bathroom, with shower and outside ventilation; elect

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Christian, expert, possessing ability, initiative; many years' legal and commercial experience; able handle correspondence; desires responsible position; state probable salary. K 710 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, young lady, refined, Christian, seven years' experience stockbroker's office, import, export, desires position Nov. 1; accurate, energetic; highest references; $30. B 615 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER to busy executive, college graduate, thoroughly familiar office details; write letters with or without dictation; dependable; references; $35. B 663 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, desires position as assistant to busy executive; nine years' commercial experience, knowledge bookkeeping, office and factory details; executive ability; $35. D 166 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, well educated; executive ability; excellent references. K 444 Times.

SECRETARY, intelligent; technical, difficult dictation; rapid typist; $40. A 607 Times Uptown.

SECRETARY—Rapid and accurate stenographer; five years' experience general office details; salary $30. L 30 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, executive ability; $35. Melrose 8458.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, correspondent, bookkeeper; silk firm dissolving partnership desire to secure position for, and highly recommend, their stenographer; she is accurate, rapid, conscientious, unusually efficient; salary $30. F 400 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Busy executive, are you seeking an intelligent, expert stenographer-secretary to take your dictation perfectly and relieve you of your routine and details? Christian; salary, $30-$35. E 896 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, clerical worker, 21; high school graduate; three years' experience, expert, import, shipping; efficient; $25. Harriet Hopp, 230 West 17th St. Phone Chelsea 9135.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; high school graduate, experienced, not afraid of hard work; enthusiastic; $25. Minnie Balne, 681 Beck St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, 5 years' experience with large mercantile house, good salary, desires position with reliable firm. A 1062 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER — High school graduate; knowledge of bookkeeping and office routine; 3½ years' experience; $23. A 800 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 7 years' experience, quick, accurate, executive ability; highest credentials; $28. K 696 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, neat and willing worker; 5 years' experience; initiative; salary $25. Sadie Sherman, 1,261 44th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 9 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, DESIRES PERMANENCY; REFERENCES; SALARY $27. MISS B. RECTOR 1345.

STENOGRAPHER, six months' experience, with knowledge of Spanish, desires position with no Saturday work. B 667 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish. Bessie Balne, 681 Beck St.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; willing, conscientious; salary $25. K 708 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—$14; bookkeeper, good beginner, intelligent, ambitious, business-like. E 874 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience; capable; references; 20. Freda Wiener, 741 Brook Av.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; two years' experience; high school graduate. Jacobsohn, 21 East 104th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, five years' experience; secretary; references; $25. E 106 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — German-English, first class; good knowledge French, Spanish. D 726 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Six years' office experience, desires responsible position. K 699 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent, efficient; initiative; 5 years' experience; salary $25. G 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, four years' experience; salary $25. Box 105, 55th Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, capable handling express claims, some correspondence; $30. Stone, 345 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; good references; $30. M. D., 95 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, able to handle correspondence; $30. E 960 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant, high school graduate, experienced, 5 days week. Lenox 9865.

STENOGRAPHER, 2½ years' experience, competent, willing worker; $25. K 709 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience, competent, reliable; $23, $25. K 701 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent; 4 years' experience. Helen Cohen, 1,526 Washington Av., Bronx. 1665.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, experienced, wishes interview granted. A 1043 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, 20, experienced; neat, best references. Bertha Herah, 1,820 Belmont Av., city.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent; high school graduate; salary $25. D 1049 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, ten years' experience, initiative, accurate, efficient; salary $32. D 362 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, exceptional worker; 8 years' experience; $30. W 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, collection work; references; $25. N 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office routine, experienced, export, import; references; $25; initiative. G 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Small office; 4 years' experience; $22-$25. K 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, competent, high school graduate; reference. K 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—High school education, exceptionally bright. Florence Kassel, 969 East 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER—Office assistant, 2 years' experience; rapid; references; $20. B 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, competent, high school graduate; thorough command English. G 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent, capable office assistant; 4 years' experience; $28. Z 2024 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, 1 year's experience, wishes position with reliable concern. Miss B. Zwerer, 268 Floyd St., Brooklyn

Classified Advertising Rates.
The New York Times
Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate
(Minimum space two lines). Line.
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.. 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted 45c
Help Wanted 60c
Real Estate, Sale 55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 40c) 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 55c
Country Board 60c
Mortgages to Loans 55c
For Sale 55c
Automobile Exchange 65c
Agents Wanted 65c
Employment Agencies 55c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c
For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday; Real Estate and Apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. Friday and all other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily editions must be received by 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMEN—Earn $25 to $50 commission weekly in your spare time selling ladies' silk hosiery, wholesale, to the consumer. Bristol Hosiery Mills, 500 5th Av., Room 313.

YOUNG WOMEN for clerical and filing positions; experience unnecessary. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

Instruction.

HOW TO GET A POSITION
YOU'LL BE PROUD OF.
In one month we will prepare you for a good position as file clerk and place you. You'll know thoroughly all standard filing systems, indexing, cataloging, &c. You'll get good pay and real responsibility. Come in and talk it over. Classes now forming. Write for catalog.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St. ..... Phone Bryant 6619.

ENGLISH THAT BUILDS BUSINESS.
You are invited to hear Horatio N. Drury speak on this important and interesting subject at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 19, at 8 o'clock; your attendance will not obligate you in any way; write for our complimentary card of admission to the lecture and details of special evening classes in Business English now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

DRESSMAKING.
Drafting, costume designing, thoroughly taught; excellent training for home and commercial uses; pupils make own costumes in classes under supervision of excellent teachers. S. T. TAYLOR CO., PUBLISHERS LE BON TON, 500 5th Av., corner 43d St., New York.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail to put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 116, Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING.
Established 1914.
1,170 Broadway (corner 28th St.).
Formerly of Singer Building.
Graduates placed after a month's instruction. Call for interview.

STENOGRAPHERS AND SECRETARIES
DESIRING BETTER POSITIONS
Special low rates for half-day or evening instruction, between 6-7. Moon School, 50 East 42d St., Tel. Vanderbilt 3806.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
THE KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL,
90 PARK AVE., NEW YORK CITY.
Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

COME ANY MINUTE after 5 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2722. Night-Day Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

$35-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric Scalp and Beauty School, 119 West 42d St.; pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

DOYLE AGENCY,
15 East 40th, 154 Nassau,
215 Montague St., Brooklyn.
BOOKKEEPERS, $25; assistants, $20-$18.
COMPETENT TYPISTS, $25-$20.
CLERKS, ledger, $20; file, $15-$18-$20.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, good hours; $18-$20.
EDEN-FISHER OPERATORS, $25-$24.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $15-$18-$20.
STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$18-$20-$22.
TYPISTS, $15-$18-$20.
No applications after 2 P. M.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 Nassau St., Beekman 2722.
Stenographer, $30; stenographer, $18; experienced typist, for six weeks, $25; telephone clerk, $18; experienced Dictaphone; office assistants, $15-$18.

ROYBORNE, INC., (AGENCY),
38 PARK ROW.
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18-$25
TYPISTS ..... $17-$22
OPERATORS, File Clerks ..... $15-$22
STENOGRAPHERS, typists, clerks, bookkeepers, secretaries; should interview us regarding positions.

Equitable Industrial Relations Service Co.,
37 West 39th St., Broadway. Bryant 8839.
FULTON AGENCY, 26 Nassau St.—Register free; stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerks, Ellett-Fisher operators, dictaphones; Christian firms; CASHIER, INSURANCE, $25.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 200, 200 BROADWAY.
Bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, clerks and beginners; Christian firms; no registration fee.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
52 EAST 42D ST.
Opening for office work.
No Registration Fee.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

GEORGE W. GREGER, 101 West 42d St.—Typist and clerical worker, pleasing personality, for hotel; desirable opportunity; $23.

McCARTHY AGENCY, 198 Broadway; free registration; stenographer, $20. Stenographer-bookkeeper, $25-$20.

ALERT AGENCY, 489 5th Av.—Stenographers, typists, clerks; Christian firms.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR wanted by downtown company. Write experience, salary; age. T 613 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE
WANTED—A young man with some advertising experience gained in newspaper advertising agency or special representative field; must be of good address and education and capable of meeting and interesting newspaper publishers in selling campaigns; necessary to spend about half time away; New York City above all, must be a good hustler with initiative and a fairly good salesman; apply by letter, in own handwriting, stating age, experience, education and salary expected; all replies treated in confidence. John B. Gallagher Company, 89 Vanderbilt Av., New York City.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN, trade paper experience preferred, for monthly periodical. Apply Monday, 9 A. M., Costumes & Dressed Publishing Co., 141 West 23d.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; active young man; state age, references, salary. F 338 Times.

ATTORNEY WANTED TO WORK IN OFFICE OF LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; PREFER ONE RECENTLY ADMITTED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; SMALL SALARY TO START; ONLY THOSE CONSIDERED DESIRING PERMANENT CONNECTION; REPLY FULLY, GIVING AGE, EDUCATION AND RELIGION. B. F., 900 ST. PAUL BLDG., NEW YORK.

BILL CLERK, experienced, for millinery house. Underwood billing machine; rapid and accurate at figures; state salary and experience. C. E., 74 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Assistant for ledger work; only those who have handled between two and three thousand accounts should apply. 324 Goodman Caller, 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.
Young man as ledger clerk and assistant bookkeeper; thorough knowledge of trial balances required.
AUERBACH, 846 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER, foreign bank; must have had several years' experience; state age, nationality, salary required. F. A., 101 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, must have had experience on foreign exchange ledgers and capable of checking foreign bank statements. T 907 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, to take entire charge of office in mercantile establishment; state all particulars. 294 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office man for Toledo, Ohio; must be reliable, capable; good salary and future for right man; references. Write Dernburg, 134 West 27th, City.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; must be experienced; good penman, knowledge stenography and typewriting; salary $25. W 280 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; experienced in steel and salt house preferred; able to take off trial balance. O 201 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer with several years' experience; state salary. O 699 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; assistant, with some experience; good, steady situation. K 885 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, age 30-35; experienced general ledger and financial statements; $30 start; particulars. W 241 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; first class, double entry; state references, salary expected. F 327 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for varied work in small offices of oil corporation; opportunity for advancement; state salary desired, where last employed. K 672 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS wanted for large publishing house; good salary and bonus; one acquainted with the Bronx only. Apply 244 5th Av., 5th floor.

COLLECTOR, obliging, intelligent young man; splendid opportunity to one of ability; salary $16. B 644 Times Downtown.

COMBINATION ad writer and window trimmer, man with experience writing for popular priced merchandise; the right man will have splendid opportunity. See Mr. Danico, the Ross Stores, Newark Av., Jersey City.

COST CLERK for large can making establishment in Brooklyn; state age, experience and salary expected. Box 8, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

COUPLE, married, to act as cook and butler; references required; good home and good salary. Apply today, Apartment 6B, 267 West 89th St. Telephone Riverside 5967.

CUTTER, on dresses; one who can make patterns. Margherita Dress Co., 208 West 38th St.

DESIGNER.
Mechanical designer with practical experience on electric switching apparatus; permanent work for the right man; state age, experience, education and salary expected. Z 2013 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN.
First-class draftsmen wanted; those familiar with automatic machinery preferred; ALSO DETAILERS AND TRACERS WANTED; write, stating age, experience, nationality and salary expected. Address D. D., 819 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN to take off qualities for estimating purposes by first-class ornamental iron manufacturer; address, stating where previously employed, age and salary expected. W 880 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, expert structural steel detailer and checker, Pagan Iron Works, 14th and Monmouth Sts., Jersey City.

EDITOR, or some one who can assist author in placing worthwhile scenarios; will pay $200 and upward for each scenario sold. T 862 Times Downtown.

ENGINEERS.
A number of well paid and choice openings for young electrical engineers, especially those with operating or switchboard design experience; this company designs, manufactures and installs a very wide range of electrical equipment and now offers an unusual choice of opportunities for engineers to specialize in their preferred line of work. Z 2012 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, between 30 and 35, to take charge of Chicago branch, recently opened, of large concern; must have a good knowledge of advertising and have had experience in managing help; must also be willing to devote part of time to selling end of business the first year; must have had clean business record, subject to investigation; to such a man an excellent opportunity is offered. Write, with full details, W 288 Times.

FLOOR SUPERINTENDENT — Department store experience; wonderful opportunity for hustler. Seek for L. Fins, Electrolier, 107 Broadway, Brooklyn.

FOREMAN AND PATTERNMAKER ON SILK WAISTS; MUST HAVE THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BUSINESS; ONLY THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
DASH WAIST, INC., 33 WEST 24TH.

FOREMAN to take charge winding plant on silk and cotton yarns; must understand machinery and handling help. References required. Phoenix Yarn Corp., 48 West 15th St.

FUR CUTTER, for out of town; must be experienced. Apply to B. Goldin, 202 West 28th. Store.

GARAGE WORKERS wanted; good wages; experienced washers and general help; day and night work. Westworth Garage, 205 West End Av., near 70th St.

HOUSEMAN, butler, for doctor's house; good wages; sleep out. 825 Lexington Av.

INSPECTOR wanted by large casualty company; man experienced in inspection of factories and elevators; in replying state age and experience; salary $1,800. Address Z 1999 Times Annex.

INVOICE CLERK, pipe and fittings house; state salary. E 869 Times Downtown.

MAN—WE HAVE AN EXCELLENT POSITION FOR A FIRST-CLASS MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS THE MANUFACTURE OF HIGH GRADE CANDY; PLANT IS LOCATED OUT OF TOWN; THIS IS A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT MAN. ANSWER, GIVING QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED. Y 2402 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN—STOCK ROOM.
Man to take charge of stock room, who has had thorough experience in care of small parts for mechanical assembly and knows perpetual inventory; state age, reliability, experience and salary desired. Box 13, Kensington Station, Brooklyn P. O.

MAN wanted by a large insurance company who has had practical experience in the installation, care and maintenance of elevators, to learn the duties pertaining to inspection work; in replying state age and experience. G 86 Times.

MAN to keep office furniture in good condition; must be good varnisher and finisher and be willing to make himself generally useful; state age, nationality and salary desired. T 661 Times Downtown.

MAN with some mechanical ability can secure a position with a firm manufacturing musical rolls; write, stating age, salary expected, reference required. Box 14, 1626 St. James Building.

MAN—Drapery, experienced, for outside work, measuring and hanging; fine opportunity with established Southern house. Reply, giving particulars, to 302 Times.

MAN to assist shipping clerk in wholesale coffee house. Butler Mills, 623 Hudson St., city.

MAN to operate elevator and tend to small furnace. T 605 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, garage, take entire charge; must understand automobile line thoroughly, have first-class record; must be live wire, be resourceful, possess initiative and executive ability; A1 references and bond required; exceptional opportunity to the man who can qualify; communications strictly confidential. B 1072 Times Harlem.

MEN to work in housekeeping department of hospital; room out, meals in. 420 East 59th St.

MESSENGER BOY, bright, neat appearing. W 863 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER OR BUSINESS MANAGER—Position of pleasant responsibility by New York advertising Agency doing business with 40 newspapers throughout the United States; must be diplomatic, good correspondent and able to supervise handling of collections and accounts and answer all mail; prefer man who has had position with daily newspaper as assistant business manager or assistant advertising manager; address reply in own handwriting, giving full details and salary expected; all replies treated in confidence. John B. Gallagher Company, 89 Vanderbilt Av., New York City.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; considerable opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y, L, P. O. Box 872, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY, 16 YEARS, IN OFFICE LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

OFFICE BOYS—Several good openings for intelligent boys over 16, preferably grammar school graduates. Apply 4:30 to 5, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY.
National advertising agency needs several neat, steady, intelligent boys for inside work. Call 381 4th Av., 12th floor.

OFFICE BOY for sales department of large corporation; good opportunity for ambitious boy to develop into salesman. Call 63 Vesey St., 2d floor.

OFFICE BOY; GOOD CHANCE ADVANCEMENT; PERMANENT POSITION. CALL HEIDELBERG, WOLF & CO., 644 BROADWAY.

OFFICE BOY, architect's office; one who likes drawing and is desirous of learning; salary $10. G 43 Times.

OFFICE BOYS wanted; opportunity for intelligent boys; salary $12.50 to start; hours 8 to 5. Call 160 Front St., City.

OFFICE BOY wanted in marine insurance broker's office; good opportunity for advancement. Despard & Co., 6 Hanover St.

OFFICE BOY—An opportunity for a bright young man to be generally useful in office. Call Ridgways Tea, 80 Warren St.

OFFICE BOY, in Christian importing house. La Manna Asema Ferran, 397 Washington St.

OFFICE BOYS, age 14 to 16; large downtown concern; advancement. Address P. O. Box 828, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 21st St.

ORDERLY for day duty; $60 a month and maintenance. Apply United Hospital, Port Chester, N. Y. Telephone 1290 Port Chester.

PAPER BOX MAN, experienced on single ender machine, wanted; give age, experience and wages. Z 2004 Times Annex.

PATTERNMAKER AND CUTTER FOR WOMEN'S HIGH GRADE MODERN DRESSES, STAGE CLOTHES AND FANTASTIC COSTUMES; ONLY A1 MEN NEED APPLY. SCHUMACHER, 358 WEST 48TH.

PIANO TUNER
wanted at once. Apply Lauter Piano Co., 501 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

PIANO POLISHER
wanted at once. Apply Lauter Piano Co., 501 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

PHYSICIAN, for position in health service; salary about $2,000 year. Apply H. O., Box 28, Rossbank, N. Y.

PLASTERERS wanted for San Francisco; work plentiful; sunny, ideal climate all year round; no strike or lockout. C. P. F. A., Local 66, conditions. Apply Master Plasterers' Assn., Room 205, 180 Stevenson St., San Francisco, Cal.

PORTER
for all-night work in cleaning office; steady, reliable white man; state age, experience and salary desired to P. T. R., Box 40, Postal Station F, N. Y. C.

PRINTING SALESMAN—Man of good appearance, capable of estimating and experienced in selling job work, wanted for job department of a big New York printing plant; write fully, giving your age, references, records of previous sales totals, and state where employed for the past three years; this is a real opportunity for the right man; liberal salary. L. 25 Times.

PRINTING SALESMAN—Live wire job printing solicitor, with trade, runs suitable to Mitchell; salary or commission. Phone or write for appointment. Coughlin-Brown Co., 410-420 East 176th St.

PURCHASING AGENT wanted for building contracting concern; write, giving full information as to experience; all applications treated confidentially. Box 904, New Bedford, Mass.

RADIATOR REPAIR MAN and sheet metal worker. Apply to Mr. Appleton, Auto Car Sales and Service Co., 552 West 23d St.

REPAIR MAN wanted; experienced radiator. Apply McMillan Motors Corp., 176 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

REPORTER
with some knowledge of markets to handle market section of a chemical paper in New York City; must have either experience in covering markets or know the chemical and allied industries; splendid opportunity for the right man; give all details as to experience, age, salary &c., in first letter. L. V. F., Box 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMEN.
To all stock salesmen: Each of you has felt the need of assistance from your home office. We furnish you new and live inquiries from well "rated" people. We co-operate with you in all the possible ways. We protect you absolutely in your territory. The stock is being sold by the corporation (only). You deal directly with the officers of the corporation. We are a going concern. The management has been proved good. Have earned a surplus and are on a dividend-paying basis. The amount of commission is all you could wish, and paid in full, although the terms of sale are such that any one can buy shares. The company can use more money as its business is increasing rapidly. We have a large list of satisfied stockholders we will furnish you, including capitalists, bankers, business and professional men. This is the opportunity of your life. Address MORTGAGE INVESTORS CORPORATION, 1,208 Union National Bank Bldg., Scranton, Pa.

SALESMEN.
TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD; OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, TO REPRESENT WELL ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION BASIS; DEMONSTRATION ENTERPRISE AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS 51 CHAMBERS ST.

SALESMEN MAKE $100 A WEEK.
No door-to-door work; no competition; liberal commission; the BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE to sell is a unique and special plan; if you can sell and are looking for a clean-cut and profitable specialty selling proposition it will pay you to investigate. Apply to Mr. Jackson, Room 603, 2 West 45th St.

SALESMAN, knit goods; to young clean-cut hustler knowing the line thoroughly and capable of taking charge of sales department we offer a real future with interest in the business; will only consider high-class young man of A1 references; commission. W 284 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED ON A COMMISSION BASIS BY A PHILA. HOSIERY MILL MAKING ONE NUMBER OF LADIES' SILK HOSIERY, DIRECT TO RETAIL TRADE; STATE TERRITORY COVERED, TOGETHER WITH REFERENCES. Y 2450 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN—Automobile supply trade, large manufacturing concern desires experienced men, acquainted with trade, to handle high-grade line of radiator covers and automobile specialties; commission basis. Atlantic & Pacific Mfg. Co., 124 Atlantic Av. (near Borough Hall), Brooklyn.

SALESMAN—Large paper mill organization increasing its sales force has opening for an aggressive, successful paper salesman who controls trade, knows how to obtain quantity business and is accustomed to make large income and wants to progress; salary or commission. W 826 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, by old-established food product concern, to call on grocery trade; this is permanent and straight salary will be paid; enterprising young men between 21 and 30, now employed, preferred. Address application and full particulars to K 706 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—AT MAN;
acquainted with New York jobbing and department store trade, for embroidered veiling we embroider the veiling in big quantities and can give deliveries at right prices; particulars in first letter; confidential; commission basis. D. C., 87 Times.

SALESMEN for large shirt house; must have big following; we are open for men for all territories on strictly commission basis for a popular priced line from $18 to $45 per dozen; must have highest credentials. Piedmont Shirt Co., 39 West 19th St.

SALESMEN wanted to sell balats, solid woven and canvas stitched belting for power transmission and conveying, on a strictly commission basis in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and States adjacent thereto. W 883 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN
to sell Ford cars on commission basis; only men who can earn from $5,000 a year up need apply.
JOHN S. SMITH,
432-435 11th Av., New York City.

SALESMAN, hosiery, one who can take charge of department; preferred; we sell jobbers; must have good following and thorough knowledge of hosiery; drawing account with interest in business to A1 young hustler looking for a future. W 173 Times.

SALESMEN.
Retail clothing; to manage credit clothing stores out of town; credit experience not necessary; exceptional opportunity for a hustler with executive ability; salary. Apply Adelphia Clothing Co., 113 West 30th St.

SALESMEN—An old-established bond house wants 3 high-grade salesmen of good appearance who can present a proposition of more than usual merit; possibilities for advancement to branch manager. Dept. C, 509 5th Av., Dept. C.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Buesenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 5 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Duesenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 3 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN—We desire the services of a thoroughly capable high-grade salesman as representative in New York; commission basis.
AUTOMATIC VENTILATOR CO., INC.,
1,003-5 Park Av., Baltimore, Md.

SALESMAN, celluloid, well acquainted with jobbing trade, handling general line of toiletware and novelties; commission basis; good chances for right party; state full particulars in first letter. Address Z 2028 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Opportunity for an ambitious young man to sell well known typewriter specialty; one not afraid to work; good income on commission basis. Apply 9 A. M. Monday, Munson Supply Co., 25 City Hall Place.

SALESMAN—GROCERY SPECIALTY,
for retail grocery and delicatessen trade in New York City, on salary; good opening for experienced man of real selling ability; state particulars for interview. S. M. Ridgway's Tea, 80 Warren St.

SALESMAN, drapery; young man, with some experience; splendid opportunity with established Southern house as assistant to manager; permanent; Reply, giving particulars, to W 304 Times.

SALESMEN, telephone, on salary and commission basis; security under Government supervision world rights; leads backed by trained sales force. Apply W. C. Brewa, Room 414, 233 4th Av.

SALESMAN—Ford cars, live wires, experience unnecessary; wonderful opportunity; have openings for few good men; commission. Caswell Motor Company, 3,180 Broadway, 157th St.

SALESMEN—Strong line of middy blouses, middy dressed, boys' wash suits and dungarees for retail trade, Virginia, West Virginia, South, Middle West, Southwest; commission basis only. Z 2005 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—Selling Edison Mazda lamps; experience preferred, but not necessary; steady work; opportunity for advancement; drawing account and commission. Call L. L. Strauss, 500 7th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced, who has successfully sold braids, bias binding, bindings, &c., to cloak and suit trade in New York City; to such a man a good salary and commission is assured. Box 302, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN Wanted—Well educated man to sell sanitary products; exclusive city territory; hustler more essential than experience; drawing account on commission. P 48 Times.

SALES MANAGER; BEST OF REFERENCES REQUIRED; TO ORGANIZE SALES FORCE FOR CORPORATION WHOSE ACTIVITIES ARE INTERNATIONAL. D 365 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted by well-established manufacturers of display fixtures and canvas models; big chance for the right man; commission and salary. W 660 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN
Over 30 years of age to sell securities who can tell the truth and present a genuine business proposition. Sales experience not absolutely necessary if man has other strong characteristics. We are one of the oldest firms in the country in the investment business, having handled over 100 projects without loss to investors, and enjoy a very large clientele. Our salesmen stay with us many years and our present expansion program will call for the promotion of qualified salesmen to office managers in the very near future. Compensation: liberal commission. Call Clarence Hodson & Co., 25 Cortlandt St.

SALESMAN—We desire the services of a high-grade, successful business man with past experience in selling goods to South American trade. Our line requires the very highest grade of sales intelligence and a man of initiative and ability who is thoroughly conversant in Spanish and willing to travel in South America on a salary and expense basis. Applicants will please apply by letter for appointment, giving references and experience. Wayne Oil Tank and Pump Co., 1,780 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN—If you are looking for a fast, one-call sale, something on which you can make quick money, yet a permanent work where production means advancement and exclusive territory, we believe we can show you what you want in our new business service, selling at $12; commission $3 (payable daily if wanted); want salesman who can sell locally and later take over management of outside territory. For appointment phone Vanderbilt 2562.

SALESMEN.
To young men desirous of becoming automobile salesmen: An excellent opportunity presents itself to represent the most popular automobile made; junior salesmen paid a small salary, increasing with results; territory in New York City only; those who can prove permanent position should answer. Write, giving full particulars, which will be treated confidentially. T 624 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
Exclusive factory representative. A large phonograph specialty manufacturer desires the services of a first-class man to handle well-known nationally advertised phonograph accessories Kansas City territory. Preferably one who is familiar with that territory and willing to make residence there; drawing account and commission; excellent opportunity. L. 70 Times.

SALESMEN with following among printers; state salesmen preferred; unusual opportunity to connect with reputable house, manufacturing product in great demand; salary or commission. Call Printcraft Supply Co., 10 East 46d St.

SALESMAN.
Specialty salesman, well recommended, to sell special soap machine; state past experience; drawing account against liberal commission. W 19 Times.

SALESMEN wanted experienced in high-grade upholstered furniture, well acquainted with buyers in and out of town; attractive commission only. Parisian Art Furniture Co., 351 East 61st.

SALESMEN to carry side line of all silk knitted ties on commission basis. Apply by letter stating territory covered and qualification. Argus Knitting Mills, 347 Lortimer St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Manufacturer desires experienced men selling decorative flowers with established clientele for city and all parts of United States; liberal commission. T 115 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Salesman to carry as a side line men's, women's and children's shoes in jobs at greatly reduced prices on a commission basis. Box V. P., 172 2d St., New York City.

SALESMAN wanted; experienced in shiffli embroidery trade; one who has a good following in the dress line; excellent opportunity for right party; commission and salary. W 903 Times.

SALESMAN, one who has large following among the drygoods and retail houses, for dress goods and woolens, with reliable selling organization; salary or commission. D. D., 88 Times.

SALESMAN; one who is acquainted in the automobile accessory line; selling all well advertised accessories; commission. Call at 1,780 Broadway; ask for Mr. Blasberg.

SALESMAN, insurance; must be five wire; commission basis only; big field. Write Edward Brodstein, Kinmonth Bldg., Asbury Park, N. J.

SALESMAN, veiling or millinery, traveling, handle line both in millinery veils, wreaths and scarfs to carry; exclusive, well-known condern; commission basis. C. N., 81 Times.

SALESMEN, drug and groceries, wholesale and retail, cover New York, Connecticut and New Jersey; commission; call or write, York Sales Co., 302 West 24th St.

SALESMEN for knitted mufflers and ties; commission. Call between 4 and 6 Monday afternoon, Baum Knitting Mills, 38 West 32d St., 4th floor.

SALESMEN—Two, experienced to handle large selling safety device on commission basis. Apply Monday, S. F. Hayward Co., 250 West 54th.

SALESMAN—Only those who control trade, cloaks and suits; good opportunity; salary and commission; all territories open. Z 2022 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, popular priced silk and knitted neckwear and mufflers; all territories open; commission basis. Apply all week, 656 Broadway (7th floor), Room 3.

SALESMEN—Hustlers wanted to sell sugar and canned goods; commission; chance for permanent connection. Call or write, Room 315, 1,482 B'way at Times Square.

SALESMEN, WITH FOLLOWING IN DRESS AND COSTUME TRADE, TO SELL FLOWERS AND TRIMMINGS. W 216 TIMES.

SALESMAN—One with experience among the dress and waist line, to sell trimmings; commission basis. Room 300, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Straight commission on glass washing machine for every State in the Union. Anne Sales Co., Bush Terminal Building, 42d St.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted to handle wholesale butter and egg department; salary or commission; an opportunity for right man. Call Mr. Merritt, 2416 Melrose.

SALESMEN—Bright young man to sell bottles to the wholesale trade. Write, stating experience and salary required. W 311 Times.

SALESMAN for New York City, also a man for New England States, to represent high-class lamps and shades; commission. F 340 Times.

SALESMAN—Food product man wanted to handle meritorious beverage which sells without difficulty; commission will yield very satisfactory income. G 33 Times.

SALESMEN, SILK, familiar with waist and dress trade, able to do large business; commission basis only. Address P. O. Box 294, Madison Square Station.

SALESMAN, one with a thorough knowledge of lighting fixtures, with following in the metropolitan territory; commission basis; state experience. Z 2023 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to carry a side line of hair nets in New York, to call on resident buyers and department stores; commission. W 306 Times.

SALESMEN wanted on toys; commission. Dandy Manufacturing Co., 79 Ainslie St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN to carry side line of hair nets in New England; well-known brand; commission. W 307 Times.

SALESMAN, for complete sideline of Colonial rugs and muslin specialty; commission. Paramount Mills, 266 West Houston.

SALESMAN with established trade in lamps and art goods; Eastern and Southern territory; salary. D 127 Times.

SALESMEN wanted on jersey leggings; commission. Dandy Manufacturing Co., 79 Ainslie St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, Savors, Brooklyn and Jersey; big commission to live wire. United Beverage Co., 200 West 34th St.

SALESMEN—House to house canvassers; absolute household necessity; big commission; apply all week. Kwikmix Co., 19 E. 14th St.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted, capable of handling books in bookbindery or publishing house. D. A., 88 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced packer for chandelier factory. Colonial Chandelier Works, 122 Centre St.

SHIPPING CLERK, one experienced with dress house; must have excellent references. Lwedon & Lwedon, 125 East 23d St.

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THREE EXPERIENCED MEN WITH CLEAN RECORDS FOR SPECIAL NEWSPAPER PROPOSITION OF EXCEPTIONAL MERIT ON PROMINENT DAILY IN LARGE EASTERN CITY; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR BIG MONEY; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; FULLEST CO-OPERATION ON PART OF PUBLISHERS. PHONE MONDAY MORNING BEFORE 12 FOR INTERVIEW. CIRCLE 195.

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STENOGRAPHER—Young man wanted in sales department of large oil corporation; excellent opportunities for advancement; state age, reference, experience and religion; salary to start $30 per month. T 806 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
SALES STAFF LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; PERMANENT POSITION; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $20; WHEN REPLYING STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. A. E. 136 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, good English scholar; excellent opportunity; state age, experience, references, salary desired. J 158 Times.

STOCK CLERK assistant wanted by large downtown retail stationery; exceptional chance for young man about 19; experience not necessary. W 862 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN.
Several experienced security salesmen of good record; liberal salary and commission to real salesmen; apply
SALESMANAGER, SUITE 811, 170 5TH AV.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR to have knowledge general office work. Apply J. H. Minhael Co., 304 Front St.

TRACER and assistant draftsman for engineering and manufacturing firm; state fully, training, age, salary. D. B., 86 Times.

TYPIST; Competent young woman, capable handling Monarch billing machine; must be accurate at figures; state experience, references and salary. E 364 Times Downtown.

TYPIST in engineering office with knowledge of card index and filing methods; $18 per week. W 970 Times Downtown.

VALET and butler wanted for a bachelor's apartment; one who can do plain cooking; city references required. A 1042 Times Annex.

WATCHMAKER.
ABRAHAM AND STRAUS, INC., FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, REQUIRES AN EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKER; A PERMANENT POSITION; WITH REGULAR HOURS. IS OFFERED TO ONE WHO MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS. APPLY AT THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, CENTRAL BLDG., SUBWAY FLOOR.

WATCHMEN, private, for Western city; must be active and able bodied; not over 50 years old; wages $25 per week; opportunity for advancement; permanent work. Apply after 8 A. M., 16th floor Tribune Building.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND ALL-AROUND MAN WITH $40-$50 STORE EXPERIENCE; GOOD CHANCE FOR THE RIGHT PERSON. Y 2484 TIMES ANNEX.

X-RAY TUBE MAKERS.
MEN WITH GOOD EXPERIENCE ON THIS CLASS OF WORK; LARGE CONCERN; POSITIONS OUTSIDE OF NEW YORK CITY; GOOD RATES OF PAY. ADDRESS WITH EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AGE, MARRIED OR SINGLE AND NATIONALITY TO P. O. HALL STATION, P. O. BOX 690, NEW YORK CITY.

YOUNG MEN, 18-28, neat appearing, Christian firms, for high class advertising proposition, to work locally and travel; some high school education desirable; $25-$40 weekly and liberal bonus. Apply 9-11 A. M., 12th floor, Pictorial Review Co., 7th Av. and 39th.

YOUNG MAN to wait on retail trade in large machine corporation, sell parts for repairs; no previous experience required; must have head for business; accurate at figures and interested in his work; state salary expected; chance for advancement. K 903 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of about 25, Swiss preferred, wanted by years' experience in keeping stock records; one having been in similar line preferred; chance for advancement. Call after 9 A. M. at Ludwig, Littauer & Co., Inc., 1,234 Bway, New York City.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, to handle credits and collections for import house; applicant will be thoroughly trained, but some experience desirable; good chance for wide-awake man who can work independently. D 108 Times.

YOUNG MAN—18-19; invoice department large wholesale toy house has excellent opportunity for one who is quick, accurate and ambitious to advance into larger responsibilities; state age, references, experience. F 237 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18, as assistant in shipping department; excellent opportunity to advance for an ambitious, willing and capable person. Call Robert A. Keasbey Co., 465 West 23d St.

YOUNG MAN, GENERAL OFFICE WORK; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. L. E. F. P. O. Box 4, PRATT STATION, BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years of age, to assist in the mailing department of a manufacturer. Must have a good education and be well recommended; salary $14 per week. B 872 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for opening as statistician, steamship office; must have a drafting ability and figure accurately. State age, salary and experience, T 601 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, clerical position, office large manufacturing rubber company; excellent opportunity. P. O. Box 55, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 to 18, good education, by Christian wholesale silk firm; good opportunity to learn; references required. W 272 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high class establishment to make himself generally useful; must be neat, quick; letter stating age and salary. D 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN in sample department of Christian cotton goods export house; good opportunity to learn export business. Call 320 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 23-25 years, energy, executive ability; large manufacturing concern; state age, education, salary; opportunity. Box 20, 1626 St. James Bldg.

YOUNG MAN to operate adding machine; must be accurate and rapid; $

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EX-SOLDIERS IN WAR ON WHITE PLAGUE

Rockefeller Foundation Report Tells of Their Fight on Disease in France.

BIG STRIDES ALREADY MADE

Progress Also Cited in Work of Combating Yellow Fever in Central and South America.

The International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation made public yesterday the second installment of its 1919 report, dealing with its fight on tuberculosis in France and on yellow fever in South America and Africa.

"Throughout its two and one-half years of work," the report says, "the board's commission for the prevention of tuberculosis in France has directed its efforts toward the realization of a three-fold aim:

"1. To demonstrate that tuberculosis, which claims so vast a toll of lives each year, is a curable and preventable disease.

"2. To establish a standardized program for the control of the infection and to secure its uniform operation by government agencies throughout all departments of the country; and

"3. To effect the centralization of volunteer anti-tuberculosis work in the hands of a national association, in much the same manner as similar activities in the United States are unified under the National Tuberculosis Association."

Great strides in fighting the problem were reported in France, one great feature of the work there being the organization of ex-soldiers to wage war against the disease and another being the enactment of a law requiring each Department of France to construct its sanatorium within five years or to arrange with another Department for the care of its patients.

Reviewing its great campaign south of the equator against yellow fever, the report says:

"The suggestive spirochete isolated by Noguchi in Guayaquil was further studied by him and his co-workers in Merida, Mexico, during 1919 and in Peru during the early part of 1920. As a result of this work and of further laboratory studies, it has now become reasonably certain that the organism which Noguchi named Leptospira icteroides is the true etiological agent. Vaccine and serums made with the organism are protective in animals, and while their use in human beings has been limited there is much evidence that they have real value.

"The disease was reported during 1919 from Peru and Brazil in South America, from Honduras, Salvador and Nicaragua in Central America, and from Mexico. Upon the request of the Central American countries, a trained field force was made available and in the course of a few months the disease was confined to a small number of sporadic cases in Salvador. Until the smouldering flames in the true endemic centring in Mexico and Brazil can be extinguished, local conflagrations caused by sparks of the permanent fires must be expected to occur.

"Arrangements for sending to the west coast of Africa a mixed commission, with General Gorgas at its head, to study the disease which in that region is regarded by many as yellow fever, were completed during 1919 with the British and other interested Governments.

"In the Canal Zone one case of the disease was detected upon a vessel in quarantine, in a person who had recently come from Nicaragua. This was isolated and no further cases occurred. In the opinion of competent authority, ports which control the breeding of Stegomyia mosquitoes are in no danger even if a case of yellow fever is introduced."

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